

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended June 30, 2020

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission File Number	Name of Registrant; State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation; Address of Principal Executive Offices; and Telephone Number	IRS Employer Identification Number
001-16169	EXELON CORPORATION (a Pennsylvania corporation) 10 South Dearborn Street P.O. Box 805379 Chicago, Illinois 60680-5379 (800) 483-3220	23-2990190
333-85496	EXELON GENERATION COMPANY, LLC (a Pennsylvania limited liability company) 300 Exelon Way Kennett Square, Pennsylvania 19348-2473 (610) 765-5959	23-3064219
001-01839	COMMONWEALTH EDISON COMPANY (an Illinois corporation) 440 South LaSalle Street Chicago, Illinois 60605-1028 (312) 394-4321	36-0938600
000-16844	PECO ENERGY COMPANY (a Pennsylvania corporation) P.O. Box 8699 2301 Market Street Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19101-8699 (215) 841-4000	23-0970240
001-01910	BALTIMORE GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY (a Maryland corporation) 2 Center Plaza 110 West Fayette Street Baltimore, Maryland 21201-3708 (410) 234-5000	52-0280210
001-31403	PEPCO HOLDINGS LLC (a Delaware limited liability company) 701 Ninth Street, N.W. Washington, District of Columbia 20068 (202) 872-2000	52-2297449
001-01072	POTOMAC ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY (a District of Columbia and Virginia corporation) 701 Ninth Street, N.W. Washington, District of Columbia 20068 (202) 872-2000	53-0127880
001-01405	DELMARVA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY (a Delaware and Virginia corporation) 500 North Wakefield Drive Newark, Delaware 19702 (202) 872-2000	51-0084283
001-03559	ATLANTIC CITY ELECTRIC COMPANY (a New Jersey corporation) 500 North Wakefield Drive Newark, Delaware 19702 (202) 872-2000	21-0398280

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
EXELON CORPORATION:		
Common Stock, without par value	EXC	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC
PECO ENERGY COMPANY:		
Trust Receipts of PECO Energy Capital Trust III, each representing a 7.38% Cumulative Preferred Security, Series D, \$25 stated value, issued by PECO Energy Capital, L.P. and unconditionally guaranteed by PECO Energy Company	EXC/28	New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Exelon Corporation	Large Accelerated Filer <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated Filer <input type="checkbox"/>	Non-accelerated Filer <input type="checkbox"/>	Smaller Reporting Company <input type="checkbox"/>	Emerging Growth Company <input type="checkbox"/>
Exelon Generation Company, LLC	Large Accelerated Filer <input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated Filer <input type="checkbox"/>	Non-accelerated Filer <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Smaller Reporting Company <input type="checkbox"/>	Emerging Growth Company <input type="checkbox"/>
Commonwealth Edison Company	Large Accelerated Filer <input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated Filer <input type="checkbox"/>	Non-accelerated Filer <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Smaller Reporting Company <input type="checkbox"/>	Emerging Growth Company <input type="checkbox"/>
PECO Energy Company	Large Accelerated Filer <input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated Filer <input type="checkbox"/>	Non-accelerated Filer <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Smaller Reporting Company <input type="checkbox"/>	Emerging Growth Company <input type="checkbox"/>
Baltimore Gas and Electric Company	Large Accelerated Filer <input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated Filer <input type="checkbox"/>	Non-accelerated Filer <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Smaller Reporting Company <input type="checkbox"/>	Emerging Growth Company <input type="checkbox"/>
Pepco Holdings LLC	Large Accelerated Filer <input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated Filer <input type="checkbox"/>	Non-accelerated Filer <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Smaller Reporting Company <input type="checkbox"/>	Emerging Growth Company <input type="checkbox"/>
Potomac Electric Power Company	Large Accelerated Filer <input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated Filer <input type="checkbox"/>	Non-accelerated Filer <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Smaller Reporting Company <input type="checkbox"/>	Emerging Growth Company <input type="checkbox"/>
Delmarva Power & Light Company	Large Accelerated Filer <input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated Filer <input type="checkbox"/>	Non-accelerated Filer <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Smaller Reporting Company <input type="checkbox"/>	Emerging Growth Company <input type="checkbox"/>
Atlantic City Electric Company	Large Accelerated Filer <input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated Filer <input type="checkbox"/>	Non-accelerated Filer <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Smaller Reporting Company <input type="checkbox"/>	Emerging Growth Company <input type="checkbox"/>

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes No

The number of shares outstanding of each registrant's common stock as of June 30, 2020 was:

Exelon Corporation Common Stock, without par value	974,503,895
Exelon Generation Company, LLC	not applicable
Commonwealth Edison Company Common Stock, \$12.50 par value	127,021,354
PECO Energy Company Common Stock, without par value	170,478,507
Baltimore Gas and Electric Company Common Stock, without par value	1,000
Pepco Holdings LLC	not applicable
Potomac Electric Power Company Common Stock, \$0.01 par value	100
Delmarva Power & Light Company Common Stock, \$2.25 par value	1,000
Atlantic City Electric Company Common Stock, \$3.00 par value	8,546,017

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GLOSSARY OF TERMS AND ABBREVIATIONS**Exelon Corporation and Related Entities**

<i>Exelon</i>	Exelon Corporation
<i>Generation</i>	Exelon Generation Company, LLC
<i>ComEd</i>	Commonwealth Edison Company
<i>PECO</i>	PECO Energy Company
<i>BGE</i>	Baltimore Gas and Electric Company
<i>Pepco Holdings or PHI</i>	Pepco Holdings LLC (formerly Pepco Holdings, Inc.)
<i>Pepco</i>	Potomac Electric Power Company
<i>DPL</i>	Delmarva Power & Light Company
<i>ACE</i>	Atlantic City Electric Company
<i>Registrants</i>	Exelon, Generation, ComEd, PECO, BGE, PHI, Pepco, DPL and ACE, collectively
<i>Utility Registrants</i>	ComEd, PECO, BGE, Pepco, DPL and ACE, collectively
<i>ACE Funding or ATF</i>	Atlantic City Electric Transition Funding LLC
<i>Antelope Valley</i>	Antelope Valley Solar Ranch One
<i>BSC</i>	Exelon Business Services Company, LLC
<i>CENG</i>	Constellation Energy Nuclear Group, LLC
<i>Constellation</i>	Constellation Energy Group, Inc.
<i>EGR IV</i>	ExGen Renewables IV, LLC
<i>EGRP</i>	ExGen Renewables Partners, LLC
<i>Exelon Corporate</i>	Exelon in its corporate capacity as a holding company
<i>FitzPatrick</i>	James A. FitzPatrick nuclear generating station
<i>NER</i>	NewEnergy Receivables LLC
<i>PCI</i>	Potomac Capital Investment Corporation and its subsidiaries
<i>PECO Trust III</i>	PECO Capital Trust III
<i>PECO Trust IV</i>	PECO Energy Capital Trust IV
<i>Pepco Energy Services</i>	Pepco Energy Services, Inc. and its subsidiaries
<i>PHI Corporate</i>	PHI in its corporate capacity as a holding company
<i>PHISCO</i>	PHI Service Company
<i>SolGen</i>	SolGen, LLC
<i>TMI</i>	Three Mile Island nuclear facility

GLOSSARY OF TERMS AND ABBREVIATIONS**Other Terms and Abbreviations**

<i>Note "—" of the 2019 Form 10-K</i>	Reference to specific Combined Note to Consolidated Financial Statements within Exelon's 2019 Annual Report on Form 10-K
<i>AEC</i>	Alternative Energy Credit that is issued for each megawatt hour of generation from a qualified alternative energy source
<i>AESO</i>	Alberta Electric Systems Operator
<i>AFUDC</i>	Allowance for Funds Used During Construction
<i>AMI</i>	Advanced Metering Infrastructure
<i>AOCI</i>	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)
<i>ARC</i>	Asset Retirement Cost
<i>ARO</i>	Asset Retirement Obligation
<i>BGS</i>	Basic Generation Service
<i>CBA</i>	Collective Bargaining Agreement
<i>CERCLA</i>	Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, as amended
<i>CES</i>	Clean Energy Standard
<i>Clean Water Act</i>	Federal Water Pollution Control Amendments of 1972, as amended
<i>CODM</i>	Chief operating decision maker(s)
<i>D.C. Circuit Court</i>	United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit
<i>DC PLUG</i>	District of Columbia Power Line Undergrounding Initiative
<i>DCPSC</i>	Public Service Commission of the District of Columbia
<i>DOE</i>	United States Department of Energy
<i>DOEE</i>	Department of Energy & Environment
<i>DOJ</i>	United States Department of Justice
<i>DPP</i>	Deferred Purchase Price
<i>DPSC</i>	Delaware Public Service Commission
<i>EDF</i>	Electricite de France SA and its subsidiaries
<i>EIMA</i>	Energy Infrastructure Modernization Act (Illinois Senate Bill 1652 and Illinois House Bill 3036)
<i>EPA</i>	United States Environmental Protection Agency
<i>ERCOT</i>	Electric Reliability Council of Texas
<i>FASB</i>	Financial Accounting Standards Board
<i>FEJA</i>	Illinois Public Act 99-0906 or Future Energy Jobs Act
<i>FERC</i>	Federal Energy Regulatory Commission
<i>FRCC</i>	Florida Reliability Coordinating Council
<i>FRR</i>	Fixed Resource Requirement
<i>GAAP</i>	Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in the United States
<i>GCR</i>	Gas Cost Rate
<i>GSA</i>	Generation Supply Adjustment
<i>IBEW</i>	International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers
<i>ICC</i>	Illinois Commerce Commission
<i>ICE</i>	Intercontinental Exchange

GLOSSARY OF TERMS AND ABBREVIATIONS**Other Terms and Abbreviations**

<i>IPA</i>	Illinois Power Agency
<i>IRC</i>	Internal Revenue Code
<i>IRS</i>	Internal Revenue Service
<i>ISO</i>	Independent System Operator
<i>ISO-NE</i>	Independent System Operator New England Inc.
<i>LIBOR</i>	London Interbank Offered Rate
<i>MDE</i>	Maryland Department of the Environment
<i>MDPSC</i>	Maryland Public Service Commission
<i>MGP</i>	Manufactured Gas Plant
<i>MISO</i>	Midcontinent Independent System Operator, Inc.
<i>mmcf</i>	Million Cubic Feet
<i>MOPR</i>	Minimum Offer Price Rule
<i>MW</i>	Megawatt
<i>MWh</i>	Megawatt hour
<i>NDT</i>	Nuclear Decommissioning Trust
<i>NERC</i>	North American Electric Reliability Corporation
<i>NGX</i>	Natural Gas Exchange
<i>NJBPU</i>	New Jersey Board of Public Utilities
<i>Non-Regulatory Agreements Units</i>	Nuclear generating units or portions thereof whose decommissioning-related activities are not subject to contractual elimination under regulatory accounting
<i>NOSA</i>	Nuclear Operating Services Agreement
<i>NPNS</i>	Normal Purchase Normal Sale scope exception
<i>NRC</i>	Nuclear Regulatory Commission
<i>NYISO</i>	New York Independent System Operator Inc.
<i>NYMEX</i>	New York Mercantile Exchange
<i>NYPSC</i>	New York Public Service Commission
<i>OCI</i>	Other Comprehensive Income
<i>OIESO</i>	Ontario Independent Electricity System Operator
<i>OPEB</i>	Other Postretirement Employee Benefits
<i>PAPUC</i>	Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission
<i>PGC</i>	Purchased Gas Cost Clause
<i>PG&E</i>	Pacific Gas and Electric Company
<i>PJM</i>	PJM Interconnection, LLC
<i>POLR</i>	Provider of Last Resort
<i>PPA</i>	Power Purchase Agreement
<i>PPE</i>	Property, plant and equipment
<i>Price-Anderson Act</i>	Price-Anderson Nuclear Industries Indemnity Act of 1957
<i>PRP</i>	Potentially Responsible Parties
<i>PSDAR</i>	Post-Shutdown Decommissioning Activities Report
<i>PSEG</i>	Public Service Enterprise Group Incorporated
<i>REC</i>	Renewable Energy Credit which is issued for each megawatt hour of generation from a qualified renewable energy source

GLOSSARY OF TERMS AND ABBREVIATIONS**Other Terms and Abbreviations**

<i>RNF</i>	Revenues Net of Purchased Power and Fuel Expense
<i>Regulatory Agreement Units</i>	Nuclear generating units or portions thereof whose decommissioning-related activities are subject to contractual elimination under regulatory accounting
<i>RFP</i>	Request for Proposal
<i>Rider</i>	Reconcilable Surcharge Recovery Mechanism
<i>RMC</i>	Risk Management Committee
<i>ROE</i>	Return on equity
<i>ROU</i>	Right-of-use
<i>RTO</i>	Regional Transmission Organization
<i>S&P</i>	Standard & Poor's Ratings Services
<i>SEC</i>	United States Securities and Exchange Commission
<i>SERC</i>	SERC Reliability Corporation (formerly Southeast Electric Reliability Council)
<i>SNF</i>	Spent Nuclear Fuel
<i>SOS</i>	Standard Offer Service
<i>SPFPA</i>	International Union, Security, Police and Fire Professionals of America
<i>TCJA</i>	Tax Cuts and Jobs Act
<i>Transition Bonds</i>	Transition Bonds issued by ACE Funding
<i>VIE</i>	Variable Interest Entity
<i>WECC</i>	Western Electric Coordinating Council
<i>ZEC</i>	Zero Emission Credit, or Zero Emission Certificate
<i>ZES</i>	Zero Emission Standard

FILING FORMAT

This combined Form 10-Q is being filed separately by Exelon Corporation, Exelon Generation Company, LLC, Commonwealth Edison Company, PECO Energy Company, Baltimore Gas and Electric Company, Pepco Holdings LLC, Potomac Electric Power Company, Delmarva Power & Light Company and Atlantic City Electric Company (Registrants). Information contained herein relating to any individual Registrant is filed by such Registrant on its own behalf. No Registrant makes any representation as to information relating to any other Registrant.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENTS REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

This Report contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 that are subject to risks and uncertainties including among others those related to the expected or potential impact of the novel coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic, and the related responses of various governments and regulatory bodies, our customers, and the company, on our business, financial condition and results of operations; any such forward-looking statements, whether concerning the COVID-19 pandemic or otherwise, involve risks, assumptions and uncertainties. Words such as “could,” “may,” “expects,” “anticipates,” “will,” “targets,” “goals,” “projects,” “intends,” “plans,” “believes,” “seeks,” “estimates,” “predicts,” and variations on such words, and similar expressions that reflect our current views with respect to future events and operational, economic and financial performance, are intended to identify such forward-looking statements.

The factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements made by the Registrants include those factors discussed herein, as well as the items discussed in (1) the Registrants' combined 2019 Annual Report on Form 10-K in (a) Part I, ITEM 1A. Risk Factors, (b) Part II, ITEM 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and (c) Part II, ITEM 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data: Note 18, Commitments and Contingencies; (2) this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q in (a) Part II, ITEM 1A. Risk Factors; (b) Part I, ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and (c) Part I, ITEM 1. Financial Statements: Note 14, Commitments and Contingencies; and (3) other factors discussed in filings with the SEC by the Registrants.

Investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, whether written or oral, which apply only as of the date of this Report. None of the Registrants undertakes any obligation to publicly release any revision to its forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this Report.

WHERE TO FIND MORE INFORMATION

The SEC maintains an Internet site at www.sec.gov that contains reports, proxy and information statements, and other information that the Registrants file electronically with the SEC. These documents are also available to the public from commercial document retrieval services and the Registrants' website at www.exeloncorp.com. Information contained on the Registrants' website shall not be deemed incorporated into, or to be a part of, this Report.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

EXELON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(Unaudited)

(In millions, except per share data)	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Operating revenues				
Competitive businesses revenues	\$ 3,611	\$ 3,959	\$ 8,014	\$ 8,938
Rate-regulated utility revenues	3,832	3,743	8,108	8,247
Revenues from alternative revenue programs	(122)	(13)	(55)	(19)
Operating revenue from affiliates	1	—	2	—
Total operating revenues	<u>7,322</u>	<u>7,689</u>	<u>16,069</u>	<u>17,166</u>
Operating expenses				
Competitive businesses purchased power and fuel	1,945	2,289	4,655	5,493
Rate-regulated utility purchased power and fuel	979	936	2,136	2,285
Operating and maintenance	2,433	2,159	4,637	4,347
Depreciation and amortization	1,001	1,079	2,023	2,154
Taxes other than income taxes	411	418	847	863
Total operating expenses	<u>6,769</u>	<u>6,881</u>	<u>14,298</u>	<u>15,142</u>
Gain on sales of assets and businesses	12	33	13	36
Operating income	<u>565</u>	<u>841</u>	<u>1,784</u>	<u>2,060</u>
Other income and (deductions)				
Interest expense, net	(421)	(403)	(824)	(800)
Interest expense to affiliates	(6)	(6)	(13)	(13)
Other, net	656	212	(68)	679
Total other income and (deductions)	<u>229</u>	<u>(197)</u>	<u>(905)</u>	<u>(134)</u>
Income before income taxes	794	644	879	1,926
Income taxes	219	144	(75)	454
Equity in losses of unconsolidated affiliates	(1)	(6)	(4)	(12)
Net income	<u>574</u>	<u>494</u>	<u>950</u>	<u>1,460</u>
Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	53	10	(153)	69
Net income attributable to common shareholders	<u>\$ 521</u>	<u>\$ 484</u>	<u>\$ 1,103</u>	<u>\$ 1,391</u>
Comprehensive income, net of income taxes				
Net income	\$ 574	\$ 494	\$ 950	\$ 1,460
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of income taxes				
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit plans:				
Prior service benefit reclassified to periodic benefit cost	(10)	(16)	(20)	(32)
Actuarial loss reclassified to periodic benefit cost	47	36	94	74
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit plan valuation adjustment	2	—	(5)	(39)
Unrealized loss on cash flow hedges	—	—	(1)	—
Unrealized loss on investments in unconsolidated affiliates	—	(2)	—	(4)
Unrealized gain (loss) on foreign currency translation	2	3	(6)	4
Other comprehensive income	<u>41</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>62</u>	<u>3</u>
Comprehensive income	<u>615</u>	<u>515</u>	<u>1,012</u>	<u>1,463</u>
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	53	9	(153)	67
Comprehensive income attributable to common shareholders	<u>\$ 562</u>	<u>\$ 506</u>	<u>\$ 1,165</u>	<u>\$ 1,396</u>
Average shares of common stock outstanding:				
Basic	976	972	975	972
Assumed exercise and/or distributions of stock-based awards	—	2	1	1
Diluted ^(a)	<u>976</u>	<u>974</u>	<u>976</u>	<u>973</u>
Earnings per average common share:				
Basic	\$ 0.53	\$ 0.50	\$ 1.13	\$ 1.43
Diluted	\$ 0.53	\$ 0.50	\$ 1.13	\$ 1.43

(a) The number of stock options not included in the calculation of diluted common shares outstanding due to their antidilutive effect was approximately 1 million and immaterial for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020, respectively, and immaterial for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019.

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

EXELON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Unaudited)

(In millions)	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income	\$ 950	\$ 1,460
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flows provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation, amortization and accretion, including nuclear fuel and energy contract amortization	2,741	2,922
Asset impairments	33	9
Gain on sales of assets and businesses	(13)	(33)
Deferred income taxes and amortization of investment tax credits	33	284
Net fair value changes related to derivatives	(194)	107
Net realized and unrealized losses (gains) on NDT funds	196	(404)
Other non-cash operating activities	671	277
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	1,318	618
Inventories	(14)	19
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(798)	(924)
Option premiums (paid) received, net	(102)	48
Collateral received (posted), net	340	(311)
Income taxes	(114)	151
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit contributions	(558)	(355)
Other assets and liabilities	(1,809)	(970)
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	2,680	2,898
Cash flows from investing activities		
Capital expenditures	(3,773)	(3,572)
Proceeds from NDT fund sales	2,488	6,920
Investment in NDT funds	(2,540)	(6,847)
Collection of DPP	1,102	—
Proceeds from sales of assets and businesses	—	14
Other investing activities	4	26
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(2,719)	(3,459)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Changes in short-term borrowings	(751)	470
Proceeds from short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days	500	—
Repayments on short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days	—	(125)
Issuance of long-term debt	6,526	850
Retirement of long-term debt	(3,894)	(574)
Dividends paid on common stock	(746)	(704)
Proceeds from employee stock plans	46	75
Other financing activities	(84)	(34)
Net cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities	1,597	(42)
Increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	1,558	(603)
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period	1,122	1,781
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period	\$ 2,680	\$ 1,178
Supplemental cash flow information		
Decrease in capital expenditures not paid	\$ (105)	\$ (133)
Increase in DPP	1,754	—
Increase in PPE related to ARO update	—	301

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

EXELON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(Unaudited)

(In millions)	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,129	\$ 587
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	373	358
Accounts receivable		
Customer accounts receivable	3,075	4,835
Customer allowance for credit losses	(261)	(243)
Customer accounts receivable, net	2,814	4,592
Other accounts receivable	1,549	1,631
Other allowance for credit losses	(61)	(48)
Other accounts receivable, net	1,488	1,583
Mark-to-market derivative assets	573	679
Unamortized energy contract assets	43	47
Inventories, net		
Fossil fuel and emission allowances	273	312
Materials and supplies	1,508	1,456
Regulatory assets	1,193	1,170
Other	2,139	1,253
Total current assets	12,533	12,037
Property, plant and equipment (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$24,798 and \$23,979 as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively)	81,748	80,233
Deferred debits and other assets		
Regulatory assets	8,313	8,335
Nuclear decommissioning trust funds	12,730	13,190
Investments	424	464
Goodwill	6,677	6,677
Mark-to-market derivative assets	466	508
Unamortized energy contract assets	321	336
Other	3,101	3,197
Total deferred debits and other assets	32,032	32,707
Total assets^(a)	\$ 126,313	\$ 124,977

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

EXELON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(Unaudited)

(In millions)	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities		
Short-term borrowings	\$ 1,119	\$ 1,370
Long-term debt due within one year	2,514	4,710
Accounts payable	3,047	3,560
Accrued expenses	1,616	1,981
Payables to affiliates	5	5
Regulatory liabilities	495	406
Mark-to-market derivative liabilities	204	247
Unamortized energy contract liabilities	113	132
Renewable energy credit obligation	478	443
Other	1,474	1,331
Total current liabilities	11,065	14,185
Long-term debt	36,112	31,329
Long-term debt to financing trusts	390	390
Deferred credits and other liabilities		
Deferred income taxes and unamortized investment tax credits	12,720	12,351
Asset retirement obligations	11,059	10,846
Pension obligations	3,659	4,247
Non-pension postretirement benefit obligations	2,121	2,076
Spent nuclear fuel obligation	1,206	1,199
Regulatory liabilities	9,414	9,986
Mark-to-market derivative liabilities	440	393
Unamortized energy contract liabilities	292	338
Other	2,964	3,064
Total deferred credits and other liabilities	43,875	44,500
Total liabilities ^(a)	91,442	90,404
Commitments and contingencies		
Shareholders' equity		
Common stock (No par value, 2,000 shares authorized, 975 shares and 973 shares outstanding at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively)	19,336	19,274
Treasury stock, at cost (2 shares at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019)	(123)	(123)
Retained earnings	16,622	16,267
Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net	(3,132)	(3,194)
Total shareholders' equity	32,703	32,224
Noncontrolling interests	2,168	2,349
Total equity	34,871	34,573
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 126,313	\$ 124,977

(a) Exelon's consolidated assets include \$9,937 million and \$9,532 million at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively, of certain VIEs that can only be used to settle the liabilities of the VIE. Exelon's consolidated liabilities include \$3,542 million and \$3,473 million at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively, of certain VIEs for which the VIE creditors do not have recourse to Exelon. See Note 16 — Variable Interest Entities for additional information.

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

EXELON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
(Unaudited)

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2020						
(In millions, shares in thousands)	Issued Shares	Common Stock	Treasury Stock	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss, net	Noncontrolling Interests	Total Shareholders' Equity
Balance, December 31, 2019	974,416	\$ 19,274	\$ (123)	\$ 16,267	\$ (3,194)	\$ 2,349	\$ 34,573
Net income (loss)	—	—	—	582	—	(206)	376
Long-term incentive plan activity	1,354	(4)	—	—	—	—	(4)
Employee stock purchase plan issuances	470	31	—	—	—	—	31
Changes in equity of noncontrolling interests	—	—	—	—	—	(9)	(9)
Sale of noncontrolling interests	—	2	—	—	—	—	2
Common stock dividends (\$0.38/common share)	—	—	—	(374)	—	—	(374)
Other comprehensive income, net of income taxes	—	—	—	—	21	—	21
Balance, March 31, 2020	976,240	\$ 19,303	\$ (123)	\$ 16,475	\$ (3,173)	\$ 2,134	\$ 34,616
Net income	—	—	—	521	—	53	574
Long-term incentive plan activity	148	17	—	—	—	—	17
Employee stock purchase plan issuances	(51)	15	—	—	—	—	15
Changes in equity of noncontrolling interests	—	—	—	—	—	(19)	(19)
Sale of noncontrolling interests	—	1	—	—	—	—	1
Common stock dividends (\$0.38/common share)	—	—	—	(374)	—	—	(374)
Other comprehensive income, net of income taxes	—	—	—	—	41	—	41
Balance, June 30, 2020	976,337	\$ 19,336	\$ (123)	\$ 16,622	\$ (3,132)	\$ 2,168	\$ 34,871

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

EXELON CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
(Unaudited)

Six Months Ended June 30, 2019

<u>(In millions, shares in thousands)</u>	Issued Shares	Common Stock	Treasury Stock	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss, net	Noncontrolling Interests	Total Shareholders' Equity
Balance, December 31, 2018	970,020	\$ 19,116	\$ (123)	\$ 14,766	\$ (2,995)	\$ 2,306	\$ 33,070
Net income	—	—	—	907	—	59	966
Long-term incentive plan activity	2,446	(3)	—	—	—	—	(3)
Employee stock purchase plan issuances	320	51	—	—	—	—	51
Changes in equity of noncontrolling interests	—	—	—	—	—	(17)	(17)
Sale of noncontrolling interests	—	7	—	—	—	—	7
Common stock dividends (\$0.36/common share)	—	—	—	(352)	—	—	(352)
Other comprehensive loss, net of income taxes	—	—	—	—	(17)	(1)	(18)
Balance, March 31, 2019	972,786	\$ 19,171	\$ (123)	\$ 15,321	\$ (3,012)	\$ 2,347	\$ 33,704
Net income	—	—	—	484	—	10	494
Long-term incentive plan activity	320	14	—	—	—	—	14
Employee stock purchase plan issuances	311	24	—	—	—	—	24
Changes in equity of noncontrolling interests	—	—	—	—	—	3	3
Common stock dividends (\$0.36/common share)	—	—	—	(353)	—	—	(353)
Other comprehensive income, net of income taxes	—	—	—	—	22	(1)	21
Balance, June 30, 2019	973,417	\$ 19,209	\$ (123)	\$ 15,452	\$ (2,990)	\$ 2,359	\$ 33,907

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

EXELON GENERATION COMPANY, LLC AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(Unaudited)

(In millions)	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Operating revenues				
Operating revenues	\$ 3,609	\$ 3,958	\$ 8,012	\$ 8,937
Operating revenues from affiliates	271	252	601	569
Total operating revenues	3,880	4,210	8,613	9,506
Operating expenses				
Purchased power and fuel	1,945	2,289	4,655	5,493
Purchased power and fuel from affiliates	(3)	3	(9)	4
Operating and maintenance	1,053	1,117	2,174	2,185
Operating and maintenance from affiliates	136	149	277	299
Depreciation and amortization	300	409	604	814
Taxes other than income taxes	116	129	246	264
Total operating expenses	3,547	4,096	7,947	9,059
Gain on sales of assets and businesses	12	33	12	33
Operating income	345	147	678	480
Other income and (deductions)				
Interest expense, net	(78)	(107)	(179)	(209)
Interest expense to affiliates	(9)	(9)	(18)	(18)
Other, net	602	171	(168)	601
Total other income and (deductions)	515	55	(365)	374
Income before income taxes	860	202	313	854
Income taxes	329	78	(59)	301
Equity in losses of unconsolidated affiliates	(2)	(6)	(4)	(13)
Net income	529	118	368	540
Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	53	10	(153)	68
Net income attributable to membership interest	\$ 476	\$ 108	\$ 521	\$ 472
Comprehensive income, net of income taxes				
Net income	\$ 529	\$ 118	\$ 368	\$ 540
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of income taxes				
Unrealized loss on cash flow hedges	—	(1)	(1)	—
Unrealized loss on investments in unconsolidated affiliates	—	(2)	—	(4)
Unrealized gain (loss) on foreign currency translation	2	2	(6)	4
Other comprehensive income (loss)	2	(1)	(7)	—
Comprehensive income	531	117	361	540
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	53	9	(153)	66
Comprehensive income attributable to membership interest	\$ 478	\$ 108	\$ 514	\$ 474

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

EXELON GENERATION COMPANY, LLC AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Unaudited)

(In millions)	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income	\$ 368	\$ 540
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flows provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation, amortization and accretion, including nuclear fuel and energy contract amortization	1,320	1,580
Asset impairments	18	9
Gain on sales of assets and businesses	(12)	(33)
Deferred income taxes and amortization of investment tax credits	(54)	151
Net fair value changes related to derivatives	(193)	114
Net realized and unrealized losses (gains) on NDT funds	196	(404)
Other non-cash operating activities	136	(50)
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	1,443	472
Receivables from and payables to affiliates, net	68	(18)
Inventories	(34)	32
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(666)	(507)
Option premiums (paid) received, net	(102)	48
Collateral posted, net	342	(318)
Income taxes	26	321
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit contributions	(243)	(158)
Other assets and liabilities	(1,332)	(351)
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	1,281	1,428
Cash flows from investing activities		
Capital expenditures	(930)	(890)
Proceeds from NDT fund sales	2,488	6,920
Investment in NDT funds	(2,540)	(6,847)
Collection of DPP	1,102	—
Proceeds from sales of assets and businesses	—	14
Changes in Exelon intercompany money pool	—	(179)
Other investing activities	6	8
Net cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities	126	(974)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Changes in short-term borrowings	(220)	—
Proceeds from short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days	500	—
Issuance of long-term debt	2,403	40
Retirement of long-term debt	(2,936)	(130)
Changes in Exelon intercompany money pool	—	(100)
Distributions to member	(937)	(449)
Other financing activities	(30)	(21)
Net cash flows used in financing activities	(1,220)	(660)
Increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	187	(206)
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period	449	903
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period	\$ 636	\$ 697
Supplemental cash flow information		
Decrease in capital expenditures not paid	\$ (108)	\$ (30)
Increase in DPP	1,754	—
Increase in PPE related to ARO update	—	301

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

EXELON GENERATION COMPANY, LLC AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(Unaudited)

(In millions)	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 483	\$ 303
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	153	146
Accounts receivable		
Customer accounts receivable	1,117	2,973
Customer allowance for credit losses	(33)	(80)
Customer accounts receivable, net	1,084	2,893
Other accounts receivable	360	619
Other accounts receivable, net	360	619
Mark-to-market derivative assets	570	675
Receivables from affiliates	118	190
Unamortized energy contract assets	44	47
Inventories, net		
Fossil fuel and emission allowances	220	236
Materials and supplies	1,075	1,026
Renewable energy credits	399	336
Other	1,343	605
Total current assets	5,849	7,076
Property, plant and equipment (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$12,051 and \$12,017 as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively)	23,954	24,193
Deferred debits and other assets		
Nuclear decommissioning trust funds	12,730	13,190
Investments	192	235
Goodwill	47	47
Mark-to-market derivative assets	466	508
Prepaid pension asset	1,613	1,438
Unamortized energy contract assets	320	336
Deferred income taxes	11	12
Other	1,821	1,960
Total deferred debits and other assets	17,200	17,726
Total assets^(a)	\$ 47,003	\$ 48,995

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

EXELON GENERATION COMPANY, LLC AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(Unaudited)

(In millions)	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Current liabilities		
Short-term borrowings	\$ 600	\$ 320
Long-term debt due within one year	785	2,624
Long-term debt to affiliates due within one year	554	558
Accounts payable	1,075	1,692
Accrued expenses	621	786
Payables to affiliates	113	117
Mark-to-market derivative liabilities	173	215
Unamortized energy contract liabilities	9	17
Renewable energy credit obligation	478	443
Other	430	517
Total current liabilities	4,838	7,289
Long-term debt	5,768	4,464
Long-term debt to affiliates	326	328
Deferred credits and other liabilities		
Deferred income taxes and unamortized investment tax credits	3,701	3,752
Asset retirement obligations	10,819	10,603
Non-pension postretirement benefit obligations	868	878
Spent nuclear fuel obligation	1,206	1,199
Payables to affiliates	2,751	3,103
Mark-to-market derivative liabilities	154	123
Unamortized energy contract liabilities	10	11
Other	1,335	1,415
Total deferred credits and other liabilities	20,844	21,084
Total liabilities ^(a)	31,776	33,165
Commitments and contingencies		
Equity		
Member's equity		
Membership interest	9,569	9,566
Undistributed earnings	3,534	3,950
Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net	(39)	(32)
Total member's equity	13,064	13,484
Noncontrolling interests	2,163	2,346
Total equity	15,227	15,830
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 47,003	\$ 48,995

(a) Generation's consolidated assets include \$9,916 million and \$9,512 million at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively, of certain VIEs that can only be used to settle the liabilities of the VIE. Generation's consolidated liabilities include \$3,505 million and \$3,429 million at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively, of certain VIEs for which the VIE creditors do not have recourse to Generation. See Note 16 — Variable Interest Entities for additional information.

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

EXELON GENERATION COMPANY, LLC AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
(Unaudited)

Six Months Ended June 30, 2020

(In millions)	Member's Equity					Total Equity
	Membership Interest	Undistributed Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss, net	Noncontrolling Interests		
Balance, December 31, 2019	\$ 9,566	\$ 3,950	\$ (32)	\$ 2,346	\$ 15,830	
Net income (loss)	—	45	—	(206)	(161)	
Changes in equity of noncontrolling interests	—	—	—	(11)	(11)	
Sale of noncontrolling interests	2	—	—	—	2	
Distributions to member	—	(468)	—	—	(468)	
Other comprehensive loss, net of income taxes	—	—	(9)	—	(9)	
Balance, March 31, 2020	\$ 9,568	\$ 3,527	\$ (41)	\$ 2,129	\$ 15,183	
Net income	—	476	—	53	529	
Changes in equity of noncontrolling interests	—	—	—	(19)	(19)	
Sale of noncontrolling interests	1	—	—	—	1	
Distributions to member	—	(469)	—	—	(469)	
Other comprehensive income, net of income taxes	—	—	2	—	2	
Balance, June 30, 2020	\$ 9,569	\$ 3,534	\$ (39)	\$ 2,163	\$ 15,227	

Six Months Ended June 30, 2019

(In millions)	Member's Equity					Total Equity
	Membership Interest	Undistributed Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss, net	Noncontrolling Interests		
Balance, December 31, 2018	\$ 9,518	\$ 3,724	\$ (38)	\$ 2,304	\$ 15,508	
Net income	—	363	—	59	422	
Changes in equity of noncontrolling interests	—	—	—	(17)	(17)	
Sale of noncontrolling interests	7	—	—	—	7	
Distributions to member	—	(225)	—	—	(225)	
Other comprehensive income, net of income taxes	—	—	2	(1)	1	
Balance, March 31, 2019	\$ 9,525	\$ 3,862	\$ (36)	\$ 2,345	\$ 15,696	
Net income	—	108	—	10	118	
Changes in equity of noncontrolling interests	—	—	—	3	3	
Distributions to member	—	(224)	—	—	(224)	
Other comprehensive loss, net of income taxes	—	—	—	(1)	(1)	
Balance, June 30, 2019	\$ 9,525	\$ 3,746	\$ (36)	\$ 2,357	\$ 15,592	

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

COMMONWEALTH EDISON COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(Unaudited)

(In millions)	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Operating revenues				
Electric operating revenues	\$ 1,431	\$ 1,360	\$ 2,853	\$ 2,792
Revenues from alternative revenue programs	(25)	(14)	(13)	(42)
Operating revenues from affiliates	11	5	16	9
Total operating revenues	1,417	1,351	2,856	2,759
Operating expenses				
Purchased power	380	316	770	705
Purchased power from affiliate	84	91	181	187
Operating and maintenance	469	245	713	504
Operating and maintenance from affiliate	67	60	140	122
Depreciation and amortization	274	257	547	508
Taxes other than income taxes	71	71	146	148
Total operating expenses	1,345	1,040	2,497	2,174
Gain on sales of assets	—	—	—	3
Operating income	72	311	359	588
Other income and (deductions)				
Interest expense, net	(95)	(86)	(186)	(171)
Interest expense to affiliates	(3)	(3)	(6)	(7)
Other, net	11	10	22	19
Total other income and (deductions)	(87)	(79)	(170)	(159)
(Loss) income before income taxes	(15)	232	189	429
Income taxes	46	46	82	85
Net (loss) income	\$ (61)	\$ 186	\$ 107	\$ 344
Comprehensive (loss) income	\$ (61)	\$ 186	\$ 107	\$ 344

COMMONWEALTH EDISON COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Unaudited)

(In millions)	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income	\$ 107	\$ 344
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flows provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation, amortization and accretion	547	508
Asset impairments	15	—
Deferred income taxes and amortization of investment tax credits	129	64
Other non-cash operating activities	283	87
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(92)	56
Receivables from and payables to affiliates, net	(6)	(16)
Inventories	(7)	(5)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	4	(121)
Collateral received (posted), net	(3)	11
Income taxes	(90)	43
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit contributions	(144)	(68)
Other assets and liabilities	(245)	(236)
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	498	667
Cash flows from investing activities		
Capital expenditures	(1,029)	(961)
Other investing activities	(4)	17
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(1,033)	(944)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Changes in short-term borrowings	(130)	303
Issuance of long-term debt	1,000	400
Retirement of long-term debt	—	(300)
Dividends paid on common stock	(249)	(254)
Contributions from parent	249	124
Other financing activities	(14)	(10)
Net cash flows provided by financing activities	856	263
Increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	321	(14)
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period	403	330
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period	\$ 724	\$ 316
Supplemental cash flow information		
Increase (decrease) in capital expenditures not paid	\$ 18	\$ (77)

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

COMMONWEALTH EDISON COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(Unaudited)

(In millions)	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 403	\$ 90
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	155	150
Accounts receivable		
Customer accounts receivable	706	604
Customer allowance for credit losses	(72)	(59)
Customer accounts receivable, net	634	545
Other accounts receivable	361	306
Other allowance for credit losses	(22)	(20)
Other accounts receivable, net	339	286
Receivables from affiliates	23	28
Inventories, net	166	159
Regulatory assets	271	281
Other	59	44
Total current assets	2,050	1,583
Property, plant and equipment (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$5,424 and \$5,168 as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively)	23,717	23,107
Deferred debits and other assets		
Regulatory assets	1,610	1,480
Investments	6	6
Goodwill	2,625	2,625
Receivables from affiliates	2,374	2,622
Prepaid pension asset	1,079	995
Other	435	347
Total deferred debits and other assets	8,129	8,075
Total assets	\$ 33,896	\$ 32,765

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

COMMONWEALTH EDISON COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(Unaudited)

(In millions)	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities		
Short-term borrowings	\$ —	\$ 130
Long-term debt due within one year	500	500
Accounts payable	579	527
Accrued expenses	330	385
Payables to affiliates	92	103
Customer deposits	116	118
Regulatory liabilities	175	200
Mark-to-market derivative liabilities	31	32
Deferred Prosecution Agreement payments	200	—
Other	122	122
Total current liabilities	2,145	2,117
Long-term debt	8,980	7,991
Long-term debt to financing trust	205	205
Deferred credits and other liabilities		
Deferred income taxes and unamortized investment tax credits	4,201	4,021
Asset retirement obligations	127	128
Non-pension postretirement benefits obligations	177	180
Regulatory liabilities	6,309	6,542
Mark-to-market derivative liabilities	287	269
Other	681	635
Total deferred credits and other liabilities	11,782	11,775
Total liabilities	23,112	22,088
Commitments and contingencies		
Shareholders' equity		
Common stock	1,588	1,588
Other paid-in capital	7,821	7,572
Retained deficit unappropriated	(1,700)	(1,639)
Retained earnings appropriated	3,075	3,156
Total shareholders' equity	10,784	10,677
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 33,896	\$ 32,765

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

COMMONWEALTH EDISON COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
(Unaudited)

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2020				
(In millions)	Common Stock	Other Paid-In Capital	Retained Deficit Unappropriated	Retained Earnings Appropriated	Total Shareholders' Equity
Balance, December 31, 2019	\$ 1,588	\$ 7,572	\$ (1,639)	\$ 3,156	\$ 10,677
Net income	—	—	168	—	168
Appropriation of retained earnings for future dividends	—	—	(168)	168	—
Common stock dividends	—	—	—	(125)	(125)
Contributions from parent	—	125	—	—	125
Balance, March 31, 2020	\$ 1,588	\$ 7,697	\$ (1,639)	\$ 3,199	\$ 10,845
Net loss	—	—	(61)	—	(61)
Common stock dividends	—	—	—	(124)	(124)
Contributions from parent	—	124	—	—	124
Balance, June 30, 2020	<u>\$ 1,588</u>	<u>\$ 7,821</u>	<u>\$ (1,700)</u>	<u>\$ 3,075</u>	<u>\$ 10,784</u>

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2019				
(In millions)	Common Stock	Other Paid-In Capital	Retained Deficit Unappropriated	Retained Earnings Appropriated	Total Shareholders' Equity
Balance, December 31, 2018	\$ 1,588	\$ 7,322	\$ (1,639)	\$ 2,976	\$ 10,247
Net income	—	—	157	—	157
Appropriation of retained earnings for future dividends	—	—	(157)	157	—
Common stock dividends	—	—	—	(127)	(127)
Contributions from parent	—	63	—	—	63
Balance, March 31, 2019	\$ 1,588	\$ 7,385	\$ (1,639)	\$ 3,006	\$ 10,340
Net income	—	—	186	—	186
Appropriation of retained earnings for future dividends	—	—	(186)	186	—
Common stock dividends	—	—	—	(127)	(127)
Contributions from parent	—	61	—	—	61
Balance, June 30, 2019	<u>\$ 1,588</u>	<u>\$ 7,446</u>	<u>\$ (1,639)</u>	<u>\$ 3,065</u>	<u>\$ 10,460</u>

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

PECO ENERGY COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(Unaudited)

(In millions)	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Operating revenues				
Electric operating revenues	\$ 580	\$ 567	\$ 1,180	\$ 1,188
Natural gas operating revenues	95	89	304	369
Revenues from alternative revenue programs	4	(3)	5	(6)
Operating revenues from affiliates	2	2	4	3
Total operating revenues	681	655	1,493	1,554
Operating expenses				
Purchased power	142	124	306	275
Purchased fuel	34	32	117	166
Purchased power from affiliate	40	35	76	79
Operating and maintenance	235	162	414	349
Operating and maintenance from affiliates	40	37	78	75
Depreciation and amortization	88	83	173	164
Taxes other than income taxes	39	37	78	79
Total operating expenses	618	510	1,242	1,187
Operating income	63	145	251	367
Other income and (deductions)				
Interest expense, net	(33)	(30)	(65)	(61)
Interest expense to affiliates	(3)	(3)	(6)	(6)
Other, net	5	3	7	7
Total other income and (deductions)	(31)	(30)	(64)	(60)
Income before income taxes	32	115	187	307
Income taxes	(7)	13	9	37
Net income	\$ 39	\$ 102	\$ 178	\$ 270
Comprehensive income	\$ 39	\$ 102	\$ 178	\$ 270

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

PECO ENERGY COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Unaudited)

(In millions)	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income	\$ 178	\$ 270
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flows provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	173	164
Deferred income taxes and amortization of investment tax credits	6	8
Other non-cash operating activities	25	15
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	22	39
Receivables from and payables to affiliates, net	3	(4)
Inventories	10	12
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	27	(31)
Income taxes	15	(11)
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit contributions	(18)	(27)
Other assets and liabilities	(48)	(117)
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	393	318
Cash flows from investing activities		
Capital expenditures	(512)	(447)
Changes in Exelon intercompany money pool	68	—
Other investing activities	3	4
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(441)	(443)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Issuance of long-term debt	350	—
Changes in Exelon intercompany money pool	—	52
Dividends paid on common stock	(170)	(180)
Contributions from parent	231	145
Other financing activities	(3)	(1)
Net cash flows provided by financing activities	408	16
Increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	360	(109)
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period	27	135
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period	\$ 387	\$ 26
Supplemental cash flow information		
Increase in capital expenditures not paid	\$ 42	\$ 33

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

PECO ENERGY COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(Unaudited)

(In millions)	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 380	\$ 21
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	7	6
Accounts receivable		
Customer accounts receivable	379	412
Customer allowance for credit losses	(71)	(55)
Customer accounts receivable, net	308	357
Other accounts receivable	128	145
Other allowance for credit losses	(7)	(7)
Other accounts receivable, net	121	138
Receivables from affiliates	—	1
Receivable from Exelon intercompany money pool	—	68
Inventories, net		
Fossil fuel	26	36
Materials and supplies	35	35
Prepaid utility taxes	76	—
Regulatory assets	46	41
Other	21	19
Total current assets	1,020	722
Property, plant and equipment (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$3,782 and \$3,718 as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively)	9,688	9,292
Deferred debits and other assets		
Regulatory assets	604	554
Investments	27	27
Receivables from affiliates	376	480
Prepaid pension asset	379	365
Other	26	29
Total deferred debits and other assets	1,412	1,455
Total assets	\$ 12,120	\$ 11,469

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

PECO ENERGY COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(Unaudited)

(In millions)	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 463	\$ 387
Accrued expenses	92	101
Payables to affiliates	57	55
Customer deposits	67	69
Regulatory liabilities	116	91
Other	29	19
Total current liabilities	824	722
Long-term debt	3,752	3,405
Long-term debt to financing trusts	184	184
Deferred credits and other liabilities		
Deferred income taxes and unamortized investment tax credits	2,139	2,080
Asset retirement obligations	26	28
Non-pension postretirement benefits obligations	287	288
Regulatory liabilities	404	510
Other	86	74
Total deferred credits and other liabilities	2,942	2,980
Total liabilities	7,702	7,291
Commitments and contingencies		
Shareholder's equity		
Common stock	2,997	2,766
Retained earnings	1,421	1,412
Total shareholder's equity	4,418	4,178
Total liabilities and shareholder's equity	\$ 12,120	\$ 11,469

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

PECO ENERGY COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY
(Unaudited)

(In millions)	Six months ended June 30, 2020		
	Common Stock	Retained Earnings	Total Shareholder's Equity
Balance, December 31, 2019	\$ 2,766	\$ 1,412	\$ 4,178
Net income	—	140	140
Common stock dividends	—	(85)	(85)
Contributions from parent	231	—	231
Balance, March 31, 2020	\$ 2,997	\$ 1,467	\$ 4,464
Net income	—	39	39
Common stock dividends	—	(85)	(85)
Balance, June 30, 2020	\$ 2,997	\$ 1,421	\$ 4,418

(In millions)	Six months ended June 30, 2019		
	Common Stock	Retained Earnings	Total Shareholder's Equity
Balance, December 31, 2018	\$ 2,578	\$ 1,242	\$ 3,820
Net income	—	168	168
Common stock dividends	—	(90)	(90)
Contributions from parent	145	—	145
Balance, March 31, 2019	\$ 2,723	\$ 1,320	\$ 4,043
Net income	—	102	102
Common stock dividends	—	(90)	(90)
Balance, June 30, 2019	\$ 2,723	\$ 1,332	\$ 4,055

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

BALTIMORE GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY
STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(Unaudited)

(In millions)	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Operating revenues				
Electric operating revenues	\$ 530	\$ 540	\$ 1,125	\$ 1,191
Natural gas operating revenues	119	97	419	405
Revenues from alternative revenue programs	(37)	6	—	17
Operating revenues from affiliates	4	6	10	12
Total operating revenues	616	649	1,554	1,625
Operating expenses				
Purchased power	107	131	221	322
Purchased fuel	18	21	95	116
Purchased power and fuel from affiliate	69	56	167	132
Operating and maintenance	146	142	293	294
Operating and maintenance from affiliates	41	40	83	78
Depreciation and amortization	129	117	272	252
Taxes other than income taxes	63	62	132	131
Total operating expenses	573	569	1,263	1,325
Operating income	43	80	291	300
Other income and (deductions)				
Interest expense, net	(32)	(29)	(64)	(58)
Other, net	6	5	10	11
Total other income and (deductions)	(26)	(24)	(54)	(47)
Income before income taxes	17	56	237	253
Income taxes	(22)	11	18	47
Net income	\$ 39	\$ 45	\$ 219	\$ 206
Comprehensive income	\$ 39	\$ 45	\$ 219	\$ 206

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

BALTIMORE GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Unaudited)

(In millions)	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income	\$ 219	\$ 206
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flows provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	272	252
Deferred income taxes and amortization of investment tax credits	22	47
Other non-cash operating activities	50	41
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	19	85
Receivables from and payables to affiliates, net	(26)	(14)
Inventories	10	5
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(15)	(73)
Collateral posted, net	—	(5)
Income taxes	26	(29)
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit contributions	(68)	(42)
Other assets and liabilities	(5)	(21)
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	504	452
Cash flows from investing activities		
Capital expenditures	(548)	(542)
Other investing activities	(4)	4
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(552)	(538)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Changes in short-term borrowings	(76)	194
Issuance of long-term debt	400	—
Dividends paid on common stock	(123)	(112)
Contributions from parent	26	—
Other financing activities	(8)	—
Net cash flows provided by financing activities	219	82
Increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	171	(4)
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period	25	13
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period	\$ 196	\$ 9
Supplemental cash flow information		
(Decrease) increase in capital expenditures not paid	\$ (14)	\$ 24

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

BALTIMORE GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY
BALANCE SHEETS
(Unaudited)

(In millions)	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 195	\$ 24
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	1	1
Accounts receivable		
Customer accounts receivable	318	329
Customer allowance for credit losses	(23)	(12)
Customer accounts receivable, net	295	317
Other accounts receivable	121	152
Other allowance for credit losses	(6)	(5)
Other accounts receivable, net	115	147
Receivables from affiliates	—	1
Inventories, net		
Fossil fuel	22	30
Materials and supplies	44	46
Prepaid utility taxes	—	78
Regulatory assets	177	183
Other	6	6
Total current assets	855	833
Property, plant and equipment (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$3,906 and \$3,834 as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively)	9,332	8,990
Deferred debits and other assets		
Regulatory assets	464	454
Investments	10	7
Prepaid pension asset	295	264
Other	71	86
Total deferred debits and other assets	840	811
Total assets	\$ 11,027	\$ 10,634

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

BALTIMORE GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY
BALANCE SHEETS
(Unaudited)

(In millions)	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY		
Current liabilities		
Short-term borrowings	\$ —	\$ 76
Accounts payable	244	243
Accrued expenses	120	152
Payables to affiliates	41	66
Customer deposits	118	120
Regulatory liabilities	44	33
Other	63	63
Total current liabilities	630	753
Long-term debt	3,663	3,270
Deferred credits and other liabilities		
Deferred income taxes and unamortized investment tax credits	1,480	1,396
Asset retirement obligations	22	22
Non-pension postretirement benefits obligations	193	199
Regulatory liabilities	1,131	1,195
Other	103	116
Total deferred credits and other liabilities	2,929	2,928
Total liabilities	7,222	6,951
Commitments and contingencies		
Shareholder's equity		
Common stock	1,933	1,907
Retained earnings	1,872	1,776
Total shareholder's equity	3,805	3,683
Total liabilities and shareholder's equity	\$ 11,027	\$ 10,634

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

BALTIMORE GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY
STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY
(Unaudited)

(In millions)	Six Months Ended June 30, 2020		
	Common Stock	Retained Earnings	Total Shareholder's Equity
Balance, December 31, 2019	\$ 1,907	\$ 1,776	\$ 3,683
Net income	—	181	181
Common stock dividends	—	(62)	(62)
Balance, March 31, 2020	\$ 1,907	\$ 1,895	\$ 3,802
Net income	—	39	39
Common stock dividends	—	(62)	(62)
Contributions from parent	26	—	26
Balance, June 30, 2020	<u>\$ 1,933</u>	<u>\$ 1,872</u>	<u>\$ 3,805</u>

(In millions)	Six Months Ended June 30, 2019		
	Common Stock	Retained Earnings	Total Shareholder's Equity
Balance, December 31, 2018	\$ 1,714	\$ 1,640	\$ 3,354
Net income	—	160	160
Common stock dividends	—	(56)	(56)
Balance, March 31, 2019	\$ 1,714	\$ 1,744	\$ 3,458
Net income	—	45	45
Common stock dividends	—	(55)	(55)
Balance, June 30, 2019	<u>\$ 1,714</u>	<u>\$ 1,734</u>	<u>\$ 3,448</u>

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

PEPCO HOLDINGS LLC AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(Unaudited)

(In millions)	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Operating revenues				
Electric operating revenues	\$ 1,047	\$ 1,067	\$ 2,133	\$ 2,205
Natural gas operating revenues	30	24	94	95
Revenues from alternative revenue programs	(64)	(3)	(47)	12
Operating revenues from affiliates	3	3	7	7
Total operating revenues	1,016	1,091	2,187	2,319
Operating expenses				
Purchased power	286	303	586	658
Purchased fuel	11	9	42	43
Purchased power from affiliates	78	70	182	171
Operating and maintenance	245	213	464	452
Operating and maintenance from affiliates	36	35	74	68
Depreciation and amortization	191	188	385	369
Taxes other than income taxes	109	108	222	220
Total operating expenses	956	926	1,955	1,981
Gain on sales of assets	—	—	2	—
Operating income	60	165	234	338
Other income and (deductions)				
Interest expense, net	(67)	(67)	(134)	(131)
Other, net	14	14	26	27
Total other income and (deductions)	(53)	(53)	(108)	(104)
Income before income taxes	7	112	126	234
Income taxes	(87)	6	(76)	11
Net income	\$ 94	\$ 106	\$ 202	\$ 223
Comprehensive income	\$ 94	\$ 106	\$ 202	\$ 223

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

PEPCO HOLDINGS LLC AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Unaudited)

(In millions)	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income	\$ 202	\$ 223
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flows provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	385	369
Deferred income taxes and amortization of investment tax credits	(74)	2
Other non-cash operating activities	107	54
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(64)	(34)
Receivables from and payables to affiliates, net	(22)	(8)
Inventories	6	(25)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	14	(25)
Income taxes	(30)	(12)
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit contributions	(31)	(11)
Other assets and liabilities	(146)	(114)
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	347	419
Cash flows from investing activities		
Capital expenditures	(686)	(698)
Other investing activities	2	2
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(684)	(696)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Changes in short-term borrowings	(189)	(27)
Repayments of short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days	—	(125)
Issuance of long-term debt	373	410
Retirement of long-term debt	(35)	(125)
Changes in Exelon intercompany money pool	10	3
Distributions to member	(268)	(216)
Contributions from member	359	283
Other financing activities	(8)	(4)
Net cash flows provided by financing activities	242	199
Decrease in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	(95)	(78)
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period	181	186
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period	\$ 86	\$ 108
Supplemental cash flow information		
Decrease in capital expenditures not paid	\$ (24)	\$ (74)

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

PEPCO HOLDINGS LLC AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(Unaudited)

(In millions)	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 39	\$ 131
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	36	36
Accounts receivable		
Customer accounts receivable	554	516
Customer allowance for credit losses	(62)	(37)
Customer accounts receivable, net	492	479
Other accounts receivable	234	190
Other allowance for credit losses	(26)	(16)
Other accounts receivable, net	208	174
Receivables from affiliates	1	1
Inventories, net		
Fossil fuel	5	8
Materials and supplies	187	190
Regulatory assets	449	412
Other	75	49
Total current assets	1,492	1,480
Property, plant and equipment (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$1,591 and \$1,213 as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively)	14,692	14,296
Deferred debits and other assets		
Regulatory assets	1,962	2,061
Investments	135	135
Goodwill	4,005	4,005
Prepaid pension asset	396	406
Deferred income taxes	13	13
Other	309	323
Total deferred debits and other assets	6,820	6,943
Total assets^(a)	\$ 23,004	\$ 22,719

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

PEPCO HOLDINGS LLC AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(Unaudited)

(In millions)	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY		
Current liabilities		
Short-term borrowings	\$ 19	\$ 208
Long-term debt due within one year	350	103
Accounts payable	486	462
Accrued expenses	238	296
Payables to affiliates	76	98
Borrowings from Exelon intercompany money pool	22	12
Customer deposits	115	117
Regulatory liabilities	148	70
Unamortized energy contract liabilities	103	115
Other	128	131
Total current liabilities	1,685	1,612
Long-term debt	6,540	6,460
Deferred credits and other liabilities		
Deferred income taxes and unamortized investment tax credits	2,350	2,278
Asset retirement obligations	57	57
Non-pension postretirement benefit obligations	87	93
Regulatory liabilities	1,553	1,707
Unamortized energy contract liabilities	282	327
Other	549	577
Total deferred credits and other liabilities	4,878	5,039
Total liabilities^(a)	13,103	13,111
Commitments and contingencies		
Member's equity		
Membership interest	9,977	9,618
Undistributed losses	(76)	(10)
Total member's equity	9,901	9,608
Total liabilities and member's equity	\$ 23,004	\$ 22,719

(a) PHI's consolidated total assets include \$21 million and \$20 million at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively, of PHI's consolidated VIE that can only be used to settle the liabilities of the VIE. PHI's consolidated total liabilities include \$37 million and \$44 million at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively, of PHI's consolidated VIE for which the VIE creditors do not have recourse to PHI. See Note 16 — Variable Interest Entities for additional information.

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

PEPCO HOLDINGS LLC AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
(Unaudited)

(In millions)	Six Months Ended June 30, 2020		
	Membership Interest	Undistributed Earnings (Losses)	Member's Equity
Balance, December 31, 2019	\$ 9,618	\$ (10)	\$ 9,608
Net income	—	108	108
Distributions to member	—	(134)	(134)
Contributions from member	144	—	144
Balance, March 31, 2020	\$ 9,762	\$ (36)	\$ 9,726
Net income	—	94	94
Distributions to member	—	(134)	(134)
Contributions from member	215	—	215
Balance, June 30, 2020	\$ 9,977	\$ (76)	\$ 9,901

(In millions)	Six Months Ended June 30, 2019		
	Membership Interest	Undistributed Earnings (Losses)	Member's Equity
Balance, December 31, 2018	\$ 9,220	\$ 62	\$ 9,282
Net income	—	117	117
Distributions to member	—	(128)	(128)
Contributions from member	19	—	19
Balance, March 31, 2019	\$ 9,239	\$ 51	\$ 9,290
Net income	—	106	106
Distributions to member	—	(88)	(88)
Contributions from member	264	—	264
Balance, June 30, 2019	\$ 9,503	\$ 69	\$ 9,572

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

POTOMAC ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY
STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(Unaudited)

(In millions)	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Operating revenues				
Electric operating revenues	\$ 506	\$ 531	\$ 1,034	\$ 1,090
Revenues from alternative revenue programs	(13)	(1)	2	13
Operating revenues from affiliates	1	1	3	3
Total operating revenues	494	531	1,039	1,106
Operating expenses				
Purchased power	78	92	164	209
Purchased power from affiliate	60	52	139	122
Operating and maintenance	67	59	128	123
Operating and maintenance from affiliates	52	52	103	107
Depreciation and amortization	92	93	186	186
Taxes other than income taxes	87	90	179	182
Total operating expenses	436	438	899	929
Operating income	58	93	140	177
Other income and (deductions)				
Interest expense, net	(34)	(34)	(68)	(68)
Other, net	9	7	18	14
Total other income and (deductions)	(25)	(27)	(50)	(54)
Income before income taxes	33	66	90	123
Income taxes	(24)	2	(19)	4
Net income	\$ 57	\$ 64	\$ 109	\$ 119
Comprehensive income	\$ 57	\$ 64	\$ 109	\$ 119

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

POTOMAC ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Unaudited)

(In millions)	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income	\$ 109	\$ 119
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flows provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	186	186
Deferred income taxes and amortization of investment tax credits	(22)	10
Other non-cash operating activities	11	8
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(45)	(36)
Receivables from and payables to affiliates, net	(22)	4
Inventories	3	(20)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	11	(25)
Income taxes	(18)	(23)
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit contributions	(6)	(6)
Other assets and liabilities	(52)	(40)
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	155	177
Cash flows from investing activities		
Capital expenditures	(324)	(298)
Changes in PHI intercompany money pool	—	(38)
Other investing activities	(3)	1
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(327)	(335)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Changes in short-term borrowings	(68)	(40)
Issuance of long-term debt	150	260
Retirement of long-term debt	(1)	(117)
Changes in PHI intercompany money pool	50	—
Dividends paid on common stock	(101)	(72)
Contributions from parent	137	129
Other financing activities	(6)	(3)
Net cash flows provided by financing activities	161	157
Decrease in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	(11)	(1)
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period	63	53
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period	\$ 52	\$ 52
Supplemental cash flow information		
Decrease in capital expenditures not paid	\$ (28)	\$ (18)

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

POTOMAC ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY
BALANCE SHEETS
(Unaudited)

(In millions)	ASSETS	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 19	\$ 30
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		33	33
Accounts receivable			
Customer accounts receivable	272	244	
Customer allowance for credit losses	(24)	(13)	
Customer accounts receivable, net		248	231
Other accounts receivable	121	98	
Other allowance for credit losses	(11)	(7)	
Other accounts receivable, net		110	91
Receivables from affiliates		2	—
Inventories, net		109	112
Regulatory assets		215	188
Other		11	11
Total current assets		747	696
Property, plant and equipment (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$3,604 and \$3,517 as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively)		7,102	6,909
Deferred debits and other assets			
Regulatory assets		556	584
Investments		111	110
Prepaid pension asset		290	296
Other		63	66
Total deferred debits and other assets		1,020	1,056
Total assets		\$ 8,869	\$ 8,661

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

POTOMAC ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY
BALANCE SHEETS
(Unaudited)

(In millions)	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY		
Current liabilities		
Short-term borrowings	\$ 14	\$ 82
Long-term debt due within one year	3	2
Accounts payable	195	195
Accrued expenses	123	156
Payables to affiliates	46	66
Borrowings from PHI intercompany money pool	50	—
Customer deposits	57	57
Regulatory liabilities	48	8
Merger related obligation	39	39
Current portion of DC PLUG obligation	30	30
Other	16	22
Total current liabilities	621	657
Long-term debt	3,010	2,862
Deferred credits and other liabilities		
Deferred income taxes and unamortized investment tax credits	1,168	1,131
Asset retirement obligations	41	41
Non-pension postretirement benefit obligations	15	20
Regulatory liabilities	686	746
Other	276	297
Total deferred credits and other liabilities	2,186	2,235
Total liabilities	5,817	5,754
Commitments and contingencies		
Shareholder's equity		
Common stock	1,933	1,796
Retained earnings	1,119	1,111
Total shareholder's equity	3,052	2,907
Total liabilities and shareholder's equity	\$ 8,869	\$ 8,661

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

POTOMAC ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY
STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY
(Unaudited)

(In millions)	Six Months Ended June 30, 2020		
	Common Stock	Retained Earnings	Total Shareholder's Equity
Balance, December 31, 2019	\$ 1,796	\$ 1,111	\$ 2,907
Net income	—	52	52
Common stock dividends	—	(28)	(28)
Contributions from parent	137	—	137
Balance, March 31, 2020	\$ 1,933	\$ 1,135	\$ 3,068
Net income	—	57	57
Common stock dividends	—	(73)	(73)
Balance, June 30, 2020	\$ 1,933	\$ 1,119	\$ 3,052

(In millions)	Six Months Ended June 30, 2019		
	Common Stock	Retained Earnings	Total Shareholder's Equity
Balance, December 31, 2018	\$ 1,636	\$ 1,104	\$ 2,740
Net income	—	55	55
Common stock dividends	—	(24)	(24)
Contributions from parent	14	—	14
Balance, March 31, 2019	\$ 1,650	\$ 1,135	\$ 2,785
Net income	—	64	64
Common stock dividends	—	(48)	(48)
Contributions from parent	115	—	115
Balance, June 30, 2019	\$ 1,765	\$ 1,151	\$ 2,916

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

DELMARVA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY
STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(Unaudited)

(In millions)	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Operating revenues				
Electric operating revenues	\$ 260	\$ 261	\$ 543	\$ 568
Natural gas operating revenues	30	24	94	95
Revenues from alternative revenue programs	(25)	—	(24)	1
Operating revenues from affiliates	2	2	4	3
Total operating revenues	267	287	617	667
Operating expenses				
Purchased power	80	86	169	193
Purchased fuel	11	9	42	43
Purchased power from affiliates	16	12	38	35
Operating and maintenance	54	39	97	84
Operating and maintenance from affiliates	38	38	75	76
Depreciation and amortization	47	45	94	91
Taxes other than income taxes	17	14	32	28
Total operating expenses	263	243	547	550
Operating income	4	44	70	117
Other income and (deductions)				
Interest expense, net	(15)	(15)	(31)	(30)
Other, net	2	5	5	7
Total other income and (deductions)	(13)	(10)	(26)	(23)
(Loss) income before income taxes	(9)	34	44	94
Income taxes	(28)	4	(20)	11
Net income	\$ 19	\$ 30	\$ 64	\$ 83
Comprehensive income	\$ 19	\$ 30	\$ 64	\$ 83

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

DELMARVA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Unaudited)

(In millions)	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income	\$ 64	\$ 83
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flows provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	94	91
Deferred income taxes and amortization of investment tax credits	(19)	(5)
Other non-cash operating activities	40	11
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	6	15
Receivables from and payables to affiliates, net	(2)	(11)
Inventories	—	(3)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	3	6
Income taxes	(12)	11
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit contributions	—	(1)
Other assets and liabilities	(21)	(26)
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	153	171
Cash flows from investing activities		
Capital expenditures	(184)	(160)
Changes in PHI intercompany money pool	(55)	—
Other investing activities	(3)	1
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(242)	(159)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Changes in short-term borrowings	(56)	—
Issuance of long-term debt	100	—
Retirement of long-term debt	(1)	—
Changes in PHI intercompany money pool	—	38
Dividends paid on common stock	(66)	(70)
Contributions from parent	106	—
Other financing activities	(1)	—
Net cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities	82	(32)
Decrease in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	(7)	(20)
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period	13	24
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period	\$ 6	\$ 4
Supplemental cash flow information		
Decrease in capital expenditures not paid	\$ (4)	\$ (17)

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

DELMARVA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY
BALANCE SHEETS
(Unaudited)

(In millions)	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6	\$ 13
Accounts receivable		
Customer accounts receivable	145	152
Customer allowance for credit losses	(18)	(11)
Customer accounts receivable, net	127	141
Other accounts receivable	48	42
Other allowance for credit losses	(7)	(4)
Other accounts receivable, net	41	38
Receivables from affiliates	1	—
Receivable from PHI intercompany pool	55	—
Inventories, net		
Fossil fuel	5	8
Materials and supplies	47	44
Prepaid utility taxes	2	18
Regulatory assets	55	52
Renewable energy credits	21	9
Other	3	2
Total current assets	363	325
Property, plant and equipment (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$1,476 and \$1,425 as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively)	4,143	4,035
Deferred debits and other assets		
Regulatory assets	222	222
Goodwill	8	8
Prepaid pension asset	166	171
Other	64	69
Total deferred debits and other assets	460	470
Total assets	\$ 4,966	\$ 4,830

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

DELMARVA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY
BALANCE SHEETS
(Unaudited)

(In millions)	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY		
Current liabilities		
Short-term borrowings	\$ —	\$ 56
Long-term debt due within one year	81	80
Accounts payable	113	112
Accrued expenses	34	46
Payables to affiliates	27	32
Customer deposits	35	36
Regulatory liabilities	60	37
Other	17	15
Total current liabilities	367	414
Long-term debt	1,594	1,487
Deferred credits and other liabilities		
Deferred income taxes and unamortized investment tax credits	680	655
Non-pension postretirement benefits obligations	15	16
Regulatory liabilities	526	574
Other	100	104
Total deferred credits and other liabilities	1,321	1,349
Total liabilities	3,282	3,250
Commitments and contingencies		
Shareholder's equity		
Common stock	1,083	977
Retained earnings	601	603
Total shareholder's equity	1,684	1,580
Total liabilities and shareholder's equity	\$ 4,966	\$ 4,830

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

DELMARVA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY
STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY
(Unaudited)

(In millions)	Six Months Ended June 30, 2020		
	Common Stock	Retained Earnings	Total Shareholder's Equity
Balance, December 31, 2019	\$ 977	\$ 603	\$ 1,580
Net income	—	45	45
Common stock dividends	—	(52)	(52)
Contributions from parent	6	—	6
Balance, March 31, 2020	983	596	1,579
Net income	—	19	19
Common stock dividends	—	(14)	(14)
Contributions from parent	100	—	100
Balance, June 30, 2020	\$ 1,083	\$ 601	\$ 1,684

(In millions)	Six Months Ended June 30, 2019		
	Common Stock	Retained Earnings	Total Shareholder's Equity
Balance, December 31, 2018	\$ 914	\$ 595	\$ 1,509
Net income	—	53	53
Common stock dividends	—	(41)	(41)
Balance, March 31, 2019	914	607	1,521
Net income	—	30	30
Common stock dividends	—	(29)	(29)
Balance, June 30, 2019	\$ 914	\$ 608	\$ 1,522

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

ATLANTIC CITY ELECTRIC COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANY
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(Unaudited)

(In millions)	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Operating revenues				
Electric operating revenues	\$ 281	\$ 275	\$ 556	\$ 547
Revenues from alternative revenue programs	(26)	(2)	(25)	(1)
Operating revenues from affiliates	1	1	1	1
Total operating revenues	256	274	532	547
Operating expenses				
Purchased power	128	125	254	257
Purchased power from affiliate	2	6	5	13
Operating and maintenance	48	41	94	88
Operating and maintenance from affiliates	34	33	66	67
Depreciation and amortization	44	40	86	71
Taxes other than income taxes	2	1	4	2
Total operating expenses	258	246	509	498
Gain on sale of assets	—	—	2	—
Operating (loss) income	(2)	28	25	49
Other income and (deductions)				
Interest expense, net	(15)	(15)	(29)	(28)
Other, net	2	1	3	4
Total other income and (deductions)	(13)	(14)	(26)	(24)
(Loss) income before income taxes	(15)	14	(1)	25
Income taxes	(33)	—	(32)	1
Net income	\$ 18	\$ 14	\$ 31	\$ 24
Comprehensive income	\$ 18	\$ 14	\$ 31	\$ 24

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

ATLANTIC CITY ELECTRIC COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANY
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Unaudited)

(In millions)	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income	\$ 31	\$ 24
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flows provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	86	71
Deferred income taxes and amortization of investment tax credits	(30)	2
Other non-cash operating activities	34	7
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(23)	(11)
Receivables from and payables to affiliates, net	9	(9)
Inventories	2	(1)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	17	16
Income taxes	2	6
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit contributions	(2)	—
Other assets and liabilities	(68)	(44)
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	<u>58</u>	<u>61</u>
Cash flows from investing activities		
Capital expenditures	(178)	(227)
Other investing activities	5	—
Net cash flows used in investing activities	<u>(173)</u>	<u>(227)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities		
Changes in short-term borrowings	(65)	13
Repayments of short-term borrowings with maturities greater than 90 days	—	(125)
Issuance of long-term debt	123	150
Retirement of long-term debt	(34)	(9)
Changes in PHI intercompany money pool	5	—
Dividends paid on common stock	(35)	(24)
Contributions from parent	116	155
Other financing activities	(1)	(1)
Net cash flows provided by financing activities	<u>109</u>	<u>159</u>
Decrease in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	(6)	(7)
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period	28	30
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period	<u>\$ 22</u>	<u>\$ 23</u>
Supplemental cash flow information		
Increase (decrease) in capital expenditures not paid	\$ 7	\$ (35)

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

ATLANTIC CITY ELECTRIC COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANY
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(Unaudited)

(In millions)	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8	\$ 12
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	3	2
Accounts receivable		
Customer accounts receivable	137	121
Customer allowance for credit losses	(20)	(13)
Customer accounts receivable, net	117	108
Other accounts receivable	59	53
Other allowance for credit losses	(8)	(5)
Other accounts receivable, net	51	48
Receivables from affiliates	1	4
Inventories, net	32	34
Prepaid utility taxes	34	—
Regulatory assets	71	57
Other	4	5
Total current assets	321	270
Property, plant and equipment (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$1,261 and \$1,210 as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively)	3,302	3,190
Deferred debits and other assets		
Regulatory assets	369	368
Prepaid pension asset	47	52
Other	50	53
Total deferred debits and other assets	466	473
Total assets^(a)	\$ 4,089	\$ 3,933

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

ATLANTIC CITY ELECTRIC COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANY
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(Unaudited)

(In millions)	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY		
Current liabilities		
Short-term borrowings	\$ 5	\$ 70
Long-term debt due within one year	260	20
Accounts payable	170	144
Accrued expenses	39	42
Payables to affiliates	31	25
Borrowings from PHI intercompany money pool	5	—
Customer deposits	24	25
Regulatory liabilities	40	25
Other	8	9
Total current liabilities	582	360
Long-term debt	1,160	1,307
Deferred credits and other liabilities		
Deferred income taxes and unamortized investment tax credits	590	577
Non-pension postretirement benefit obligations	17	17
Regulatory liabilities	312	357
Other	40	39
Total deferred credits and other liabilities	959	990
Total liabilities^(a)	2,701	2,657
Commitments and contingencies		
Shareholder's equity		
Common stock	1,270	1,154
Retained earnings	118	122
Total shareholder's equity	1,388	1,276
Total liabilities and shareholder's equity	\$ 4,089	\$ 3,933

(a) ACE's consolidated total assets include \$14 million and \$17 million at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively, of ACE's consolidated VIE that can only be used to settle the liabilities of the VIE. ACE's consolidated total liabilities include \$31 million and \$41 million at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively, of ACE's consolidated VIE for which the VIE creditors do not have recourse to ACE. See Note 16 — Variable Interest Entities for additional information.

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

ATLANTIC CITY ELECTRIC COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANY
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY
(Unaudited)

(In millions)	Six Months Ended June 30, 2020		
	Common Stock	Retained Earnings	Total Shareholder's Equity
Balance, December 31, 2019	\$ 1,154	\$ 122	\$ 1,276
Net income	—	13	13
Common stock dividends	—	(23)	(23)
Contributions from parent	1	—	1
Balance, March 31, 2020	1,155	112	1,267
Net income	—	18	18
Common stock dividends	—	(12)	(12)
Contributions from parent	115	—	115
Balance, June 30, 2020	\$ 1,270	\$ 118	\$ 1,388

(In millions)	Six Months Ended June 30, 2019		
	Common Stock	Retained Earnings	Total Shareholder's Equity
Balance, December 31, 2018	\$ 979	\$ 147	\$ 1,126
Net income	—	10	10
Common stock dividends	—	(12)	(12)
Contributions from parent	5	—	5
Balance, March 31, 2019	984	145	1,129
Net income	—	14	14
Common stock dividends	—	(12)	(12)
Contributions from parent	150	—	150
Balance, June 30, 2019	\$ 1,134	\$ 147	\$ 1,281

See the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 1 — Significant Accounting Policies

1. Significant Accounting Policies (All Registrants)

Description of Business (All Registrants)

Exelon is a utility services holding company engaged in the generation, delivery and marketing of energy through Generation and the energy distribution and transmission businesses through ComEd, PECO, BGE, Pepco, DPL and ACE.

Name of Registrant	Business	Service Territories
Exelon Generation Company, LLC	Generation, physical delivery and marketing of power across multiple geographical regions through its customer-facing business, Constellation, which sells electricity to both wholesale and retail customers. Generation also sells natural gas, renewable energy and other energy-related products and services.	Five reportable segments: Mid-Atlantic, Midwest, New York, ERCOT and Other Power Regions
Commonwealth Edison Company	Purchase and regulated retail sale of electricity Transmission and distribution of electricity to retail customers	Northern Illinois, including the City of Chicago
PECO Energy Company	Purchase and regulated retail sale of electricity and natural gas Transmission and distribution of electricity and distribution of natural gas to retail customers	Southeastern Pennsylvania, including the City of Philadelphia (electricity) Pennsylvania counties surrounding the City of Philadelphia (natural gas)
Baltimore Gas and Electric Company	Purchase and regulated retail sale of electricity and natural gas Transmission and distribution of electricity and distribution of natural gas to retail customers	Central Maryland, including the City of Baltimore (electricity and natural gas)
Pepco Holdings LLC	Utility services holding company engaged, through its reportable segments Pepco, DPL and ACE	Service Territories of Pepco, DPL and ACE
Potomac Electric Power Company	Purchase and regulated retail sale of electricity Transmission and distribution of electricity to retail customers	District of Columbia, and major portions of Montgomery and Prince George's Counties, Maryland
Delmarva Power & Light Company	Purchase and regulated retail sale of electricity and natural gas Transmission and distribution of electricity and distribution of natural gas to retail customers	Portions of Delaware and Maryland (electricity) Portions of New Castle County, Delaware (natural gas)
Atlantic City Electric Company	Purchase and regulated retail sale of electricity Transmission and distribution of electricity to retail customers	Portions of Southern New Jersey

Basis of Presentation (All Registrants)

Each of the Registrant's Consolidated Financial Statements includes the accounts of its subsidiaries. All intercompany transactions have been eliminated.

Through its business services subsidiary, BSC, Exelon provides its subsidiaries with a variety of support services at cost, including legal, human resources, financial, information technology and supply management services. PHI also has a business services subsidiary, PHISCO, which provides a variety of support services at cost, including legal, accounting, engineering, customer operations, distribution and transmission planning, asset management, system operations, and power procurement, to PHI operating companies. The costs of BSC and PHISCO are directly charged or allocated to the applicable subsidiaries. The results of Exelon's corporate operations are presented as "Other" within the consolidated financial statements and include intercompany eliminations unless otherwise disclosed.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 are unaudited but, in the opinion of the management of each Registrant include all adjustments that are considered necessary for a fair statement of the Registrants' respective financial statements in accordance with GAAP. All adjustments are of a normal, recurring nature, except as otherwise disclosed. The December 31, 2019 Consolidated Balance Sheets were derived from audited financial statements. Financial results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results that may be expected for any other

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 1 — Significant Accounting Policies

interim period or for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2020. These Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the SEC for Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q. Certain information and note disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations.

COVID-19 (All Registrants)

The Registrants have taken steps to mitigate the potential risks posed by the global outbreak (pandemic) of the 2019 novel coronavirus (COVID-19). The Registrants provide a critical service to their customers and have taken measures to keep employees who operate the business safe and minimize unnecessary risk of exposure to the virus, including extra precautions for employees who work in the field. The Registrants have implemented work from home policies where appropriate and imposed travel limitations on employees. In addition, the Registrants have updated their existing business continuity plans.

Management makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements and accompanying notes, and the amounts of revenues and expenses reported during the periods covered by those financial statements and accompanying notes. Management assessed certain accounting matters that require consideration of forecasted financial information, including, but not limited to, our allowance for credit losses, the carrying value of our goodwill and other long-lived assets, in context with the information reasonably available to us and the unknown future impacts of COVID-19 as of June 30, 2020 and through the date of this report. The Registrants' future assessment of our current expectations of the magnitude and duration of COVID-19, as well as other factors, could result in material impacts to their consolidated financial statements in future reporting periods.

New Accounting Standards (All Registrants)

New Accounting Standards Adopted as of January 1, 2020: The following new authoritative accounting guidance issued by the FASB was adopted as of January 1, 2020 and was reflected by the Registrants in their consolidated financial statements beginning in the first quarter of 2020.

Impairment of Financial Instruments (Issued June 2016). Provides for a new Current Expected Credit Loss (CECL) impairment model for specified financial instruments including loans, trade receivables, debt securities classified as held-to-maturity investments and net investments in leases recognized by a lessor. Under the new guidance, on initial recognition and at each reporting period, an entity is required to recognize an allowance that reflects its current estimate of credit losses expected to be incurred over the life of the financial instrument based on historical experience, current conditions and reasonable and supportable forecasts. The standard was effective January 1, 2020 and requires a modified retrospective transition approach through a cumulative-effect adjustment to retained earnings as of the beginning of the period of adoption. This standard was primarily applicable to Generation's and the Utility Registrants' Customer accounts receivables balances. This guidance did not have a significant impact on the Registrants' consolidated financial statements.

Goodwill Impairment (Issued January 2017). Simplifies the accounting for goodwill impairment by removing Step 2 of the current test, which requires calculation of a hypothetical purchase price allocation. Under the revised guidance, goodwill impairment will be measured as the amount by which a reporting unit's carrying value exceeds its fair value, not to exceed the carrying amount of goodwill (currently Step 1 of the two-step impairment test). Entities will continue to have the option to perform a qualitative assessment to determine if a quantitative impairment test is necessary. The standard was effective January 1, 2020 and must be applied on a prospective basis. Exelon, Generation, ComEd, PHI and DPL will apply the new guidance for their goodwill impairment assessments in 2020 and do not expect the updated guidance to have a material impact to their financial statements.

Allowance for Credit Losses on Accounts Receivables (All Registrants)

The allowance for credit losses reflects the Registrants' best estimates of losses on the customers' accounts receivable balances based on historical experience, current information, and reasonable and supportable forecasts.

The allowance for credit losses for Generation's retail customers is based on accounts receivable aging historical experience coupled with specific identification through a credit monitoring process, which considers current conditions and forward-looking information such as industry trends, macroeconomic factors, changes in the regulatory environment, external credit ratings, publicly available news, payment status, payment history, and the

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 1 — Significant Accounting Policies

exercise of collateral calls. The allowance for credit losses for Generation wholesale customers is developed using a credit monitoring process, similar to that used for retail customers. When a wholesale customer's risk characteristics are no longer aligned with the pooled population, Generation uses specific identification to develop an allowance for credit losses. Adjustments to the allowance for credit losses are recorded in Operating and maintenance expense on Generation's Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income.

The allowance for credit losses for the Utility Registrants' customers is developed by applying loss rates for each Utility Registrant, based on historical loss experience, current conditions and forward-looking risk factors, to the outstanding receivable balance by customer risk segment. Utility Registrants' customer accounts are written off consistent with approved regulatory requirements. Adjustments to the allowance for credit losses are primarily recorded to Operating and maintenance expense on the Utility Registrants' Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income and Regulatory assets on ComEd, BGE, Pepco, DPL and ACE's Consolidated Balance Sheets. See Note 3 - Regulatory Matters of the 2019 Form 10-K for additional information regarding the regulatory recovery of credit losses on customer accounts receivable at ComEd, BGE, Pepco, DPL and ACE.

The Registrants have certain non-customer receivables in Other deferred debits and other assets which primarily are with governmental agencies and other high-quality counterparties with no history of default. As such, the allowance for credit losses related to these receivables is not material. The Registrants monitor these balances and will record an allowance if there are indicators of a decline in credit quality.

2. Regulatory Matters (All Registrants)

As discussed in Note 3 — Regulatory Matters of the Exelon 2019 Form 10-K, the Registrants are involved in rate and regulatory proceedings at the FERC and their state commissions. The following discusses developments in 2020 and updates to the 2019 Form 10-K.

Utility Regulatory Matters (Exelon and the Utility Registrants)

Distribution Base Rate Case Proceedings

The following tables show the completed and pending distribution base rate case proceedings in 2020.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 2 — Regulatory Matters

Completed Distribution Base Rate Case Proceedings

Registrant/Jurisdiction	Filing Date	Requested Revenue Requirement (Decrease) Increase	Approved Revenue Requirement (Decrease) Increase	Approved ROE	Approval Date	Rate Effective Date
ComEd - Illinois (Electric) ^(a)	April 8, 2019	\$ (6)	\$ (17)	8.91%	December 4, 2019	January 1, 2020
DPL - Maryland (Electric)	December 5, 2019 (amended April 23, 2020)	17	12	9.60%	July 14, 2020	July 16, 2020

(a) Reflects an increase of \$51 million for the initial revenue requirement for 2019 and a decrease of \$68 million related to the annual reconciliation for 2018. The revenue requirement for 2019 and annual reconciliation for 2018 provides for a weighted average debt and equity return on distribution rate base of 6.51%, inclusive of an allowed ROE of 8.91%, reflecting the average rate on 30-year treasury notes plus 580 basis points.

Pending Distribution Base Rate Case Proceedings

Registrant/Jurisdiction	Filing Date	Requested Revenue Requirement (Decrease) Increase	Requested ROE	Expected Approval Timing
ComEd - Illinois (Electric) ^(a)	April 16, 2020	\$ (11)	8.38%	Fourth quarter of 2020
BGE - Maryland (Electric and Natural Gas) ^(b)	May 15, 2020	235	10.1%	Fourth quarter of 2020
Pepco - District of Columbia (Electric) ^(c)	May 30, 2019 (amended June 1, 2020)	136	9.7%	Fourth quarter of 2020
DPL - Delaware (Natural Gas) ^(d)	February 21, 2020 (amended March 17, 2020)	9	10.3%	First quarter of 2021
DPL - Delaware (Electric) ^(e)	March 6, 2020 (amended April 16, 2020)	24	10.3%	Second quarter of 2021

(a) Reflects an increase of \$51 million for the initial revenue requirement for 2020 and a decrease of \$62 million related to the annual reconciliation for 2019. The revenue requirement for 2020 and annual reconciliation for 2019 provides for a weighted average debt and equity return on distribution rate base of 6.28%, inclusive of an allowed ROE of 8.38%, reflecting the average rate on 30-year treasury notes plus 580 basis points.

(b) Reflects a three-year cumulative multi-year plan for 2021 through 2023 and total requested revenue requirement increases in 2023 of \$140 million related to electric distribution and \$95 million related to natural gas distribution to recover capital investments made in late 2019 and planned capital investments from 2020 to 2023.

(c) Pepco filed the multi-year plan enhanced proposal as an alternative to address the impacts of COVID-19. Reflects a three-year cumulative multi-year plan and requested revenue requirement increases of \$73 million and \$63 million for 2022 and 2023, respectively, to recover capital investments made in 2018 and 2019 and planned capital investments from 2020 to 2022.

(d) The rates will go into effect on September 21, 2020, subject to refund.

(e) The rates will go into effect on October 6, 2020, subject to refund.

Transmission Formula Rates

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 2 — Regulatory Matters

Transmission Formula Rate (Exelon, ComEd, PECO, BGE, PHI, Pepco, DPL and ACE). ComEd's, PECO's, BGE's, Pepco's, DPL's and ACE's transmission rates are each established based on a FERC-approved formula. ComEd, BGE, Pepco, DPL and ACE are required to file an annual update to the FERC-approved formula on or before May 15 and PECO is required to file on or before May 31, with the resulting rates effective on June 1 of the same year. The annual update for ComEd, BGE, DPL and ACE is based on prior year actual costs and current year projected capital additions (initial year revenue requirement). The annual update for PECO is based on prior year actual costs and current year projected capital additions, accumulated depreciation, and accumulated deferred income taxes. The annual update for Pepco is based on prior year actual costs and current year projected capital additions, accumulated depreciation, depreciation and amortization expense and accumulated deferred income taxes. The update for ComEd, BGE, DPL and ACE also reconciles any differences between the revenue requirement in effect beginning June 1 of the prior year and actual costs incurred for that year (annual reconciliation). The update for PECO and Pepco also reconciles any differences between the actual costs and actual revenues for the calendar year (annual reconciliation).

For 2020, the following total increases/(decreases) were included in ComEd's, PECO's, BGE's, Pepco's, DPL's and ACE's electric transmission formula rate filings:

Registrant ^(a)	Initial Revenue Requirement Increase (Decrease)	Annual Reconciliation Decrease	Total Revenue Requirement Increase (Decrease) ^(c)	Allowed Return on Rate Base ^(d)	Allowed ROE ^(e)
ComEd	\$ 18	\$ (4)	\$ 14	8.17%	11.50%
PECO ^(b)	5	(28)	(23)	7.47%	10.35%
BGE	16	(3)	4	7.26%	10.50%
Pepco	2	(46)	(44)	7.81%	10.50%
DPL	(4)	(40)	(44)	7.20%	10.50%
ACE	5	(25)	(20)	7.40%	10.50%

(a) All rates are effective June 2020, subject to review by interested parties, which is anticipated to be completed by the fourth quarter of 2020 or first quarter of 2021 for ComEd, BGE, Pepco, DPL and ACE and second quarter of 2021 for PECO.

(b) PECO posted a revised filing to the PJM website on July 17, 2020 reflecting updates to the formula rate based on the FERC order dated July 9, 2020.

(c) The decrease in PECO's transmission revenue requirement relates to refunds from December 1, 2017, in accordance with the settlement agreement dated July 22, 2019. The change in BGE's transmission revenue requirement includes a \$9 million reduction related to a FERC-approved dedicated facilities charge to recover the costs of providing transmission service to specifically designated load by BGE. ComEd, BGE, Pepco, DPL and ACE's transmission revenue requirement include a decrease related to the April 24, 2020 settlement agreement related to excess deferred income taxes. Refer to Transmission-Related Income Tax Regulatory Assets below for additional information.

(d) Represents the weighted average debt and equity return on transmission rate bases.

(e) As part of the FERC-approved settlements of ComEd's 2007 and PECO's 2017 transmission rate cases, the rate of return on common equity is 11.50% and 10.35%, respectively, inclusive of a 50-basis-point incentive adder for being a member of a RTO, and the common equity component of the ratio used to calculate the weighted average debt and equity return for the transmission formula rate is currently capped at 55% and 55.75%, respectively. As part of the FERC-approved settlement of the ROE complaint against BGE, Pepco, DPL and ACE, the rate of return on common equity is 10.50%, inclusive of a 50-basis-point incentive adder for being a member of a RTO.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Other State Regulatory Matters

Illinois Regulatory Matters

Energy Efficiency Formula Rate (Exelon and ComEd). ComEd filed its annual energy efficiency formula rate update with the ICC on May 21, 2020. The filing establishes the revenue requirement used to set the rates that will take effect in January 2021 after the ICC's review and approval. The revenue requirement requested is based on a reconciliation of the 2019 actual costs plus projected 2020 and 2021 expenditures.

Initial Revenue Requirement Increase	Annual Reconciliation Increase	Total Revenue Requirement Increase	Requested Return on Rate Base	Requested ROE
\$ 45	\$ 3	\$ 48 ^(a)	6.28%	8.38%

(a) The requested revenue requirement increase provides for a weighted average debt and equity return on rate base of 6.28% inclusive of an allowed ROE of 8.38%. The ROE reflects the average rate on 30-year treasury notes plus 580 basis points. The ROE applicable to the 2019 reconciliation year is 8.96% and the return on rate base is 6.56%, which includes a performance adjustment that can either increase or decrease the ROE.

Other Federal Regulatory Matters

Transmission-Related Income Tax Regulatory Assets (Exelon, ComEd, BGE, PHI, Pepco, DPL and ACE). On December 13, 2016 (and as amended on March 13, 2017), BGE filed with FERC to begin recovering certain existing and future transmission-related income tax regulatory assets through its transmission formula rate. BGE's existing regulatory assets included (1) amounts that, if BGE's transmission formula rate provided for recovery, would have been previously amortized and (2) amounts that would be amortized and recovered prospectively. On November 16, 2017, FERC issued an order rejecting BGE's proposed revisions to its transmission formula rate to recover these transmission-related income tax regulatory assets. In the fourth quarter of 2017, ComEd, BGE, Pepco, DPL, and ACE fully impaired their associated transmission-related income tax regulatory asset for the portion of the income tax regulatory asset that would have been previously amortized.

On February 23, 2018 (as amended on July 9, 2018), ComEd, Pepco, DPL, and ACE each filed with FERC to revise their transmission formula rate mechanisms to permit recovery of transmission-related income tax regulatory assets, including those amounts that would have been previously amortized and recovered through rates had the transmission formula rate provided for such recovery.

On September 7, 2018, FERC issued orders rejecting 1) BGE's rehearing request of FERC's November 16, 2017 order; and 2) February 23, 2018 (as amended on July 9, 2018) filing by ComEd, Pepco, DPL and ACE for similar recovery.

On November 2, 2018, BGE filed an appeal of FERC's September 7, 2018 order to the Court of Appeals for the D.C. Circuit. On March 27, 2020, the Court of Appeals denied BGE's November 2, 2018 appeal.

On October 1, 2018, ComEd, BGE, Pepco, DPL, and ACE submitted filings to recover only ongoing non-TCJA amortization amounts and credit TCJA transmission-related income tax regulatory liabilities to customers for the prospective period starting on October 1, 2018. On April 26, 2019, FERC issued an order accepting ComEd's, BGE's, Pepco's, DPL's, and ACE's October 1, 2018 filings, effective October 1, 2018, subject to refund and established hearing and settlement judge procedures. On April 24, 2020, ComEd, BGE, Pepco, DPL, ACE and other parties filed a settlement agreement with FERC. The settlement agreement provides for the recovery of ongoing transmission-related income tax regulatory assets and establishes the amount and amortization period for excess deferred income taxes resulting from TCJA. The settlement resulted in a reduction to Operating revenues and an offsetting reduction to Income tax expense in the second quarter of 2020.

While FERC has no deadline by which it must rule on the settlement, a final order from FERC is expected in the third quarter of 2020. Exelon cannot predict the outcome of this proceeding. If FERC ultimately rules that the future, ongoing non-TCJA amortization amounts are not recoverable, Exelon, ComEd, BGE, PHI, Pepco, DPL and ACE would record additional charges to Income tax expense, which could be up to approximately \$83 million, \$51 million, \$19 million, \$13 million, \$5 million, \$6 million and \$2 million, respectively, as of June 30, 2020.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 2 — Regulatory Matters

Regulatory Assets and Liabilities

The Utility Registrants' regulatory assets and liabilities have not changed materially since December 31, 2019, unless noted below. See Note 3 — Regulatory Matters of the Exelon 2019 Form 10-K for additional information on the specific regulatory assets and liabilities.

ComEd. Regulatory assets increased \$120 million primarily due to an increase of \$94 million in the Energy Efficiency Costs regulatory asset and \$17 million in the Renewable Energy regulatory asset.

PECO. Regulatory assets increased \$55 million primarily due to an increase of \$54 million in the Deferred Income Taxes regulatory asset. Regulatory liabilities decreased \$81 million primarily due to a decrease of \$104 million in the Nuclear Decommissioning regulatory liability offset by a \$25 million increase in the Electric Energy and Natural Gas Costs regulatory liability.

ACE. Regulatory liabilities decreased \$30 million primarily due to a decrease of \$44 million in the Deferred Income Taxes regulatory liability offset by a \$18 million increase in Transmission FERC Formula Rate regulatory liability.

Capitalized Ratemaking Amounts Not Recognized (Exelon and the Utility Registrants)

The following table presents authorized amounts capitalized for ratemaking purposes related to earnings on shareholders' investment that are not recognized for financial reporting purposes in Exelon's and the Utility Registrant's Consolidated Balance Sheets. These amounts will be recognized as revenues in the related Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income in the periods they are billable to our customers.

	Exelon	ComEd ^(a)	PECO	BGE ^(b)	PHI	Pepco ^(c)	DPL ^(c)	ACE
June 30, 2020	\$ 57	\$ 1	\$ —	\$ 49	\$ 7	\$ 4	\$ 3	\$ —
December 31, 2019	63	3	—	53	7	4	3	—

(a) Reflects ComEd's unrecognized equity returns earned for ratemaking purposes on its electric distribution formula rate regulatory assets.

(b) BGE's authorized amounts capitalized for ratemaking purposes primarily relate to earnings on shareholders' investment on its AMI programs.

(c) Pepco's and DPL's authorized amounts capitalized for ratemaking purposes relate to earnings on shareholders' investment on their respective AMI Programs and Energy Efficiency and Demand Response Programs. The earnings on energy efficiency are on Pepco DC and DPL DE programs only.

Generation Regulatory Matters (Exelon and Generation)

New Jersey Regulatory Matters

New Jersey Clean Energy Legislation. On May 23, 2018, New Jersey enacted legislation that established a ZEC program that provides compensation for nuclear plants that demonstrate to the NJBPU that they meet certain requirements, including that they make a significant contribution to air quality in the state and that their revenues are insufficient to cover their costs and risks. Under the legislation, the NJBPU will issue ZECs to qualifying nuclear power plants and the electric distribution utilities in New Jersey, including ACE, will be required to purchase those ZECs. On April 18, 2019, the NJBPU approved the award of ZECs to Salem 1 and Salem 2. Upon approval, Generation began recognizing revenue for the sale of New Jersey ZECs in the month they are generated and has recognized \$17 million and \$35 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 and \$10 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019. On May 15, 2019, New Jersey Rate Counsel appealed the NJBPU's decision to the New Jersey Superior Court. Exelon and Generation cannot predict the outcome of the appeal. See Note 6 — Early Plant Retirements for additional information related to Salem.

New York Regulatory Matters

New York Clean Energy Standard. On August 1, 2016, the NYPSC issued an order establishing the New York CES, a component of which is a Tier 3 ZEC program targeted at preserving the environmental attributes of zero-emissions nuclear-powered generating facilities that meet the criteria demonstrating public necessity as determined by the NYPSC to be Generation's FitzPatrick, Ginna and Nine Mile Point nuclear facilities.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 2 — Regulatory Matters

On November 30, 2016 (as amended on January 13, 2017), a group of parties filed a Petition in New York State court seeking to invalidate the ZEC program, which argued that the NYPSC did not have authority to establish the program, that it violated state environmental law and that it violated certain technical provisions of the State Administrative Procedures Act when adopting the ZEC program. On January 22, 2018, the court dismissed the environmental claims and the majority of the plaintiffs from the case but denied the motions to dismiss with respect to the remaining five plaintiffs and claims, without commenting on the merits of the case. On October 8, 2019, the court dismissed all remaining claims. The petitioners filed a notice of appeal on November 4, 2019 and originally had until May 4, 2020 to file their brief. Due to COVID-19 related restrictions, the court extended the deadline to July 29, 2020 and, as of August 4, 2020, no brief has been received.

See Note 6 — Early Plant Retirements for additional information related to Ginna and Nine Mile Point.

Federal Regulatory Matters

PJM and NYISO MOPR Proceedings. PJM and NYISO capacity markets include a Minimum Offer Price Rule (MOPR). If a resource is subjected to a MOPR, its offer is adjusted to effectively remove the revenues it receives through a state government-provided financial support program - resulting in a higher offer that may not clear the capacity market. Prior to December 19, 2019, the MOPR in PJM applied only to certain new gas-fired resources. Currently, the MOPR in NYISO applies only to certain resources in downstate New York.

For Generation's facilities in PJM and NYISO that are currently receiving ZEC compensation, an expanded MOPR would require exclusion of ZEC compensation when bidding into future capacity auctions, resulting in an increased risk of these facilities not receiving capacity revenues in future auctions. While FERC issued a set of orders on MOPR in NYISO on February 20, 2020, it did not expand mitigation to include Generation's nuclear assets in upstate New York. However, FERC has taken action to expand the MOPR in PJM.

On December 19, 2019, FERC required PJM to broadly apply the MOPR to all new and existing resources including nuclear, renewables, demand response, energy efficiency, storage and all resources owned by vertically-integrated utilities. This greatly expands the breadth and scope of PJM's MOPR, which is effective as of PJM's next capacity auction. While FERC included some limited exemptions, no exemptions were available to state-supported nuclear resources.

FERC provided no new mechanism for accommodating state-supported resources other than the existing FRR mechanism (under which an entire utility zone would be removed from PJM's capacity auction along with sufficient resources to support the load in such zone). In response to FERC's order PJM submitted a compliance filing on March 18, 2020 wherein PJM proposes tariff language interpreting and implementing FERC's directives and proposes a schedule for resuming capacity auctions that is contingent on the timing of FERC's action on the compliance filing. FERC has no deadline for such action, and FERC could accept, reject or direct further revisions to all or part of PJM's proposed tariff revisions and auction schedule.

On April 16, 2020, FERC issued an order largely denying requests for rehearing of FERC's December 2019 order but granting a few clarifications that required an additional PJM compliance filing that could also delay the timing for FERC to issue its compliance order(s) which PJM submitted on June 1, 2020. PJM cannot resume activities related to its capacity auctions until FERC acts on these compliance filings.

FERC issued an order on May 21, 2020 involving reforms to PJM's day-ahead and real-time reserves markets that may require further changes to the MOPR levels pending before FERC in the PJM MOPR Proceeding. In approving reforms to PJM's reserves markets, FERC also directed PJM to develop a new methodology for estimating revenues that resources will receive for sales of energy and related services (referred to as the Energy and Ancillary Services Offset) and to use that new methodology in calculating a number of parameters and assumptions used in the capacity market, including MOPR levels. FERC directed PJM to submit its new Energy and Ancillary Services Offset revenue projection methodology no later than August 5, 2020. On review of this compliance filing, FERC will address how these additional reforms will impact MOPR levels and the timeline for implementing the new revenue projection methodology, including any potential impacts on auction timing.

Unless Illinois and New Jersey can implement an FRR program in their PJM zones, the MOPR will apply in the next capacity auction to Generation's owned or jointly owned nuclear plants in those states receiving a benefit under the Illinois ZES or the New Jersey ZEC program, as applicable, increasing the risk that those units may not clear the capacity market.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 2 — Regulatory Matters

Exelon is currently working with PJM and other stakeholders to pursue the FRR option prior to the next capacity auction in PJM. If Illinois implements the FRR option, Generation's Illinois nuclear plants could be removed from PJM's capacity auction and instead supply capacity and be compensated under the FRR program, which has the potential to mitigate the current economic distress being experienced by Generation's nuclear plants in Illinois, as discussed in Note 6 - Early Plant Retirements. Implementing the FRR program in Illinois will require both legislative and regulatory changes. Legislation may be introduced in New Jersey as well. Exelon cannot predict whether or when such legislative and regulatory changes can be implemented.

If Generation's state-supported nuclear plants in PJM are subjected to the MOPR or equivalent without compensation under an FRR or similar program, it could have a material adverse impact on Exelon's and Generation's financial statements, which Exelon and Generation cannot reasonably estimate at this time.

Operating License Renewals

Conowingo Hydroelectric Project. On August 29, 2012, Generation submitted a hydroelectric license application to FERC for a new license for the Conowingo Hydroelectric Project (Conowingo). In connection with Generation's efforts to obtain a water quality certification pursuant to Section 401 of the Clean Water Act (401 Certification) from MDE for Conowingo, Generation has been working with MDE and other stakeholders to resolve water quality licensing issues, including: (1) water quality, (2) fish habitat, and (3) sediment.

On October 29, 2019, Generation and MDE filed with FERC a Joint Offer of Settlement (Offer of Settlement) that would resolve all outstanding issues relating to the 401 Certification. Pursuant to the Offer of Settlement, the parties submitted Proposed License Articles to FERC to be incorporated by FERC into the new license in accordance with FERC's discretionary authority under the Federal Power Act. Among the Proposed License Articles are modifications to river flows to improve aquatic habitat, eel passage improvements and initiatives to support rare, threatened and endangered wildlife. If FERC approves the Offer of Settlement and incorporates the Proposed License Articles into the new license without modification, then MDE would waive its rights to issue a 401 Certification and Generation would agree, pursuant to a separate agreement with MDE (MDE Settlement), to implement additional environmental protection, mitigation and enhancement measures over the anticipated 50-year term of the new license. These measures address mussel restoration and other ecological and water quality matters, among other commitments. Exelon's commitments under the various provisions of the Offer of Settlement and MDE Settlement are not effective unless and until FERC approves the Offer of Settlement and issues the new license with the Proposed License Articles. Generation cannot currently predict when FERC will issue the new license.

Peach Bottom Units 2 and 3. On July 10, 2018, Generation submitted a second 20-year license renewal application with the NRC for Peach Bottom Units 2 and 3, which was approved on March 6, 2020. Peach Bottom Units 2 and 3 are now licensed to operate through 2053 and 2054, respectively.

3. Revenue from Contracts with Customers (All Registrants)

The Registrants recognize revenue from contracts with customers to depict the transfer of goods or services to customers at an amount that the entities expect to be entitled to in exchange for those goods or services. Generation's primary sources of revenue include competitive sales of power, natural gas, and other energy-related products and services. The Utility Registrants' primary sources of revenue include regulated electric and gas tariff sales, distribution and transmission services.

See Note 4 — Revenue from Contracts with Customers of the Exelon 2019 Form 10-K for additional information regarding the primary sources of revenue for the Registrants.

Contract Balances (All Registrants)

Contract Assets and Liabilities

Generation records contract assets for the revenue recognized on the construction and installation of energy efficiency assets and new power generating facilities before Generation has an unconditional right to bill for and receive the consideration from the customer. These contract assets are subsequently reclassified to receivables when the right to payment becomes unconditional. Generation records contract assets and contract receivables within Other current assets and Customer accounts receivable, net, respectively, within Exelon's and Generation's Consolidated Balance Sheets.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 3 — Revenue from Contracts with Customers

Generation records contract liabilities when consideration is received or due prior to the satisfaction of the performance obligations. These contract liabilities primarily relate to upfront consideration received or due for equipment service plans, solar panel leases and the Illinois ZEC program that introduces a cap on the total consideration to be received by Generation. Generation records contract liabilities within Other current liabilities and Other noncurrent liabilities within Exelon's and Generation's Consolidated Balance Sheets.

The following table provides a rollforward of the contract assets and liabilities reflected in Exelon's and Generation's Consolidated Balance Sheets for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019.

	Contract Assets		Contract Liabilities	
	Exelon	Generation	Exelon	Generation
Balance as of December 31, 2019	\$ 174	\$ 174	\$ 33	\$ 71
Consideration received or due	(19)	(19)	20	55
Revenues recognized ^(a)	17	17	(24)	(70)
Balance at March 31, 2020	<u>\$ 172</u>	<u>\$ 172</u>	<u>\$ 29</u>	<u>\$ 56</u>
Consideration received or due	(26)	(26)	13	34
Revenues recognized ^(a)	13	13	(22)	(63)
Balance at June 30, 2020	<u><u>\$ 159</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 159</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 20</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 27</u></u>
Balance as of December 31, 2018	\$ 187	\$ 187	\$ 27	\$ 42
Consideration received or due	(26)	(26)	21	63
Revenues recognized ^(b)	26	26	(23)	(66)
Balance at March 31, 2019	<u>\$ 187</u>	<u>\$ 187</u>	<u>\$ 25</u>	<u>\$ 39</u>
Consideration received or due	(18)	(18)	17	52
Revenues recognized ^(b)	27	27	(21)	(65)
Balance at June 30, 2019	<u><u>\$ 196</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 196</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 21</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 26</u></u>

(a) Revenues recognized in the three and six months ended June 30, 2020, which were included in contract liabilities at December 31, 2019, were approximately \$14 million and \$23 million, respectively, for Exelon and \$42 million and \$61 million, respectively, for Generation.

(b) Revenues recognized in the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, which were included in contract liabilities at December 31, 2018, were approximately \$9 million and \$14 million, respectively, for Exelon and \$24 million and \$28 million, respectively, for Generation.

The Utility Registrants do not have any contract assets. The Utility Registrants also record contract liabilities when consideration is received prior to the satisfaction of the performance obligations. As of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the Utility Registrants' contract liabilities were not material.

Transaction Price Allocated to Remaining Performance Obligations (All Registrants)

The following table shows the amounts of future revenues expected to be recorded in each year for performance obligations that are unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied as of June 30, 2020. This disclosure only includes contracts for which the total consideration is fixed and determinable at contract inception. The average contract term varies by customer type and commodity but ranges from one month to several years.

This disclosure excludes Generation's power and gas sales contracts as they contain variable volumes and/or variable pricing. This disclosure also excludes the Utility Registrants' gas and electric tariff sales contracts and transmission revenue contracts as they generally have an original expected duration of one year or less and, therefore, do not contain any future, unsatisfied performance obligations to be included in this disclosure.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 3 — Revenue from Contracts with Customers

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024 and thereafter	Total
Exelon	\$ 169	\$ 194	\$ 73	\$ 43	\$ 189	\$ 668
Generation	231	282	105	48	189	855

Revenue Disaggregation (All Registrants)

The Registrants disaggregate revenue recognized from contracts with customers into categories that depict how the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows are affected by economic factors. See Note 4 — Segment Information for the presentation of the Registrant's revenue disaggregation.

4. Segment Information (All Registrants)

Operating segments for each of the Registrants are determined based on information used by the CODM in deciding how to evaluate performance and allocate resources at each of the Registrants.

Exelon has eleven reportable segments, which include Generation's five reportable segments consisting of the Mid-Atlantic, Midwest, New York, ERCOT and all other power regions referred to collectively as "Other Power Regions" and ComEd, PECO, BGE, and PHI's three reportable segments consisting of Pepco, DPL and ACE. ComEd, PECO, BGE, Pepco, DPL and ACE each represent a single reportable segment, and as such, no separate segment information is provided for these Registrants. Exelon, ComEd, PECO, BGE, Pepco, DPL and ACE's CODMs evaluate the performance of and allocate resources to ComEd, PECO, BGE, Pepco, DPL and ACE based on net income.

The basis for Generation's reportable segments is the integrated management of its electricity business that is located in different geographic regions, and largely representative of the footprints of ISO/RTO and/or NERC regions, which utilize multiple supply sources to provide electricity through various distribution channels (wholesale and retail). Generation's hedging strategies and risk metrics are also aligned to these same geographic regions. Descriptions of each of Generation's five reportable segments are as follows:

- **Mid-Atlantic** represents operations in the eastern half of PJM, which includes New Jersey, Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, Delaware, the District of Columbia and parts of Pennsylvania and North Carolina.
- **Midwest** represents operations in the western half of PJM and the United States footprint of MISO, excluding MISO's Southern Region.
- **New York** represents operations within NYISO.
- **ERCOT** represents operations within Electric Reliability Council of Texas.
- **Other Power Regions:**
 - **New England** represents the operations within ISO-NE.
 - **South** represents operations in the FRCC, MISO's Southern Region, and the remaining portions of the SERC not included within MISO or PJM.
 - **West** represents operations in the WECC, which includes California ISO.
 - **Canada** represents operations across the entire country of Canada and includes AESO, OIESO and the Canadian portion of MISO.

The CODMs for Exelon and Generation evaluate the performance of Generation's electric business activities and allocate resources based on RNF. Generation believes that RNF is a useful measurement of operational performance. RNF is not a presentation defined under GAAP and may not be comparable to other companies' presentations or deemed more useful than the GAAP information provided elsewhere in this report. Generation's operating revenues include all sales to third parties and affiliated sales to the Utility Registrants. Purchased power costs include all costs associated with the procurement and supply of electricity including capacity, energy and ancillary services. Fuel expense includes the fuel costs for Generation's owned generation and fuel costs associated with tolling agreements. The results of Generation's other business activities are not regularly reviewed by the

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 4 — Segment Information

CODM and are therefore not classified as operating segments or included in the regional reportable segment amounts. These activities include natural gas, as well as other miscellaneous business activities that are not significant to Generation's overall operating revenues or results of operations. Further, Generation's unrealized mark-to-market gains and losses on economic hedging activities and its amortization of certain intangible assets and liabilities relating to commodity contracts recorded at fair value from mergers and acquisitions are also excluded from the regional reportable segment amounts. Exelon and Generation do not use a measure of total assets in making decisions regarding allocating resources to or assessing the performance of these reportable segments.

An analysis and reconciliation of the Registrants' reportable segment information to the respective information in the consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 is as follows:

Three Months Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

	Generation	ComEd	PECO	BGE	PHI	Other ^(a)	Intersegment Eliminations	Exelon
Operating revenues^(b):								
2020								
Competitive businesses electric revenues	\$ 3,414	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ (268)	\$ 3,146
Competitive businesses natural gas revenues	353	—	—	—	—	—	—	353
Competitive businesses other revenues	113	—	—	—	—	—	(1)	112
Rate-regulated electric revenues	—	1,417	586	504	983	—	(15)	3,475
Rate-regulated natural gas revenues	—	—	95	112	30	—	(1)	236
Shared service and other revenues	—	—	—	—	3	472	(475)	—
Total operating revenues	\$ 3,880	\$ 1,417	\$ 681	\$ 616	\$ 1,016	\$ 472	\$ (760)	\$ 7,322
2019								
Competitive businesses electric revenues	\$ 3,718	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ (250)	\$ 3,468
Competitive businesses natural gas revenues	333	—	—	—	—	—	—	333
Competitive businesses other revenues	159	—	—	—	—	—	(1)	158
Rate-regulated electric revenues	—	1,351	566	540	1,063	—	(8)	3,512
Rate-regulated natural gas revenues	—	—	89	109	24	—	(4)	218
Shared service and other revenues	—	—	—	—	4	484	(488)	—
Total operating revenues	\$ 4,210	\$ 1,351	\$ 655	\$ 649	\$ 1,091	\$ 484	\$ (751)	\$ 7,689
Intersegment revenues^(c):								
2020	\$ 271	\$ 11	\$ 2	\$ 4	\$ 3	\$ 470	\$ (760)	\$ 1
2019	252	5	2	6	3	482	(750)	—
Depreciation and amortization:								
2020	\$ 300	\$ 274	\$ 88	\$ 129	\$ 191	\$ 19	\$ —	\$ 1,001
2019	409	257	83	117	188	25	—	1,079

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 4 — Segment Information

	Generation	ComEd	PECO	BGE	PHI	Other ^(a)	Intersegment Eliminations	Exelon
Operating expenses:								
2020	\$ 3,547	\$ 1,345	\$ 618	\$ 573	\$ 956	\$ 478	\$ (748)	\$ 6,769
2019	4,096	1,040	510	569	926	484	(744)	6,881
Interest expense, net:								
2020	\$ 87	\$ 98	\$ 36	\$ 32	\$ 67	\$ 107	\$ —	\$ 427
2019	116	89	33	29	67	75	—	409
Income (loss) before income taxes:								
2020	\$ 860	\$ (15)	\$ 32	\$ 17	\$ 7	\$ (108)	\$ 1	\$ 794
2019	202	232	115	56	112	(73)	—	644
Income Taxes:								
2020	\$ 329	\$ 46	\$ (7)	\$ (22)	\$ (87)	\$ (40)	\$ —	\$ 219
2019	78	46	13	11	6	(10)	—	144
Net income (loss):								
2020	\$ 529	\$ (61)	\$ 39	\$ 39	\$ 94	\$ (67)	\$ 1	\$ 574
2019	118	186	102	45	106	(63)	—	494
Capital Expenditures								
2020	\$ 372	\$ 523	\$ 253	\$ 265	\$ 310	\$ 34	\$ —	\$ 1,757
2019	383	459	225	284	340	11	—	1,702

(a) Other primarily includes Exelon's corporate operations, shared service entities and other financing and investment activities.

(b) Includes gross utility tax receipts from customers. The offsetting remittance of utility taxes to the governing bodies is recorded in expenses in the Registrants' Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income. See Note 17 — Supplemental Financial Information for additional information on total utility taxes.

(c) Intersegment revenues exclude sales to unconsolidated affiliates. The intersegment profit associated with Generation's sale of certain products and services by and between Exelon's segments is not eliminated in consolidation due to the recognition of intersegment profit in accordance with regulatory accounting guidance. For Exelon, these amounts are included in Operating revenues in the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income. See Note 18 — Related Party Transactions for additional information on intersegment revenues.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 4 — Segment Information

PHI:

	Pepco	DPL	ACE	Other ^(a)	Intersegment Eliminations	PHI
Operating revenues^(b):						
2020						
Rate-regulated electric revenues	\$ 494	\$ 237	\$ 256	\$ —	\$ (4)	\$ 983
Rate-regulated natural gas revenues	—	30	—	—	—	30
Shared service and other revenues	—	—	—	97	(94)	3
Total operating revenues	<u>\$ 494</u>	<u>\$ 267</u>	<u>\$ 256</u>	<u>\$ 97</u>	<u>\$ (98)</u>	<u>\$ 1,016</u>
2019						
Rate-regulated electric revenues	\$ 531	\$ 261	\$ 274	\$ —	\$ (3)	\$ 1,063
Rate-regulated natural gas revenues	—	24	—	—	—	24
Shared service and other revenues	—	2	—	97	(95)	4
Total operating revenues	<u>\$ 531</u>	<u>\$ 287</u>	<u>\$ 274</u>	<u>\$ 97</u>	<u>\$ (98)</u>	<u>\$ 1,091</u>
Intersegment revenues^(c):						
2020						
	\$ 1	\$ 2	\$ 1	\$ 97	\$ (98)	\$ 3
2019						
	1	2	1	98	(99)	3
Depreciation and amortization:						
2020						
	\$ 92	\$ 47	\$ 44	\$ 8	\$ —	\$ 191
2019						
	93	45	40	10	—	188
Operating expenses:						
2020						
	\$ 436	\$ 263	\$ 258	\$ 97	\$ (98)	\$ 956
2019						
	438	243	246	100	(101)	926
Interest expense, net:						
2020						
	\$ 34	\$ 15	\$ 15	\$ 3	\$ —	\$ 67
2019						
	34	15	15	3	—	67
Income (loss) before income taxes:						
2020						
	\$ 33	\$ (9)	\$ (15)	\$ (2)	\$ —	\$ 7
2019 ^(d)						
	66	34	14	(2)	—	112
Income Taxes:						
2020						
	\$ (24)	\$ (28)	\$ (33)	\$ (2)	\$ —	\$ (87)
2019						
	2	4	—	—	—	6
Net income (loss):						
2020						
	\$ 57	\$ 19	\$ 18	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 94
2019						
	64	30	14	(2)	—	106
Capital Expenditures						
2020						
	\$ 144	\$ 89	\$ 77	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 310
2019						
	154	82	99	5	—	340

(a) Other primarily includes PHI's corporate operations, shared service entities and other financing and investment activities.

(b) Includes gross utility tax receipts from customers. The offsetting remittance of utility taxes to the governing bodies is recorded in expenses in the Registrants' Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income. See Note 17 — Supplemental Financial Information for additional information on total utility taxes.

(c) Includes intersegment revenues with ComEd, BGE and PECO, which are eliminated at Exelon.

(d) The Income (loss) before income taxes amounts in Other and Intersegment Eliminations have been adjusted by an offsetting \$108 million for consistency with the Exelon consolidating disclosure above.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 4 — Segment Information

The following tables disaggregate the Registrants' revenue recognized from contracts with customers into categories that depict how the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows are affected by economic factors. For Generation, the disaggregation of revenues reflects Generation's two primary products of power sales and natural gas sales, with further disaggregation of power sales provided by geographic region. For the Utility Registrants, the disaggregation of revenues reflects the two primary utility services of rate-regulated electric sales and rate-regulated natural gas sales (where applicable), with further disaggregation of these tariff sales provided by major customer groups. Exelon's disaggregated revenues are consistent with Generation and the Utility Registrants, but exclude any intercompany revenues.

Competitive Business Revenues (Generation):

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2020				
	Revenues from external customers ^(a)			Intersegment Revenues	Total Revenues
	Contracts with customers	Other ^(b)	Total		
Mid-Atlantic	\$ 1,100	\$ (35)	\$ 1,065	\$ 9	\$ 1,074
Midwest	855	107	962	—	962
New York	336	5	341	(1)	340
ERCOT	175	52	227	7	234
Other Power Regions	776	43	819	(15)	804
Total Competitive Businesses Electric Revenues	3,242	172	3,414	—	3,414
Competitive Businesses Natural Gas Revenues	209	144	353	—	353
Competitive Businesses Other Revenues ^(c)	86	27	113	—	113
Total Generation Consolidated Operating Revenues	\$ 3,537	\$ 343	\$ 3,880	\$ —	\$ 3,880

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2019				
	Revenues from external customers ^(a)			Intersegment revenues	Total Revenues
	Contracts with customers	Other ^(b)	Total		
Mid-Atlantic	\$ 1,162	\$ 21	\$ 1,183	\$ 6	\$ 1,189
Midwest	974	68	1,042	(8)	1,034
New York	373	17	390	—	390
ERCOT	178	47	225	4	229
Other Power Regions	814	64	878	(17)	861
Total Competitive Businesses Electric Revenues	3,501	217	3,718	(15)	3,703
Competitive Businesses Natural Gas Revenues	177	156	333	15	348
Competitive Businesses Other Revenues ^(c)	108	51	159	—	159
Total Generation Consolidated Operating Revenues	\$ 3,786	\$ 424	\$ 4,210	\$ —	\$ 4,210

(a) Includes all wholesale and retail electric sales to third parties and affiliated sales to the Utility Registrants.

(b) Includes revenues from derivatives and leases.

(c) Other represents activities not allocated to a region. See text above for a description of included activities. Includes unrealized mark-to-market gains of \$21 million and \$38 million in 2020 and 2019, respectively, and elimination of intersegment revenues.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 4 — Segment Information

Revenues net of purchased power and fuel expense (Generation):

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2020			Three Months Ended June 30, 2019		
	RNF from external customers ^(a)	Intersegment RNF	Total RNF	RNF from external customers ^(a)	Intersegment RNF	Total RNF
Mid-Atlantic	\$ 516	\$ 9	\$ 525	\$ 644	\$ 8	\$ 652
Midwest	702	1	703	738	(8)	730
New York	243	3	246	250	3	253
ERCOT	92	5	97	80	(1)	79
Other Power Regions	181	(24)	157	154	(20)	134
Total Revenues net of purchased power and fuel expense for Reportable Segments	1,734	(6)	1,728	1,866	(18)	1,848
Other ^(b)	204	6	210	52	18	70
Total Generation Revenues net of purchased power and fuel expense	<u>\$ 1,938</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 1,938</u>	<u>\$ 1,918</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 1,918</u>

(a) Includes purchases and sales from/to third parties and affiliated sales to the Utility Registrants.

(b) Other represents activities not allocated to a region. See text above for a description of included activities. Includes unrealized mark-to-market gains of \$85 million and losses of \$74 million in 2020 and 2019, respectively and the elimination of intersegment RNF.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 4 — Segment Information

Electric and Gas Revenue by Customer Class (Utility Registrants):

Revenues from contracts with customers	Three Months Ended June 30, 2020						
	ComEd	PECO	BGE	PHI	Pepco	DPL	ACE
Rate-regulated electric revenues							
Residential	\$ 767	\$ 377	\$ 304	\$ 529	\$ 237	\$ 147	\$ 145
Small commercial & industrial	327	88	51	105	29	39	37
Large commercial & industrial	119	55	94	240	175	22	43
Public authorities & electric railroads	11	7	7	15	8	3	4
Other ^(a)	218	55	76	161	58	51	53
Total rate-regulated electric revenues^(b)	\$ 1,442	\$ 582	\$ 532	\$ 1,050	\$ 507	\$ 262	\$ 282
Rate-regulated natural gas revenues							
Residential	\$ —	\$ 70	\$ 81	\$ 17	\$ —	\$ 17	\$ —
Small commercial & industrial	—	19	12	8	—	8	—
Large commercial & industrial	—	—	24	1	—	1	—
Transportation	—	6	—	3	—	3	—
Other ^(c)	—	1	3	1	—	1	—
Total rate-regulated natural gas revenues^(d)	\$ —	\$ 96	\$ 120	\$ 30	\$ —	\$ 30	\$ —
Total rate-regulated revenues from contracts with customers	\$ 1,442	\$ 678	\$ 652	\$ 1,080	\$ 507	\$ 292	\$ 282
Other revenues							
Revenues from alternative revenue programs	\$ (25)	\$ 4	\$ (37)	\$ (64)	\$ (13)	\$ (25)	\$ (26)
Other rate-regulated electric revenues ^(e)	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
Other rate-regulated natural gas revenues ^(e)	—	(1)	—	—	—	—	—
Total other revenues	\$ (25)	\$ 3	\$ (36)	\$ (64)	\$ (13)	\$ (25)	\$ (26)
Total rate-regulated revenues for reportable segments	\$ 1,417	\$ 681	\$ 616	\$ 1,016	\$ 494	\$ 267	\$ 256

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 4 — Segment Information

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2019						
Revenues from contracts with customers	ComEd	PECO	BGE	PHI	Pepco	DPL	ACE
Rate-regulated electric revenues							
Residential	\$ 647	\$ 343	\$ 282	\$ 494	\$ 224	\$ 135	\$ 135
Small commercial & industrial	349	99	59	120	35	44	41
Large commercial & industrial	127	52	109	278	207	25	46
Public authorities & electric railroads	10	7	6	16	8	4	4
Other ^(a)	227	62	82	159	56	54	50
Total rate-regulated electric revenues^(b)	\$ 1,360	\$ 563	\$ 538	\$ 1,067	\$ 530	\$ 262	\$ 276
Rate-regulated natural gas revenues							
Residential	\$ —	\$ 49	\$ 60	\$ 11	\$ —	\$ 11	\$ —
Small commercial & industrial	—	33	11	7	—	7	—
Large commercial & industrial	—	—	23	2	—	2	—
Transportation	—	6	—	3	—	3	—
Other ^(c)	—	1	7	1	—	1	—
Total rate-regulated natural gas revenues^(d)	\$ —	\$ 89	\$ 101	\$ 24	\$ —	\$ 24	\$ —
Total rate-regulated revenues from contracts with customers	\$ 1,360	\$ 652	\$ 639	\$ 1,091	\$ 530	\$ 286	\$ 276
Other revenues							
Revenues from alternative revenue programs	\$ (14)	\$ (3)	\$ 6	\$ (3)	\$ (1)	\$ —	\$ (2)
Other rate-regulated electric revenues ^(e)	5	6	3	3	2	1	—
Other rate-regulated natural gas revenues ^(e)	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
Total other revenues	\$ (9)	\$ 3	\$ 10	\$ —	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ (2)
Total rate-regulated revenues for reportable segments	\$ 1,351	\$ 655	\$ 649	\$ 1,091	\$ 531	\$ 287	\$ 274

(a) Includes revenues from transmission revenue from PJM, wholesale electric revenue and mutual assistance revenue.

(b) Includes operating revenues from affiliates of \$11 million, \$1 million, \$3 million, \$3 million, \$1 million, \$2 million and \$1 million at ComEd, PECO, BGE, PHI, Pepco, DPL and ACE, respectively, in 2020 and \$5 million, \$1 million, \$1 million, \$3 million, \$1 million, \$2 million and \$1 million at ComEd, PECO, BGE, PHI, Pepco, DPL and ACE, respectively, in 2019.

(c) Includes revenues from off-system natural gas sales.

(d) Includes operating revenues from affiliates of less than \$1 million and \$1 million at PECO and BGE, respectively, in 2020 and less than \$1 million and \$4 million at PECO and BGE, respectively, in 2019.

(e) Includes late payment charge revenues.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 4 — Segment Information

Six Months Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

	Generation	ComEd	PECO	BGE	PHI	Other ^(a)	Intersegment Eliminations	Exelon
Operating revenues^(b):								
2020								
Competitive businesses electric revenues	\$ 7,165	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ (594)	\$ 6,571
Competitive businesses natural gas revenues	1,025	—	—	—	—	—	(3)	1,022
Competitive businesses other revenues	423	—	—	—	—	—	(2)	421
Rate-regulated electric revenues	—	2,856	1,189	1,118	2,086	—	(27)	7,222
Rate-regulated natural gas revenues	—	—	304	436	94	—	(2)	832
Shared service and other revenues	—	—	—	—	7	953	(959)	1
Total operating revenues	\$ 8,613	\$ 2,856	\$ 1,493	\$ 1,554	\$ 2,187	\$ 953	\$ (1,587)	\$ 16,069
2019								
Competitive businesses electric revenues	\$ 8,052	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ (565)	\$ 7,487
Competitive businesses natural gas revenues	1,214	—	—	—	—	—	(1)	1,213
Competitive businesses other revenues	240	—	—	—	—	—	(2)	238
Rate-regulated electric revenues	—	2,759	1,185	1,198	2,218	—	(17)	7,343
Rate-regulated natural gas revenues	—	—	369	427	95	—	(8)	883
Shared service and other revenues	—	—	—	—	6	940	(944)	2
Total operating revenues	\$ 9,506	\$ 2,759	\$ 1,554	\$ 1,625	\$ 2,319	\$ 940	\$ (1,537)	\$ 17,166
Intersegment revenues^(c):								
2020	\$ 601	\$ 16	\$ 4	\$ 10	\$ 7	\$ 949	\$ (1,585)	\$ 2
2019	568	9	3	12	7	935	(1,534)	—
Depreciation and amortization:								
2020	\$ 604	\$ 547	\$ 173	\$ 272	\$ 385	\$ 42	\$ —	\$ 2,023
2019	814	508	164	252	369	47	—	2,154
Operating expenses:								
2020	\$ 7,947	\$ 2,497	\$ 1,242	\$ 1,263	\$ 1,955	\$ 958	\$ (1,564)	\$ 14,298
2019	9,059	2,174	1,187	1,325	1,981	942	(1,526)	15,142
Interest expense, net:								
2020	\$ 197	\$ 192	\$ 71	\$ 64	\$ 134	\$ 179	\$ —	\$ 837
2019	227	178	67	58	131	152	—	813

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 4 — Segment Information

	Generation	ComEd	PECO	BGE	PHI	Other ^(a)	Intersegment Eliminations	Exelon
Income (loss) before income taxes:								
2020	\$ 313	\$ 189	\$ 187	\$ 237	\$ 126	\$ (175)	\$ 2	\$ 879
2019	854	429	307	253	234	(151)	—	1,926
Income Taxes:								
2020	\$ (59)	\$ 82	\$ 9	\$ 18	\$ (76)	\$ (49)	\$ —	\$ (75)
2019	301	85	37	47	11	(27)	—	454
Net income (loss):								
2020	\$ 368	\$ 107	\$ 178	\$ 219	\$ 202	\$ (126)	\$ 2	\$ 950
2019	540	344	270	206	223	(123)	—	1,460
Capital Expenditures								
2020	\$ 930	\$ 1,029	\$ 512	\$ 548	\$ 686	\$ 68	\$ —	\$ 3,773
2019	890	961	447	542	698	34	—	3,572
Total assets:								
June 30, 2020	\$ 47,003	\$ 33,896	\$ 12,120	\$ 11,027	\$ 23,004	\$ 9,288	\$ (10,025)	\$ 126,313
December 31, 2019	48,995	32,765	11,469	10,634	22,719	8,484	(10,089)	124,977

(a) Other primarily includes Exelon's corporate operations, shared service entities and other financing and investment activities.

(b) Includes gross utility tax receipts from customers. The offsetting remittance of utility taxes to the governing bodies is recorded in expenses in the Registrants' Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income. See Note 17 — Supplemental Financial Information for additional information on total utility taxes.

(c) Intersegment revenues exclude sales to unconsolidated affiliates. The intersegment profit associated with Generation's sale of certain products and services by and between Exelon's segments is not eliminated in consolidation due to the recognition of intersegment profit in accordance with regulatory accounting guidance. For Exelon, these amounts are included in Operating revenues in the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income. See Note 18 — Related Party Transactions for additional information on intersegment revenues.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 4 — Segment Information

PHI:

	Pepco	DPL	ACE	Other ^(a)	Intersegment Eliminations	PHI
Operating revenues^(b):						
2020						
Rate-regulated electric revenues	\$ 1,039	\$ 523	\$ 532	\$ —	\$ (8)	\$ 2,086
Rate-regulated natural gas revenues	—	94	—	—	—	94
Shared service and other revenues	—	—	—	189	(182)	7
Total operating revenues	<u>\$ 1,039</u>	<u>\$ 617</u>	<u>\$ 532</u>	<u>\$ 189</u>	<u>\$ (190)</u>	<u>\$ 2,187</u>
2019						
Rate-regulated electric revenues	\$ 1,106	\$ 572	\$ 547	\$ —	\$ (7)	\$ 2,218
Rate-regulated natural gas revenues	—	95	—	—	—	95
Shared service and other revenues	—	—	—	205	(199)	6
Total operating revenues	<u>\$ 1,106</u>	<u>\$ 667</u>	<u>\$ 547</u>	<u>\$ 205</u>	<u>\$ (206)</u>	<u>\$ 2,319</u>
Intersegment revenues^(c):						
2020						
	\$ 3	\$ 4	\$ 1	\$ 189	\$ (190)	\$ 7
2019						
	3	3	1	205	(205)	7
Depreciation and amortization:						
2020						
	\$ 186	\$ 94	\$ 86	\$ 19	\$ —	\$ 385
2019						
	186	91	71	20	1	369
Operating expenses:						
2020						
	\$ 899	\$ 547	\$ 509	\$ 190	\$ (190)	\$ 1,955
2019						
	929	550	498	208	(204)	1,981
Interest expense, net:						
2020						
	\$ 68	\$ 31	\$ 29	\$ 6	\$ —	\$ 134
2019						
	68	30	28	5	—	131
Income (loss) before income taxes:						
2020						
	\$ 90	\$ 44	\$ (1)	\$ (7)	\$ —	\$ 126
2019 ^(d)						
	123	94	25	(8)	—	234
Income Taxes:						
2020						
	\$ (19)	\$ (20)	\$ (32)	\$ (5)	\$ —	\$ (76)
2019						
	4	11	1	(5)	—	11
Net income (loss):						
2020						
	\$ 109	\$ 64	\$ 31	\$ (2)	\$ —	\$ 202
2019						
	119	83	24	(3)	—	223
Capital Expenditures						
2020						
	\$ 324	\$ 184	\$ 178	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 686
2019						
	298	160	227	13	—	698
Total assets:						
June 30, 2020						
	\$ 8,869	\$ 4,966	\$ 4,089	\$ 5,234	\$ (154)	\$ 23,004
December 31, 2019 ^(d)						
	8,661	4,830	3,933	5,335	(40)	22,719

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 4 — Segment Information

- (a) Other primarily includes PHI's corporate operations, shared service entities and other financing and investment activities.
 (b) Includes gross utility tax receipts from customers. The offsetting remittance of utility taxes to the governing bodies is recorded in expenses in the Registrants' Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income. See Note 17 — Supplemental Financial Information for additional information on total utility taxes.
 (c) Includes intersegment revenues with ComEd, BGE and PECO, which are eliminated at Exelon.
 (d) The Income (loss) before income taxes and Total assets amounts in Other and Intersegment Eliminations have been adjusted by an offsetting \$227 million and \$5.7 billion, respectively, for consistency with the Exelon consolidating disclosure above.

The following tables disaggregate the Registrants' revenue recognized from contracts with customers into categories that depict how the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows are affected by economic factors. For Generation, the disaggregation of revenues reflects Generation's two primary products of power sales and natural gas sales, with further disaggregation of power sales provided by geographic region. For the Utility Registrants, the disaggregation of revenues reflects the two primary utility services of rate-regulated electric sales and rate-regulated natural gas sales (where applicable), with further disaggregation of these tariff sales provided by major customer groups. Exelon's disaggregated revenues are consistent with Generation and the Utility Registrants, but exclude any intercompany revenues.

Competitive Business Revenues (Generation):

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2020				
	Revenues from external customers ^(a)			Intersegment Revenues	Total Revenues
	Contracts with customers	Other ^(b)	Total		
Mid-Atlantic	\$ 2,365	\$ (133)	\$ 2,232	\$ 15	\$ 2,247
Midwest	1,798	172	1,970	(6)	1,964
New York	672	(16)	656	(1)	655
ERCOT	330	81	411	13	424
Other Power Regions	1,782	114	1,896	(21)	1,875
Total Competitive Businesses Electric Revenues	6,947	218	7,165	—	7,165
Competitive Businesses Natural Gas Revenues	712	313	1,025	—	1,025
Competitive Businesses Other Revenues ^(c)	185	238	423	—	423
Total Generation Consolidated Operating Revenues	<u>\$ 7,844</u>	<u>\$ 769</u>	<u>\$ 8,613</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 8,613</u>

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2019				
	Revenues from external customers ^(a)			Intersegment revenues	Total Revenues
	Contracts with customers	Other ^(b)	Total		
Mid-Atlantic	\$ 2,448	\$ (2)	\$ 2,446	\$ (1)	\$ 2,445
Midwest	2,030	126	2,156	(14)	2,142
New York	781	1	782	—	782
ERCOT	307	126	433	8	441
Other Power Regions	1,976	259	2,235	(21)	2,214
Total Competitive Businesses Electric Revenues	7,542	510	8,052	(28)	8,024
Competitive Businesses Natural Gas Revenues	763	451	1,214	28	1,242
Competitive Businesses Other Revenues ^(c)	230	10	240	—	240
Total Generation Consolidated Operating Revenues	<u>\$ 8,535</u>	<u>\$ 971</u>	<u>\$ 9,506</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 9,506</u>

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 4 — Segment Information

- (a) Includes all wholesale and retail electric sales to third parties and affiliated sales to the Utility Registrants.
 (b) Includes revenues from derivatives and leases.
 (c) Other represents activities not allocated to a region. See text above for a description of included activities. Includes unrealized mark-to-market gains of \$200 million and losses of \$14 million in 2020 and 2019, respectively, and elimination of intersegment revenues.

Revenues net of purchased power and fuel expense (Generation):

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2020			Six Months Ended June 30, 2019		
	RNF from external customers ^(a)	Intersegment RNF	Total RNF	RNF from external customers ^(a)	Intersegment RNF	Total RNF
Mid-Atlantic	\$ 1,074	\$ 18	\$ 1,092	\$ 1,324	\$ 10	\$ 1,334
Midwest	1,431	(4)	1,427	1,506	(6)	1,500
New York	433	7	440	512	7	519
ERCOT	168	9	177	178	(24)	154
Other Power Regions	355	(43)	312	328	(36)	292
Total Revenues net of purchased power and fuel expense for Reportable Segments	3,461	(13)	3,448	3,848	(49)	3,799
Other ^(b)	506	13	519	161	49	210
Total Generation Revenues net of purchased power and fuel expense	\$ 3,967	\$ —	\$ 3,967	\$ 4,009	\$ —	\$ 4,009

(a) Includes purchases and sales from/to third parties and affiliated sales to the Utility Registrants.

(b) Other represents activities not allocated to a region. See text above for a description of included activities. Includes unrealized mark-to-market gains of \$218 million and losses of \$102 million in 2020 and 2019, respectively and the elimination of intersegment RNF.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 4 — Segment Information

Electric and Gas Revenue by Customer Class (Utility Registrants):

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2020						
Revenues from contracts with customers	ComEd	PECO	BGE	PHI	Pepco	DPL	ACE
Rate-regulated electric revenues							
Residential	\$ 1,468	\$ 759	\$ 644	\$ 1,062	\$ 472	\$ 308	\$ 282
Small commercial & industrial	689	187	118	221	65	82	74
Large commercial & industrial	253	108	198	493	363	45	85
Public authorities & electric railroads	23	14	14	31	17	6	7
Other ^(a)	430	113	154	332	119	105	109
Total rate-regulated electric revenues^(b)	\$ 2,863	\$ 1,181	\$ 1,128	\$ 2,139	\$ 1,036	\$ 546	\$ 557
Rate-regulated natural gas revenues							
Residential	\$ —	\$ 220	\$ 287	\$ 57	\$ —	\$ 57	\$ —
Small commercial & industrial	—	70	46	25	—	25	—
Large commercial & industrial	—	—	76	2	—	2	—
Transportation	—	12	—	7	—	7	—
Other ^(c)	—	2	13	3	—	3	—
Total rate-regulated natural gas revenues^(d)	\$ —	\$ 304	\$ 422	\$ 94	\$ —	\$ 94	\$ —
Total rate-regulated revenues from contracts with customers	\$ 2,863	\$ 1,485	\$ 1,550	\$ 2,233	\$ 1,036	\$ 640	\$ 557
Other revenues							
Revenues from alternative revenue programs	\$ (13)	\$ 5	\$ —	\$ (47)	\$ 2	\$ (24)	\$ (25)
Other rate-regulated electric revenues ^(e)	6	3	3	1	1	1	—
Other rate-regulated natural gas revenues ^(e)	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
Total other revenues	\$ (7)	\$ 8	\$ 4	\$ (46)	\$ 3	\$ (23)	\$ (25)
Total rate-regulated revenues for reportable segments	\$ 2,856	\$ 1,493	\$ 1,554	\$ 2,187	\$ 1,039	\$ 617	\$ 532

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 4 — Segment Information

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2019						
Revenues from contracts with customers	ComEd	PECO	BGE	PHI	Pepco	DPL	ACE
Rate-regulated electric revenues							
Residential	\$ 1,356	\$ 752	\$ 667	\$ 1,073	\$ 480	\$ 320	\$ 273
Small commercial & industrial	709	195	129	241	73	93	75
Large commercial & industrial	259	100	219	545	411	49	85
Public authorities & electric railroads	23	14	13	31	17	7	7
Other ^(a)	442	123	160	317	108	101	108
Total rate-regulated electric revenues^(b)	\$ 2,789	\$ 1,184	\$ 1,188	\$ 2,207	\$ 1,089	\$ 570	\$ 548
Rate-regulated natural gas revenues							
Residential	\$ —	\$ 247	\$ 279	\$ 55	\$ —	\$ 55	\$ —
Small commercial & industrial	—	105	46	26	—	26	—
Large commercial & industrial	—	1	73	3	—	3	—
Transportation	—	13	—	7	—	7	—
Other ^(c)	—	3	13	4	—	4	—
Total rate-regulated natural gas revenues^(d)	\$ —	\$ 369	\$ 411	\$ 95	\$ —	\$ 95	\$ —
Total rate-regulated revenues from contracts with customers	\$ 2,789	\$ 1,553	\$ 1,599	\$ 2,302	\$ 1,089	\$ 665	\$ 548
Other revenues							
Revenues from alternative revenue programs	\$ (42)	\$ (6)	\$ 17	\$ 12	\$ 13	\$ 1	\$ (1)
Other rate-regulated electric revenues ^(e)	12	7	6	5	4	1	—
Other rate-regulated natural gas revenues ^(e)	—	—	3	—	—	—	—
Total other revenues	\$ (30)	\$ 1	\$ 26	\$ 17	\$ 17	\$ 2	\$ (1)
Total rate-regulated revenues for reportable segments	\$ 2,759	\$ 1,554	\$ 1,625	\$ 2,319	\$ 1,106	\$ 667	\$ 547

(a) Includes revenues from transmission revenue from PJM, wholesale electric revenue and mutual assistance revenue.

(b) Includes operating revenues from affiliates of \$16 million, \$3 million, \$6 million, \$7 million, \$3 million, \$4 million and \$1 million at ComEd, PECO, BGE, PHI, Pepco, DPL and ACE, respectively, in 2020 and \$9 million, \$2 million, \$1 million, \$7 million, \$3 million, \$3 million and \$1 million at ComEd, PECO, BGE, PHI, Pepco, DPL and ACE, respectively, in 2019.

(c) Includes revenues from off-system natural gas sales.

(d) Includes operating revenues from affiliates of less than \$1 million and \$4 million at PECO and BGE, respectively, in 2020 and \$1 million and \$9 million at PECO and BGE, respectively, in 2019.

(e) Includes late payment charge revenues.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 5 — Accounts Receivable

5. Accounts Receivable (All Registrants)

Allowance for Credit Losses on Accounts Receivable (All Registrants)

The following tables present the rollforward of Allowance for Credit Losses on Customer Accounts Receivable.

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2020									
	Exelon	Generation	ComEd	PECO	BGE	PHI	Pepco	DPL	ACE	
Balance as of March 31, 2020	\$ 278	\$ 81	\$ 71	\$ 66	\$ 18	\$ 42	\$ 15	\$ 13	\$ 14	
Plus: Current Period Provision for Expected Credit Losses	51	9	7	10	6	19	8	5	6	
Less: Write-offs, net of recoveries ^(a)	12	1	6	5	1	(1)	(1)	—	—	
Less: Sale of customer accounts receivable ^(b)	56	56	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Balance as of June 30, 2020	<u>\$ 261</u>	<u>\$ 33</u>	<u>\$ 72</u>	<u>\$ 71</u>	<u>\$ 23</u>	<u>\$ 62</u>	<u>\$ 24</u>	<u>\$ 18</u>	<u>\$ 20</u>	

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2020									
	Exelon	Generation	ComEd	PECO	BGE	PHI	Pepco	DPL	ACE	
Balance as of December 31, 2019	\$ 243	\$ 80	\$ 59	\$ 55	\$ 12	\$ 37	\$ 13	\$ 11	\$ 13	
Plus: Current Period Provision for Expected Credit Losses	106	13	25	28	14	26	11	7	8	
Less: Write-offs, net of recoveries ^(a)	32	4	12	12	3	1	—	—	1	
Less: Sale of customer accounts receivable ^(b)	56	56	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Balance as of June 30, 2020	<u>\$ 261</u>	<u>\$ 33</u>	<u>\$ 72</u>	<u>\$ 71</u>	<u>\$ 23</u>	<u>\$ 62</u>	<u>\$ 24</u>	<u>\$ 18</u>	<u>\$ 20</u>	

(a) Recoveries were not material to the Registrants.

(b) See below for additional information on the sale of customer accounts receivable at Generation in the second quarter of 2020.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 5 — Accounts Receivable

The following tables present the rollforward of Allowance for Credit Losses on Other Accounts Receivable.

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2020									
	Exelon	Generation	ComEd	PECO	BGE	PHI	Pepco	DPL	ACE	
Balance as of March 31, 2020	\$ 52	\$ —	\$ 22	\$ 7	\$ 5	\$ 18	\$ 8	\$ 4	\$ 6	
Plus: Current Period Provision for Expected Credit Losses	12	—	1	1	2	8	3	3	2	
Less: Write-offs, net of recoveries ^(a)	3	—	1	1	1	—	—	—	—	
Balance as of June 30, 2020	<u>\$ 61</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 22</u>	<u>\$ 7</u>	<u>\$ 6</u>	<u>\$ 26</u>	<u>\$ 11</u>	<u>\$ 7</u>	<u>\$ 8</u>	

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2020									
	Exelon	Generation	ComEd	PECO	BGE	PHI	Pepco	DPL	ACE	
Balance as of December 31, 2019	\$ 48	\$ —	\$ 20	\$ 7	\$ 5	\$ 16	\$ 7	\$ 4	\$ 5	
Plus: Current Period Provision for Expected Credit Losses	20	—	4	2	4	10	4	3	3	
Less: Write-offs, net of recoveries ^(a)	7	—	2	2	3	—	—	—	—	
Balance as of June 30, 2020	<u>\$ 61</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 22</u>	<u>\$ 7</u>	<u>\$ 6</u>	<u>\$ 26</u>	<u>\$ 11</u>	<u>\$ 7</u>	<u>\$ 8</u>	

(a) Recoveries were not material to the Registrants.

Unbilled Customer Revenue (All Registrants)

The following table provides additional information about unbilled customer revenues recorded in the Registrants' Consolidated Balance Sheets.

	Unbilled customer revenues ^(a)									
	Exelon	Generation	ComEd	PECO	BGE	PHI	Pepco	DPL	ACE	
June 30, 2020	\$ 804	\$ 120	\$ 257	\$ 120	\$ 116	\$ 191	\$ 102	\$ 49	\$ 40	
December 31, 2019	1,535	807	218	146	170	194	100	61	33	

(a) Unbilled customer revenues are classified in customer accounts receivables, net in the Registrants' Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Sales of Customer Accounts Receivable (Exelon and Generation)

On April 8, 2020, NER, a bankruptcy remote, special purpose entity, which is wholly-owned by Generation, entered into a revolving accounts receivable financing arrangement with a number of financial institutions and a commercial paper conduit (the Purchasers) to sell certain customer accounts receivable (the Facility). The Facility, whose maximum capacity is \$750 million, is scheduled to expire on April 7, 2021, unless renewed by the mutual consent of the parties in accordance with its terms. Under the Facility, NER may sell eligible short-term customer accounts receivable to the Purchasers in exchange for cash and subordinated interest. The transfers are reported as sales of receivables in Exelon's and Generation's consolidated financial statements. The subordinated interest in collections upon the receivables sold to the Purchasers is referred to as the DPP, which is reflected in Other current assets on Exelon's and Generation's Consolidated Balance Sheet.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 5 — Accounts Receivable

On April 8, 2020, Generation derecognized and transferred approximately \$1.2 billion of receivables at fair value to the Purchasers in exchange for approximately \$500 million in cash purchase price and \$650 million of DPP.

The following table summarizes the impact of the sale of certain receivables:

	As of June 30, 2020	
Derecognized receivables transferred at fair value ^(a)	\$	1,135
Cash proceeds received		500
DPP		635

(a) Includes additional customer accounts receivable sold into the Facility of \$2,032 million since the start of the financing agreement.

	Three and six months ended June 30, 2020	
Loss on sale of receivables ^(a)	\$	15

(a) Reflected in Operating and maintenance expense on Exelon and Generation's Consolidated Statements of Operations and Income Statement.

	Six months ended June 30, 2020	
Proceeds from new transfers	\$	927
Cash collections received on DPP		1,102
Cash collections reinvested in the Facility		2,029

Generation's risk of loss following the transfer of accounts receivable is limited to the DPP outstanding. Payment of DPP is not subject to significant risks other than delinquencies and credit losses on accounts receivable transferred, which have historically been and are expected to be immaterial. Generation continues to service the receivables sold in exchange for a servicing fee. Generation did not record a servicing asset or liability as the servicing fees were immaterial.

Generation reflected the cash proceeds received upon sale in Net cash provided by operating activities in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows. The collection and reinvestment of DPP is recognized in Net cash provided by investing activities of the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

See Note 13 — Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities and Note 16 — Variable Interest Entities for additional information.

Other Purchases and Sales of Customer and Other Accounts Receivables (All Registrants)

Generation is required, under supplier tariffs in ISO-NE, MISO, NYISO and PJM, to sell customer and other receivables to utility companies, which include the Utility Registrants. The Utility Registrants are required, under separate legislation and regulations in Illinois, Pennsylvania, Maryland, District of Columbia and New Jersey, to purchase certain receivables from alternative retail electric and, as applicable, natural gas suppliers that participate in the utilities' consolidated billing. The following tables present the total receivables purchased and sold.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 5 — Accounts Receivable

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2020								
	Exelon	Generation	ComEd	PECO	BGE	PHI	Pepco	DPL	ACE
Total Receivables Purchased	\$ 1,584	\$ —	\$ 518	\$ 494	\$ 333	\$ 485	\$ 303	\$ 98	\$ 84
Total Receivables Sold	533	779	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Related Party Transactions:									
Receivables purchased from Generation	—	—	34	67	73	72	51	13	8
Receivables sold to the Utility Registrants	—	246	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

6. Early Plant Retirements (Exelon and Generation)

Exelon and Generation continuously evaluate factors that affect the current and expected economic value of Generation's plants, including, but not limited to: market power prices, results of capacity auctions, potential legislative and regulatory solutions to ensure plants are fairly compensated for benefits they provide through their carbon-free emissions, reliability, or fuel security, and the impact of potential rules from the EPA requiring reduction of carbon and other emissions and the efforts of states to implement those final rules. The precise timing of an early retirement date for any plant, and the resulting financial statement impacts, may be affected by many factors, including the status of potential regulatory or legislative solutions, results of any transmission system reliability study assessments, the nature of any co-owner requirements and stipulations, and NDT fund requirements for nuclear plants, among other factors. However, the earliest retirement date for any plant would usually be the first year in which the unit does not have capacity or other obligations, and where applicable, just prior to its next scheduled nuclear refueling outage.

Nuclear Generation

In 2015 and 2016, Generation identified the Clinton and Quad Cities nuclear plants in Illinois, Ginna and Nine Mile Point nuclear plants in New York and Three Mile Island nuclear plant in Pennsylvania as having the greatest risk of early retirement based on economic valuation and other factors. In 2017, PSEG made public similar financial challenges facing its New Jersey nuclear plants, including Salem, of which Generation owns a 42.59% ownership interest. PSEG is the operator of Salem and also has the decision-making authority to retire Salem.

Assuming the continued effectiveness of the Illinois ZES, New Jersey ZEC program and the New York CES, Generation and CENG, through its ownership of Ginna and Nine Mile Point, no longer consider Clinton, Quad Cities, Salem, Ginna or Nine Mile Point to be at heightened risk for early retirement. However, to the extent the Illinois ZES, New Jersey ZEC program or the New York CES do not operate as expected over their full terms, each of these plants could again be at heightened risk for early retirement, which could have a material impact on Exelon's and Generation's future financial statements. In addition, FERC's December 19, 2019 order on the MOPR in PJM may undermine the continued effectiveness of the Illinois ZES and the New Jersey ZEC program unless Illinois and New Jersey implement an FRR mechanism under which the Generation plants in these states would be removed from PJM's capacity auction. See Note 2 — Regulatory Matters for additional information on the New Jersey ZEC program, New York CES and FERC's December 19, 2019 order and Note 3 — Regulatory Matters of the 2019 Form 10-K for additional information on the Illinois ZES.

In Pennsylvania, the TMI nuclear plant did not clear in the May 2017 PJM capacity auction for the 2020-2021 planning year, the third consecutive year that TMI failed to clear the PJM base residual capacity auction and on May 30, 2017, based on these capacity auction results, prolonged periods of low wholesale power prices, and the absence of federal or state policies that place a value on nuclear energy for its ability to produce electricity without air pollution, Generation announced that it would permanently cease generation operations at TMI. On September 20, 2019, Generation permanently ceased generation operations at TMI.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 6 — Early Plant Retirements

As a result of the early nuclear plant retirement decision at TMI, Exelon and Generation recognized incremental non-cash charges to earnings stemming from shortening the expected economic useful lives primarily related to accelerated depreciation of plant assets (including any ARC) and accelerated amortization of nuclear fuel, as well as operating and maintenance expenses. The total impact for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 are summarized in the table below.

<u>Income statement expense (pre-tax)</u>	<u>Three Months Ended June 30, 2019</u>	<u>Six Months Ended June 30, 2019</u>
Depreciation and amortization		
Accelerated depreciation	\$ 71	\$ 145
Accelerated nuclear fuel amortization	4	9
Operating and maintenance ^(a)	—	(83)
Total	\$ 75	\$ 71

(a) Primarily reflects the net impacts associated with the remeasurement of the TMI ARO. See Note 9 — Asset Retirement Obligations of the 2019 Form 10-K for additional information.

Generation's Dresden, Byron and Braidwood nuclear plants in Illinois are also showing increased signs of economic distress, which could lead to an early retirement, in a market that does not currently compensate them for their unique contribution to grid resiliency and their ability to produce large amounts of energy without carbon and air pollution. The May 2018 PJM capacity auction for the 2021-2022 planning year resulted in the largest volume of nuclear capacity ever not selected in the auction, including all of Dresden, and portions of Byron and Braidwood. While all of LaSalle's capacity did clear in the 2021-2022 planning year auction, Generation has become increasingly concerned about the economic viability of this plant as well in a landscape where energy market prices remain depressed and energy market rules remain fatally flawed. Exelon continues to work with stakeholders on state policy solutions, while also advocating for broader market reforms at the regional and federal level. The absence of such solutions or reforms could result in future impairments of the Midwest asset group, or accelerated depreciation for specific plants over their shortened estimated useful lives, both of which could have a material unfavorable impact on Exelon's and Generation's future results of operations.

The following table provides the balance sheet amounts as of June 30, 2020 for Exelon's and Generation's significant assets and liabilities associated with these four nuclear plants. Depreciation provisions are based on the estimated useful lives of these nuclear generating stations, which reflect the first renewal of the operating licenses.

	<u>Dresden</u>	<u>Byron</u>	<u>Braidwood</u>	<u>LaSalle</u>	<u>Total</u>
Asset Balances					
Materials and supplies inventory, net	\$ 70	\$ 70	\$ 82	\$ 108	\$ 330
Nuclear fuel inventory, net	182	145	180	244	751
Completed plant, net	1,057	1,334	1,416	1,588	5,395
Construction work in progress	18	21	18	19	76
Liability Balances					
Asset retirement obligation	(1,317)	(604)	(562)	(915)	(3,398)
NRC License First Renewal Term					
	2029 (Unit 2)	2044 (Unit 1)	2046 (Unit 1)	2042 (Unit 1)	
	2031 (Unit 3)	2046 (Unit 2)	2047 (Unit 2)	2043 (Unit 2)	

Other Generation

On March 29, 2018, Generation notified grid operator ISO-NE of its plans to early retire its Mystic Units 8 and 9 absent regulatory reforms on June 1, 2022, at the end of the then-current capacity commitment for Mystic Units 7 and 8. Mystic Unit 9 was then committed through May 2021.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 6 — Early Plant Retirements

On May 16, 2018, Generation made a filing with FERC to establish cost-of-service compensation and terms and conditions of service for Mystic Units 8 and 9 for the period between June 1, 2022 - May 31, 2024. On December 20, 2018, FERC issued an order accepting the cost of service agreement, reflecting a number of adjustments to the annual fixed revenue requirement and allowing for recovery of a substantial portion of the costs associated with the Everett Marine Terminal. Those adjustments were reflected in a compliance filing filed March 1, 2019. In the December 20, 2018 order, FERC also directed a paper hearing on ROE using a new methodology. On January 22, 2019, Exelon and several other parties filed requests for rehearing of certain findings in the order. On July 17, 2020, FERC issued three orders, which together affirmed the recovery of key elements of Mystic's cost of service compensation, including recovery of costs associated with the operation of the Everett Marine Terminal. FERC directed a downward adjustment to the rate base for Mystic Units 8 and 9, the effect of which will be partially offset by elimination of a crediting mechanism for third party gas sales during the term of the cost of service agreement. A compliance filing will be due on September 15, 2020. On July 28, 2020, FERC ordered additional briefings in the ROE proceeding, with initial briefs due by September 28, 2020.

On March 25, 2019, ISO-NE filed the Inventoried Energy Program (IEP), which is intended to provide an interim fuel security program pending conclusion of the stakeholder process to develop a long-term, market-based solution to address fuel security. The IEP went into effect by operation of law on August 5, 2019 because FERC did not have a quorum at that time. On October 7, 2019, requests for rehearing were denied and several parties appealed to the D.C. Circuit Court. On April 14, 2020, FERC filed an unopposed motion asking the court for a voluntary remand of the IEP order, noting that FERC now has a quorum of commissioners who can participate in the consideration of ISO-NE's IEP filing. On April 21, 2020, the D.C. Circuit Court granted the voluntary remand and on June 18, 2020, FERC issued an order finding the IEP just and reasonable and accepting ISO-NE's proposed tariff revisions. Several parties have filed requests for rehearing.

On April 15, 2020, ISO-NE filed its long-term, market-based fuel security proposal, proposing three new, day-ahead ancillary services products intended to compensate generators for operational capabilities that provide fuel security to the region. In the filing, ISO-NE also proposed to sunset the Fuel Security Retention Mechanism, through which Mystic has been retained for fuel security, and the IEP by June 1, 2024. In addition, the filing includes an alternate proposal sponsored by New England Power Pool (NEPOOL), which includes substantive amendments to the ISO-NE proposal. On May 15, 2020, Exelon filed a limited protest to ISO's long-term fuel-security proposal asking FERC to accept ISO-NE's proposal but to direct ISO-NE to revise its tariff so that the IEP remains in place as a safeguard until the long-term solution is in place. A number of other comments in support and protests have been filed. ISO-NE asked for a decision on its proposal by November 1, 2020.

On June 12, 2020, Generation filed a complaint with FERC against ISO-NE on the grounds that ISO-NE failed to follow its tariff with respect to its evaluation of Mystic for transmission security for the 2024 to 2025 Capacity Commitment Period (FCA 15) and that modifications ISO-NE made to its unfiled planning procedures to avoid retaining Mystic should have been filed with FERC for approval. Generation asked for a ruling from FERC by August 10, 2020, but ISO-NE asserts that a ruling is not needed until November 2, 2020. On July 27, 2020, ISO-NE issued a memo to NEPOOL announcing its determination pursuant to its unfiled planning procedures that Mystic Units 8 and 9 are not needed for FCA 15 for transmission security. It had previously determined Mystic Units 8 and 9 are not needed for fuel security. The timing and the outcome of this proceeding is uncertain.

The following table provides the balance sheet amounts as of June 30, 2020 for Exelon's and Generation's significant assets and liabilities associated with the Mystic Units 8 and 9 and Everett Marine Terminal assets that would potentially be impacted by the failure to adopt long-term solutions for reliability and fuel security.

	June 30, 2020	
Asset Balances		
Materials and supplies inventory	\$	33
Fuel inventory		6
Property, plant and equipment, net		898
Liability Balances		
Asset retirement obligation		(3)

See Note 8 — Asset Impairments for impairment assessment considerations on the New England Asset Group.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 7 — Nuclear Decommissioning

7. Nuclear Decommissioning (Exelon and Generation)

Nuclear Decommissioning Asset Retirement Obligations

Generation has a legal obligation to decommission its nuclear power plants following the expiration of their operating licenses. To estimate its decommissioning obligation related to its nuclear generating stations for financial accounting and reporting purposes, Generation uses a probability-weighted, discounted cash flow model which, on a unit-by-unit basis, considers multiple outcome scenarios that include significant estimates and assumptions, and are based on decommissioning cost studies, cost escalation rates, probabilistic cash flow models and discount rates. Generation updates its ARO annually, unless circumstances warrant more frequent updates, based on its review of updated cost studies and its annual evaluation of cost escalation factors and probabilities assigned to various scenarios.

The financial statement impact for changes in the ARO, on an individual unit basis, due to the changes in and timing of estimated cash flows generally result in a corresponding change in the unit's ARC within Property, plant and equipment on Exelon's and Generation's Consolidated Balance Sheets. If the ARO decreases for a Non-Regulatory Agreement unit without any remaining ARC, the corresponding change is recorded as decrease in Operating and maintenance expense within Exelon's and Generation's Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income.

The following table provides a rollforward of the nuclear decommissioning ARO reflected in Exelon's and Generation's Consolidated Balance Sheets from December 31, 2019 to June 30, 2020:

Nuclear decommissioning ARO at December 31, 2019 ^(a)	\$	10,504
Accretion expense		243
Costs incurred related to decommissioning plants	\$	(37)
Nuclear decommissioning ARO at June 30, 2020 ^(a)	\$	10,710

(a) Includes \$104 million and \$112 million as the current portion of the ARO at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively, which is included in Other current liabilities in Exelon's and Generation's Consolidated Balance Sheets.

NDT Funds

Exelon and Generation had NDT funds totaling \$12,917 million and \$13,353 million at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively. The NDT funds also include \$187 million and \$163 million for the current portion of the NDT funds at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively, which are included in Other current assets in Exelon's and Generation's Consolidated Balance Sheets. See Note 17 — Supplemental Financial Information for additional information on activities of the NDT funds.

NRC Minimum Funding Requirements

NRC regulations require that licensees of nuclear generating facilities demonstrate reasonable assurance that funds will be available in specified minimum amounts to decommission the facility at the end of its life.

Generation filed its biennial decommissioning funding status report with the NRC on April 1, 2019 for all units, including its shutdown units, except for Zion Station which is included in a separate report to the NRC submitted by ZionSolutions, LLC. The status report demonstrated adequate decommissioning funding assurance as of December 31, 2018 for all units except for Clinton and Peach Bottom Unit 1. As of February 28, 2019, Clinton demonstrated adequate minimum funding assurance due to market recovery and no further action is required. This demonstration was also included in the April 1, 2019 submittal. On March 31, 2020, Generation filed its annual decommissioning funding status report with the NRC for Generation's shutdown units (excluding Zion Station for the reason noted above). The annual status report demonstrated adequate decommissioning funding assurance as of December 31, 2019, for all of its shutdown reactors except for Peach Bottom Unit 1. As a former PECO plant, financial assurance for decommissioning Peach Bottom Unit 1 is provided by the NDT fund, collections from PECO ratepayers, and the ability to adjust those collections in accordance with the approved PAPUC tariff. No additional actions are required aside from the PAPUC filing in accordance with the tariff. See Note 9 — Asset Retirement

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 7 — Nuclear Decommissioning

Obligations of the Exelon 2019 Form 10-K for information regarding the amount collected from PECO ratepayers for decommissioning cost.

8. Asset Impairments (Exelon and Generation)

The Registrants evaluate the carrying value of long-lived assets or asset groups for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of those assets may not be recoverable. Indicators of impairment may include a deteriorating business climate, including, but not limited to, declines in energy prices, condition of the asset, specific regulatory disallowance, or plans to dispose of a long-lived asset significantly before the end of its useful life. The Registrants determine if long-lived assets or asset groups are impaired by comparing the undiscounted expected future cash flows to the carrying value. When the undiscounted cash flow analysis indicates a long-lived asset or asset group is not recoverable, the amount of the impairment loss is determined by measuring the excess of the carrying amount of the long-lived asset or asset group over its fair value. The fair value analysis is primarily based on the income approach using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) including revenue and generation forecasts, projected capital and maintenance expenditures and discount rates. A variation in the assumptions used could lead to a different conclusion regarding the recoverability of an asset or asset group and, thus, could potentially result in material future impairments of the Registrant's long-lived assets.

Antelope Valley Solar Facility

Generation's Antelope Valley, a 242 MW solar facility in Lancaster, CA, sells all of its output to PG&E through a PPA. As of June 30, 2020, Generation had approximately \$710 million of net long-lived assets related to Antelope Valley. As a result of the PG&E bankruptcy filing in the first quarter of 2019, Generation completed a comprehensive review of Antelope Valley's estimated undiscounted future cash flows and no impairment charge was recorded.

Antelope Valley is a wholly owned indirect subsidiary of EGR IV, which had approximately \$1,840 million of additional net long-lived assets as of June 30, 2020. EGR IV is a wholly owned indirect subsidiary of Exelon and Generation and includes Generation's interest in EGRP and other projects with non-controlling interests. To date, there have been no indicators to suggest that the carrying amount of other net long-lived assets of EGR IV may not be recoverable.

The United States Bankruptcy Court entered an order on June 20, 2020 confirming PG&E's plan of reorganization. On July 1, 2020 the plan became effective, and PG&E emerged from bankruptcy. Under the confirmed plan, PG&E will continue to honor the existing PPA agreement with Antelope Valley.

See Note 12 - Debt and Credit Agreements for additional information.

New England Asset Group

During the first quarter of 2018, Mystic Unit 9 did not clear in the ISO-NE capacity auction for the 2021 - 2022 planning year. On March 29, 2018, Generation notified ISO-NE of the early retirement of its Mystic Generating Station's Units 7, 8, 9 and the Mystic Jet Unit (Mystic Generating Station assets) absent regulatory reforms. These events suggested that the carrying value of its New England asset group may be impaired. In the second quarter of 2018, Generation completed a comprehensive review of the estimated undiscounted future cash flows of the New England asset group and no impairment charge was required. Generation continues to monitor developments in the region that would indicate a potential triggering event for impairment and continues to look for solutions that appropriately compensate both Mystic 8 and 9 and the Everett Marine Terminal for their contributions to the region. Further developments such as the failure of ISO-NE to adopt long-term solutions for reliability and fuel security could potentially result in material future impairments of the New England asset group. See Note 6 - Early Plant Retirements for additional information.

Midwest Asset Group

We continue to monitor the recoverability of the carrying value of the Midwest asset group as certain nuclear plants in Illinois are showing increased signs of economic distress, which could lead to an early retirement. See Note 6 - Early Plant Retirements for additional information.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 9 — Income Taxes

9. Income Taxes (All Registrants)

Rate Reconciliation

The effective income tax rate from continuing operations varies from the U.S. Federal statutory rate principally due to the following:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2020								
	Exelon ^(a)	Generation ^(a)	ComEd ^(b)	PECO ^(c)	BGE ^(c)	PHI ^(c)	Pepco ^(c)	DPL ^(d)	ACE ^(d)
U.S. Federal statutory rate	21.0%	21.0%	21.0%	21.0%	21.0%	21.0%	21.0%	21.0%	21.0%
Increase (decrease) due to:									
State income taxes, net of Federal income tax benefit	3.8	3.1	(131.7)	(9.7)	3.8	(25.8)	2.1	6.7	7.2
Qualified NDT fund income	18.8	17.3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Deferred Prosecution Agreement payments	5.3	—	(288.3)	—	—	—	—	—	—
Amortization of investment tax credit, including deferred taxes on basis difference	(0.6)	(0.5)	2.9	—	(0.2)	(2.2)	(0.1)	0.5	0.3
Plant basis differences	(1.6)	—	2.4	(23.6)	(13.4)	(44.7)	(3.9)	(1.1)	10.0
Production tax credits and other credits	(1.4)	(1.2)	3.3	—	(1.0)	(0.7)	(0.1)	0.1	—
Noncontrolling interests	0.1	0.1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Excess deferred tax amortization	(15.5)	—	116.0	(4.8)	(137.9)	(1,358.5)	(89.0)	284.0	174.5
Tax Settlements	(1.9)	(1.8)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other	(0.4)	0.3	(32.3)	(4.8)	(1.7)	168.0	(2.7)	(0.1)	7.0
Effective income tax rate	27.6%	38.3%	(306.7)%	(21.9)%	(129.4)%	(1,242.9)%	(72.7)%	311.1%	220.0%

(a) At Exelon and Generation, positive percentages represent income tax expense.

(b) ComEd recognized a loss before income taxes for the three months ended June 30, 2020. As a result, negative percentages represent income tax expense. The higher effective tax rate is primarily related to the nondeductible Deferred Prosecution Agreement payments. See Note 14 — Commitments and Contingencies for additional information.

(c) At PECO, BGE, PHI, and Pepco, negative percentages represent an income tax benefit. At PECO, the lower effective tax rate is primarily related to an increase in plant basis differences attributable to storm repairs. At BGE, PHI, and Pepco, the lower effective tax rate is primarily attributable to accelerated amortization of transmission related deferred income tax regulatory liabilities as a result of regulatory settlements. See Note 2 — Regulatory Matters for additional information.

(d) DPL and ACE recognized a loss before income taxes for the three months ended June 30, 2020. As a result, positive percentages represent an income tax benefit. At DPL and ACE, the higher effective tax rate is primarily attributable to accelerated amortization of transmission related deferred income tax regulatory liabilities as a result of regulatory settlements. See Note 2 — Regulatory Matters for additional information.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 9 — Income Taxes

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2019								
	Exelon	Generation	ComEd	PECO	BGE	PHI	Pepco	DPL	ACE
U.S. Federal statutory rate	21.0%	21.0%	21.0%	21.0%	21.0%	21.0%	21.0%	21.0%	21.0%
Increase (decrease) due to:									
State income taxes, net of Federal income tax benefit	5.4	5.5	8.2	(1.2)	6.5	4.8	2.0	7.0	7.0
Qualified NDT fund income	5.1	16.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Amortization of investment tax credit, including deferred taxes on basis difference	(0.7)	(1.9)	(0.2)	—	(0.1)	(0.2)	(0.1)	(0.2)	(0.3)
Plant basis differences	(1.7)	—	(0.6)	(5.9)	(1.5)	(1.7)	(2.1)	(0.3)	(2.2)
Production tax credits and other credits	(0.9)	(2.8)	—	—	(0.1)	—	—	—	—
Noncontrolling interests	0.1	0.4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Excess deferred tax amortization	(7.8)	—	(9.0)	(2.7)	(7.9)	(19.4)	(18.3)	(15.7)	(23.1)
Other	1.9	0.2	0.4	0.1	1.7	0.9	0.5	—	(2.4)
Effective income tax rate	22.4%	38.6%	19.8%	11.3%	19.6%	5.4%	3.0%	11.8%	—%

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 9 — Income Taxes

Six Months Ended June 30, 2020

	Exelon	Generation^(a)	ComEd^(b)	PECO^(c)	BGE^(d)	PHI^(d)	Pepco^(d)	DPL^(d)	ACE^(e)
U.S. Federal statutory rate	21.0%	21.0%	21.0%	21.0%	21.0%	21.0%	21.0%	21.0%	21.0%
Increase (decrease) due to:									
State income taxes, net of Federal income tax benefit	6.7	7.2	19.1	(1.6)	5.6	4.3	3.7	6.5	12.4
Qualified NDT fund income	(5.7)	(16.0)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Deferred Prosecution Agreement payments	4.8	—	22.2	—	—	—	—	—	—
Amortization of investment tax credit, including deferred taxes on basis difference	(1.0)	(2.3)	(0.4)	—	(0.1)	(0.2)	(0.1)	(0.3)	7.2
Plant basis differences	(3.7)	—	(1.4)	(11.0)	(2.0)	(3.5)	(2.7)	(0.6)	146.2
Production tax credits and other credits	(2.2)	(5.5)	(0.4)	—	(0.2)	(0.1)	(0.1)	—	0.7
Noncontrolling interests	1.1	3.2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Excess deferred tax amortization	(20.9)	—	(20.2)	(3.3)	(16.1)	(80.3)	(41.6)	(72.9)	2,613.8
Tax Settlements	(9.3)	(26.1)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other	0.7	(0.3)	3.5	(0.3)	(0.6)	(1.5)	(1.3)	0.8	398.7
Effective income tax rate	(8.5)%	(18.8)%	43.4%	4.8%	7.6%	(60.3)%	(21.1)%	(45.5)%	3,200.0%

(a) At Generation, the lower effective tax rate is primarily attributable to tax settlements.

(b) At ComEd, the higher effective tax rate is primarily related to the nondeductible Deferred Prosecution Agreement payments. See Note 14 — Commitments and Contingencies for additional information.

(c) At PECO, the lower effective tax rate is primarily related to an increase in plant basis differences attributable to storm repairs.

(d) At BGE, PHI, Pepco, and DPL, the lower effective tax rate is primarily attributable to accelerated amortization of transmission related deferred income tax regulatory liabilities as a result of regulatory settlements. See Note 2 — Regulatory Matters for additional information.

(e) ACE recognized a loss before income taxes for the six months ended June 30, 2020. As a result, a positive percentage at ACE represents an income tax benefit for the period presented. At ACE, the higher effective tax rate is primarily attributable to accelerated amortization of transmission related deferred income tax regulatory liabilities as a result of regulatory settlements. See Note 2 — Regulatory Matters for additional information.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 9 — Income Taxes

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2019								
	Exelon	Generation	ComEd	PECO	BGE	PHI	Pepco	DPL	ACE
U.S. Federal statutory rate	21.0%	21.0%	21.0%	21.0%	21.0%	21.0%	21.0%	21.0%	21.0%
Increase (decrease) due to:									
State income taxes, net of Federal income tax benefit	4.4	3.6	8.2	0.2	6.4	4.7	2.0	6.7	6.9
Qualified NDT fund income	6.5	14.7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Amortization of investment tax credit, including deferred taxes on basis difference	(0.6)	(1.1)	(0.2)	—	(0.1)	(0.2)	(0.1)	(0.2)	(0.3)
Plant basis differences	(1.5)	—	(0.6)	(6.4)	(1.0)	(1.7)	(2.0)	(0.6)	(2.2)
Production tax credits and other credits	(0.8)	(1.8)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Noncontrolling interests	(0.3)	(0.8)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Excess deferred tax amortization	(5.8)	—	(8.8)	(2.6)	(7.9)	(19.4)	(18.1)	(15.6)	(23.4)
Other	0.7	(0.4)	0.2	(0.1)	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.4	2.0
Effective income tax rate	23.6%	35.2%	19.8%	12.1%	18.6%	4.7%	3.3%	11.7%	4.0%

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 9 — Income Taxes

Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes

Exelon, Generation, PHI and ACE have the following unrecognized tax benefits as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019. ComEd, PECO, BGE, Pepco and DPL's amounts are not material.

	Exelon	Generation	PHI	ACE
June 30, 2020	\$ 122	\$ 49	\$ 50	\$ 15
December 31, 2019	507	441	48	14

Exelon's and Generation's unrecognized federal and state tax benefits decreased in the first quarter of 2020 by approximately \$411 million due to the settlement of a federal refund claim with IRS Appeals. The recognition of these tax benefits resulted in an increase to Exelon's and Generation's net income of \$76 million and \$73 million, respectively, in the first quarter of 2020, reflecting a decrease to Exelon's and Generation's income tax expense of \$67 million.

Reasonably possible the total amount of unrecognized tax benefits could significantly increase or decrease within 12 months after the reporting date

The following table represents Exelon's, PHI's and ACE's unrecognized federal and state tax benefits that could significantly decrease within the 12 months after the reporting date as a result of completing audits, potential settlements, refund claims, and the outcomes of pending court cases as of June 30, 2020. Generation's, ComEd's, PECO's, BGE's, Pepco's and DPL's amounts are not material.

Exelon	PHI	ACE ^(a)
\$ 14	\$ 14	\$ 14

(a) The unrecognized tax benefit related to ACE, if recognized, may be included in future base rates and that portion would have no impact to the effective tax rate.

Other Income Tax Matters

State Income Tax Law Changes

On June 5, 2019, the Governor of Illinois signed a tax bill which would increase the Illinois corporate income tax rate from 9.50% to 10.49% effective for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2021. The tax rate is contingent upon ratification of state constitutional amendments in November 2020. The effect of the rate change will be recognized in the period in which the new legislation is enacted. Exelon, Generation and ComEd do not expect a material impact to their financial statements as a result of the rate change.

10. Retirement Benefits (All Registrants)

Defined Benefit Pension and OPEB

During the first quarter of 2020, Exelon received an updated valuation of its pension and OPEB to reflect actual census data as of January 1, 2020. This valuation resulted in an increase to the pension and OPEB obligations of \$8 million and \$31 million, respectively. Additionally, accumulated other comprehensive loss increased by \$7 million (after-tax) and regulatory assets and liabilities increased by \$19 million and decreased by \$10 million, respectively.

The majority of the 2020 pension benefit cost for Exelon-sponsored plans is calculated using an expected long-term rate of return on plan assets of 7.00% and a discount rate of 3.34%. The majority of the 2020 OPEB cost is calculated using an expected long-term rate of return on plan assets of 6.69% for funded plans and a discount rate of 3.31%.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 10 — Retirement Benefits

A portion of the net periodic benefit cost for all plans is capitalized within the Consolidated Balance Sheets. The following table presents the components of Exelon's net periodic benefit costs, prior to capitalization, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019.

	Pension Benefits Three Months Ended June 30,		OPEB Three Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Components of net periodic benefit cost:				
Service cost	\$ 96	\$ 89	\$ 22	\$ 24
Interest cost	190	221	39	47
Expected return on assets	(318)	(306)	(40)	(38)
Amortization of:				
Prior service cost (benefit)	1	—	(31)	(44)
Actuarial loss	128	103	12	10
Settlement charges	6	—	—	—
Net periodic benefit cost	\$ 103	\$ 107	\$ 2	\$ (1)

	Pension Benefits Six Months Ended June 30,		OPEB Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Components of net periodic benefit cost:				
Service cost	\$ 193	\$ 178	\$ 45	\$ 47
Interest cost	379	442	77	94
Expected return on assets	(636)	(612)	(81)	(77)
Amortization of:				
Prior service cost (benefit)	2	—	(62)	(89)
Actuarial loss	256	206	24	23
Settlement charges	6	—	—	—
Net periodic benefit cost	\$ 200	\$ 214	\$ 3	\$ (2)

The amounts below represent the Registrants' allocated pension and OPEB plan costs. For Exelon, the service cost component is included in Operating and maintenance expense and Property, plant and equipment, net while the non-service cost components are included in Other, net and Regulatory assets. For Generation and the Utility Registrants, the service cost and non-service cost components are included in Operating and maintenance expense and Property, plant and equipment, net in their consolidated financial statements.

Pension and OPEB Costs	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Exelon	\$ 105	\$ 106	\$ 203	\$ 212
Generation	32	31	59	62
ComEd	28	23	57	47
PECO	1	3	3	5
BGE	16	16	31	30
PHI	18	24	35	48
Pepco	4	6	7	12
DPL	2	4	4	8
ACE	3	4	7	8

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 10 — Retirement Benefits

Defined Contribution Savings Plans

The Registrants participate in various 401(k) defined contribution savings plans that are sponsored by Exelon. The plans are qualified under applicable sections of the IRC and allow employees to contribute a portion of their pre-tax and/or after-tax income in accordance with specified guidelines. All Registrants match a percentage of the employee contributions up to certain limits. The following table presents the matching contributions to the savings plans during the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Savings Plan Matching Contributions	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Exelon	\$ 34	\$ 33	\$ 67	\$ 64
Generation	14	14	27	28
ComEd	9	9	16	16
PECO	2	2	5	5
BGE	2	2	4	4
PHI	3	3	6	6
Pepco	1	1	2	2
DPL	—	1	1	1
ACE	1	—	1	1

11. Derivative Financial Instruments (All Registrants)

The Registrants use derivative instruments to manage commodity price risk, interest rate risk and foreign exchange risk related to ongoing business operations.

Authoritative guidance requires that derivative instruments be recognized as either assets or liabilities at fair value, with changes in fair value of the derivative recognized in earnings immediately. Other accounting treatments are available through special election and designation, provided they meet specific, restrictive criteria both at the time of designation and on an ongoing basis. These alternative permissible accounting treatments include NPNS, cash flow hedges and fair value hedges. All derivative economic hedges related to commodities, referred to as economic hedges, are recorded at fair value through earnings at Generation and are offset by a corresponding regulatory asset or liability at ComEd. For all NPNS derivative instruments, accounts receivable or accounts payable are recorded when derivative settles and revenue or expense is recognized in earnings as the underlying physical commodity is sold or consumed.

Authoritative guidance about offsetting assets and liabilities requires the fair value of derivative instruments to be shown in the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements on a gross basis, even when the derivative instruments are subject to legally enforceable master netting agreements and qualify for net presentation in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. A master netting agreement is an agreement between two counterparties that may have derivative and non-derivative contracts with each other providing for the net settlement of all referencing contracts via one payment stream, which takes place as the contracts deliver, when collateral is requested or in the event of default. In the tables below that present fair value balances, Generation's energy-related economic hedges and proprietary trading derivatives are shown gross. The impact of the netting of fair value balances with the same counterparty that are subject to legally enforceable master netting agreements, as well as netting of cash collateral, including margin on exchange positions, is aggregated in the collateral and netting columns.

Generation's and ComEd's use of cash collateral is generally unrestricted unless Generation or ComEd are downgraded below investment grade. Cash collateral held by PECO, BGE, Pepco, DPL and ACE must be deposited in an unaffiliated major U.S. commercial bank or foreign bank with a U.S. branch office that meet certain qualifications.

Commodity Price Risk (All Registrants)

Each of the Registrants employ established policies and procedures to manage their risks associated with market fluctuations in commodity prices by entering into physical and financial derivative contracts, including swaps, futures, forwards, options and short-term and long-term commitments to purchase and sell energy and commodity products.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 11 — Derivative Financial Instruments

The Registrants believe these instruments, which are either determined to be non-derivative or classified as economic hedges, mitigate exposure to fluctuations in commodity prices.

Generation. To the extent the amount of energy Generation produces differs from the amount of energy it has contracted to sell, Exelon and Generation are exposed to market fluctuations in the prices of electricity, fossil fuels and other commodities. Within Exelon, Generation has the most exposure to commodity price risk. As such, Generation uses a variety of derivative and non-derivative instruments to manage the commodity price risk of its electric generation facilities, including power and gas sales, fuel and power purchases, natural gas transportation and pipeline capacity agreements and other energy-related products marketed and purchased. To manage these risks, Generation may enter into fixed-price derivative or non-derivative contracts to hedge the variability in future cash flows from expected sales of power and gas and purchases of power and fuel. The objectives for executing such hedges include fixing the price for a portion of anticipated future electricity sales at a level that provides an acceptable return. Generation is also exposed to differences between the locational settlement prices of certain economic hedges and the hedged generating units. This price difference is actively managed through other instruments which include derivative congestion products, whose changes in fair value are recognized in earnings each period, and auction revenue rights, which are accounted for on an accrual basis.

Additionally, Generation is exposed to certain market risks through its proprietary trading activities. The proprietary trading activities are a complement to Generation's energy marketing portfolio but represent a small portion of Generation's overall energy marketing activities and are subject to limits established by Exelon's RMC.

Utility Registrants. The Utility Registrants procure electric and natural gas supply through a competitive procurement process approved by each of the respective state utility commissions. The Utility Registrants' hedging programs are intended to reduce exposure to energy and natural gas price volatility and have no direct earnings impact as the costs are fully recovered from customers through regulatory-approved recovery mechanisms. The following table provides a summary of the Utility Registrants' primary derivative hedging instruments, listed by commodity and accounting treatment.

Registrant	Commodity	Accounting Treatment	Hedging instrument
ComEd	Electricity	NPNS	Fixed price contracts based on all requirements in the IPA procurement plans.
	Electricity	Changes in fair value of economic hedge recorded to an offsetting regulatory asset or liability ^(a)	20-year floating-to-fixed energy swap contracts beginning June 2012 based on the renewable energy resource procurement requirements in the Illinois Settlement Legislation of approximately 1.3 million MWhs per year.
PECO ^(b)	Gas	NPNS	Fixed price contracts to cover about 20% of planned natural gas purchases in support of projected firm sales.
BGE	Electricity	NPNS	Fixed price contracts for all SOS requirements through full requirements contracts.
	Gas	NPNS	Fixed price contracts for between 10-20% of forecasted system supply requirements for flowing (i.e., non-storage) gas for the November through March period.
Pepco	Electricity	NPNS	Fixed price contracts for all SOS requirements through full requirements contracts.
DPL	Electricity	NPNS	Fixed price contracts for all SOS requirements through full requirements contracts.
	Gas	NPNS Changes in fair value of economic hedge recorded to an offsetting regulatory asset or liability ^(c)	Fixed and Index priced contracts through full requirements contracts. Exchange traded future contracts for 50% of estimated monthly purchase requirements each month, including purchases for storage injections.
ACE	Electricity	NPNS	Fixed price contracts for all BGS requirements through full requirements contracts.

(a) See Note 3 - Regulatory Matters of the 2019 Form 10-K for additional information.

(b) As part of its hedging program, PECO enters into electric supply procurement contracts that do not meet the definition of a derivative instrument.

(c) The fair value of the DPL economic hedge is not material as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 and is not presented in the fair value tables below.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 11 — Derivative Financial Instruments

The following table provides a summary of the derivative fair value balances recorded by Exelon, Generation and ComEd as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019:

June 30, 2020	Exelon			Generation			ComEd
	Total Derivatives	Economic Hedges	Proprietary Trading	Collateral (a)(b)	Netting (a)	Subtotal	Economic Hedges
Derivatives							
Mark-to-market derivative assets (current assets)	\$ 570	\$ 3,240	\$ 70	\$ 179	\$ (2,919)	\$ 570	\$ —
Mark-to-market derivative assets (noncurrent assets)	466	1,582	20	77	(1,213)	466	—
Total mark-to-market derivative assets	1,036	4,822	90	256	(4,132)	1,036	—
Mark-to-market derivative liabilities (current liabilities)	(190)	(3,243)	(46)	211	2,919	(159)	(31)
Mark-to-market derivative liabilities (noncurrent liabilities)	(421)	(1,442)	(14)	109	1,213	(134)	(287)
Total mark-to-market derivative liabilities	(611)	(4,685)	(60)	320	4,132	(293)	(318)
Total mark-to-market derivative net assets (liabilities)	\$ 425	\$ 137	\$ 30	\$ 576	\$ —	\$ 743	\$ (318)

December 31, 2019	Exelon			Generation			ComEd
	Total Derivatives	Economic Hedges	Proprietary Trading	Collateral (a)(b)	Netting (a)	Subtotal	Economic Hedges
Description							
Mark-to-market derivative assets (current assets)	\$ 675	\$ 3,506	\$ 72	\$ 287	\$ (3,190)	\$ 675	\$ —
Mark-to-market derivative assets (noncurrent assets)	508	1,238	25	122	(877)	508	—
Total mark-to-market derivative assets	1,183	4,744	97	409	(4,067)	1,183	—
Mark-to-market derivative liabilities (current liabilities)	(236)	(3,713)	(38)	357	3,190	(204)	(32)
Mark-to-market derivative liabilities (noncurrent liabilities)	(380)	(1,140)	(11)	163	877	(111)	(269)
Total mark-to-market derivative liabilities	(616)	(4,853)	(49)	520	4,067	(315)	(301)
Total mark-to-market derivative net assets (liabilities)	\$ 567	\$ (109)	\$ 48	\$ 929	\$ —	\$ 868	\$ (301)

- (a) Exelon and Generation net all available amounts allowed under the derivative authoritative guidance in the balance sheet. These amounts include unrealized derivative transactions with the same counterparty under legally enforceable master netting agreements and cash collateral. In some cases Exelon and Generation may have other offsetting exposures, subject to a master netting or similar agreement, such as trade receivables and payables, transactions that do not qualify as derivatives, letters of credit and other forms of non-cash collateral. These amounts are not material and not reflected in the table above.
- (b) Of the collateral posted/(received), \$383 million and \$511 million represents variation margin on the exchanges at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 respectively.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 11 — Derivative Financial Instruments

Economic Hedges (Commodity Price Risk)

Generation. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, Exelon and Generation recognized the following net pre-tax commodity mark-to-market gains (losses) which are also located in the Net fair value changes related to derivatives line in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

Income Statement Location	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	Gain (Loss)		Gain (Loss)	
Operating revenues	\$ 24	\$ 40	\$ 199	\$ (10)
Purchased power and fuel	63	(114)	15	(84)
Total Exelon and Generation	\$ 87	\$ (74)	\$ 214	\$ (94)

In general, increases and decreases in forward market prices have a positive and negative impact, respectively, on Generation's owned and contracted generation positions that have not been hedged. Generation hedges commodity price risk on a ratable basis over three-year periods. As of June 30, 2020, the percentage of expected generation hedged for the Mid-Atlantic, Midwest, New York and ERCOT reportable segments is 98%-101% and 76%-79% for 2020 and 2021, respectively.

Proprietary Trading (Commodity Price Risk)

Generation also executes commodity derivatives for proprietary trading purposes. Proprietary trading includes all contracts executed with the intent of benefiting from shifts or changes in market prices as opposed to those executed with the intent of hedging or managing risk. Gains and losses associated with proprietary trading are reported as Operating revenues in Exelon's and Generation's Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income and are included in the Net fair value changes related to derivatives line in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, net pre-tax commodity mark-to-market gains (losses) for Exelon and Generation were not material. The Utility Registrants do not execute derivatives for proprietary trading purposes.

Interest Rate and Foreign Exchange Risk (Exelon and Generation)

Exelon and Generation utilize interest rate swaps, which are treated as economic hedges, to manage their interest rate exposure. On July 1, 2018, Exelon de-designated its fair value hedges related to interest rate risk and Generation de-designated its cash flow hedges related to interest rate risk. The notional amounts were \$1,219 million and \$1,269 million at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively, for Exelon and \$519 million and \$569 million at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively, for Generation.

Generation utilizes foreign currency derivatives to manage foreign exchange rate exposure associated with international commodity purchases in currencies other than U.S. dollars, which are treated as economic hedges. The notional amounts were \$160 million and \$231 million at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively.

The mark-to-market derivative assets and liabilities as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 and the mark-to-market gains and losses for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 were not material for Exelon and Generation.

Credit Risk (All Registrants)

The Registrants would be exposed to credit-related losses in the event of non-performance by counterparties on executed derivative instruments. The credit exposure of derivative contracts, before collateral, is represented by the fair value of contracts at the reporting date.

Generation. For commodity derivatives, Generation enters into enabling agreements that allow for payment netting with its counterparties, which reduces Generation's exposure to counterparty risk by providing for the offset of amounts payable to the counterparty against amounts receivable from the counterparty. Typically, each enabling agreement is for a specific commodity and so, with respect to each individual counterparty, netting is limited to transactions involving that specific commodity product, except where master netting agreements exist with a

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 11 — Derivative Financial Instruments

counterparty that allow for cross product netting. In addition to payment netting language in the enabling agreement, Generation's credit department establishes credit limits, margining thresholds and collateral requirements for each counterparty, which are defined in the derivative contracts. Counterparty credit limits are based on an internal credit review process that considers a variety of factors, including the results of a scoring model, leverage, liquidity, profitability, credit ratings by credit rating agencies, and risk management capabilities. To the extent that a counterparty's margining thresholds are exceeded, the counterparty is required to post collateral with Generation as specified in each enabling agreement. Generation's credit department monitors current and forward credit exposure to counterparties and their affiliates, both on an individual and an aggregate basis.

The following tables provide information on Generation's credit exposure for all derivative instruments, NPNS and payables and receivables, net of collateral and instruments that are subject to master netting agreements, as of June 30, 2020. The tables further delineate that exposure by credit rating of the counterparties and provide guidance on the concentration of credit risk to individual counterparties. The figures in the tables below exclude credit risk exposure from individual retail counterparties, nuclear fuel procurement contracts and exposure through RTOs, ISOs, NYMEX, ICE, NASDAQ, NGX and Nodal commodity exchanges.

Rating as of June 30, 2020	Total Exposure Before Credit Collateral	Credit Collateral ^(a)	Net Exposure	Number of Counterparties Greater than 10% of Net Exposure	Net Exposure of Counterparties Greater than 10% of Net Exposure
Investment grade	\$ 772	\$ 25	\$ 747	1	\$ 117
Non-investment grade	35	26	9		
No external ratings					
Internally rated — investment grade	213	1	212		
Internally rated — non-investment grade	130	17	113		
Total	\$ 1,150	\$ 69	\$ 1,081	1	\$ 117

Net Credit Exposure by Type of Counterparty	As of June 30, 2020
Financial institutions	\$ 29
Investor-owned utilities, marketers, power producers	834
Energy cooperatives and municipalities	173
Other	45
Total	\$ 1,081

(a) As of June 30, 2020, credit collateral held from counterparties where Generation had credit exposure included \$31 million of cash and \$38 million of letters of credit. The credit collateral does not include non-liquid collateral.

Utility Registrants. The Utility Registrants have contracts to procure electric and natural gas supply that provide suppliers with a certain amount of unsecured credit. If the exposure on the supply contract exceeds the amount of unsecured credit, the suppliers may be required to post collateral. The net credit exposure is mitigated primarily by the ability to recover procurement costs through customer rates. As of June 30, 2020, the Utility Registrants' counterparty credit risk with suppliers was not material.

Credit-Risk-Related Contingent Features (All Registrants)

Generation. As part of the normal course of business, Generation routinely enters into physically or financially settled contracts for the purchase and sale of electric capacity, electricity, fuels, emissions allowances and other energy-related products. Certain of Generation's derivative instruments contain provisions that require Generation to post collateral. Generation also enters into commodity transactions on exchanges where the exchanges act as the counterparty to each trade. Transactions on the exchanges must adhere to comprehensive collateral and margining requirements. This collateral may be posted in the form of cash or credit support with thresholds contingent upon Generation's credit rating from each of the major credit rating agencies. The collateral and credit support

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 11 — Derivative Financial Instruments

requirements vary by contract and by counterparty. These credit-risk-related contingent features stipulate that if Generation were to be downgraded or lose its investment grade credit rating (based on its senior unsecured debt rating), it would be required to provide additional collateral. This incremental collateral requirement allows for the offsetting of derivative instruments that are assets with the same counterparty, where the contractual right of offset exists under applicable master netting agreements. In the absence of expressly agreed-to provisions that specify the collateral that must be provided, collateral requested will be a function of the facts and circumstances of the situation at the time of the demand. In this case, Generation believes an amount of several months of future payments (i.e., capacity payments) rather than a calculation of fair value is the best estimate for the contingent collateral obligation, which has been factored into the disclosure below.

The aggregate fair value of all derivative instruments with credit-risk related contingent features in a liability position that are not fully collateralized (excluding transactions on the exchanges that are fully collateralized) is detailed in the table below:

Credit-Risk Related Contingent Features	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Gross fair value of derivative contracts containing this feature ^(a)	\$ (969)	\$ (956)
Offsetting fair value of in-the-money contracts under master netting arrangements ^(b)	697	649
Net fair value of derivative contracts containing this feature ^(c)	\$ (272)	\$ (307)

(a) Amount represents the gross fair value of out-of-the-money derivative contracts containing credit-risk related contingent features ignoring the effects of master netting agreements.

(b) Amount represents the offsetting fair value of in-the-money derivative contracts under legally enforceable master netting agreements with the same counterparty, which reduces the amount of any liability for which a Registrant could potentially be required to post collateral.

(c) Amount represents the net fair value of out-of-the-money derivative contracts containing credit-risk related contingent features after considering the mitigating effects of offsetting positions under master netting arrangements and reflects the actual net liability upon which any potential contingent collateral obligations would be based.

As of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, Exelon and Generation posted or held the following amounts of cash collateral and letters of credit on derivative contracts with external counterparties, after giving consideration to offsetting derivative and non-derivative positions under master netting agreements.

	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Cash collateral posted	\$ 645	\$ 982
Letters of credit posted	224	264
Cash collateral held	110	103
Letters of credit held	76	112
Additional collateral required in the event of a credit downgrade below investment grade	1,319	1,509

Generation entered into supply forward contracts with certain utilities, including PECO and BGE, with one-sided collateral postings only from Generation. If market prices fall below the benchmark price levels in these contracts, the utilities are not required to post collateral. However, when market prices rise above the benchmark price levels, counterparty suppliers, including Generation, are required to post collateral once certain unsecured credit limits are exceeded.

Utility Registrants

The Utility Registrants' electric supply procurement contracts do not contain provisions that would require them to post collateral.

PECO's, BGE's, and DPL's natural gas procurement contracts contain provisions that could require PECO, BGE, and DPL to post collateral in the form of cash or credit support, which vary by contract and counterparty, with thresholds contingent upon PECO's, BGE, and DPL's credit rating. As of June 30, 2020, PECO, BGE, and DPL were not required to post collateral for any of these agreements. If PECO, BGE or DPL lost their investment grade

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 11 — Derivative Financial Instruments

credit ratings as of June 30, 2020, they could have been required to post incremental collateral to its counterparties of \$24 million, \$26 million and \$10 million, respectively.

12. Debt and Credit Agreements (All Registrants)

Short-Term Borrowings

Exelon Corporate, ComEd and BGE meet their short-term liquidity requirements primarily through the issuance of commercial paper. Generation and PECO meet their short-term liquidity requirements primarily through the issuance of commercial paper and borrowings from the Exelon intercompany money pool. Pepco, DPL, and ACE meet their short-term liquidity requirements primarily through the issuance of commercial paper and borrowings from the PHI intercompany money pool. PHI Corporate meets its short-term liquidity requirements primarily through the issuance of short-term notes and the Exelon intercompany money pool. The Registrants may use their respective credit facilities for general corporate purposes, including meeting short-term funding requirements and the issuance of letters of credit.

Commercial Paper

The following table reflects the Registrants' commercial paper programs as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019. PECO had no commercial paper borrowings as of both June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019.

Commercial Paper Issuer	Outstanding Commercial Paper as of		Average Interest Rate on Commercial Paper Borrowings as of	
	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Exelon ^(a)	\$ 19	\$ 870	0.15%	2.25%
Generation	—	320	—%	1.84%
ComEd	—	130	—%	2.38%
BGE	—	76	—%	2.46%
PHI ^(b)	19	208	0.15%	N/A
PEPCO	14	82	0.15%	2.56%
DPL	—	56	—%	2.02%
ACE	5	70	0.15%	2.43%

(a) Includes outstanding commercial paper at Exelon Corporate of \$136 million with average interest rates on commercial paper borrowings of 1.92% at December 31, 2019. Exelon Corporate had no outstanding commercial paper borrowings as of June 30, 2020.

(b) Includes the consolidated amounts of Pepco, DPL, and ACE.

On March 19, 2020, Generation borrowed \$1.5 billion on its revolving credit facility due to disruptions in the commercial paper markets as a result of COVID-19. The funds were used to refinance commercial paper. Generation repaid the \$1.5 billion borrowed on the revolving credit facility on April 3, 2020. As of June 30, 2020, the available capacity on Generation's revolving credit facility was \$5 billion. See Note 16— Debt and Credit Agreements of the Exelon 2019 Form 10-K for additional information on the Registrants' credit facilities.

Short-Term Loan Agreements

On March 23, 2017, Exelon Corporate entered into a term loan agreement for \$500 million. The loan agreement was renewed on March 19, 2020 and will expire on March 18, 2021. Pursuant to the loan agreement, loans made thereunder bear interest at a variable rate equal to LIBOR plus 0.65% and all indebtedness thereunder is unsecured. The loan agreement is reflected in Exelon's Consolidated Balance Sheet within Short-term borrowings.

On March 19, 2020, Generation entered into a term loan agreement for \$200 million. The loan agreement has an expiration of March 18, 2021. Pursuant to the loan agreement, loans made thereunder bear interest at a variable rate equal to LIBOR plus 0.50% and all indebtedness thereunder is unsecured. The loan agreement is reflected in Generation's Consolidated Balance Sheet within Short-term borrowings.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 12 — Debt and Credit Agreements

On March 31, 2020, Generation entered into a term loan agreement for \$300 million. The loan agreement has an expiration of March 30, 2021. Pursuant to the loan agreement, loans made thereunder bear interest at a variable rate equal to LIBOR plus 0.75% and all indebtedness thereunder is unsecured. The loan agreement is reflected in Generation's Consolidated Balance Sheet within Short-term borrowings.

Revolving Credit Agreements

On April 24, 2020, Exelon Corporate entered into a credit agreement establishing a \$550 million 364-day revolving credit facility at a variable interest rate of LIBOR plus 1.75%. This facility will be used by Exelon as an additional source of short-term liquidity as needed.

Bilateral Credit Agreements

On May 15, 2020, Generation entered into a credit agreement establishing a \$100 million bilateral credit facility. This facility will solely be used by Generation to issue letters of credit, and the maturity date is automatically renewed based on the contingency standards set within the agreement.

During the second quarter of 2020, CENG drew on its bilateral credit facility. As of June 30, 2020, there was \$100 million outstanding at this facility. The bilateral credit facility with CENG is incorporated within Generation, and supports the issuance of letters of credit and funding for working capital.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 12 — Debt and Credit Agreements

Long-Term Debt

Issuance of Long-Term Debt

During the six months ended June 30, 2020, the following long-term debt was issued:

Company ^(a)	Type	Interest Rate	Maturity	Amount	Use of Proceeds
Exelon	Notes	4.05%	April 15, 2030	\$ 1,250	Repay existing indebtedness and for general corporate purposes.
Exelon	Notes	4.70%	April 15, 2050	750	Repay existing indebtedness and for general corporate purposes.
Generation	Senior Notes	3.25%	June 1, 2025	900	Repay existing indebtedness and for general corporate purposes.
Generation	Energy Efficiency Project Financing ^(b)	3.95%	August 31, 2020	2	Funding to install energy conservation measures for the Fort Meade project.
Generation	Energy Efficiency Project Financing ^(b)	2.53%	April 30, 2021	1	Funding to install energy conservation measures for the Fort AP Hill project.
ComEd	First Mortgage Bonds, Series 128	2.20%	March 1, 2030	350	Repay a portion of outstanding commercial paper obligations and fund other general corporate purposes.
ComEd	First Mortgage Bonds, Series 129	3.00%	March 1, 2050	650	Repay a portion of outstanding commercial paper obligations and to fund general corporate purposes.
PECO	First and Refunding Mortgage Bonds	2.80%	June 15, 2050	350	Funding for general corporate purposes.
BGE	Senior Notes	2.90%	June 15, 2050	400	Repay commercial paper obligations and for general corporate purposes.
Pepco ^(c)	First Mortgage Bonds	2.53%	February 25, 2030	150	Repay existing indebtedness and for general corporate purposes.
DPL	First Mortgage Bonds	2.53%	June 9, 2030	100	Repay existing indebtedness and for general corporate purposes.
ACE	Tax-Exempt First Mortgage Bonds	2.25%	June 1, 2029	23	Refinance existing indebtedness.
ACE	First Mortgage Bonds	3.24%	June 9, 2050	100	Repay existing indebtedness and for general corporate purposes.

(a) On July 1, 2020, DPL issued \$78 million of tax-exempt bonds maturing on January 1, 2031. The bonds have a 1.05% interest rate through July 2025.

(b) For Energy Efficiency Project Financing, the maturity dates represent the expected date of project completion, upon which the respective customer assumes the outstanding debt.

(c) On February 25, 2020, Pepco entered into a purchase agreement of First Mortgage Bonds for \$150 million at 3.28% due on September 23, 2050. The closing date of the issuance is expected to occur in September 2020.

Debt Covenants

As of June 30, 2020, the Registrants are in compliance with debt covenants.

Nonrecourse Debt

Exelon and Generation have issued nonrecourse debt financing. Borrowings under these agreements are secured by the assets and equity of each respective project. The lenders do not have recourse against Exelon or Generation in the event of a default.

Antelope Valley Solar Ranch One. In December 2011, the DOE Loan Programs Office issued a guarantee for up to \$646 million for a nonrecourse loan from the Federal Financing Bank to support the financing of the construction of the Antelope Valley facility. The project became fully operational in 2014. The loan will mature on January 5, 2037.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 12 — Debt and Credit Agreements

As of June 30, 2020, approximately \$475 million was outstanding. In addition, Generation has issued letters of credit to support its equity investment in the project. As of June 30, 2020, Generation had \$37 million in letters of credit outstanding related to the project. In 2017, Generation's interests in Antelope Valley were also contributed to and are pledged as collateral for the EGR IV financing structure referenced below.

Antelope Valley sells all of its output to PG&E through a PPA. On January 29, 2019, PG&E filed for protection under Chapter 11 of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code, which created an event of default for Antelope Valley's nonrecourse debt that provided the lender with a right to accelerate amounts outstanding under the loan such that they would become immediately due and payable. As a result of the event of default and in the absence of a waiver from the lender foregoing their acceleration rights, the debt was reclassified as current in Exelon's and Generation's Consolidated Balance Sheets in the first quarter of 2019. Further, distributions from Antelope Valley to EGR IV were suspended.

The United States Bankruptcy Court entered an order on June 20, 2020 confirming PG&E's plan of reorganization. On July 1, 2020 the plan became effective, and PG&E emerged from bankruptcy. On July 21, 2020, Antelope Valley received a waiver from the DOE for the event of default and, as such, the debt has been classified as noncurrent as of June 30, 2020 and distributions from Antelope Valley to EGR IV are now permitted.

See Note 8 — Asset Impairments for additional information.

ExGen Renewables IV. In November 2017, EGR IV, an indirect subsidiary of Exelon and Generation, entered into an \$850 million nonrecourse senior secured term loan credit facility agreement. Generation's interests in EGRP, Antelope Valley, SolGen, and Albany Green Energy were all contributed to and are pledged as collateral for this financing. The loan is scheduled to mature on November 28, 2024. As of June 30, 2020, approximately \$775 million was outstanding.

See Note 16— Debt and Credit Agreements of the Exelon 2019 Form 10-K for additional information on nonrecourse debt.

13. Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities (All Registrants)

Exelon measures and classifies fair value measurements in accordance with the hierarchy as defined by GAAP. The hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels as follows:

- Level 1 - quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Registrants have the ability to liquidate as of the reporting date.
- Level 2 - inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are directly observable for the asset or liability or indirectly observable through corroboration with observable market data.
- Level 3 - unobservable inputs, such as internally developed pricing models or third-party valuations for the asset or liability due to little or no market activity for the asset or liability.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 13 — Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities

Fair Value of Financial Liabilities Recorded at Amortized Cost

The following tables present the carrying amounts and fair values of the Registrants' short-term liabilities, long-term debt, SNF obligation and trust preferred securities (long-term debt to financing trusts or junior subordinated debentures) as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019. The Registrants have no financial liabilities classified as Level 1.

The carrying amounts of the Registrants' short-term liabilities as presented on their Consolidated Balance Sheets are representative of their fair value (Level 2) because of the short-term nature of these instruments.

	June 30, 2020				December 31, 2019			
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value			Carrying Amount	Fair Value		
		Level 2	Level 3	Total		Level 2	Level 3	Total
Long-Term Debt, including amounts due within one year^(a)								
Exelon	\$ 38,626	\$ 41,531	\$ 3,080	\$ 44,611	\$ 36,039	\$ 37,453	\$ 2,580	\$ 40,033
Generation	7,433	6,761	1,418	8,179	7,974	7,304	1,366	8,670
ComEd	9,480	11,433	—	11,433	8,491	9,848	—	9,848
PECO	3,752	4,453	50	4,503	3,405	3,868	50	3,918
BGE	3,663	4,203	—	4,203	3,270	3,649	—	3,649
PHI	6,890	6,016	1,612	7,628	6,563	5,902	1,164	7,066
Peppo	3,013	3,270	576	3,846	2,864	3,198	388	3,586
DPL	1,675	1,444	443	1,887	1,567	1,408	311	1,719
ACE	1,420	1,040	593	1,633	1,327	1,026	464	1,490
Long-Term Debt to Financing Trusts^(a)								
Exelon	\$ 390	\$ —	\$ 409	\$ 409	\$ 390	\$ —	\$ 428	\$ 428
ComEd	205	—	216	216	205	—	227	227
PECO	184	—	192	192	184	—	201	201
SNF Obligation								
Exelon	\$ 1,206	\$ 999	\$ —	\$ 999	\$ 1,199	\$ 1,055	\$ —	\$ 1,055
Generation	1,206	999	—	999	1,199	1,055	—	1,055

(a) Includes unamortized debt issuance costs which are not fair valued.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 13 — Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities

Recurring Fair Value Measurements

The following tables present assets and liabilities measured and recorded at fair value in the Registrants' Consolidated Balance Sheets on a recurring basis and their level within the fair value hierarchy as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019:

Exelon and Generation

As of June 30, 2020	Exelon					Generation				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Not subject to leveling	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Not subject to leveling	Total
Assets										
Cash equivalents ^(a)	\$ 1,864	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,864	\$ 162	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 162
NDT fund investments										
Cash equivalents ^(b)	345	78	—	—	423	345	78	—	—	423
Equities	3,080	1,599	—	1,280	5,959	3,080	1,599	—	1,280	5,959
Fixed income										
Corporate debt	—	1,501	270	—	1,771	—	1,501	270	—	1,771
U.S. Treasury and agencies	1,864	116	—	—	1,980	1,864	116	—	—	1,980
Foreign governments	—	42	—	—	42	—	42	—	—	42
State and municipal debt	—	94	—	—	94	—	94	—	—	94
Other	—	29	—	965	994	—	29	—	965	994
Fixed income subtotal	1,864	1,782	270	965	4,881	1,864	1,782	270	965	4,881
Private credit	—	—	229	510	739	—	—	229	510	739
Private equity	—	—	—	423	423	—	—	—	423	423
Real estate	—	—	—	647	647	—	—	—	647	647
NDT fund investments subtotal ^{(c)(d)}	5,289	3,459	499	3,825	13,072	5,289	3,459	499	3,825	13,072
Rabbi trust investments										
Cash equivalents	50	—	—	—	50	4	—	—	—	4
Mutual funds	79	—	—	—	79	25	—	—	—	25
Fixed income	—	10	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	—
Life insurance contracts	—	77	43	—	120	—	24	—	—	24
Rabbi trust investments subtotal	129	87	43	—	259	29	24	—	—	53
Commodity derivative assets										
Economic hedges	770	2,382	1,670	—	4,822	770	2,382	1,670	—	4,822
Proprietary trading	—	47	43	—	90	—	47	43	—	90
Effect of netting and allocation of collateral ^{(e)(f)}	(849)	(2,124)	(903)	—	(3,876)	(849)	(2,124)	(903)	—	(3,876)
Commodity derivative assets subtotal	(79)	305	810	—	1,036	(79)	305	810	—	1,036
DPP consideration	—	635	—	—	635	—	635	—	—	635
Total assets	7,203	4,486	1,352	3,825	16,866	5,401	4,423	1,309	3,825	14,958

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 13 — Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities

As of June 30, 2020	Exelon					Generation				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Not subject to leveling	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Not subject to leveling	Total
Liabilities										
Commodity derivative liabilities										
Economic hedges	(933)	(2,541)	(1,529)	—	(5,003)	(933)	(2,541)	(1,211)	—	(4,685)
Proprietary trading	—	(44)	(16)	—	(60)	—	(44)	(16)	—	(60)
Effect of netting and allocation of collateral ^{(e)(f)}	933	2,443	1,076	—	4,452	933	2,443	1,076	—	4,452
Commodity derivative liabilities subtotal	—	(142)	(469)	—	(611)	—	(142)	(151)	—	(293)
Deferred compensation obligation	—	(127)	—	—	(127)	—	(35)	—	—	(35)
Total liabilities	—	(269)	(469)	—	(738)	—	(177)	(151)	—	(328)
Total net assets	\$ 7,203	\$ 4,217	\$ 883	\$ 3,825	\$ 16,128	\$ 5,401	\$ 4,246	\$ 1,158	\$ 3,825	\$ 14,630

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 13 — Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities

As of December 31, 2019	Exelon					Generation				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Not subject to leveling	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Not subject to leveling	Total
Assets										
Cash equivalents ^(a)	\$ 639	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 639	\$ 214	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 214
NDT fund investments										
Cash equivalents ^(b)	365	87	—	—	452	365	87	—	—	452
Equities	3,353	1,753	—	1,388	6,494	3,353	1,753	—	1,388	6,494
Fixed income										
Corporate debt	—	1,469	257	—	1,726	—	1,469	257	—	1,726
U.S. Treasury and agencies	1,808	131	—	—	1,939	1,808	131	—	—	1,939
Foreign governments	—	42	—	—	42	—	42	—	—	42
State and municipal debt	—	90	—	—	90	—	90	—	—	90
Other	—	33	—	953	986	—	33	—	953	986
Fixed income subtotal	1,808	1,765	257	953	4,783	1,808	1,765	257	953	4,783
Private credit	—	—	254	508	762	—	—	254	508	762
Private equity	—	—	—	402	402	—	—	—	402	402
Real estate	—	—	—	607	607	—	—	—	607	607
NDT fund investments subtotal ^{(c)(d)}	5,526	3,605	511	3,858	13,500	5,526	3,605	511	3,858	13,500
Rabbi trust investments										
Cash equivalents	50	—	—	—	50	4	—	—	—	4
Mutual funds	81	—	—	—	81	25	—	—	—	25
Fixed income	—	12	—	—	12	—	—	—	—	—
Life insurance contracts	—	78	41	—	119	—	25	—	—	25
Rabbi trust investments subtotal	131	90	41	—	262	29	25	—	—	54
Commodity derivative assets										
Economic hedges	768	2,491	1,485	—	4,744	768	2,491	1,485	—	4,744
Proprietary trading	—	37	60	—	97	—	37	60	—	97
Effect of netting and allocation of collateral ^{(e)(f)}	(908)	(2,162)	(588)	—	(3,658)	(908)	(2,162)	(588)	—	(3,658)
Commodity derivative assets subtotal	(140)	366	957	—	1,183	(140)	366	957	—	1,183
Total assets	6,156	4,061	1,509	3,858	15,584	5,629	3,996	1,468	3,858	14,951

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 13 — Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities

As of December 31, 2019	Exelon					Generation				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Not subject to leveling	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Not subject to leveling	Total
Liabilities										
Commodity derivative liabilities										
Economic hedges	(1,071)	(2,855)	(1,228)	—	(5,154)	(1,071)	(2,855)	(927)	—	(4,853)
Proprietary trading	—	(34)	(15)	—	(49)	—	(34)	(15)	—	(49)
Effect of netting and allocation of collateral ^{(e)(f)}	1,071	2,714	802	—	4,587	1,071	2,714	802	—	4,587
Commodity derivative liabilities subtotal	—	(175)	(441)	—	(616)	—	(175)	(140)	—	(315)
Deferred compensation obligation	—	(147)	—	—	(147)	—	(41)	—	—	(41)
Total liabilities	—	(322)	(441)	—	(763)	—	(216)	(140)	—	(356)
Total net assets	<u>\$ 6,156</u>	<u>\$ 3,739</u>	<u>\$ 1,068</u>	<u>\$ 3,858</u>	<u>\$ 14,821</u>	<u>\$ 5,629</u>	<u>\$ 3,780</u>	<u>\$ 1,328</u>	<u>\$ 3,858</u>	<u>\$ 14,595</u>

- (a) Exelon excludes cash of \$684 million and \$373 million at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively, and restricted cash of \$132 million and \$110 million at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively, and includes long-term restricted cash of \$178 million and \$177 million at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively, which is reported in Other deferred debits in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Generation excludes cash of \$401 million and \$177 million at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively, and restricted cash of \$73 million and \$58 million at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively.
- (b) Includes \$101 million and \$90 million of cash received from outstanding repurchase agreements at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively, and is offset by an obligation to repay upon settlement of the agreement as discussed in (d) below.
- (c) Includes derivative assets of less than \$1 million and \$2 million, which have total notional amounts of \$769 million and \$724 million at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively. The notional principal amounts for these instruments provide one measure of the transaction volume outstanding as of the fiscal years ended and do not represent the amount of Exelon and Generation's exposure to credit or market loss.
- (d) Excludes net liabilities of \$155 million and \$147 million at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively. These items consist of receivables related to pending securities sales, interest and dividend receivables, repurchase agreement obligations, and payables related to pending securities purchases. The repurchase agreements are generally short-term in nature with durations generally of 30 days or less.
- (e) Collateral posted/(received) from counterparties totaled \$84 million, \$319 million and \$173 million allocated to Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 mark-to-market derivatives, respectively, as of June 30, 2020. Collateral posted/(received) from counterparties, net of collateral paid to counterparties, totaled \$163 million, \$551 million and \$214 million allocated to Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 mark-to-market derivatives, respectively, as of December 31, 2019.
- (f) Of the collateral posted/(received), \$383 million and \$511 million represents variation margin on the exchanges as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively.

As of June 30, 2020, Exelon and Generation have outstanding commitments to invest in fixed income, private credit, private equity and real estate investments of approximately \$58 million, \$147 million, \$316 million, and \$410 million, respectively. These commitments will be funded by Generation's existing NDT funds.

Exelon and Generation hold investments without readily determinable fair values with carrying amounts of \$76 million and \$66 million as of June 30, 2020, respectively. Changes in fair value, cumulative adjustments and impairments were not material for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 13 — Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities

ComEd, PECO and BGE

As of June 30, 2020	ComEd				PECO				BGE			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets												
Cash equivalents ^(a)	\$ 578	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 578	\$ 353	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 353	\$ 188	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 188
Rabbi trust investments												
Mutual funds	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	8	10	—	—	10
Life insurance contracts	—	—	—	—	—	11	—	11	—	—	1	1
Rabbi trust investments subtotal	—	—	—	—	8	11	—	19	10	—	1	11
Total assets	578	—	—	578	361	11	—	372	198	—	1	199
Liabilities												
Deferred compensation obligation	—	(6)	—	(6)	—	(8)	—	(8)	—	(5)	—	(5)
Mark-to-market derivative liabilities ^(b)	—	—	(318)	(318)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total liabilities	—	(6)	(318)	(324)	—	(8)	—	(8)	—	(5)	—	(5)
Total net assets (liabilities)	\$ 578	\$ (6)	\$ (318)	\$ 254	\$ 361	\$ 3	\$ —	\$ 364	\$ 198	\$ (5)	\$ 1	\$ 194

As of December 31, 2019	ComEd				PECO				BGE			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets												
Cash equivalents ^(a)	\$ 280	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 280	\$ 15	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 15	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Rabbi trust investments												
Mutual funds	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	8	8	—	—	8
Life insurance contracts	—	—	—	—	—	11	—	11	—	—	—	—
Rabbi trust investments subtotal	—	—	—	—	8	11	—	19	8	—	—	8
Total assets	280	—	—	280	23	11	—	34	8	—	—	8
Liabilities												
Deferred compensation obligation	—	(8)	—	(8)	—	(9)	—	(9)	—	(5)	—	(5)
Mark-to-market derivative liabilities ^(b)	—	—	(301)	(301)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total liabilities	—	(8)	(301)	(309)	—	(9)	—	(9)	—	(5)	—	(5)
Total net assets (liabilities)	\$ 280	\$ (8)	\$ (301)	\$ (29)	\$ 23	\$ 2	\$ —	\$ 25	\$ 8	\$ (5)	\$ —	\$ 3

(a) ComEd excludes cash of \$109 million and \$90 million at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively, and restricted cash of \$37 million and \$33 million at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively, and includes long-term restricted cash of \$166 million and \$163 million at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively, which is reported in Other deferred debits in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. PECO excludes cash of \$34 million and \$12 million at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively. BGE excludes cash of \$7 million and \$24 million at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively, and restricted cash of \$1 million at both June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019.

(b) The Level 3 balance consists of the current and noncurrent liability of \$31 million and \$287 million, respectively, at June 30, 2020, and \$32 million and \$269 million, respectively, at December 31, 2019, related to floating-to-fixed energy swap contracts with unaffiliated suppliers.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 13 — Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities

PHI, Pepco, DPL and ACE

PHI	As of June 30, 2020				As of December 31, 2019			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets								
Cash equivalents ^(a)	\$ 50	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 50	\$ 124	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 124
Rabbi trust investments								
Cash equivalents	44	—	—	44	44	—	—	44
Mutual funds	13	—	—	13	14	—	—	14
Fixed income	—	10	—	10	—	12	—	12
Life insurance contracts	—	24	43	67	—	24	41	65
Rabbi trust investments subtotal	57	34	43	134	58	36	41	135
Total assets	107	34	43	184	182	36	41	259
Liabilities								
Deferred compensation obligation	—	(16)	—	(16)	—	(19)	—	(19)
Total liabilities	—	(16)	—	(16)	—	(19)	—	(19)
Total net assets	\$ 107	\$ 18	\$ 43	\$ 168	\$ 182	\$ 17	\$ 41	\$ 240

As of June 30, 2020	Pepco				DPL				ACE			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets												
Cash equivalents ^(a)	\$ 34	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 34	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 14	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 14
Rabbi trust investments												
Cash equivalents	43	—	—	43	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Fixed income	—	2	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Life insurance contracts	—	24	42	66	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Rabbi trust investments subtotal	43	26	42	111	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total assets	77	26	42	145	—	—	—	—	14	—	—	14
Liabilities												
Deferred compensation obligation	—	(2)	—	(2)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total liabilities	—	(2)	—	(2)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total net assets	\$ 77	\$ 24	\$ 42	\$ 143	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 14	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 14

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 13 — Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities

As of December 31, 2019	Pepco				DPL				ACE			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets												
Cash equivalents ^(a)	\$ 34	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 34	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 16	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 16
Rabbi trust investments												
Cash equivalents	43	—	—	43	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Fixed income	—	2	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Life insurance contracts	—	24	41	65	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Rabbi trust investments subtotal	43	26	41	110	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total assets	77	26	41	144	—	—	—	—	16	—	—	16
Liabilities												
Deferred compensation obligation	—	(2)	—	(2)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total liabilities	—	(2)	—	(2)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total net assets (liabilities)	\$ 77	\$ 24	\$ 41	\$ 142	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 16	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 16

(a) PHI excludes cash of \$36 million and \$57 million at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively, and includes long-term restricted cash of \$11 million and \$14 million at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively, which is reported in Other deferred debits in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Pepco excludes cash of \$18 million and \$29 million at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively. DPL excludes cash of \$6 million and \$13 million at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively. ACE excludes cash of \$8 million and \$12 million at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively, and includes long-term restricted cash of \$11 million and \$14 million at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively, which is reported in Other deferred debits in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 13 — Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities

Reconciliation of Level 3 Assets and Liabilities

The following tables present the fair value reconciliation of Level 3 assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis during the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019:

Three Months Ended June 30, 2020	Exelon	Generation			ComEd	PHI and Pepco	Eliminated in Consolidation
	Total	NDT Fund Investments	Mark-to-Market Derivatives	Total Generation	Mark-to-Market Derivatives	Life Insurance Contracts	
Balance as of March 31, 2020	\$ 1,088	\$ 498	\$ 862	\$ 1,360	\$ (314)	\$ 42	\$ —
Total realized / unrealized gains (losses)							
Included in net income	(166)	(1)	(166) ^(a)	(167)	—	1	—
Included in regulatory assets/liabilities	(4)	—	—	—	(4) ^(b)	—	—
Change in collateral	(42)	—	(42)	(42)	—	—	—
Purchases, sales, issuances and settlements							
Purchases	30	3	27	30	—	—	—
Sales	(2)	—	(2)	(2)	—	—	—
Settlements	(1)	(1)	—	(1)	—	—	—
Transfers into Level 3	(9)	—	(9) ^(c)	(9)	—	—	—
Transfers out of Level 3	(11)	—	(11) ^(c)	(11)	—	—	—
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 883	\$ 499	\$ 659	\$ 1,158	\$ (318)	\$ 43	\$ —
The amount of total (losses) gains included in income attributed to the change in unrealized gains (losses) related to assets and liabilities as of June 30, 2020	\$ (72)	\$ (1)	\$ (72)	\$ (73)	\$ —	\$ 1	\$ —

Six months ended June 30, 2020	Exelon	Generation			ComEd	PHI and Pepco	Eliminated in Consolidation
	Total	NDT Fund Investments	Mark-to-Market Derivatives	Total Generation	Mark-to-Market Derivatives	Life Insurance Contracts	
Balance as of December 31, 2019	\$ 1,068	\$ 511	\$ 817	\$ 1,328	\$ (301)	\$ 41	\$ —
Total realized / unrealized gains (losses)							
Included in net income	(156)	(2)	(156) ^(a)	(158)	—	2	—
Included in noncurrent payables to affiliates	—	(1)	—	(1)	—	—	1
Included in regulatory assets	(18)	—	—	—	(17) ^(b)	—	(1)
Change in collateral	(41)	—	(41)	(41)	—	—	—
Purchases, sales, issuances and settlements							
Purchases	71	6	65	71	—	—	—
Sales	(24)	—	(24)	(24)	—	—	—
Settlements	(15)	(15)	—	(15)	—	—	—
Transfers into Level 3	(6)	—	(6) ^(c)	(6)	—	—	—
Transfers out of Level 3	4	—	4 ^(c)	4	—	—	—
Balance as of June 30, 2020	\$ 883	\$ 499	\$ 659	\$ 1,158	\$ (318)	\$ 43	\$ —
The amount of total gains (losses) included in income attributed to the change in unrealized gains (losses) related to assets and liabilities as of June 30, 2020	\$ 115	\$ (2)	\$ 115	\$ 113	\$ —	\$ 2	\$ —

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 13 — Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities

Three Months Ended June 30, 2019	Exelon		Generation		ComEd	PHI and Pepco		Eliminated in Consolidation
	Total	NDT Fund Investments	Mark-to-Market Derivatives	Total Generation	Mark-to-Market Derivatives	Life Insurance Contracts		
Balance as of March 31, 2019	\$ 838	\$ 540	\$ 499	\$ 1,039	\$ (240)	\$ 39	\$ —	
Total realized / unrealized gains (losses)								
Included in net income	275	2	272 ^(a)	274	—	1	—	
Included in noncurrent payables to affiliates	—	10	—	10	—	—	(10)	
Included in regulatory assets	(23)	—	—	—	(33) ^(b)	—	10	
Change in collateral	106	—	106	106	—	—	—	
Purchases, sales, issuances and settlements								
Purchases	51	40	11	51	—	—	—	
Sales	(1)	—	(1)	(1)	—	—	—	
Settlements	(53)	(53)	—	(53)	—	—	—	
Transfers into Level 3	3	—	3 ^(c)	3	—	—	—	
Transfers out of Level 3	(17)	—	(17) ^(c)	(17)	—	—	—	
Balance as of June 30, 2019	\$ 1,179	\$ 539	\$ 873	\$ 1,412	\$ (273)	\$ 40	\$ —	
The amount of total gains (losses) included in income attributed to the change in unrealized gains (losses) related to assets and liabilities as of June 30, 2019	\$ 339	\$ 1	\$ 337	\$ 338	\$ —	\$ 1	\$ —	

Six Months Ended June 30, 2019	Exelon		Generation		ComEd	PHI and Pepco		Eliminated in Consolidation
	Total	NDT Fund Investments	Mark-to-Market Derivatives	Total Generation	Mark-to-Market Derivatives	Life Insurance Contracts		
Balance as of December 31, 2018	\$ 907	\$ 543	\$ 575	\$ 1,118	\$ (249)	\$ 38	\$ —	
Total realized / unrealized gains (losses)								
Included in net income	46	3	41 ^(a)	44	—	2	—	
Included in noncurrent payables to affiliates	—	21	—	21	—	—	(21)	
Included in regulatory assets	(3)	—	—	—	(24) ^(b)	—	21	
Change in collateral	187	—	187	187	—	—	—	
Purchases, sales, issuances and settlements								
Purchases	110	42	68	110	—	—	—	
Sales	(1)	—	(1)	(1)	—	—	—	
Settlements	(70)	(70)	—	(70)	—	—	—	
Transfers into Level 3	3	—	3 ^(c)	3	—	—	—	
Transfers out of Level 3	—	—	— ^(c)	—	—	—	—	
Balance as of June 30, 2019	\$ 1,179	\$ 539	\$ 873	\$ 1,412	\$ (273)	\$ 40	\$ —	
The amount of total (losses) gains included in income attributed to the change in unrealized gains (losses) related to assets and liabilities as of June 30, 2019	\$ 191	\$ 3	\$ 186	\$ 189	\$ —	\$ 2	\$ —	

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 13 — Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities

- (a) Includes a reduction for the reclassification of \$94 million and \$271 million of realized losses due to the settlement of derivative contracts for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020. Includes a reduction for the reclassification of \$65 million and \$145 million of realized losses due to the settlement of derivative contracts for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019.
- (b) Includes \$12 million of decreases in fair value and an increase for realized losses due to settlements of \$8 million recorded in purchased power expense associated with floating-to-fixed energy swap contracts with unaffiliated suppliers for the three months ended June 30, 2020. Includes \$35 million of decreases in fair value and an increase for realized losses due to settlements of \$18 million recorded in purchased power expense associated with floating-to-fixed energy swap contracts with unaffiliated suppliers for the six months ended June 30, 2020. Includes \$41 million of decreases in fair value and an increase for realized losses due to settlements of \$8 million recorded in purchased power expense associated with floating-to-fixed energy swap contracts with unaffiliated suppliers for the three months ended June 30, 2019. Includes \$37 million of decreases in fair value and an increase for realized losses due to settlements of \$13 million recorded in purchased power expense associated with floating-to-fixed energy swap contracts with unaffiliated suppliers for the six months ended June 30, 2019.
- (c) Transfers into and out of Level 3 generally occur when the contract tenor becomes less and more observable respectively, primarily due to changes in market liquidity or assumptions for certain commodity contracts.

The following tables present the income statement classification of the total realized and unrealized gains (losses) included in income for Level 3 assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis during the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019:

	Exelon				Generation			PHI and Pepco
	Operating Revenues	Purchased Power and Fuel	Operating and Maintenance	Other, net	Operating Revenues	Purchased Power and Fuel	Other, net	Operating and Maintenance
Total realized (losses) gains for the three months ended June 30, 2020	\$ (137)	\$ (29)	\$ 1	\$ —	\$ (137)	\$ (29)	\$ —	\$ 1
Total realized (losses) gains for the six months ended June 30, 2020	(65)	(91)	2	—	(65)	(91)	—	2
Total unrealized (losses) gains for the three months ended June 30, 2020	(39)	(33)	1	(1)	(39)	(33)	(1)	1
Total unrealized gains (losses) for the six months ended June 30, 2020	166	(51)	2	(2)	166	(51)	(2)	2

	Exelon				Generation			PHI and Pepco
	Operating Revenues	Purchased Power and Fuel	Operating and Maintenance	Other, net	Operating Revenues	Purchased Power and Fuel	Other, net	Operating and Maintenance
Total realized gains (losses) for the three months ended June 30, 2019	\$ 275	\$ (3)	\$ 1	\$ 2	\$ 275	\$ (3)	\$ 2	\$ 1
Total realized gains (losses) for the six months ended June 30, 2019	147	(106)	2	3	147	(106)	3	2
Total unrealized gains (losses) for the three months ended June 30, 2019	360	(23)	1	1	360	(23)	1	1
Total unrealized gains (losses) gains for the six months ended June 30, 2019	269	(83)	2	3	269	(83)	3	2

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 13 — Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities

Valuation Techniques Used to Determine Fair Value

Exelon's valuation techniques used to measure the fair value of the assets and liabilities shown in the tables below are in accordance with the policies discussed in Note 17 — Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities of the Exelon 2019 Form 10-K.

Valuation Techniques Used to Determine Net asset Value (Exelon and Generation)

Certain NDT Fund Investments are not classified within the fair value hierarchy and are included under the heading "Not subject to leveling" in the table above. These investments are measured at fair value using NAV per share as a practical expedient and include commingled funds, mutual funds which are not publicly quoted, managed private credit funds, private equity and real estate funds.

For commingled funds and mutual funds, which are not publicly quoted, the fair value is primarily derived from the quoted prices in active markets on the underlying securities and can typically be redeemed monthly with 30 or less days of notice and without further restrictions. For managed private credit funds, the fair value is determined using a combination of valuation models including cost models, market models, and income models and typically cannot be redeemed until maturity of the term loan. Private equity and real estate investments include those in limited partnerships that invest in operating companies and real estate holding companies that are not publicly traded on a stock exchange, such as, leveraged buyouts, growth capital, venture capital, distressed investments, investments in natural resources, and direct investments in pools of real estate properties. These investments typically cannot be redeemed and are generally liquidated over a period of 8 to 10 years from the initial investment date, which is based on Exelon's understanding of the investment funds. Private equity and real estate valuations are reported by the fund manager and are based on the valuation of the underlying investments, which include inputs such as cost, operating results, discounted future cash flows, market based comparable data, and independent appraisals from sources with professional qualifications. These valuation inputs are unobservable.

Deferred Purchase Price Consideration (Exelon and Generation)

Exelon and Generation have DPP consideration for the sale of certain receivables of retail electricity at Generation. This amount is valued based on the sales price of the receivables net of allowance for credit losses based on accounts receivable aging historical experience coupled with specific identification through a credit monitoring process, which considers current conditions and forward-looking information such as industry trends, macroeconomic factors, changes in the regulatory environment, external credit ratings, publicly available news, payment status, payment history, and the exercise of collateral calls. Since the DPP consideration is based on the sales price of the receivables, it is categorized as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy. See Note 5 - Accounts Receivable for additional information on the sale of certain receivables.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 13 — Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities

Mark-to-Market Derivatives (Exelon, Generation and ComEd)

The table below discloses the significant inputs to the forward curve used to value mark-to-market derivatives.

Type of trade	Fair Value at June 30, 2020	Fair Value at December 31, 2019	Valuation Technique	Unobservable Input	2020 Range & Arithmetic Average		2019 Range & Arithmetic Average					
Mark-to-market derivatives — Economic Hedges (Exelon and Generation) ^{(a)(b)}	\$ 459	\$ 558	Discounted Cash Flow	Forward power price	\$7	-	\$148	\$28	\$9	-	\$180	\$29
				Forward gas price	\$1.45	-	\$7.66	\$2.58	\$0.83	-	\$10.72	\$2.55
				Option Model	Volatility percentage	9%	-	522%	92%	8%	-	236%
Mark-to-market derivatives — Proprietary trading (Exelon and Generation) ^{(a)(b)}	\$ 27	\$ 45	Discounted Cash Flow	Forward power price	\$13	-	\$148	\$32	\$25	-	\$180	\$33
				Marketability reserve	4%	-	8%	5.24%	3%	-	7%	4.95%
Mark-to-market derivatives (Exelon and ComEd)	\$ (318)	\$ (301)	Discounted Cash Flow	Forward heat rate ^(c)	8x	-	9x	8.85x	9x	-	10x	9.68x
				Marketability reserve	4%	-	8%	5.24%	3%	-	7%	4.95%
				Renewable factor	93%	-	122%	100%	91%	-	123%	99%

(a) The valuation techniques, unobservable inputs, ranges and arithmetic averages are the same for the asset and liability positions.

(b) The fair values do not include cash collateral posted on level three positions of \$173 million and \$214 million as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively.

(c) Quoted forward natural gas rates are utilized to project the forward power curve for the delivery of energy at specified future dates. The natural gas curve is extrapolated beyond its observable period to the end of the contract's delivery.

The inputs listed above, which are as of the balance sheet date, would have a direct impact on the fair values of the above instruments if they were adjusted. The significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of Generation's commodity derivatives are forward commodity prices and for options is price volatility. Increases (decreases) in the forward commodity price in isolation would result in significantly higher (lower) fair values for long positions (contracts that give Generation the obligation or option to purchase a commodity), with offsetting impacts to short positions (contracts that give Generation the obligation or right to sell a commodity). Increases (decreases) in volatility would increase (decrease) the value for the holder of the option (writer of the option). Generally, a change in the estimate of forward commodity prices is unrelated to a change in the estimate of volatility of prices. An increase to the reserves listed above would decrease the fair value of the positions. An increase to the heat rate or renewable factors would increase the fair value accordingly. Generally, interrelationships exist between market prices of natural gas and power. As such, an increase in natural gas pricing would potentially have a similar impact on forward power markets.

14. Commitments and Contingencies (All Registrants)

The following is an update to the current status of commitments and contingencies set forth in Note 18 of the Exelon 2019 Form 10-K.

Commitments

PHI Merger Commitments (Exelon, PHI, Pepco, DPL and ACE). Approval of the PHI Merger in Delaware, New Jersey, Maryland and the District of Columbia was conditioned upon Exelon and PHI agreeing to certain

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 14 — Commitments and Contingencies

commitments. The following amounts represent total commitment costs that have been recorded since the acquisition date and the total remaining obligations for Exelon, PHI, Pepco, DPL and ACE as of June 30, 2020:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Exelon</u>	<u>PHI</u>	<u>Pepco</u>	<u>DPL</u>	<u>ACE</u>
Total commitments	\$ 513	\$ 320	\$ 120	\$ 89	\$ 111
Remaining commitments ^(a)	91	72	60	7	5

(a) Remaining commitments extend through 2026 and include rate credits, energy efficiency programs and delivery system modernization.

In addition, Exelon is committed to develop or to assist in the commercial development of approximately 37 MWs of new solar generation in Maryland, District of Columbia, and Delaware at an estimated cost of approximately \$127 million, which will generate future earnings at Exelon and Generation. Investment costs, which are expected to be primarily capital in nature, are recognized as incurred and recorded in Exelon's and Generation's financial statements. As of June 30, 2020, 27 MWs of new generation were developed and Exelon and Generation have incurred costs of \$123 million. Exelon has also committed to purchase 100 MWs of wind energy in PJM. DPL has committed to conducting three RFPs to procure up to a total of 120 MWs of wind RECs for the purpose of meeting Delaware's renewable portfolio standards. DPL has conducted two of the three wind REC RFPs. The first 40 MW wind REC tranche was conducted in 2017 and did not result in a purchase agreement. The second 40 MW wind REC tranche was conducted in 2018 and resulted in a proposed REC purchase agreement that was approved by the DPSC in 2019. The third and final 40 MW wind REC tranche will be conducted in 2022.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 14 — Commitments and Contingencies

Commercial Commitments (All Registrants). The Registrants' commercial commitments as of June 30, 2020, representing commitments potentially triggered by future events were as follows:

	Total	Expiration within					2025 and beyond
		2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	
Exelon							
Letters of credit	\$ 1,291	\$ 475	\$ 816	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Surety bonds ^(a)	902	550	335	17	—	—	—
Financing trust guarantees	378	—	—	—	—	—	378
Guaranteed lease residual values ^(b)	28	1	2	4	3	7	11
Total commercial commitments	\$ 2,599	\$ 1,026	\$ 1,153	\$ 21	\$ 3	\$ 7	\$ 389
Generation							
Letters of credit	\$ 1,276	\$ 467	\$ 809	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Surety bonds ^(a)	754	479	258	17	—	—	—
Total commercial commitments	\$ 2,030	\$ 946	\$ 1,067	\$ 17	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
ComEd							
Letters of credit	\$ 7	\$ 4	\$ 3	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Surety bonds ^(a)	15	8	7	—	—	—	—
Financing trust guarantees	200	—	—	—	—	—	200
Total commercial commitments	\$ 222	\$ 12	\$ 10	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 200
PECO							
Surety bonds ^(a)	\$ 6	\$ 4	\$ 2	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Financing trust guarantees	178	—	—	—	—	—	178
Total commercial commitments	\$ 184	\$ 4	\$ 2	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 178
BGE							
Letters of credit	\$ 2	\$ 2	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Surety bonds ^(a)	3	2	1	—	—	—	—
Total commercial commitments	\$ 5	\$ 4	\$ 1	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
PHI							
Surety bonds ^(a)	\$ 22	\$ 6	\$ 16	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Guaranteed lease residual values ^(b)	28	1	2	4	3	7	11
Total commercial commitments	\$ 50	\$ 7	\$ 18	\$ 4	\$ 3	\$ 7	\$ 11
Pepco							
Surety bonds ^(a)	\$ 14	\$ 1	\$ 13	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Guaranteed lease residual values ^(b)	9	—	1	1	1	2	4
Total commercial commitments	\$ 23	\$ 1	\$ 14	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 2	\$ 4
DPL							
Surety bonds ^(a)	\$ 4	\$ 3	\$ 1	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Guaranteed lease residual values ^(b)	12	—	1	2	1	4	4
Total commercial commitments	\$ 16	\$ 3	\$ 2	\$ 2	\$ 1	\$ 4	\$ 4
ACE							
Surety bonds ^(a)	\$ 4	\$ 2	\$ 2	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Guaranteed lease residual values ^(b)	7	1	—	1	1	1	3
Total commercial commitments	\$ 11	\$ 3	\$ 2	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 3

(a) Surety bonds—Guarantees issued related to contract and commercial agreements, excluding bid bonds.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 14 — Commitments and Contingencies

- (b) Represents the maximum potential obligation in the event that the fair value of certain leased equipment and fleet vehicles is zero at the end of the maximum lease term. The lease term associated with these assets ranges from 1 to 8 years. The maximum potential obligation at the end of the minimum lease term would be \$74 million guaranteed by Exelon and PHI, of which \$25 million, \$31 million and \$18 million is guaranteed by Pepco, DPL and ACE, respectively. Historically, payments under the guarantees have not been made and PHI believes the likelihood of payments being required under the guarantees is remote.

Environmental Remediation Matters

General (All Registrants). The Registrants' operations have in the past, and may in the future, require substantial expenditures to comply with environmental laws. Additionally, under Federal and state environmental laws, the Registrants are generally liable for the costs of remediating environmental contamination of property now or formerly owned by them and of property contaminated by hazardous substances generated by them. The Registrants own or lease a number of real estate parcels, including parcels on which their operations or the operations of others may have resulted in contamination by substances that are considered hazardous under environmental laws. In addition, the Registrants are currently involved in a number of proceedings relating to sites where hazardous substances have been deposited and may be subject to additional proceedings in the future. Unless otherwise disclosed, the Registrants cannot reasonably estimate whether they will incur significant liabilities for additional investigation and remediation costs at these or additional sites identified by the Registrants, environmental agencies or others, or whether such costs will be recoverable from third parties, including customers. Additional costs could have a material, unfavorable impact on the Registrants' financial statements.

MGP Sites (Exelon and the Utility Registrants). ComEd, PECO, BGE and DPL have identified sites where former MGP or gas purification activities have or may have resulted in actual site contamination. For almost all of these sites, there are additional PRPs that may share responsibility for the ultimate remediation of each location.

- ComEd has 21 sites that are currently under some degree of active study and/or remediation. ComEd expects the majority of the remediation at these sites to continue through at least 2025.
- PECO has 8 sites that are currently under some degree of active study and/or remediation. PECO expects the majority of the remediation at these sites to continue through at least 2022.
- BGE has 4 sites that currently require some level of remediation and/or ongoing activity. BGE expects the majority of the remediation at these sites to continue through at least 2021.
- DPL has 1 site that is currently under study and the required cost at the site is not expected to be material.

The historical nature of the MGP and gas purification sites and the fact that many of the sites have been buried and built over, impacts the ability to determine a precise estimate of the ultimate costs prior to initial sampling and determination of the exact scope and method of remedial activity. Management determines its best estimate of remediation costs using all available information at the time of each study, including probabilistic and deterministic modeling for ComEd and PECO, and the remediation standards currently required by the applicable state environmental agency. Prior to completion of any significant clean up, each site remediation plan is approved by the appropriate state environmental agency.

ComEd, pursuant to an ICC order, and PECO, pursuant to settlements of natural gas distribution rate cases with the PAPUC, are currently recovering environmental remediation costs of former MGP facility sites through customer rates. While BGE and DPL do not have riders for MGP clean-up costs, they have historically received recovery of actual clean-up costs in distribution rates.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 14 — Commitments and Contingencies

As of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the Registrants had accrued the following undiscounted amounts for environmental liabilities in Other current liabilities and Other deferred credits and other liabilities within their respective Consolidated Balance Sheets:

	June 30, 2020		December 31, 2019	
	Total environmental investigation and remediation liabilities	Portion of total related to MGP investigation and remediation	Total environmental investigation and remediation liabilities	Portion of total related to MGP investigation and remediation
Exelon	\$ 463	\$ 309	\$ 478	\$ 320
Generation	103	—	105	—
ComEd	293	292	304	303
PECO	19	17	19	17
BGE	2	—	2	—
PHI	46	—	48	—
Pepco	44	—	46	—
DPL	1	—	1	—
ACE	1	—	1	—

Cotter Corporation (Exelon and Generation). The EPA has advised Cotter Corporation (Cotter), a former ComEd subsidiary, that it is potentially liable in connection with radiological contamination at a site known as the West Lake Landfill in Missouri. In 2000, ComEd sold Cotter to an unaffiliated third-party. As part of the sale, ComEd agreed to indemnify Cotter for any liability arising in connection with the West Lake Landfill. In connection with Exelon's 2001 corporate restructuring, this responsibility to indemnify Cotter was transferred to Generation. Including Cotter, there are three PRPs participating in the West Lake Landfill remediation proceeding. Investigation by Generation has identified a number of other parties who also may be PRPs and could be liable to contribute to the final remedy. Further investigation is ongoing.

In September 2018, the EPA issued its Record of Decision (ROD) Amendment for the selection of a final remedy. The ROD Amendment modified the remedy previously selected by EPA in its 2008 ROD. While the ROD required only that the radiological materials and other wastes at the site be capped, the ROD Amendment requires partial excavation of the radiological materials in addition to the previously selected capping remedy. The ROD Amendment also allows for variation in depths of excavation depending on radiological concentrations. The EPA and the PRPs have entered into a Consent Agreement to perform the Remedial Design, which is expected to be completed by early 2022. In March 2019 the PRPs received Special Notice Letters from the EPA to perform the Remedial Action work. On October 8, 2019, Cotter (Generation's indemnitee) provided a non-binding good faith offer to conduct, or finance, a portion of the remedy, subject to certain conditions. The total estimated cost of the remedy, taking into account the current EPA technical requirements and the total costs expected to be incurred collectively by the PRPs in fully executing the remedy, is approximately \$280 million, including cost escalation on an undiscounted basis, which would be allocated among the final group of PRPs. Generation has determined that a loss associated with the EPA's partial excavation and enhanced landfill cover remedy is probable and has recorded a liability included in the table above, that reflects management's best estimate of Cotter's allocable share of the ultimate cost. Given the joint and several nature of this liability, the magnitude of Generation's ultimate liability will depend on the actual costs incurred to implement the required remedy as well as on the nature and terms of any cost-sharing arrangements with the final group of PRPs. Therefore, it is reasonably possible that the ultimate cost and Cotter's associated allocable share could differ significantly once these uncertainties are resolved, which could have a material impact on Exelon's and Generation's future financial statements.

One of the other PRPs has indicated it will be making a contribution claim against Cotter for costs that it has incurred to prevent the subsurface fire from spreading to those areas of the West Lake Landfill where radiological materials are believed to have been disposed. At this time, Exelon and Generation do not possess sufficient information to assess this claim and therefore are unable to estimate a range of loss, if any. As such, no liability has been recorded for the potential contribution claim. It is reasonably possible, however, that resolution of this matter could have a material, unfavorable impact on Exelon's and Generation's financial statements.

In January 2018, the PRPs were advised by the EPA that it will begin an additional investigation and evaluation of groundwater conditions at the West Lake Landfill. In September 2018, the PRPs agreed to an Administrative

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 14 — Commitments and Contingencies

Settlement Agreement and Order on Consent for the performance by the PRPs of the groundwater Remedial Investigation (RI)/Feasibility Study (FS). The purpose of this RI/FS is to define the nature and extent of any groundwater contamination from the West Lake Landfill site and evaluate remedial alternatives. Generation estimates the undiscounted cost for the groundwater RI/FS to be approximately \$20 million. Generation determined a loss associated with the RI/FS is probable and has recorded a liability included in the table above that reflects management's best estimate of Cotter's allocable share of the cost among the PRPs. At this time Generation cannot predict the likelihood or the extent to which, if any, remediation activities may be required and therefore cannot estimate a reasonably possible range of loss for response costs beyond those associated with the RI/FS component. It is reasonably possible, however, that resolution of this matter could have a material, unfavorable impact on Exelon's and Generation's future financial statements.

In August 2011, Cotter was notified by the DOJ that Cotter is considered a PRP with respect to the government's clean-up costs for contamination attributable to low level radioactive residues at a former storage and reprocessing facility named Latty Avenue near St. Louis, Missouri. The Latty Avenue site is included in ComEd's (now Generation's) indemnification responsibilities discussed above as part of the sale of Cotter. The radioactive residues had been generated initially in connection with the processing of uranium ores as part of the U.S. Government's Manhattan Project. Cotter purchased the residues in 1969 for initial processing at the Latty Avenue facility for the subsequent extraction of uranium and metals. In 1976, the NRC found that the Latty Avenue site had radiation levels exceeding NRC criteria for decontamination of land areas. Latty Avenue was investigated and remediated by the United States Army Corps of Engineers pursuant to funding under FUSRAP. Pursuant to a series of annual agreements since 2011, the DOJ and the PRPs have tolled the statute of limitations until February 28, 2021 so that settlement discussions can proceed. On August 3, 2020, the DOJ advised Cotter and the other PRPs that it is seeking approximately \$90 million from all the PRPs and that the PRPs must submit a good faith joint proposed settlement offer by December 1, 2020. Generation has determined that a loss associated with this matter is probable under its indemnification agreement with Cotter and has recorded an estimated liability, which is included in the table above.

Benning Road Site (Exelon, Generation, PHI and Pepco). In September 2010, PHI received a letter from EPA identifying the Benning Road site as one of six land-based sites potentially contributing to contamination of the lower Anacostia River. A portion of the site was formerly the location of a Pepco Energy Services electric generating facility, which was deactivated in June 2012. The remaining portion of the site consists of a Pepco transmission and distribution service center that remains in operation. In December 2011, the U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia approved a Consent Decree entered into by Pepco and Pepco Energy Services with the DOEE, which requires Pepco and Pepco Energy Services to conduct a RI/FS for the Benning Road site and an approximately 10 to 15-acre portion of the adjacent Anacostia River.

Since 2013, Pepco and Pepco Energy Services (now Generation, pursuant to Exelon's 2016 acquisition of PHI) have been performing RI work and have submitted multiple draft RI reports to the DOEE. In September 2019, Pepco and Generation issued a draft "final" RI report which DOEE approved and on October 4, 2019 released this document for review and comment by the public. The 45-day comment period ended on November 18, 2019 and a public meeting was held by Pepco on November 2, 2019. Pepco and Generation will proceed to develop a FS to evaluate possible remedial alternatives for submission to DOEE. The Court has established a schedule for completion of the FS, and approval by the DOEE, by September 16, 2021.

DOEE will then prepare a Proposed Plan and issue a Record of Decision identifying any further response actions determined to be necessary, after considering public comment on the Proposed Plan. PHI, Pepco and Generation have determined that a loss associated with this matter is probable and have accrued an estimated liability, which is included in the table above.

Anacostia River Tidal Reach (Exelon, PHI and Pepco). Contemporaneous with the Benning Road site RI/FS being performed by Pepco and Generation, DOEE and the National Park Service have been conducting a separate RI/FS focused on the entire tidal reach of the Anacostia River extending from just north of the Maryland-District of Columbia boundary line to the confluence of the Anacostia and Potomac Rivers. The river-wide RI incorporated the results of the river sampling performed by Pepco and Pepco Energy Services as part of the Benning RI/FS, as well as similar sampling efforts conducted by owners of other sites adjacent to this segment of the river and supplemental river sampling conducted by DOEE's contractor. DOEE asked Pepco, along with parties responsible for other sites along the river, to participate in a "Consultative Working Group" to provide input into the process for future remedial actions and to ensure proper coordination with the other river cleanup efforts currently underway, including cleanup of the river segment adjacent to the Benning Road site resulting from the Benning Road site RI/FS. In addition, the

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 14 — Commitments and Contingencies

District of Columbia Council directed DOEE to form an official advisory committee made up of members of federal, state and local environmental regulators, community and environmental groups and various academic and technical experts to provide guidance and support to DOEE as the project progressed. This group, called the Anacostia Leadership Council, has met regularly since it was formed. Pepco has participated in the Consultative Working Group. In April 2018, DOEE released a draft RI report for public review and comment. Pepco submitted written comments to the draft RI and participated in a public hearing.

Pepco has determined that it is probable that costs for remediation will be incurred and recorded a liability in the third quarter 2019 for management's best estimate of its share of those costs based on DOEE's stated position following a series of meetings attended by representatives from the Anacostia Leadership Council and the Consultative Working Group. On December 27, 2019, DOEE released for review and comment by the public a Focused Feasibility Study (FFS) and a Proposed Plan (PP). The FFS and PP will be the basis for the Interim ROD, which is expected to be completed in September 2020. The FFS and PP are consistent with the DOEE's stated position to follow an adaptive management approach which will allow several identified "hot spots" in the river to be addressed first while continuing to conduct studies and to monitor the river to evaluate improvements and determine potential future remediation plans. The adaptive management process chosen by DOEE is less intrusive, provides more long-term environmental certainty, is less costly, and allows for site specific remediation plans already underway, including the plan for the Benning Road site to proceed to conclusion. Pepco concluded that incremental exposure remains reasonably possible, however management cannot reasonably estimate a range of loss beyond the amounts recorded, which are included in the table above.

In addition to the activities associated with the remedial process outlined above, CERCLA separately requires federal and state (here including Washington, D.C.) Natural Resource Trustees (federal or state agencies designated by the President or the relevant state, respectively, or Indian tribes) to conduct an assessment of any damages to natural resources within their jurisdiction as a result of the contamination that is being remediated. The Trustees can seek compensation from responsible parties for such damages, including restoration costs. The Natural Resource Damages (NRD) assessment typically takes place following cleanup because cleanups sometimes also effectively restore affected natural resources. During the second quarter of 2018, Pepco became aware that the Trustees are in the beginning stages of this process that often takes many years beyond the remedial decision to complete. Pepco has concluded that a loss associated with the eventual NRD assessment is reasonably possible. Due to the very early stage of the assessment process, Pepco cannot reasonably estimate the range of loss.

Litigation and Regulatory Matters

Asbestos Personal Injury Claims (Exelon and Generation). Generation maintains a reserve for claims associated with asbestos-related personal injury actions in certain facilities that are currently owned by Generation or were previously owned by ComEd and PECO. The estimated liabilities are recorded on an undiscounted basis and exclude the estimated legal costs associated with handling these matters, which could be material.

At June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, Exelon and Generation had recorded estimated liabilities of approximately \$92 million and \$83 million, respectively, in total for asbestos-related bodily injury claims. As of June 30, 2020, approximately \$26 million of this amount related to 268 open claims presented to Generation, while the remaining \$66 million is for estimated future asbestos-related bodily injury claims anticipated to arise through 2055, based on actuarial assumptions and analyses, which are updated on an annual basis. On a quarterly basis, Generation monitors actual experience against the number of forecasted claims to be received and expected claim payments and evaluates whether adjustments to the estimated liabilities are necessary.

It is reasonably possible that additional exposure to estimated future asbestos-related bodily injury claims in excess of the amount accrued could have a material, unfavorable impact on Exelon's and Generation's financial statements. However, management cannot reasonably estimate a range of loss beyond the amounts recorded.

City of Everett Tax Increment Financing Agreement (Exelon and Generation). On April 10, 2017, the City of Everett petitioned the Massachusetts Economic Assistance Coordinating Council (EACC) to revoke the 1999 tax increment financing agreement (TIF Agreement) relating to Mystic Units 8 and 9 on the grounds that the total investment in Mystic Units 8 and 9 materially deviates from the investment set forth in the TIF Agreement. On October 31, 2017, a three-member panel of the EACC conducted an administrative hearing on the City's petition. On November 30, 2017, the hearing panel issued a tentative decision denying the City's petition, finding that there was no material misrepresentation that would justify revocation of the TIF Agreement. On December 13, 2017, the tentative decision was adopted by the full EACC. On January 12, 2018, the City filed a complaint in Massachusetts

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 14 — Commitments and Contingencies

Superior Court requesting, among other things, that the court set aside the EACC's decision, grant the City's request to decertify the Project and the TIF Agreement, and award the City damages for alleged underpaid taxes over the period of the TIF Agreement. On January 8, 2020, the Massachusetts Superior Court affirmed the decision of the EACC denying the City's petition. The City had until March 9, 2020 to appeal the decision and did not. As a result, the decision is final and the case is resolved. It is reasonably possible that property taxes assessed in future periods, including those following the expiration of the TIF Agreement on June 30, 2020, could be material to Generation's financial statements.

Subpoenas (Exelon and ComEd). Exelon and ComEd received a grand jury subpoena in the second quarter of 2019 from the U.S. Attorney's Office for the Northern District of Illinois (USAO) requiring production of information concerning their lobbying activities in the State of Illinois. On October 4, 2019, Exelon and ComEd received a second grand jury subpoena from the USAO requiring production of records of any communications with certain individuals and entities. On October 22, 2019, the SEC notified Exelon and ComEd that it had also opened an investigation into their lobbying activities. On July 17, 2020, ComEd entered into a Deferred Prosecution Agreement (DPA) with the USAO to resolve the USAO investigation. Under the DPA, the USAO filed a single charge alleging that ComEd improperly gave and offered to give jobs, vendor subcontracts, and payments associated with those jobs and subcontracts for the benefit of the Speaker of the Illinois House of Representatives and the Speaker's associates, with the intent to influence the Speaker's action regarding legislation affecting ComEd's interests. The DPA provides that the USAO will defer any prosecution of such charge and any other criminal or civil case against ComEd in connection with the matters identified therein for a three-year period subject to certain obligations of ComEd, including payment to the United States Treasury of \$200 million, with \$100 million payable within thirty days of the filing of the DPA with the United States District Court for the Northern District of Illinois and an additional \$100 million within ninety days of such filing date. The payments were recorded within Operating and maintenance expense in Exelon's and ComEd's Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income in the second quarter of 2020. The payments will not be recovered in rates or charged to customers and ComEd will not seek or accept reimbursement or indemnification from any source other than Exelon.

Exelon was not made a party to the DPA, and therefore the investigation by the USAO into Exelon's activities ends with no charges being brought against Exelon.

The SEC's investigation remains ongoing and Exelon and ComEd have cooperated fully and intend to continue to cooperate fully with the SEC. Exelon and ComEd cannot predict the outcome of the SEC investigation. No loss contingency has been reflected in Exelon's and ComEd's consolidated financial statements with respect to the SEC investigation, as this contingency is neither probable nor reasonably estimable at this time. Management is currently unable to estimate a range of reasonably possible loss as this matter is subject to change.

Subsequent to Exelon announcing the receipt of the subpoenas, a putative class action lawsuit was filed against Exelon and certain officers of Exelon and ComEd alleging misrepresentations or omissions purporting to relate to matters that are the subject of the subpoenas and the SEC investigation. In addition, a derivative shareholder lawsuit was filed against Exelon, its directors and certain officers of Exelon and ComEd alleging, among other things, breaches of fiduciary duties also purporting to relate to matters that are the subject of the subpoenas and the SEC investigation. On July 28, 2020, plaintiff voluntarily dismissed this derivative action without prejudice to refile. Two additional putative class actions have been filed on July 27 and July 28, 2020. The first putative class action lawsuit against ComEd and Exelon has been filed in Illinois state court and seeks restitution and compensatory damages on behalf of ComEd customers. The second putative class action lawsuit against ComEd has been filed in federal court and alleges civil violations of federal racketeering laws. On August 2, 2020, plaintiffs in the federal lawsuit requested that ComEd waive service, which would make ComEd's response due in October 2020. Both putative class action lawsuits relate to the conduct alleged in the DPA. No loss contingencies have been reflected in Exelon's and ComEd's consolidated financial statements with respect to these matters, as such contingencies are neither probable nor reasonably estimable at this time. Management is currently unable to estimate a range of reasonably possible loss due to the early stages of the lawsuits.

General (All Registrants). The Registrants are involved in various other litigation matters that are being defended and handled in the ordinary course of business. The assessment of whether a loss is probable or reasonably possible, and whether the loss or a range of loss is estimable, often involves a series of complex judgments about future events. The Registrants maintain accruals for such losses that are probable of being incurred and subject to reasonable estimation. Management is sometimes unable to estimate an amount or range of reasonably possible loss, particularly where (1) the damages sought are indeterminate, (2) the proceedings are in the early stages, or

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 14 — Commitments and Contingencies

(3) the matters involve novel or unsettled legal theories. In such cases, there is considerable uncertainty regarding the timing or ultimate resolution of such matters, including a possible eventual loss.

15. Changes in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Exelon)

The following tables present changes in Exelon's AOCI, net of tax, by component:

Three Months Ended June 30, 2020	Losses on Cash Flow Hedges	Pension and Non-Pension Postretirement Benefit Plan Items ^(a)	Foreign Currency Items	Total
Beginning balance	\$ (3)	\$ (3,135)	\$ (35)	\$ (3,173)
OCI before reclassifications	—	2	2	4
Amounts reclassified from AOCI	—	37	—	37
Net current-period OCI	—	39	2	41
Ending balance	\$ (3)	\$ (3,096)	\$ (33)	\$ (3,132)

Three Months Ended June 30, 2019	Losses on Cash Flow Hedges	Pension and Non-Pension Postretirement Benefit Plan Items ^(a)	Foreign Currency Items	AOCI of Investments in Unconsolidated Affiliates ^(b)	Total
Beginning balance	\$ (2)	\$ (2,978)	\$ (31)	\$ (1)	\$ (3,012)
OCI before reclassifications	—	(1)	2	(1)	—
Amounts reclassified from AOCI	—	22	—	—	22
Net current-period OCI	—	21	2	(1)	22
Ending balance	\$ (2)	\$ (2,957)	\$ (29)	\$ (2)	\$ (2,990)

Six Months Ended June 30, 2020	Losses on Cash Flow Hedges	Pension and Non-Pension Postretirement Benefit Plan Items ^(a)	Foreign Currency Items	Total
Beginning balance	\$ (2)	\$ (3,165)	\$ (27)	\$ (3,194)
OCI before reclassifications	—	(1)	(5)	(12)
Amounts reclassified from AOCI	—	74	—	74
Net current-period OCI	—	(1)	69	62
Ending balance	\$ (3)	\$ (3,096)	\$ (33)	\$ (3,132)

Six Months Ended June 30, 2019	Losses on Cash Flow Hedges	Pension and Non-Pension Postretirement Benefit Plan Items ^(a)	Foreign Currency Items	AOCI of Investments in Unconsolidated Affiliates ^(b)	Total
Beginning balance	\$ (2)	\$ (2,960)	\$ (33)	\$ —	\$ (2,995)
OCI before reclassifications	—	(39)	4	(2)	(37)
Amounts reclassified from AOCI	—	42	—	—	42
Net current-period OCI	—	3	4	(2)	5
Ending balance	\$ (2)	\$ (2,957)	\$ (29)	\$ (2)	\$ (2,990)

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 15 — Changes in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

- (a) AOCI amounts are included in the computation of net periodic pension and OPEB cost. See Note 10 — Retirement Benefits for additional information. See Exelon's Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income for individual components of AOCI.
- (b) All amounts are net of noncontrolling interests.

The following table presents income tax benefit (expense) allocated to each component of Exelon's other comprehensive income (loss):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit plans:				
Prior service benefit reclassified to periodic benefit cost	\$ 4	\$ 6	\$ 8	\$ 12
Actuarial loss reclassified to periodic benefit cost	(17)	(13)	(34)	(26)
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit plans valuation adjustment	—	—	3	14

16. Variable Interest Entities (Exelon, Generation, PHI and ACE)

At June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, Exelon, Generation, PHI and ACE collectively consolidated several VIEs or VIE groups for which the applicable Registrant was the primary beneficiary (see *Consolidated VIEs* below) and had significant interests in several other VIEs for which the applicable Registrant does not have the power to direct the entities' activities and, accordingly, was not the primary beneficiary (see *Unconsolidated VIEs* below). Consolidated and unconsolidated VIEs are aggregated to the extent that the entities have similar risk profiles.

Consolidated VIEs

The table below shows the carrying amounts and classification of the consolidated VIEs' assets and liabilities included in the consolidated financial statements of Exelon, Generation, PHI and ACE as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019. The assets, except as noted in the footnotes to the table below, can only be used to settle obligations of the VIEs. The liabilities, except as noted in the footnote to the table below, are such that creditors, or beneficiaries, do not have recourse to the general credit of Exelon, Generation, PHI and ACE.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 16 — Variable Interest Entities

	June 30, 2020				December 31, 2019			
	Exelon	Generation	PHI (a)	ACE	Exelon	Generation	PHI (a)	ACE
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 114	\$ 114	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 163	\$ 163	\$ —	\$ —
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	105	102	3	3	88	85	3	3
Accounts receivable								
Customer	145	145	—	—	151	151	—	—
Other	38	38	—	—	39	39	—	—
Unamortized energy contract assets (b)	22	22	—	—	23	23	—	—
Inventories, net								
Materials and supplies	236	236	—	—	227	227	—	—
Other current assets	675	671	4	—	32	31	1	—
Total current assets	1,335	1,328	7	3	723	719	4	3
Property, plant and equipment, net (c)	5,939	5,939	—	—	6,022	6,022	—	—
Nuclear decommissioning trust funds	2,642	2,642	—	—	2,741	2,741	—	—
Unamortized energy contract assets (b)	258	258	—	—	250	250	—	—
Other noncurrent assets	44	30	14	11	89	73	16	14
Total noncurrent assets	8,883	8,869	14	11	9,102	9,086	16	14
Total assets	\$ 10,218	\$ 10,197	\$ 21	\$ 14	\$ 9,825	\$ 9,805	\$ 20	\$ 17
Long-term debt due within one year	\$ 191	\$ 167	\$ 24	\$ 20	\$ 544	\$ 523	\$ 21	\$ 20
Accounts payable	71	71	—	—	106	106	—	—
Accrued expenses	60	60	—	—	70	70	—	—
Unamortized energy contract liabilities	6	6	—	—	8	8	—	—
Other current liabilities	6	6	—	—	3	3	—	—
Total current liabilities	334	310	24	20	731	710	21	20
Long-term debt	947	934	13	11	527	504	23	21
Asset retirement obligations (d)	2,182	2,182	—	—	2,128	2,128	—	—
Unamortized energy contract liabilities	1	1	—	—	1	1	—	—
Other noncurrent liabilities	80	80	—	—	89	89	—	—
Total noncurrent liabilities	3,210	3,197	13	11	2,745	2,722	23	21
Total liabilities	\$ 3,544	\$ 3,507	\$ 37	\$ 31	\$ 3,476	\$ 3,432	\$ 44	\$ 41

(a) Includes certain purchase accounting adjustments not pushed down to the ACE standalone entity.

(b) These are unrestricted assets to Exelon and Generation.

(c) Exelon's and Generation's balances include unrestricted assets of \$1 million and \$20 million as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019.

(d) Exelon's and Generation's balances include liabilities with recourse of \$2 million and \$3 million as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 16 — Variable Interest Entities

As of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, Exelon's and Generation's consolidated VIEs consist of:

Consolidated VIE or VIE groups:	Reason entity is a VIE:	Reason Generation is primary beneficiary:
CENG - A joint venture between Generation and EDF. Generation has a 50.01% equity ownership in CENG. See additional discussion below.	Disproportionate relationship between equity interest and operational control as a result of NOSA described further below.	Generation conducts the operational activities.
EGRP - A collection of wind and solar project entities. Generation has a 51% equity ownership in EGRP. See additional discussion below.	Similar structure to a limited partnership and the limited partners do not have kick out rights with respect to the general partner.	Generation conducts the operational activities.
Bluestem Wind Energy Holdings, LLC - A Tax Equity structure which is consolidated by EGRP. Generation is a minority interest holder.	Similar structure to a limited partnership and the limited partners do not have kick out rights with respect to the general partner.	Generation conducts the operational activities.
Antelope Valley - A solar generating facility, which is 100% owned by Generation. Antelope Valley sells all of its output to PG&E through a PPA.	The PPA contract absorbs variability through a performance guarantee.	Generation conducts all activities.
Equity investment in distributed energy company - Generation has a 31% equity ownership. This distributed energy company has an interest in an unconsolidated VIE (see Unconsolidated VIEs disclosure below).	Similar structure to a limited partnership and the limited partners do not have kick out rights with respect to the general partner.	Generation conducts the operational activities.
Generation fully impaired this investment in the third quarter of 2019. See Note 11— Asset Impairments of the Exelon 2019 Form 10-K for additional information.		
NER - A bankruptcy remote, special purpose entity which is 100% owned by Generation, which purchases certain of Generation's customer accounts receivable arising from the sale of retail electricity.	Equity capitalization is insufficient to support its operations.	Generation conducts all activities.
NER's assets will be available first and foremost to satisfy the claims of the creditors of NER. See Note 5 - Accounts Receivable for additional information on the sale of receivables.		

CENG - On April 1, 2014, Generation, CENG, and subsidiaries of CENG executed the NOSA pursuant to which Generation conducts all activities associated with the operations of the CENG fleet and provides corporate and administrative services to CENG and the CENG fleet for the remaining life of the CENG nuclear plants as if they were a part of the Generation nuclear fleet, subject to the CENG member rights of EDF.

EDF has the option to sell its 49.99% equity interest in CENG to Generation exercisable beginning on January 1, 2016 and thereafter until June 30, 2022. On November 20, 2019, Generation received notice of EDF's intention to exercise the put option to sell its interest in CENG to Generation and the put automatically exercised on January 19, 2020 at the end of the sixty-day advance notice period.

At this time, Generation cannot reasonably predict the ultimate purchase price that will be paid to EDF for its interest in CENG. The transaction will require approval by the NYPSC and the FERC. The process and regulatory approvals could take one to two years or more to complete.

See Note 2 - Mergers, Acquisitions and Dispositions of the Exelon 2019 Form 10-K for additional information regarding the Put Option Agreement with EDF.

Exelon and Generation, where indicated, provide the following support to CENG:

- Generation executed an Indemnity Agreement pursuant to which Generation agreed to indemnify EDF against third-party claims that may arise from any future nuclear incident (as defined in the Price-Anderson Act) in connection with the CENG nuclear plants or their operations. Exelon guarantees Generation's obligations under this Indemnity Agreement. See Note 18 — Commitments and Contingencies of the Exelon 2019 Form 10-K for more details,

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 16 — Variable Interest Entities

- Generation and EDF share in the \$688 million of contingent payment obligations for the payment of contingent retrospective premium adjustments for the nuclear liability insurance, and
- Exelon has executed an agreement to provide up to \$245 million to support the operations of CENG as well as a \$165 million guarantee of CENG's cash pooling agreement with its subsidiaries.

EGRP - EGRP is a collection of wind and solar project entities and some of these project entities are VIEs that are consolidated by EGRP. Generation owns a number of limited liability companies that build, own, and operate solar and wind power facilities some of which are owned by EGRP. While Generation or EGRP owns 100% of the solar entities and 100% of the majority of the wind entities, it has been determined that certain of the solar and wind entities are VIEs because the entities require additional subordinated financial support in the form of a parental guarantee of debt, loans from the customers in order to obtain the necessary funds for construction of the solar facilities, or the customers absorb price variability from the entities through the fixed price power and/or REC purchase agreements. Generation is the primary beneficiary of these solar and wind entities that qualify as VIEs because Generation controls the design, construction, and operation of the facilities. Generation provides operating and capital funding to the solar and wind entities for ongoing construction, operations and maintenance and there is limited recourse related to Generation related to certain solar and wind entities.

In 2017, Generation's interests in EGRP were contributed to and are pledged for the ExGen Renewables IV non-recourse debt project financing structure. Refer to Note 12— Debt and Credit Agreements for additional information on ExGen Renewables IV.

As of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, Exelon's, PHI's and ACE's consolidated VIE consists of:

Consolidated VIEs:	Reason entity is a VIE:	Reason ACE is the primary beneficiary:
ACE Funding - A special purpose entity formed by ACE for the purpose of securitizing authorized portions of ACE's recoverable stranded costs through the issuance and sale of Transition Bonds. Proceeds from the sale of each series of Transition Bonds by ATF were transferred to ACE in exchange for the transfer by ACE to ATF of the right to collect a non-bypassable Transition Bond Charge from ACE customers pursuant to bondable stranded costs rate orders issued by the NJBPU in an amount sufficient to fund the principal and interest payments on Transition Bonds and related taxes, expenses and fees.	ACE's equity investment is a variable interest as, by design, it absorbs any initial variability of ATF. The bondholders also have a variable interest for the investment made to purchase the Transition Bonds.	ACE controls the servicing activities.

Unconsolidated VIEs

Exelon's and Generation's variable interests in unconsolidated VIEs generally include equity investments and energy purchase and sale contracts. For the equity investments, the carrying amount of the investments is reflected in Exelon's and Generation's Consolidated Balance Sheets in Investments. For the energy purchase and sale contracts (commercial agreements), the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in Exelon's and Generation's Consolidated Balance Sheets that relate to their involvement with the VIEs are predominately related to working capital accounts and generally represent the amounts owed by, or owed to, Exelon and Generation for the deliveries associated with the current billing cycles under the commercial agreements.

As of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, Exelon and Generation had significant unconsolidated variable interests in several VIEs for which Exelon or Generation, as applicable, was not the primary beneficiary. These interests include certain equity method investments and certain commercial agreements.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 16 — Variable Interest Entities

The following table presents summary information about Exelon's and Generation's significant unconsolidated VIE entities:

	June 30, 2020			December 31, 2019		
	Commercial Agreement VIEs	Equity Investment VIEs	Total	Commercial Agreement VIEs	Equity Investment VIEs	Total
Total assets ^(a)	\$ 705	\$ 417	\$ 1,122	\$ 636	\$ 443	\$ 1,079
Total liabilities ^(a)	172	227	399	33	227	260
Exelon's ownership interest in VIE ^(a)	—	168	168	—	191	191
Other ownership interests in VIE ^(a)	533	22	555	604	25	629

(a) These items represent amounts on the unconsolidated VIE balance sheets, not in Exelon's or Generation's Consolidated Balance Sheets. These items are included to provide information regarding the relative size of the unconsolidated VIEs. Exelon and Generation do not have any exposure to loss as they do not have a carrying amount in the equity investment VIEs as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019.

As of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, Exelon's and Generation's unconsolidated VIEs consist of:

Unconsolidated VIE groups:	Reason entity is a VIE:	Reason Generation is not the primary beneficiary:
Equity investments in distributed energy companies - 1) Generation has a 90% equity ownership in a distributed energy company. 2) Generation, via a consolidated VIE, has a 90% equity ownership in another distributed energy company (See Consolidated VIEs disclosure above). Generation fully impaired this investment in the third quarter of 2019. See Note 11— Asset Impairments of the Exelon 2019 Form 10-K for additional information.	Similar structures to a limited partnership and the limited partners do not have kick out rights with respect to the general partner.	Generation does not conduct the operational activities.
Energy Purchase and Sale agreements - Generation has several energy purchase and sale agreements with generating facilities.	PPA contracts that absorb variability through fixed pricing.	Generation does not conduct the operational activities.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 17 — Supplemental Financial Information

17. Supplemental Financial Information (All Registrants)

Supplemental Statement of Operations Information

The following tables provide additional information about material items recorded in the Registrants' Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income.

	Operating revenues									
	Exelon	Generation	ComEd	PECO	BGE	PHI	Pepco	DPL	ACE	
Three Months Ended June 30, 2020										
Operating lease income	\$ 14	\$ 12	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1	\$ —	\$ 1	\$ —	
Variable lease income	80	79	—	—	—	1	—	1	—	
Three Months Ended June 30, 2019										
Operating lease income	\$ 14	\$ 12	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1	\$ —	\$ 1	\$ —	
Variable lease income	77	74	—	—	—	3	—	3	—	
Six Months Ended June 30, 2020										
Operating lease income	\$ 18	\$ 15	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 2	\$ —	\$ 2	\$ —	
Variable lease income	149	148	—	—	—	1	—	1	—	
Six Months Ended June 30, 2019										
Operating lease income	\$ 18	\$ 15	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 2	\$ —	\$ 2	\$ —	
Variable lease income	129	126	—	—	—	3	—	3	—	

	Taxes other than income taxes									
	Exelon	Generation	ComEd	PECO	BGE	PHI	Pepco	DPL	ACE	
Three Months Ended June 30, 2020										
Utility taxes ^(a)	\$ 196	\$ 23	\$ 55	\$ 31	\$ 18	\$ 69	\$ 64	\$ 5	\$ —	
Property	149	64	8	4	40	33	21	11	1	
Payroll	61	28	7	4	4	7	2	1	1	
Three Months Ended June 30, 2019										
Utility taxes ^(a)	\$ 209	\$ 32	\$ 55	\$ 30	\$ 21	\$ 71	\$ 67	\$ 4	\$ —	
Property	148	68	9	4	37	30	21	8	1	
Payroll	61	30	7	4	4	7	2	1	1	
Six Months Ended June 30, 2020										
Utility taxes ^(a)	\$ 414	\$ 49	\$ 114	\$ 62	\$ 44	\$ 145	\$ 133	\$ 10	\$ 1	
Property	297	133	15	8	79	62	41	20	1	
Payroll	125	60	14	8	9	15	4	2	2	
Six Months Ended June 30, 2019										
Utility taxes ^(a)	\$ 432	\$ 58	\$ 118	\$ 63	\$ 48	\$ 145	\$ 136	\$ 9	\$ —	
Property	296	138	15	8	75	60	43	16	1	
Payroll	127	64	14	7	8	14	3	2	2	

(a) Generation's utility tax represents gross receipts tax related to its retail operations, and the Utility Registrants' utility taxes represents municipal and state utility taxes and gross receipts taxes related to their operating revenues. The offsetting collection of utility taxes from customers is recorded in revenues in the Registrants' Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 17 — Supplemental Financial Information

	Other, Net								
	Exelon	Generation	ComEd	PECO	BGE	PHI	Pepco	DPL	ACE
Three Months Ended June 30, 2020									
Decommissioning-related activities:									
Net realized income on NDT funds ^(a)									
Regulatory agreement units	\$ 30	\$ 30	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Non-regulatory agreement units	23	23	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Net unrealized gains on NDT funds									
Regulatory agreement units	645	645	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Non-regulatory agreement units	452	452	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Regulatory offset to NDT fund-related activities ^(b)	(542)	(542)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Decommissioning-related activities	608	608	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
AFUDC — Equity	26	—	8	4	6	8	6	1	1
Non-service net periodic benefit cost	14	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Three Months Ended June 30, 2019									
Decommissioning-related activities:									
Net realized income on NDT funds ^(a)									
Regulatory agreement units	\$ 77	\$ 77	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Non-regulatory agreement units	230	230	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Net unrealized (losses) gains on NDT funds									
Regulatory agreement units	98	98	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Non-regulatory agreement units	(98)	(98)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Regulatory offset to NDT fund-related activities ^(b)	(141)	(141)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Decommissioning-related activities	166	166	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
AFUDC — Equity	21	—	4	3	5	9	6	1	2
Non-service net periodic benefit cost	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 17 — Supplemental Financial Information

	Other, net								
	Exelon	Generation	ComEd	PECO	BGE	PHI	Pepco	DPL	ACE
Six Months Ended June 30, 2020									
Decommissioning-related activities:									
Net realized income on NDT funds ^(a)									
Regulatory agreement units	\$ 77	\$ 77	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Non-regulatory agreement units	104	104	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Net unrealized gains on NDT funds									
Regulatory agreement units	(287)	(287)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Non-regulatory agreement units	(253)	(253)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Regulatory offset to NDT fund-related activities ^(b)	167	167	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Decommissioning-related activities	(192)	(192)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
AFUDC — Equity	49	—	14	7	10	17	13	2	2
Non-service net periodic benefit cost	24	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Six Months Ended June 30, 2019									
Decommissioning-related activities:									
Net realized income on NDT funds ^(a)									
Regulatory agreement units	\$ 131	\$ 131	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Non-regulatory agreement units	283	283	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Net unrealized losses on NDT funds									
Regulatory agreement units	476	476	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Non-regulatory agreement units	182	182	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Regulatory offset to NDT fund-related activities ^(b)	(487)	(487)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Decommissioning-related activities	585	585	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
AFUDC — Equity	43	—	9	6	10	18	12	2	4
Non-service net periodic benefit cost	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

(a) Realized income includes interest, dividends and realized gains and losses on sales of NDT fund investments.

(b) Includes the elimination of decommissioning-related activities for the Regulatory Agreement Units, including the elimination of income taxes related to all NDT fund activity for those units. See Note 9 — Asset Retirement Obligations of the Exelon 2019 Form 10-K for additional information regarding the accounting for nuclear decommissioning.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 17 — Supplemental Financial Information

Supplemental Cash Flow Information

The following tables provide additional information about material items recorded in the Registrants' Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

	Depreciation, amortization and accretion								
	Exelon	Generation	ComEd	PECO	BGE	PHI	Pepco	DPL	ACE
Six Months Ended June 30, 2020									
Property, plant and equipment ^(a)	\$ 1,715	\$ 577	\$ 458	\$ 159	\$ 195	\$ 289	\$ 126	\$ 76	\$ 69
Amortization of regulatory assets ^(a)	277	—	89	14	77	96	60	18	17
Amortization of intangible assets, net ^(a)	31	27	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Amortization of energy contract assets and liabilities ^(b)	12	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nuclear fuel ^(c)	459	459	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
ARO accretion ^(d)	247	247	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total depreciation, amortization and accretion	\$ 2,741	\$ 1,320	\$ 547	\$ 173	\$ 272	\$ 385	\$ 186	\$ 94	\$ 86

Six Months Ended June 30, 2019									
Property, plant and equipment ^(a)	\$ 1,859	\$ 789	\$ 439	\$ 149	\$ 173	\$ 266	\$ 117	\$ 71	\$ 57
Amortization of regulatory assets ^(a)	266	—	69	15	79	103	69	20	14
Amortization of intangible assets, net ^(a)	29	25	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Amortization of energy contract assets and liabilities ^(b)	5	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nuclear fuel ^(c)	513	513	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
ARO accretion ^(d)	250	248	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total depreciation, amortization and accretion	\$ 2,922	\$ 1,580	\$ 508	\$ 164	\$ 252	\$ 369	\$ 186	\$ 91	\$ 71

(a) Included in Depreciation and amortization in the Registrants' Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income.

(b) Included in Operating revenues or Purchased power and fuel expense in the Registrants' Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income.

(c) Included in Purchased power and fuel expense in the Registrants' Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income.

(d) Included in Operating and maintenance expense in the Registrants' Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 17 — Supplemental Financial Information

	Other non-cash operating activities											
	Exelon	Generation	ComEd	PECO	BGE	PHI	Pepco	DPL	ACE			
Six Months Ended June 30, 2020												
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit costs	\$ 203	\$ 58	\$ 57	\$ 3	\$ 31	\$ 35	\$ 7	\$ 4	\$ 7			
Provision for uncollectible accounts	92	13	17	29	10	22	12	8	2			
Other decommissioning-related activity ^(a)	(60)	(60)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
Energy-related options ^(b)	27	27	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
True-up adjustments to decoupling mechanisms and formula rates ^(c)	55	—	13	(5)	—	47	(2)	24	25			
Long-term incentive plan	(10)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
Amortization of operating ROU asset	112	80	1	—	15	14	3	4	2			
Deferred Prosecution Agreement payments ^(d)	200	—	200	—	—	—	—	—	—			
Six Months Ended June 30, 2019												
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit costs	\$ 212	\$ 62	\$ 47	\$ 5	\$ 29	\$ 48	\$ 12	\$ 8	\$ 8			
Provision for uncollectible accounts	45	12	16	10	4	3	2	1	—			
Other decommissioning-related activity ^(a)	(260)	(261)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
Energy-related options ^(b)	43	43	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
True-up adjustments to decoupling mechanisms and formula rates ^(e)	14	—	24	—	—	(10)	(8)	(2)	—			
Long-term incentive plan	35	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
Amortization of operating ROU asset	115	78	1	—	15	17	4	5	2			

(a) Includes the elimination of decommissioning-related activities for the Regulatory Agreement Units, including the elimination of operating revenues, ARO accretion, ARC amortization, investment income and income taxes related to all NDT fund activity for these units. See Note 9 — Asset Retirement Obligations of the Exelon 2019 Form 10-K for additional information regarding the accounting for nuclear decommissioning.

(b) Includes option premiums reclassified to realized at the settlement of the underlying contracts and recorded to results of operations.

(c) For ComEd, reflects the true-up adjustments in regulatory assets and liabilities associated with its distribution, energy efficiency and transmission formula rates. For BGE, Pepco and DPL, reflects the change in regulatory assets and liabilities associated with their decoupling mechanisms and transmission formula rates. For PECO and ACE, reflects the change in regulatory assets and liabilities associated with their transmission formula rates. See Note 2 — Regulatory Matters for additional information.

(d) See Note 14 — Commitments and Contingencies for additional information related to the Deferred Prosecution Agreement.

(e) For ComEd, reflects the true-up adjustments in regulatory assets and liabilities associated with its distribution and energy efficiency formula rates. For Pepco and DPL, reflects the change in regulatory assets and liabilities associated with their decoupling mechanisms. See Note 2 — Regulatory Matters for additional information.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 17 — Supplemental Financial Information

The following tables provide a reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash reported within the Registrants' Consolidated Balance Sheets that sum to the total of the same amounts in their Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

	Exelon	Generation	ComEd	PECO	BGE	PHI	Pepco	DPL	ACE
June 30, 2020									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,129	\$ 483	\$ 403	\$ 380	\$ 195	\$ 39	\$ 19	\$ 6	\$ 8
Restricted cash	373	153	155	7	1	36	33	—	3
Restricted cash included in other long-term assets	178	—	166	—	—	11	—	—	11
Total cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	<u>\$ 2,680</u>	<u>\$ 636</u>	<u>\$ 724</u>	<u>\$ 387</u>	<u>\$ 196</u>	<u>\$ 86</u>	<u>\$ 52</u>	<u>\$ 6</u>	<u>\$ 22</u>
December 31, 2019									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 587	\$ 303	\$ 90	\$ 21	\$ 24	\$ 131	\$ 30	\$ 13	\$ 12
Restricted cash	358	146	150	6	1	36	33	—	2
Restricted cash included in other long-term assets	177	—	163	—	—	14	—	—	14
Total cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	<u>\$ 1,122</u>	<u>\$ 449</u>	<u>\$ 403</u>	<u>\$ 27</u>	<u>\$ 25</u>	<u>\$ 181</u>	<u>\$ 63</u>	<u>\$ 13</u>	<u>\$ 28</u>
June 30, 2019									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 735	\$ 575	\$ 65	\$ 20	\$ 8	\$ 54	\$ 18	\$ 3	\$ 4
Restricted cash	252	122	77	6	1	37	34	1	2
Restricted cash included in other long-term assets	191	—	174	—	—	17	—	—	17
Total cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	<u>\$ 1,178</u>	<u>\$ 697</u>	<u>\$ 316</u>	<u>\$ 26</u>	<u>\$ 9</u>	<u>\$ 108</u>	<u>\$ 52</u>	<u>\$ 4</u>	<u>\$ 23</u>
December 31, 2018									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,349	\$ 750	\$ 135	\$ 130	\$ 7	\$ 124	\$ 16	\$ 23	\$ 7
Restricted cash	247	153	29	5	6	43	37	1	4
Restricted cash included in other long-term assets	185	—	166	—	—	19	—	—	19
Total cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	<u>\$ 1,781</u>	<u>\$ 903</u>	<u>\$ 330</u>	<u>\$ 135</u>	<u>\$ 13</u>	<u>\$ 186</u>	<u>\$ 53</u>	<u>\$ 24</u>	<u>\$ 30</u>

For additional information on restricted cash see Note 1 — Significant Accounting Policies of the Exelon 2019 Form 10-K.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 17 — Supplemental Financial Information

Supplemental Balance Sheet Information

The following tables provide additional information about material items recorded in the Registrants' Consolidated Balance Sheets.

	Accrued expenses								
	Exelon	Generation	ComEd	PECO	BGE	PHI	Pepco	DPL	ACE
June 30, 2020									
Compensation-related accruals ^(a)	\$ 744	\$ 277	\$ 135	\$ 50	\$ 52	\$ 92	\$ 32	\$ 18	\$ 14
Taxes accrued	396	229	61	2	19	73	54	5	8
Interest accrued	357	53	119	37	46	51	25	8	13
December 31, 2019									
Compensation-related accruals ^(a)	\$ 1,052	\$ 422	\$ 171	\$ 58	\$ 78	\$ 101	\$ 28	\$ 19	\$ 15
Taxes accrued	414	222	83	3	26	117	90	14	8
Interest accrued	337	65	110	37	46	49	23	8	12

(a) Primarily includes accrued payroll, bonuses and other incentives, vacation and benefits.

18. Related Party Transactions (All Registrants)

Operating revenues from affiliates

Generation

The following table presents Generation's Operating revenues from affiliates, which are primarily recorded as Purchased power from affiliates and an immaterial amount recorded as Operating and maintenance expense from affiliates at the Utility Registrants:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Operating revenues from affiliates:				
ComEd ^{(a)(b)}	\$ 80	\$ 89	\$ 170	\$ 183
PECO ^(c)	41	35	78	80
BGE ^(d)	70	57	169	133
PHI	78	69	182	170
Pepco ^(e)	60	52	139	122
DPL ^(f)	16	12	38	35
ACE ^(g)	2	5	5	13
Other	2	2	2	3
Total operating revenues from affiliates (Generation)	\$ 271	\$ 252	\$ 601	\$ 569

(a) Generation has an ICC-approved RFP contract with ComEd to provide a portion of ComEd's electricity supply requirements. Generation also sells RECs and ZECs to ComEd.

(b) For the three and six months ended June 30, 2020, respectively, ComEd's Purchased power from Generation of \$84 million and \$181 million is recorded as Operating revenues from ComEd of \$80 million and \$170 million and as Purchased power and fuel from ComEd of \$4 million and \$11 million at Generation. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, respectively, ComEd's Purchased power from Generation of \$90 million and \$187 million is recorded as Operating revenues from ComEd of \$89 million and \$183 million and as Purchased power and fuel from ComEd of \$1 million and \$4 million at Generation.

(c) Generation provides electric supply to PECO under contracts executed through PECO's competitive procurement process. In addition, Generation has a ten-year agreement with PECO to sell solar AECs.

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 18 — Related Party Transactions

- (d) Generation provides a portion of BGE's energy requirements under its MDPSC-approved market-based SOS and gas commodity programs.
- (e) Generation provides electric supply to Pepco under contracts executed through Pepco's competitive procurement process approved by the MDPSC and DCPSC.
- (f) Generation provides a portion of DPL's energy requirements under its MDPSC and DPSC approved market based SOS and gas commodity programs.
- (g) Generation provides electric supply to ACE under contracts executed through ACE's competitive procurement process.

PHI

PHI's Operating revenues from affiliates are primarily with BSC for services that PHISCO provides to BSC.

Operating and maintenance expense from affiliates

The Registrants receive a variety of corporate support services from BSC. Pepco, DPL and ACE also receive corporate support services from PHISCO. See Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies for additional information regarding BSC and PHISCO.

The following table presents the service company costs allocated to the Registrants:

	Operating and maintenance from affiliates				Capitalized costs			
	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,		Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
Exelon								
BSC					\$ 129	\$ 132	\$ 242	\$ 232
PHISCO					16	19	30	40
Generation								
BSC	\$ 133	\$ 148	\$ 273	\$ 297	14	14	25	26
ComEd								
BSC	67	60	138	122	41	36	83	61
PECO								
BSC	36	37	73	74	18	24	33	46
BGE								
BSC	40	39	82	77	30	38	58	59
PHI								
BSC	35	34	72	66	26	20	43	40
PHISCO	—	—	—	—	16	19	30	40
Pepco								
BSC	20	22	41	43	9	9	15	17
PHISCO	32	31	62	63	7	9	13	17
DPL								
BSC	13	13	26	26	9	6	14	11
PHISCO	25	25	49	50	5	5	9	12
ACE								
BSC	11	11	21	21	8	4	12	8
PHISCO	23	22	44	45	4	5	8	11

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 18 — Related Party Transactions

Current Receivables from/Payables to affiliates

The following tables present current receivables from affiliates and current payables to affiliates:

June 30, 2020

Payables to affiliates:	Receivables from affiliates:										Total
	Generation	ComEd	PECO	BGE	Pepco	DPL	ACE	BSC	PHISCO	Other	
Generation		\$ 16	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 75	\$ —	\$ 22	\$ 113
ComEd	\$ 49 (a)		—	—	—	—	—	42	—	8	99
PECO	20	6		—	—	1	—	25	—	5	57
BGE	11	—	—		—	—	—	28	—	2	41
PHI	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	10	14
Pepco	15	—	—	—		—	—	12	18	1	46
DPL	3	—	—	—	2		—	10	11	1	27
ACE	11	—	—	—	—	—		8	11	1	31
Other	9	1	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	11
Total	\$ 118	\$ 23	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 2	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 204	\$ 40	\$ 50	\$ 439

December 31, 2019

Payables to affiliates:	Receivables from affiliates:										Total
	Generation	ComEd	PECO	BGE	Pepco	DPL	ACE	BSC	PHISCO	Other	
Generation		\$ 27	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 67	\$ —	\$ 23	\$ 117
ComEd	\$ 78 (a)		—	—	—	—	—	54	—	8	140
PECO	27	—		—	—	—	—	25	—	3	55
BGE	28	—	—		—	—	—	34	—	4	66
PHI	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	10	14
Pepco	34	—	—	—		—	—	16	15	1	66
DPL	7	—	—	—	—		3	10	11	1	32
ACE	7	—	—	—	—	—		7	10	1	25
Other	9	1	1	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	13
Total	\$ 190	\$ 28	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 4	\$ 217	\$ 36	\$ 51	\$ 528

(a) As of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, Generation had a contract liability with ComEd for \$7 million and \$37 million, respectively, that was included in Other current liabilities on Generation's Consolidated Balance Sheets. At June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, ComEd had a Current Payable to Generation of \$42 million and \$41 million, respectively, on its Consolidated Balance Sheets, which consisted of Generation's Current Receivable from ComEd, partially offset by Generation's contract liability with ComEd.

Borrowings from Exelon/PHI intercompany money pool

To provide an additional short-term borrowing option that will generally be more favorable to the borrowing participants than the cost of external financing both Exelon and PHI operate an intercompany money pool. Generation, ComEd, PECO, and PHI Corporate participate in the Exelon money pool. Pepco, DPL and ACE participate in the PHI intercompany money pool.

Noncurrent Receivables from/Payables to affiliates

COMBINED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)
(Dollars in millions, except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Note 18 — Related Party Transactions

Generation has long-term payables to ComEd and PECO as a result of the nuclear decommissioning contractual construct whereby, to the extent NDT funds are greater than the underlying ARO at the end of decommissioning, such amounts are due back to ComEd and PECO, as applicable, for payment to their respective customers. See Note 9 — Asset Retirement Obligations of the Exelon 2019 Form 10-K for additional information.

The following table presents noncurrent receivables from affiliates at ComEd and PECO which are recorded as noncurrent payables to affiliates at Generation:

	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
ComEd	\$ 2,374	\$ 2,622
PECO	376	480
Other	1	1
Total:	<u>\$ 2,751</u>	<u>\$ 3,103</u>

Long-term debt to financing trusts

The following table presents Long-term debt to financing trusts:

	June 30, 2020			December 31, 2019		
	Exelon	ComEd	PECO	Exelon	ComEd	PECO
ComEd Financing III	\$ 206	\$ 205	\$ —	\$ 206	\$ 205	\$ —
PECO Trust III	81	—	81	81	—	81
PECO Trust IV	103	—	103	103	—	103
Total	<u>\$ 390</u>	<u>\$ 205</u>	<u>\$ 184</u>	<u>\$ 390</u>	<u>\$ 205</u>	<u>\$ 184</u>

Long-term debt to affiliates

In connection with the debt obligations assumed by Exelon as part of the Constellation merger, Exelon and subsidiaries of Generation (former Constellation subsidiaries) assumed intercompany loan agreements that mirror the terms and amounts of the third-party debt obligations of Exelon, resulting in intercompany notes payable included in Long-term debt to affiliates in Generation's Consolidated Balance Sheets and intercompany notes receivable at Exelon Corporate.

19. Subsequent Events (Exelon, PHI, Pepco, DPL, and ACE)

Sale of Transmission Tower Attachment Agreements

On July 1, 2020, Pepco, DPL and ACE each entered into an agreement to sell a 60% undivided interest in their respective portfolios of transmission tower attachment agreements with telecommunications companies to an unrelated owner and manager of communication infrastructure (the Buyer). As part of the transaction, the Buyer will manage the day-to-day operations of the jointly-owned agreements with telecommunications companies for a period of 35 years. In addition, for an initial period of three years for two, two-year extensions that are subject to certain conditions, the Buyer has the exclusive right to enter into new agreements with telecommunications companies and to receive a 30% undivided interest in those new agreements. As a result of the transaction, Pepco, DPL, and ACE received cash and recorded liabilities of \$98 million, \$13 million, and \$13 million, respectively, in the third quarter of 2020.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

(Dollars in millions except per share data, unless otherwise noted)

Exelon

Executive Overview

Exelon is a utility services holding company engaged in the generation, delivery, and marketing of energy through Generation and the energy distribution and transmission businesses through ComEd, PECO, BGE, Pepco, DPL and ACE.

Exelon has eleven reportable segments consisting of Generation's five reportable segments (Mid-Atlantic, Midwest, New York, ERCOT and Other Power Regions), ComEd, PECO, BGE, Pepco, DPL and ACE. See Note 1 — Significant Accounting Policies and Note 4 — Segment Information of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding Exelon's principal subsidiaries and reportable segments.

Exelon's consolidated financial information includes the results of its eight separate operating subsidiary registrants, Generation, ComEd, PECO, BGE, PHI, Pepco, DPL and ACE, which, along with Exelon, are collectively referred to as the Registrants. The following combined Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations is separately filed by Exelon, Generation, ComEd, PECO, BGE, PHI, Pepco, DPL and ACE. However, none of the Registrants makes any representation as to information related solely to any of the other Registrants.

COVID-19. The Registrants have taken steps to mitigate the potential risks posed by the global outbreak (pandemic) of COVID-19. The Registrants provide a critical service to our customers which means that it is paramount that we keep our employees who operate our businesses safe and minimize unnecessary risk of exposure to the virus. The Registrants have taken extra precautions for our employees who work in the field and for employees who continue to work in our facilities. We have implemented work from home policies where appropriate, and imposed travel limitations on our employees. In addition, the Registrants have updated existing business continuity plans in the context of this pandemic.

The Registrants continue to implement strong physical and cyber-security measures to ensure that our systems remain functional in order to both serve our operational needs with a remote workforce and keep them running to ensure uninterrupted service to our customers.

There have been no changes in internal control over financial reporting to date in 2020 as of result of COVID-19 that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, any of the Registrants' internal control over financial reporting. See Item 4. Controls and Procedures for additional information.

The estimated impact to Generation's and the Utility Registrants' Net income as a result of COVID-19 is approximately \$100 million and \$50 million, respectively, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 and primarily reflects the impact of reduction in load, incremental credit loss expense and direct costs related to COVID-19 as further discussed below.

Unfavorable economic conditions due to COVID-19 have impacted the demand for electricity and natural gas in the second quarter of 2020 and are expected to continue to impact demand in the second half of 2020. Commercial and Industrial customer demand has experienced a notable decrease, while residential demand has slightly increased. Generation and the Utility Registrants estimate a net decrease in Net income due to reduction in load of \$50 to \$100 million and \$10 to \$25 million, respectively, in the second half of 2020. Generation and the Utility Registrants load forecasts are highly dependent on many factors including, but not limited to, the duration of remaining restrictions and the speed and strength of the economic recovery. A 1% change in load would result in the following change in Net income in the second half of 2020:

	Generation's Net Income	Utility Registrants' Net Income
Commercial & Industrial Customers	\$ 8	\$ 4
Residential Customers	4	4

Generation temporarily suspended interruption of service for all retail residential customers for non-payment and temporarily ceased new late payment fees for all retail customers from March to May of 2020. Starting in March of 2020, the Utility Registrants also temporarily suspended customer disconnections for non-payment and temporarily ceased new late payment fees for all customers and restored service to customers upon request who were disconnected in the last twelve months. These measures were in place through July 1, 2020 for DPL Delaware and July 15, 2020 for ACE and are currently expected to continue through August 31, 2020 for ComEd, September 1, 2020 for BGE, Pepco Maryland and DPL Maryland, October 9, 2020 for Pepco District of Columbia and until further notice for PECO. As a result of such measures, the Registrants expect an increase in Customer allowance for credit losses for the year ending December 31, 2020. Generation estimates a decrease in Net income due to an increase in credit loss expense of \$15 to \$50 million in the second half of 2020. The Utility Registrants do not expect a material decrease in Net income for the year ending December 31, 2020. Typically, they recover credit loss expense through rate required programs or distribution base rate cases. For those jurisdictions without an existing rate required program to recover credit loss expense, the Utility Registrants are pursuing strategies with their respective commissions to recover incremental costs being incurred as a result of COVID-19. During April, May, and July of 2020, the MDPSC, the DCPSC, the DPSC, and the NJBPU issued orders authorizing the creation of regulatory assets to track incremental COVID-19 related costs. Also, in May of 2020, the PAPUC issued a Secretarial Letter authorizing the creation of regulatory assets to track incremental credit loss expense related to COVID-19. Such orders and the Secretarial Letter will allow for assessment of recovery of those costs in future distribution base rate cases. ComEd and ACE have existing mechanisms for recovery of credit loss expense. The other Utility Registrants are assessing the regulatory facts and circumstances and expect to record regulatory assets in the second half of 2020 for the incremental credit loss expense related to COVID-19, including the expense recorded in the second quarter of 2020. However, the timing and amount of the recovery offset of the increase in credit loss expense could extend beyond 2020, which could have a negative impact on Net income for the year ending December 31, 2020.

The Registrants have also incurred direct costs related to COVID-19 consisting primarily of costs to acquire personal protective equipment, costs for cleaning supplies and services, and costs to hire healthcare professionals to monitor the health of their employees. Such costs are excluded from Adjusted (non-GAAP) Operating Earnings.

To offset part of the unfavorable impacts from reduction in load, increase in credit loss expense and direct costs related to COVID-19, the Registrants identified and are pursuing approximately \$250 million in cost savings across Generation and the Utility Registrants.

The Registrants rely on the capital markets for publicly offered debt as well as the commercial paper markets to meet their financial commitments and short-term liquidity needs. As a result of the disruptions in the commercial paper markets in March of 2020, Generation borrowed \$1.5 billion on its revolving credit facility to refinance commercial paper, which Generation repaid on April 3, 2020. Generation also entered into two short-term loan agreements in March of 2020 for an aggregate of \$500 million. On April 8, 2020, Generation received approximately \$500 million in cash after entering into an accounts receivable financing arrangement. On April 24, 2020, Exelon Corporate entered into a credit agreement establishing a \$550 million 364-day revolving credit facility to be used as an additional source of short-term liquidity. In addition, to date in 2020, the Registrants have issued long-term debt of \$5.1 billion, of which \$4.0 billion was issued in the period of April to July of 2020. The Registrants accelerated the timing of a number of planned debt issuances resulting in the \$4.0 billion issued in the period of April to July of 2020 and the Registrants have now completed their planned long-term debt issuances for the 2020 year. See Liquidity and Capital Resources, Note 12 - Debt and Credit Agreements, and Note 5 - Accounts Receivable of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

The Registrants assessed long-lived assets, goodwill, and investments for recoverability and there were no material impairment charges recorded to date in 2020. Certain assumptions are highly sensitive to changes. Changes in significant assumptions could potentially result in future impairments, which could be material.

This is an evolving situation that could lead to extended disruption of economic activity in our markets. The Registrants will continue to monitor developments affecting our workforce, our customers and our suppliers and we will take additional precautions that we determine are necessary in order to mitigate the impacts. The extent to which

COVID-19 may impact the Registrants' ability to operate their generating and transmission and distribution assets, the ability to access capital markets, and results of operations, including demand for electricity and natural gas, will depend on the spread and proliferation of COVID-19 around the world and future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted at this time.

Financial Results of Operations

GAAP Results of Operations. The following table sets forth Exelon's GAAP consolidated Net Income attributable to common shareholders by Registrant for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 compared to the same period in 2019. For additional information regarding the financial results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 see the discussions of Results of Operations by Registrant.

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Favorable (unfavorable) variance	Six Months Ended June 30,		Favorable (unfavorable) variance
	2020	2019		2020	2019	
Exelon	521	484	\$ 37	\$ 1,103	\$ 1,391	\$ (288)
Generation	476	108	368	521	472	49
ComEd	(61)	186	(247)	107	344	(237)
PECO	39	102	(63)	178	270	(92)
BGE	39	45	(6)	219	206	13
PHI	94	106	(12)	202	223	(21)
Pepco	57	64	(7)	109	119	(10)
DPL	19	30	(11)	64	83	(19)
ACE	18	14	4	31	24	7
Other ^(a)	(66)	(63)	(3)	(124)	(124)	—

(a) Primarily includes eliminating and consolidating adjustments, Exelon's corporate operations, shared service entities and other financing and investing activities.

Three Months Ended June 30, 2020 Compared to Three Months Ended June 30, 2019. Net income attributable to common shareholders increased by \$37 million and diluted earnings per average common share increased to \$0.53 in 2020 from \$0.50 in 2019 primarily due to:

- Higher net unrealized and realized gains on NDT funds;
- Higher mark-to-market gains;
- Lower operating and maintenance expense primarily due to lower contracting costs at Generation; and
- Favorable weather conditions at PECO and DPL Delaware.

The increases were partially offset by:

- Payments that ComEd will make under the Deferred Prosecution Agreement. See Note 14 - Commitments and Contingencies of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information;
- Lower capacity revenue;
- Reduction in load due to COVID-19 at Generation;
- Higher storm costs related to the June 2020 storms at PECO;
- Higher credit loss expense that includes the impacts of COVID-19 at Generation, PECO, Pepco and DPL;
- COVID-19 direct costs; and
- Lower electric distribution earnings at ComEd primarily due to distribution formula rate timing.

Six Months Ended June 30, 2020 Compared to Six Months Ended June 30, 2019. Net income attributable to common shareholders decreased by \$288 million and diluted earnings per average common share decreased to \$1.13 in 2020 from \$1.43 in 2019 primarily due to:

- Payments that ComEd will make under the Deferred Prosecution Agreement. See Note 14 - Commitments and Contingencies of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information;
- Higher net unrealized and realized losses on NDT funds;
- Lower capacity revenue;
- Reduction in load due to COVID-19 at Generation;
- Higher nuclear outage days;
- Higher storm costs related to the June 2020 storms at PECO;
- Higher credit loss expense that includes the impacts of COVID-19 at Generation, PECO, Pepco, and DPL;
- COVID-19 direct costs;
- Unfavorable weather conditions at PECO and ACE; and
- Lower allowed electric distribution ROE due to a decrease in treasury rates.

The decreases were partially offset by:

- Higher mark-to-market gains;
- Lower operating and maintenance expense primarily due to previous cost management programs and lower contracting costs at Generation;
- The approval of the New Jersey ZEC program in the second quarter of 2019;
- An income tax settlement at Generation; and
- Regulatory rate increases at BGE and ACE.

Adjusted (non-GAAP) Operating Earnings. In addition to net income, Exelon evaluates its operating performance using the measure of Adjusted (non-GAAP) operating earnings because management believes it represents earnings directly related to the ongoing operations of the business. Adjusted (non-GAAP) operating earnings exclude certain costs, expenses, gains and losses and other specified items. This information is intended to enhance an investor's overall understanding of year-to-year operating results and provide an indication of Exelon's baseline operating performance excluding items that are considered by management to be not directly related to the ongoing operations of the business. In addition, this information is among the primary indicators management uses as a basis for evaluating performance, allocating resources, setting incentive compensation targets and planning and forecasting of future periods. Adjusted (non-GAAP) operating earnings is not a presentation defined under GAAP and may not be comparable to other companies' presentations or deemed more useful than the GAAP information provided elsewhere in this report.

The following tables provide a reconciliation between net income attributable to common shareholders as determined in accordance with GAAP and adjusted (non-GAAP) operating earnings for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 compared to the same period in 2019.

	Three Months Ended June 30,			
	2020		2019	
		Earnings per Diluted Share		Earnings per Diluted Share
<i>(All amounts in millions after tax)</i>				
Net Income Attributable to Common Shareholders	\$ 521	\$ 0.53	\$ 484	\$ 0.50
Mark-to-Market Impact of Economic Hedging Activities (net of taxes of \$18 and \$22, respectively)	(51)	(0.05)	68	0.07
Unrealized (Gains) Losses Related to NDT Fund Investments (net of taxes of \$275 and \$28, respectively) ^(a)	(305)	(0.31)	52	0.05
Asset Impairments (net of taxes of \$7 and \$1, respectively) ^(b)	19	0.02	1	—
Plant Retirements and Divestitures (net of taxes of \$2 and \$37, respectively) ^(c)	7	0.01	(24)	(0.02)
Cost Management Program (net of taxes of \$3 and \$1, respectively) ^(d)	6	0.01	6	0.01
Litigation Settlement Gain (net of taxes of \$7)	—	—	(19)	(0.02)
Change in Environmental Liabilities (net of taxes of \$0)	1	—	—	—
COVID-19 Direct Costs (net of taxes of \$10) ^(e)	27	0.03	—	—
Deferred Prosecution Agreement Payments (net of taxes of \$0) ^(f)	200	0.20	—	—
Income Tax-Related Adjustments (entire amount represents tax expense)	5	0.01	—	—
Noncontrolling Interests (net of taxes of \$20 and \$3, respectively) ^(g)	104	0.11	15	0.02
Adjusted (non-GAAP) Operating Earnings	\$ 536	\$ 0.55	\$ 583	\$ 0.60

	Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2020		2019	
		Earnings per Diluted Share		Earnings per Diluted Share
(All amounts in millions after tax)				
Net Income Attributable to Common Shareholders	\$ 1,103	\$ 1.13	\$ 1,391	\$ 1.43
Mark-to-Market Impact of Economic Hedging Activities (net of taxes of \$50 and \$34, respectively)	(146)	(0.15)	98	0.10
Unrealized (Gains) Losses Related to NDT Fund Investments (net of taxes of \$130 and \$133, respectively) ^(a)	180	0.18	(142)	(0.15)
Asset Impairments (net of taxes of \$7 and \$2, respectively) ^(b)	21	0.02	6	0.01
Plant Retirements and Divestitures (net of taxes of \$6 and \$32, respectively) ^(c)	20	0.02	(4)	—
Cost Management Program (net of taxes of \$6 and \$7, respectively) ^(d)	17	0.02	16	0.02
Litigation Settlement Gain (net of taxes of \$7)	—	—	(19)	(0.02)
Change in Environmental Liabilities (net of taxes of \$0)	1	—	—	—
COVID-19 Direct Costs (net of taxes of \$10) ^(e)	27	0.03	—	—
Deferred Prosecution Agreement Payments (net of taxes of \$0) ^(f)	200	0.20	—	—
Income Tax-Related Adjustments (entire amount represents tax expense)	4	—	—	—
Noncontrolling Interests (net of taxes of \$10 and \$15, respectively) ^(g)	(40)	(0.04)	82	0.08
Adjusted (non-GAAP) Operating Earnings	\$ 1,387	\$ 1.42	\$ 1,429	\$ 1.47

Note:

Amounts may not sum due to rounding.

Unless otherwise noted, the income tax impact of each reconciling item between GAAP Net Income and Adjusted (non-GAAP) Operating Earnings is based on the marginal statutory federal and state income tax rates for each Registrant, taking into account whether the income or expense item is taxable or deductible, respectively, in whole or in part. For all items except the unrealized gains and losses related to NDT fund investments, the marginal statutory income tax rates for 2020 and 2019 ranged from 26.0% to 29.0%. Under IRS regulations, NDT fund investment returns are taxed at different rates for investments if they are in qualified or non-qualified funds. The effective tax rates for the unrealized gains and losses related to NDT fund investments were 47.4% and 35.1% for the three months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The effective tax rates for the unrealized gains and losses related to NDT fund investments were 41.9% and 48.4% for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

- (a) Reflects the impact of net unrealized gains and losses on Generation's NDT fund investments for Non-Regulatory and Regulatory Agreement Units. The impacts of the Regulatory Agreement Units, including the associated income taxes, are contractually eliminated, resulting in no earnings impact.
- (b) Reflects an impairment at ComEd related to the acquisition of transmission assets and the impairment of certain wind assets at Generation.
- (c) In 2019, primarily reflects net realized gains related to Oyster Creek's NDT fund investments in conjunction with the Holtec sale on July 1, 2019 and a gain on the sale of certain wind assets, partially offset by accelerated depreciation and amortization expenses associated with the early retirement of the TMI nuclear facility. In 2020, primarily reflects accelerated depreciation and amortization expenses associated with the early retirement of certain fossil sites.
- (d) Primarily represents reorganization costs related to cost management programs.
- (e) Represents direct costs related to COVID-19 consisting primarily of costs to acquire personal protective equipment, costs for cleaning supplies and services, and costs to hire healthcare professionals to monitor the health of employees.
- (f) Reflects the payments that ComEd will make under the Deferred Prosecution Agreement. See Note 14 - Commitments and Contingencies of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.
- (g) Represents elimination from Generation's results of the noncontrolling interests related to certain exclusion items, primarily related to unrealized gains and losses on NDT fund investments for CENG units.

Significant 2020 Transactions and Developments

Deferred Prosecution Agreement

On July 17, 2020, ComEd entered into a Deferred Prosecution Agreement (DPA) with the U.S. Attorney's Office for the Northern District of Illinois (USAO) to resolve the USAO's investigation into ComEd's lobbying activities in the State of Illinois. Under the DPA, the USAO filed a single charge alleging that ComEd improperly gave and offered to give jobs, vendor subcontracts, and payments associated with those jobs and subcontracts for the benefit of the Speaker of the Illinois House of Representatives and the Speaker's associates, with the intent to influence the Speaker's action regarding legislation affecting ComEd's interests. The DPA provides that the USAO will defer any prosecution of such charge and any other criminal or civil case against ComEd in connection with the matters identified therein for a three-year period subject to certain obligations of ComEd, including payment to the United States Treasury of \$200 million, with \$100 million payable within thirty days of the filing of the DPA with the United States District Court for the Northern District of Illinois and an additional \$100 million within ninety days of such filing date. The payments will not be recovered in rates or charged to customers, and ComEd will not seek or accept reimbursement or indemnification from any source other than Exelon.

Utility Rates and Base Rate Proceedings

The Utility Registrants file base rate cases with their regulatory commissions seeking increases or decreases to their electric transmission and distribution, and gas distribution rates to recover their costs and earn a fair return on their investments. The outcomes of these regulatory proceedings impact the Utility Registrants' current and future financial statements.

The following tables show the Utility Registrants' completed and pending distribution base rate case proceedings in 2020. See Note 2 — Regulatory Matters of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information on these and other regulatory proceedings.

Completed Distribution Base Rate Case Proceedings

Registrant/Jurisdiction	Filing Date	Requested Revenue Requirement (Decrease) Increase	Approved Revenue Requirement (Decrease) Increase	Approved ROE	Approval Date	Rate Effective Date
ComEd - Illinois (Electric)	April 8, 2019	\$ (6)	\$ (17)	8.91%	December 4, 2019	January 1, 2020
DPL - Maryland (Electric)	December 5, 2019 (amended April 23, 2020)	17	12	9.60%	July 14, 2020	July 16, 2020

Pending Distribution Base Rate Case Proceedings

Registrant/Jurisdiction	Filing Date	Requested Revenue Requirement (Decrease) Increase	Requested ROE	Expected Approval Timing
ComEd - Illinois (Electric)	April 16, 2020	\$ (11)	8.38%	Fourth quarter of 2020
BGE - Maryland (Electric and Natural Gas)	May 15, 2020	235	10.1%	Fourth quarter of 2020
Pepco - District of Columbia (Electric)	May 30, 2019 (amended June 1, 2020)	136	9.7%	Fourth quarter of 2020
DPL - Delaware (Natural Gas)	February 21, 2020 (amended March 17, 2020)	9	10.3%	First quarter of 2021
DPL - Delaware (Electric)	March 6, 2020 (amended April 16, 2020)	24	10.3%	Second quarter of 2021

Transmission Formula Rates

Transmission Formula Rate (Exelon, ComEd, PECO, BGE, PHI, Pepco, DPL and ACE). ComEd's, PECO's, BGE's, Pepco's, DPL's and ACE's transmission rates are each established based on a FERC-approved formula. ComEd, BGE, Pepco, DPL and ACE are required to file an annual update to the FERC-approved formula on or before May 15 and PECO is required to file on or before May 31, with the resulting rates effective on June 1 of the same year. The annual update for ComEd, BGE, DPL and ACE is based on prior year actual costs and current year projected capital additions (initial year revenue requirement). The annual update for PECO is based on prior year actual costs and current year projected capital additions, accumulated depreciation, and accumulated deferred income taxes. The annual update for Pepco is based on prior year actual costs and current year projected capital additions, accumulated depreciation, depreciation and amortization expense and accumulated deferred income taxes. The update for ComEd, BGE, DPL and ACE also reconciles any differences between the revenue requirement in effect beginning June 1 of the prior year and actual costs incurred for that year (annual reconciliation). The update for PECO and Pepco also reconciles any differences between the actual costs and actual revenues for the calendar year (annual reconciliation).

For 2020, the following total increases/(decreases) were included in ComEd's, PECO's, BGE's, Pepco's, DPL's and ACE's electric transmission formula rate filings:

Registrant	Initial Revenue Requirement Increase (Decrease)	Annual Reconciliation Decrease	Total Revenue Requirement Increase (Decrease)	Allowed Return on Rate Base	Allowed ROE
ComEd	\$ 18	\$ (4)	\$ 14	8.17%	11.50%
PECO	5	(28)	(23)	7.47%	10.35%
BGE	16	(3)	4	7.26%	10.50%
Pepco	2	(46)	(44)	7.81%	10.50%
DPL	(4)	(40)	(44)	7.20%	10.50%
ACE	5	(25)	(20)	7.40%	10.50%

Sales of Customer Accounts Receivable

On April 8, 2020, NER, a bankruptcy remote, special purpose entity, which is wholly owned by Generation, entered into an accounts receivable financing facility with a number of financial institutions and a commercial paper conduit to sell certain customer accounts receivables. Generation received approximately \$500 million of cash in accordance with the initial sale of approximately \$1.2 billion receivables. See Note 5 — Accounts Receivable of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

Other Key Business Drivers and Management Strategies

The following discussion of other key business driver and management strategies includes current developments of previously disclosed matters and new issues arising during the period that may impact future financial statements. This section should be read in conjunction with ITEM 1. Business and ITEM 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Other Key Business Drivers and Management Strategies in the Registrants' combined 2019 Form 10-K and Note 14 — Commitments and Contingencies to the Consolidated Financial Statements in this report for additional information on various environmental matters.

Power Markets

Section 232 Uranium Petition

On January 16, 2018, two Canadian-owned uranium mining companies with operations in the U.S. jointly submitted a petition to the U.S. Department of Commerce ("DOC") seeking relief under Section 232 of the Trade Expansion Act of 1962 from imports of uranium products, alleging that these imports threaten national security.

The United States Nuclear Fuel Working Group ("Working Group") report was made public on April 23, 2020. The Working Group report states that nuclear power is intrinsically tied to national security, and promises that the U.S. government will take bold actions to strengthen all parts of the nuclear fuel industry in the U.S. It recommends the Agreement Suspending the Antidumping Investigation on Uranium from the Russian Federation (the "Russian Suspension Agreement") be extended and to consider reducing the amount of Russian imports of nuclear fuel. The Russian Suspension Agreement is the historical resolution of a 1991 DOC investigation that found that the Russians had been selling or "dumping" cheap uranium products into the U.S. The Russian Suspension Agreement has been amended several times in the intervening years to allow Russia to supply limited amounts of uranium products into the U.S. It was set to expire at the end of 2020, but the U.S. government has expressed interest in continuing the limitations on Russian imports by renegotiating the Russian Suspension Agreement.

The Working Group report should be viewed as policy recommendations that may be implemented by executive agencies, congress and or regulatory bodies. Negotiations between the DOC and the Russians on an extension of the Russian Suspension Agreement are in progress at this time, and may result in a reduction in the amount of uranium that can be imported from Russia, which may have the effect of reducing the diversity of supply available to Exelon for uranium, enrichment and conversion services purchases. Exelon and Generation cannot currently predict the outcome of the policy changes recommended by the Working Group.

Hedging Strategy

Exelon's policy to hedge commodity risk on a ratable basis over three-year periods is intended to reduce the financial impact of market price volatility. Generation is exposed to commodity price risk associated with the unhedged portion of its electricity portfolio. Generation enters into non-derivative and derivative contracts, including financially-settled swaps, futures contracts and swap options, and physical options and physical forward contracts, all with credit-approved counterparties, to hedge this anticipated exposure. As of June 30, 2020, the percentage of expected generation hedged for the Mid-Atlantic, Midwest, New York and ERCOT reportable segments is 98%-101% and 76%-79% for 2020 and 2021, respectively. Generation has been and will continue to be proactive in using hedging strategies to mitigate commodity price risk.

Generation procures natural gas through long-term and short-term contracts and spot-market purchases. Nuclear fuel assemblies are obtained predominantly through long-term uranium concentrate supply contracts, contracted conversion services, contracted enrichment services, or a combination thereof, and contracted fuel fabrication services. The supply markets for uranium concentrates and certain nuclear fuel services are subject to price fluctuations and availability restrictions. Approximately 60% of Generation's uranium concentrate requirements from

2020 through 2024 are supplied by three suppliers. In the event of non-performance by these or other suppliers, Generation believes that replacement uranium concentrate can be obtained, although at prices that may be unfavorable when compared to the prices under the current supply agreements. Non-performance by these counterparties could have a material adverse impact on Exelon's and Generation's results of operations, cash flows and financial positions.

See Note 11 — Derivative Financial Instruments of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements and Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk for additional information.

The Utility Registrants mitigate commodity price risk through regulatory mechanisms that allow them to recover procurement costs from retail customers.

Environmental Legislative and Regulatory Developments

Air Quality

Mercury and Air Toxics Standards Rule (MATS). On December 16, 2011, the EPA signed a final rule, known as MATS, to reduce emissions of hazardous air pollutants from power plants. MATS requires coal-fired power plants to achieve high removal rates of mercury, acid gases and other metals, and to make capital investments in pollution control equipment and incur higher operating expenses. In April 2014, the U.S. Court of Appeals for the D.C. Circuit issued a decision upholding MATS in its entirety. On appeal, the U.S. Supreme Court decided in June 2015 that the EPA unreasonably refused to consider costs in determining whether it is appropriate and necessary to regulate power plant emissions of hazardous air pollutants, but did not vacate MATS. In 2016, the EPA issued a supplemental finding responding to the U.S. Supreme Court's decision; the EPA concluded that, after considering costs, it remained appropriate and necessary to regulate hazardous air pollutants from power plants. On May 22, 2020, however, the EPA reversed course, publishing a final rule revoking the "appropriate and necessary" finding underpinning MATS. A coal mining company filed a lawsuit in the U.S. D.C. Circuit court seeking vacatur of MATS based on EPA's May 22, 2020 ruling. On June 22, 2020, Exelon and two other entities filed a motion to intervene in that lawsuit to defend MATS, and on July 21, 2020, they separately filed a lawsuit in the D.C. Circuit court challenging the EPA's May 22, 2020 rescission of the appropriate and necessary finding underpinning MATS.

The Clean Power Plan and Affordable Clean Energy Rule. The EPA's 2015 Clean Power Plan (CPP) established regulations addressing carbon dioxide emissions from existing fossil-fired power plants under Clean Air Act Section 111(d). The CPP's carbon pollution limits could be met through changes to the electric generation system, including shifting generation from higher-emitting units to lower- or zero-emitting units, as well as the development of new or expanded zero-emissions generation. In July 2019, the EPA published its final the Affordable Clean Energy rule, which repealed the CPP and replaced it with less stringent emissions guidelines for existing fossil-fired power plants based on heat rate improvement measures that could be achieved within the fence line of individual plants. Exelon, together with a coalition of other electric utilities, filed a lawsuit in the U.S. Court of Appeals for the D.C. Circuit on September 6, 2019, challenging the Affordable Clean Energy rule as unlawful. This lawsuit has been consolidated with separate challenges to the Affordable Clean Energy rule filed by various states, non-governmental organizations, and business coalitions.

Employees

In June 2020, Generation, ComEd, and DPL ratified or extended CBAs as follows:

- Generation ratified its CBA with SPFPA Local 238, which covers 122 security officers at Quad Cities. The CBA expires in 2023.
- ComEd extended its CBA with IBEW Local 15 to 2022, which covers 80 employees in the System Services Group.
- DPL ratified its CBAs with IBEW Locals 1238 and 1307, which together cover 857 employees. Both CBAs expire in 2024.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Management of each of the Registrants makes a number of significant estimates, assumptions and judgments in the preparation of its financial statements. At June 30, 2020, the Registrants' critical accounting policies and estimates had not changed significantly from December 31, 2019. See ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS — Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates in the Registrants' 2019 Form 10-K for further information.

Results of Operations by Registrant

Results of Operations — Generation

Generation's Results of Operations includes discussion of RNF, which is a financial measure not defined under GAAP and may not be comparable to other companies' presentations or deemed more useful than the GAAP information provided elsewhere in this report. The CODMs for Exelon and Generation evaluate the performance of Generation's electric business activities and allocate resources based on RNF. Generation believes that RNF is a useful measure because it provides information that can be used to evaluate its operational performance.

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Favorable (Unfavorable) Variance	Six Months Ended June 30,		(Unfavorable) Favorable Variance
	2020	2019		2020	2019	
Operating revenues	\$ 3,880	\$ 4,210	\$ (330)	\$ 8,613	\$ 9,506	\$ (893)
Purchased power and fuel expense	1,942	2,292	350	4,646	5,497	851
Revenues net of purchased power and fuel expense	1,938	1,918	20	3,967	4,009	(42)
Other operating expenses						
Operating and maintenance	1,189	1,266	77	2,451	2,484	33
Depreciation and amortization	300	409	109	604	814	210
Taxes other than income taxes	116	129	13	246	264	18
Total other operating expenses	1,605	1,804	199	3,301	3,562	261
Gain on sales of assets and businesses	12	33	(21)	12	33	(21)
Operating income	345	147	198	678	480	198
Other income and (deductions)						
Interest expense, net	(87)	(116)	29	(197)	(227)	30
Other, net	602	171	431	(168)	601	(769)
Total other income and (deductions)	515	55	460	(365)	374	(739)
Income before income taxes	860	202	658	313	854	(541)
Income taxes	329	78	(251)	(59)	301	360
Equity in losses of unconsolidated affiliates	(2)	(6)	4	(4)	(13)	9
Net income	529	118	411	368	540	(172)
Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	53	10	43	(153)	68	(221)
Net income attributable to membership interest	\$ 476	\$ 108	\$ 368	\$ 521	\$ 472	\$ 49

Three Months Ended June 30, 2020 Compared to Three Months Ended June 30, 2019. Net income attributable to membership interest increased \$368 million by primarily due to:

- Higher net unrealized and realized gains on NDT funds;
- Higher mark-to-market gains; and
- Lower operating and maintenance expense primarily due to lower contracting costs.

The increases were partially offset by:

- Lower capacity revenue;

- Reduction in load due to COVID-19;
- COVID-19 direct costs; and
- Higher credit loss expense that includes the impacts of COVID-19.

Six Months Ended June 30, 2020 Compared to Six Months Ended June 30, 2019. Net income attributable to membership interest increased \$49 million by primarily due to:

- Higher mark-to-market gains;
- Lower operating and maintenance expense primarily due to previous cost management programs and lower contracting costs;
- The approval of the New Jersey ZEC program in the second quarter of 2019; and
- An income tax settlement.

The increases were partially offset by:

- Higher net unrealized and realized losses on NDT funds;
- Lower capacity revenue;
- Reduction in load due to COVID-19;
- Higher nuclear outage days;
- COVID-19 direct costs; and
- Higher credit loss expense that includes the impacts of COVID-19.

Revenues Net of Purchased Power and Fuel Expense. The basis for Generation's reportable segments is the integrated management of its electricity business that is located in different geographic regions, and largely representative of the footprints of ISO/RTO and/or NERC regions, which utilize multiple supply sources to provide electricity through various distribution channels (wholesale and retail). Generation's hedging strategies and risk metrics are also aligned with these same geographic regions. Generation's five reportable segments are Mid-Atlantic, Midwest, New York, ERCOT and Other Power Regions. See Note 4 - Segment Information of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information on these reportable segments.

The following business activities are not allocated to a region and are reported under Other: natural gas, as well as other miscellaneous business activities that are not significant to overall operating revenues or results of operations. Further, the following activities are not allocated to a region and are reported in Other: accelerated nuclear fuel amortization associated with nuclear decommissioning; and other miscellaneous revenues.

Generation evaluates the operating performance of electric business activities using the measure of RNF. Operating revenues include all sales to third parties and affiliated sales to the Utility Registrants. Purchased power costs include all costs associated with the procurement and supply of electricity including capacity, energy and ancillary services. Fuel expense includes the fuel costs for owned generation and fuel costs associated with tolling agreements.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 compared to 2019, RNF by region were as follows. See Note 4 - Segment Information of the Combined Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information on Purchase power and fuel expense for Generation's reportable segments.

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2020	2019	Variance	% Change	2020	2019	Variance	% Change
Mid-Atlantic ^(a)	\$ 525	\$ 652	\$ (127)	(19.5)%	\$ 1,092	\$ 1,334	\$ (242)	(18.1)%
Midwest ^(b)	703	730	(27)	(3.7)%	1,427	1,500	(73)	(4.9)%
New York	246	253	(7)	(2.8)%	440	519	(79)	(15.2)%
ERCOT	97	79	18	22.8 %	177	154	23	14.9 %
Other Power Regions	157	134	23	17.2 %	312	292	20	6.8 %
Total electric revenues net of purchased power and fuel expense	1,728	1,848	(120)	(6.5)%	3,448	3,799	(351)	(9.2)%
Mark-to-market gains (losses)	85	(74)	159	214.9 %	218	(102)	320	313.7 %
Other	125	144	(19)	(13.2)%	301	312	(11)	(3.5)%
Total revenue net of purchased power and fuel expense	\$ 1,938	\$ 1,918	\$ 20	1.0 %	\$ 3,967	\$ 4,009	\$ (42)	(1.0)%

(a) Includes results of transactions with PECO, BGE, Pepco, DPL and ACE.

(b) Includes results of transactions with ComEd.

Generation's supply sources by region are summarized below:

Supply Source (GWs)	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2020	2019	Variance	% Change	2020	2019	Variance	% Change
Nuclear Generation^(a)								
Mid-Atlantic	13,167	14,075	(908)	(6.5)%	25,951	29,155	(3,204)	(11.0)%
Midwest	23,860	23,996	(136)	(0.6)%	47,458	47,729	(271)	(0.6)%
New York	6,389	6,677	(288)	(4.3)%	12,562	13,579	(1,017)	(7.5)%
Total Nuclear Generation	43,416	44,748	(1,332)	(3.0)%	85,971	90,463	(4,492)	(5.0)%
Fossil and Renewables								
Mid-Atlantic	707	915	(208)	(22.7)%	1,560	1,865	(305)	(16.4)%
Midwest	268	328	(60)	(18.3)%	656	719	(63)	(8.8)%
New York	1	1	—	— %	2	2	—	— %
ERCOT	3,251	3,066	185	6.0 %	6,263	6,144	119	1.9 %
Other Power Regions	2,603	2,514	89	3.5 %	6,110	5,654	456	8.1 %
Total Fossil and Renewables	6,830	6,824	6	0.1 %	14,591	14,384	207	1.4 %
Purchased Power								
Mid-Atlantic	3,730	2,557	1,173	45.9 %	9,672	5,123	4,549	88.8 %
Midwest	236	250	(14)	(5.6)%	524	538	(14)	(2.6)%
ERCOT	1,255	1,213	42	3.5 %	2,246	2,255	(9)	(0.4)%
Other Power Regions	11,303	11,116	187	1.7 %	23,469	23,684	(215)	(0.9)%
Total Purchased Power	16,524	15,136	1,388	9.2 %	35,911	31,600	4,311	13.6 %
Total Supply/Sales by Region^(c)								
Mid-Atlantic ^(b)	17,604	17,547	57	0.3 %	37,183	36,143	1,040	2.9 %
Midwest ^(b)	24,364	24,574	(210)	(0.9)%	48,638	48,986	(348)	(0.7)%
New York	6,390	6,678	(288)	(4.3)%	12,564	13,581	(1,017)	(7.5)%
ERCOT	4,506	4,279	227	5.3 %	8,509	8,399	110	1.3 %
Other Power Regions	13,906	13,630	276	2.0 %	29,579	29,338	241	0.8 %
Total Supply/Sales by Region	66,770	66,708	62	0.1 %	136,473	136,447	26	— %

(a) Includes the proportionate share of output where Generation has an undivided ownership interest in jointly-owned generating plants and includes the total output of plants that are fully consolidated (e.g. CENG).

(b) Includes affiliate sales to PECO, BGE, Pepco, DPL and ACE in the Mid-Atlantic region and affiliate sales to ComEd in the Midwest region.

(c) Reflects a decrease in load due to COVID-19.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 compared to 2019, changes in **RNF** by region were as follows:

	Increase/ (Decrease)	Three Months Ended June 30, 2020	Increase/ (Decrease)	Six Months Ended June 30, 2020
Mid-Atlantic	\$ (127)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • decreased capacity revenue • decreased revenue due to permanent cease of generation operations at Three Mile Island in the third quarter of 2019 • decreased load due to COVID-19 • lower realized energy prices, partially offset by • increased ZEC revenues due to decreased nuclear outage days at Salem 	\$ (242)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • decreased capacity revenue • decreased revenue due to permanent cease of generation operations at Three Mile Island in the third quarter of 2019 • decreased load due to COVID-19 • lower realized energy prices, partially offset by • increased ZEC revenues due to the approval of the NJ ZEC program in the second quarter of 2019
Midwest	(27)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • decreased capacity revenue • decreased load due to COVID-19 • lower realized energy prices 	(73)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • decreased capacity revenue • decreased load due to COVID-19 • lower realized energy prices
New York	(7)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • decreased load due to COVID-19 • lower realized energy prices, partially offset by • increased capacity revenues 	(79)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • decreased load due to COVID-19 • lower realized energy prices • increased nuclear outage days
ERCOT	18	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • higher portfolio optimization, partially offset by • decreased load due to COVID-19 	23	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • higher portfolio optimization partially offset by • decreased load due to COVID-19
Other Power Regions	23	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • higher portfolio optimization, partially offset by • decreased capacity revenue • decreased load due to COVID-19 	20	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • higher portfolio optimization, partially offset by • decreased capacity revenue • decreased load due to COVID-19
Mark-to-market ^(a)	159	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • gains on economic hedging activities of \$85 million in 2020 compared to losses of \$74 million in 2019 	320	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • gains on economic hedging activities of \$218 million in 2020 compared to losses of \$102 million in 2019
Other	(19)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • decreased revenue related to the energy efficiency business 	(11)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • decreased revenue related to the energy efficiency business
Total	\$ 20		\$ (42)	

(a) See Note 11 — Derivative Financial Instruments for additional information on mark-to-market gains (losses).

Nuclear Fleet Capacity Factor. The following table presents nuclear fleet operating data for the Generation-operated plants, which reflects ownership percentage of stations operated by Exelon, excluding Salem, which is operated by PSEG. The nuclear fleet capacity factor presented in the table is defined as the ratio of the actual output of a plant over a period of time to its output if the plant had operated at full average annual mean capacity for that time period. Generation considers capacity factor to be a useful measure to analyze the nuclear fleet performance between periods. Generation has included the analysis below as a complement to the financial information provided in accordance with GAAP. However, these measures are not a presentation defined under GAAP and may not be comparable to other companies' presentations or be more useful than the GAAP information provided elsewhere in this report.

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Nuclear fleet capacity factor	95.4%	95.1%	94.7%	96.1%
Refueling outage days	92	56	186	130
Non-refueling outage days	—	28	11	28

The changes in **Operating and maintenance expense** consisted of the following:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2020		Six Months Ended June 30, 2020	
	Increase (Decrease)		Increase (Decrease)	
Litigation Settlements	\$	26	\$	26
COVID-19 Direct Costs		23		23
Nuclear refueling outage costs, including the co-owned Salem plants		12		54
Credit loss expense ^(a)		12		17
Asset Impairments		9		5
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefits expense		(4)		(9)
Accretion expense		(5)		(15)
Other		(9)		(4)
Travel and Entertainment		(11)		(12)
Plant retirements and divestitures		(13)		69
Corporate allocations		(16)		(27)
Labor, other benefits, contracting and materials ^(b)		(101)		(160)
Increase in operating and maintenance expense	\$	(77)	\$	(33)

(a) Increased credit loss expense including impacts from COVID-19.

(b) Primarily reflects decreased costs related to the permanent cease of generation operations at TMI and lower labor costs resulting from previous cost management programs.

Depreciation and amortization expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 compared to the same period in 2019 decreased primarily due to the permanent cease of generation operations at Three Mile Island in the third quarter of 2019.

Taxes other than income taxes for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 compared to the same period in 2019 decreased primarily due to decreased sales and power usage.

Gain on sales of assets and businesses for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 compared to the same period in 2019 decreased primarily due to Generation's gain on sale of certain wind assets in the second quarter of 2019.

Interest Expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 compared to the same period in 2019 decreased primarily due to the maturity of long-term debt in the first and second quarter of 2020.

Other, net for the three months ended June 30, 2020 compared to the same period in 2019 increased and for the six months ended June 30, 2020 compared to the same period in 2019 decreased due to activity associated with NDT funds as described in the table below:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Net unrealized (losses) gains on NDT funds ^(a)	\$ 452	\$ (98)	\$ (253)	\$ 182
Net realized gains on sale of NDT funds ^(a)	3	193	58	222
Interest and dividend income on NDT funds ^(a)	19	36	46	61
Contractual elimination of income tax expense ^(b)	134	34	(43)	120
Other	(6)	6	24	16
Total other, net	\$ 602	\$ 171	\$ (168)	\$ 601

(a) Unrealized gains (losses), realized gains and interest and dividend income on the NDT funds are associated with the Non-Regulatory Agreement units.

(b) Contractual elimination of income tax expense is associated with the income taxes on the NDT funds of the Regulatory Agreement units.

Effective income tax rates were 38.3% and 38.6% for the three months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Generation's effective income tax rates were (18.8)% and 35.2% for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The change primarily reflects one-time tax settlements. See Note 12 — Income Taxes of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information

Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests for the three months ended June 30, 2020 compared to the same period in 2019 increased primarily due to higher net gains on NDT fund investments for CENG and for the six months ended June 30, 2020 compared to the same period in 2019 decreased primarily due to unrealized losses on NDT fund investments for CENG.

Results of Operations — ComEd

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Favorable (Unfavorable) Variance	Six Months Ended June 30,		Favorable (Unfavorable) Variance
	2020	2019		2020	2019	
Operating revenues	\$ 1,417	\$ 1,351	\$ 66	\$ 2,856	\$ 2,759	\$ 97
Operating expenses						
Purchased power expense	464	407	(57)	951	892	(59)
Operating and maintenance	536	305	(231)	853	626	(227)
Depreciation and amortization	274	257	(17)	547	508	(39)
Taxes other than income taxes	71	71	—	146	148	2
Total operating expenses	1,345	1,040	(305)	2,497	2,174	(323)
Gain on sales of assets	—	—	—	—	3	(3)
Operating income	72	311	(239)	359	588	(229)
Other income and (deductions)						
Interest expense, net	(98)	(89)	(9)	(192)	(178)	(14)
Other, net	11	10	1	22	19	3
Total other income and (deductions)	(87)	(79)	(8)	(170)	(159)	(11)
(Loss) income before income taxes	(15)	232	(247)	189	429	(240)
Income taxes	46	46	—	82	85	3
Net (loss) income	\$ (61)	\$ 186	\$ (247)	\$ 107	\$ 344	\$ (237)

Three Months Ended June 30, 2020 Compared to Three Months Ended June 30, 2019. Net income decreased \$247 million as compared to the same period in 2019, primarily due to payments that ComEd will make under the Deferred Prosecution Agreement, an impairment charge resulting from acquisition of transmission assets, and distribution formula rate timing. See Note 14 — Commitments and Contingencies of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information related to the Deferred Prosecution Agreement.

Six Months Ended June 30, 2020 Compared to Six Months Ended June 30, 2019. Net income decreased \$237 million as compared to the same period in 2019, primarily due to payments that ComEd will make under the Deferred Prosecution Agreement, an impairment charge resulting from acquisition of transmission assets, and lower allowed electric distribution ROE due to a decrease in treasury rates, partially offset by higher electric distribution formula rate earnings (reflecting the impacts of higher rate base). See Note 14 — Commitments and Contingencies of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information related to the Deferred Prosecution Agreement.

The changes in **Operating revenues** consisted of the following:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2020	Six Months Ended June 30, 2020
	Increase (Decrease)	Increase (Decrease)
Electric distribution	\$ —	\$ 21
Transmission	(4)	(12)
Energy efficiency	6	19
Regulatory required programs	64	69
Total increase	\$ 66	\$ 97

Revenue Decoupling. The demand for electricity is affected by weather conditions and customer usage. Operating revenues are not impacted by abnormal weather, usage per customer or number of customers as a result of a change to the electric distribution formula rate pursuant to FEJA.

Distribution Revenue. EIMA and FEJA provide for a performance-based formula rate, which requires an annual reconciliation of the revenue requirement in effect to the actual costs that the ICC determines are prudently and reasonably incurred in a given year. Electric distribution revenue varies from year to year based upon fluctuations in the underlying costs, (e.g., severe weather and storm restoration), investments being recovered, and allowed ROE. Electric distribution revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2020 compared to the same period in 2019 remained relatively consistent. Electric distribution revenue increased during the six months ended June 30, 2020 as compared to the same period in 2019, primarily due to the impact of higher rate base and higher fully recoverable costs, offset by lower allowed ROE due to a decrease in treasury rates. See Note 2 — Regulatory Matters of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

Transmission Revenue. Under a FERC-approved formula, transmission revenue varies from year to year based upon fluctuations in the underlying costs, capital investments being recovered and the highest daily peak load, which is updated annually in January based on the prior calendar year. Generally, increases/decreases in the highest daily peak load will result in higher/lower transmission revenue. Transmission revenue decreased for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 as compared to the same period in 2019, primarily due to the impact of decreased peak load partially offset by higher fully recoverable costs. See Note 2 — Regulatory Matters of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

Energy Efficiency Revenue. FEJA provides for a performance-based formula rate, which requires an annual reconciliation of the revenue requirement in effect to the actual costs that the ICC determines are prudently and reasonably incurred in a given year. Under FEJA, energy efficiency revenue varies from year to year based upon fluctuations in the underlying costs, investments being recovered, and allowed ROE. Energy efficiency revenue increased during the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 as compared to the same period in 2019, primarily due to the increased regulatory asset amortization. See Depreciation and amortization expense discussions below and Note 2 — Regulatory Matters of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

Regulatory Required Programs represents revenues collected under approved riders to recover costs incurred for regulatory programs such as recoveries under the credit loss expense tariff, environmental costs associated with MGP sites, and costs related to electricity, ZEC and REC procurement. The riders are designed to provide full and current cost recovery. The costs of these programs are included in Purchased power and fuel expense, Operating and maintenance expense, Depreciation and amortization expense and Taxes other than income. Customers have the choice to purchase electricity from competitive electric generation suppliers. Customer choice programs do not impact the volume of deliveries but impact Operating revenues related to supplied electricity. Drivers of Operating revenues related to electricity, ZEC and REC procurement costs and participation in customer choice programs are fully offset by their impact on Purchased power and fuel expense. ComEd recovers electricity, ZEC and REC procurement costs from customers without mark-up.

See Note 4 — Segment Information of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the presentation of ComEd's revenue disaggregation.

The increase of \$57 million and \$59 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 compared to the same period in 2019, respectively, in **Purchased power expense** is offset in Operating revenues as part of regulatory required programs.

The changes in **Operating and maintenance expense** consisted of the following:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2020	Six Months Ended June 30, 2020
	Increase (Decrease)	(Decrease) Increase
Deferred Prosecution Agreement payments ^(a)	\$ 200	\$ 200
Storm-related costs	9	2
BSC costs	6	16
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefits expense	2	4
Labor, other benefits, contracting and materials	1	(9)
Other ^(b)	10	13
	228	226
Regulatory required programs ^(c)	3	1
Total increase	\$ 231	\$ 227

(a) See Note 14 — Commitments and Contingencies of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

(b) Primarily reflects impairment charge related to acquisition of transmission assets.

(c) ComEd is allowed to recover from or refund to customers the difference between its annual credit loss expense and the amounts collected in rates annually through a rider mechanism. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2020, ComEd recorded a net increase in credit losses account due to the timing of regulatory cost recovery. An equal and offsetting amount has been recognized in Operating revenues for the period presented.

The changes in **Depreciation and amortization expense** consisted of the following:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2020	Six Months Ended June 30, 2020
	Increase	Increase
Depreciation and amortization ^(a)	\$ 14	\$ 28
Regulatory asset amortization ^(b)	3	11
Total increase	\$ 17	\$ 39

(a) Reflects ongoing capital expenditures.

(b) Includes amortization of ComEd's energy efficiency formula rate regulatory asset.

Effective income tax rate were (306.7)% and 19.8% for the three months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively, and 43.4% and 19.8% for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019. See Note 9 — Income Taxes of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding the components of the effective income tax rates.

Results of Operations — PECO

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Favorable (Unfavorable) Variance	Six Months Ended June 30,		Favorable (Unfavorable) Variance
	2020	2019		2020	2019	
Operating revenues	\$ 681	\$ 655	\$ 26	\$ 1,493	\$ 1,554	\$ (61)
Operating expenses						
Purchased power and fuel expense	216	191	(25)	499	520	21
Operating and maintenance	275	199	(76)	492	424	(68)
Depreciation and amortization	88	83	(5)	173	164	(9)
Taxes other than income taxes	39	37	(2)	78	79	1
Total operating expenses	618	510	(108)	1,242	1,187	(55)
Operating income	63	145	(82)	251	367	(116)
Other income and (deductions)						
Interest expense, net	(36)	(33)	(3)	(71)	(67)	(4)
Other, net	5	3	2	7	7	—
Total other income and (deductions)	(31)	(30)	(1)	(64)	(60)	(4)
Income before income taxes	32	115	(83)	187	307	(120)
Income taxes	(7)	13	20	9	37	28
Net income	\$ 39	\$ 102	\$ (63)	\$ 178	\$ 270	\$ (92)

Three Months Ended June 30, 2020 Compared to Three Months Ended June 30, 2019. Net income decreased by \$63 million primarily due to higher storm costs due to June 2020 storms and an increase in credit loss expense including the impacts of COVID-19, partially offset by favorable weather conditions.

Six Months Ended June 30, 2020 Compared to Six Months Ended June 30, 2019. Net income decreased by \$92 million primarily due to unfavorable weather conditions, higher storm costs due to June 2020 storms, and an increase in credit loss expense including the impacts of COVID-19.

The changes in **Operating revenues** consisted of the following:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2020			Six Months Ended June 30, 2020		
	Increase (Decrease)			Increase (Decrease)		
	Electric	Gas	Total	Electric	Gas	Total
Weather	\$ 3	\$ 8	\$ 11	\$ (23)	\$ (13)	\$ (36)
Volume	3	(3)	—	(4)	(6)	(10)
Pricing	(2)	1	(1)	6	5	11
Transmission	—	—	—	2	—	2
Other	(4)	—	(4)	(4)	(1)	(5)
	—	6	6	(23)	(15)	(38)
Regulatory required programs	20	—	20	27	(50)	(23)
Total increase (decrease)	\$ 20	\$ 6	\$ 26	\$ 4	\$ (65)	\$ (61)

Weather. The demand for electricity and natural gas is affected by weather conditions. With respect to the electric business, very warm weather in summer months and, with respect to the electric and natural gas businesses, very cold weather in winter months are referred to as “favorable weather conditions” because these weather conditions result in increased deliveries of electricity and natural gas. Conversely, mild weather reduces demand. During the three months ended June 30, 2020 compared to the same period in 2019, Operating revenues related to weather increased by the impact of favorable weather conditions in PECO’s service territory. During the six months ended

June 30, 2020 compared to the same period in 2019, Operating revenues related to weather decreased by the impact of unfavorable weather conditions in PECO's service territory.

Heating and cooling degree-days are quantitative indices that reflect the demand for energy needed to heat or cool a home or business. Normal weather is determined based on historical average heating and cooling degree-days for a 30-year period in PECO's service territory. The changes in heating and cooling degree-days in PECO's service territory for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 compared to the same period in 2019 and normal weather consisted of the following:

<u>Heating and Cooling Degree-Days</u>	2020	2019	Normal	% Change	
				From 2019	2020 vs. Normal
Three Months Ended June 30,					
Heating Degree-Days	568	270	432	110.4 %	31.5 %
Cooling Degree-Days	376	425	386	(11.5)%	(2.6)%
Six Months Ended June 30,					
Heating Degree-Days	2,557	2,702	2,850	(5.4)%	(10.3)%
Cooling Degree-Days	376	427	387	(11.9)%	(2.8)%

Volume. Electric volume, exclusive of the effects of weather, for the three months ended June 30, 2020 compared to the same period in 2019, increased on a net basis due to an increase in usage for residential customers partially offset by a decrease for commercial and industrial customers due to COVID-19. Residential volumes were further increased by customer growth. Electric volume, exclusive of the effects of weather, for the six months ended June 30, 2020 compared to the same period in 2019, decreased on a net basis due to a decrease in usage for commercial and industrial customers partially offset by an increase in usage for residential customers due to COVID-19. Volumes further decreased as a result of the impact of energy efficiency initiatives across all customer classes partially offset by increases due to customer growth. Natural gas volume for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020, compared to the same period in 2019, decreased on a net basis due to a decrease in usage for the commercial and industrial natural gas classes partially offset by increased usage for the residential natural gas class due to COVID-19.

<u>Electric Retail Deliveries to Customers (in GWhs)</u>	Three Months Ended June 30,			Weather - Normal % Change ^(b)	Six Months Ended June 30,			Weather - Normal % Change ^(b)
	2020	2019	% Change		2020	2019	% Change	
Residential	3,143	2,821	11.4 %	8.4 %	6,397	6,462	(1.0)%	3.3 %
Small commercial & industrial	1,571	1,823	(13.8)%	(12.9)%	3,476	3,889	(10.6)%	(7.7)%
Large commercial & industrial	3,181	3,769	(15.6)%	(14.7)%	6,602	7,340	(10.1)%	(9.2)%
Public authorities & electric railroads	112	182	(38.5)%	(38.5)%	263	377	(30.2)%	(30.4)%
Total electric retail deliveries ^(a)	8,007	8,595	(6.8)%	(7.1)%	16,738	18,068	(7.4)%	(4.8)%

<u>Number of Electric Customers</u>	As of June 30,	
	2020	2019
Residential	1,501,259	1,486,973
Small commercial & industrial	154,016	153,387
Large commercial & industrial	3,096	3,105
Public authorities & electric railroads	10,119	9,733
Total	1,668,490	1,653,198

- (a) Reflects delivery volumes from customers purchasing electricity directly from PECO and customers purchasing electricity from a competitive electric generation supplier as all customers are assessed distribution charges.
- (b) Reflects the change in delivery volumes assuming normalized weather based on the historical 30-year average.

Natural Gas Deliveries to Customers (in mmcf)	Three Months Ended June 30,			Weather - Normal % Change ^(b)	Six Months Ended June 30,			Weather - Normal % Change ^(b)
	2020	2019	% Change		2020	2019	% Change	
Residential	6,464	3,351	92.9 %	9.3 %	23,746	24,569	(3.3)%	1.2 %
Small commercial & industrial	2,054	4,040	(49.2)%	(46.0)%	10,863	14,684	(26.0)%	(10.8)%
Large commercial & industrial	3	17	(82.4)%	(30.0)%	12	36	(66.7)%	(18.0)%
Transportation	5,148	5,719	(10.0)%	(16.0)%	12,283	13,692	(10.3)%	(8.0)%
Total natural gas retail deliveries ^(a)	13,669	13,127	4.1 %	(13.7)%	46,904	52,981	(11.5)%	(4.3)%

Number of Natural Gas Customers	As of June 30,	
	2020	2019
Residential	489,201	483,657
Small commercial & industrial	44,189	43,953
Large commercial & industrial	6	2
Transportation	719	737
Total	534,115	528,349

- (a) Reflects delivery volumes from customers purchasing natural gas directly from PECO and customers purchasing natural gas from a competitive natural gas supplier as all customers are assessed distribution charges.
- (b) Reflects the change in delivery volumes assuming normalized weather based on the historical 30-year average.

Pricing for the three months ended June 30, 2020 compared to the same period in 2019 remained relatively consistent. Pricing for the six months ended June 30, 2020 compared to the same period in 2019 increased primarily due to higher overall effective rates due to decreased usage across all major customer classes. Additionally, the increase represents revenue from higher natural gas distribution rates.

Transmission Revenue. Under a FERC approved formula, transmission revenue varies from year to year based upon fluctuations in the underlying costs and capital investments being recovered. Transmission revenue for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 compared to the same period in 2019 remained relatively consistent.

Regulatory Required Programs represents revenues collected under approved riders to recover costs incurred for regulatory programs such as energy efficiency, PGC, and the GSA. The riders are designed to provide full and current cost recovery as well as a return. The costs of these programs are included in Purchased power and fuel expense, Operating and maintenance expense, Depreciation and amortization expense and Income taxes. Customers have the choice to purchase electricity and natural gas from competitive electric generation and natural gas suppliers. Customer choice programs do not impact the volume of deliveries but impact Operating revenues related to supplied electricity and natural gas. Drivers of Operating revenues related to commodity and REC procurement costs and participation in customer choice programs are fully offset by their impact on Purchased power and fuel expense. PECO recovers electricity, natural gas and REC procurement costs from customers without mark-up.

Other revenue primarily includes revenue related to late payment charges. Other revenues decreased for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020, compared to the same period in 2019, as PECO temporarily suspended customer disconnections for non-payment and temporarily ceased new late fees for all customers and restored service to customers upon request who were disconnected in the last twelve months.

See Note 4— Segment Information of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the presentation of PECO's revenue disaggregation.

The increase of \$25 million and decrease of \$21 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 compared to the same period in 2019, respectively, in **Purchased power and fuel expense** is fully offset in Operating revenues as part of regulatory required programs.

The changes in **Operating and maintenance expense** consisted of the following:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2020	Six Months Ended June 30, 2020
	Increase (Decrease)	(Decrease) Increase
Storm-related costs ^(a)	\$ 61	\$ 53
Credit loss expense ^(b)	18	19
Labor, other benefits, contracting and materials	1	(5)
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefits expense	(1)	(1)
Other	(3)	2
Total increase	\$ 76	\$ 68

(a) Reflects increased storm costs due to the June 2020 storms.

(b) Increased credit loss expense including impacts from COVID-19.

The changes in **Depreciation and amortization expense** consisted of the following:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2020	Six Months Ended June 30, 2020
	Increase	Increase (Decrease)
Depreciation and amortization ^(a)	\$ 5	\$ 10
Regulatory asset amortization	—	(1)
Total increase	\$ 5	\$ 9

(a) Depreciation and amortization increased primarily due to ongoing capital expenditures.

Effective Income Tax Rates were (21.9)% and 11.3% for the three months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively, and 4.8% and 12.1% for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019. See Note 9 — Income Taxes of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding the components of the effective income tax rates.

Results of Operations — BGE

	Three Months Ended June 30,		(Unfavorable) Favorable Variance	Six Months Ended June 30,		(Unfavorable) Favorable Variance
	2020	2019		2020	2019	
Operating revenues	\$ 616	\$ 649	\$ (33)	\$ 1,554	\$ 1,625	\$ (71)
Operating expenses						
Purchased power and fuel expense	194	208	14	483	570	87
Operating and maintenance	187	182	(5)	376	372	(4)
Depreciation and amortization	129	117	(12)	272	252	(20)
Taxes other than income taxes	63	62	(1)	132	131	(1)
Total operating expenses	573	569	(4)	1,263	1,325	62
Operating income	43	80	(37)	291	300	(9)
Other income and (deductions)						
Interest expense, net	(32)	(29)	(3)	(64)	(58)	(6)
Other, net	6	5	1	10	11	(1)
Total other income and (deductions)	(26)	(24)	(2)	(54)	(47)	(7)
Income before income taxes	17	56	(39)	237	253	(16)
Income taxes	(22)	11	33	18	47	29
Net income	\$ 39	\$ 45	\$ (6)	\$ 219	\$ 206	\$ 13

Three Months Ended June 30, 2020 Compared to Three Months Ended June 30, 2019. Net income remained relatively consistent.

Six Months Ended June 30, 2020 Compared to Six Months Ended June 30, 2019. Net income increased by \$13 million primarily due to higher natural gas and electric distribution rates that became effective December 2019.

The changes in **Operating revenues** consisted of the following:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2020			Six Months Ended June 30, 2020		
	Increase (Decrease)			Increase (Decrease)		
	Electric	Gas	Total	Electric	Gas	Total
Distribution	\$ 1	\$ 6	\$ 7	\$ 10	\$ 35	\$ 45
Transmission	(17)	—	(17)	(11)	—	(11)
Other	(5)	(3)	(8)	(2)	(4)	(6)
	(21)	3	(18)	(3)	31	28
Regulatory required programs	(14)	(1)	(15)	(77)	(22)	(99)
Total (decrease) increase	\$ (35)	\$ 2	\$ (33)	\$ (80)	\$ 9	\$ (71)

Revenue Decoupling. The demand for electricity and natural gas is affected by weather and customer usage. However, Operating revenues are not impacted by abnormal weather or usage per customer as a result of a bill stabilization adjustment (BSA) that provides for a fixed distribution charge per customer by customer class. While Operating revenues are not impacted by abnormal weather or usage per customer, they are impacted by changes in the number of customers.

<u>Number of Electric Customers</u>	As of June 30,	
	2020	2019
Residential	1,185,718	1,171,815
Small commercial & industrial	114,118	113,982
Large commercial & industrial	12,416	12,275
Public authorities & electric railroads	264	264
Total	1,312,516	1,298,336

<u>Number of Natural Gas Customers</u>	As of June 30,	
	2020	2019
Residential	643,745	634,939
Small commercial & industrial	38,255	38,164
Large commercial & industrial	6,079	5,991
Total	688,079	679,094

Distribution Revenue increased for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020, compared to the same period in 2019, primarily due to the impact of higher natural gas and electric distribution rates that became effective in December 2019. See Note 2 — Regulatory Matters of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

Transmission Revenue. Under a FERC approved formula, transmission revenue varies from year to year based upon fluctuations in the underlying costs, capital investments being recovered and the highest daily peak load, which is updated annually in January based on the prior calendar year. Generally, increases/decreases in the highest daily peak load will result in higher/lower transmission revenue. Transmission revenue decreased for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020, compared to the same period in 2019, primarily due to the settlement agreement of ongoing transmission-related income tax regulatory liabilities. See Note 2 — Regulatory Matters of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

Other revenue includes revenue related to mutual assistance, administrative charges, off-system sales, and late payment charges. Other revenues decreased for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020, compared to the same period in 2019, as BGE temporarily suspended customer disconnections for non-payment and temporarily ceased new late fees for all customers and restored service to customers upon request who were disconnected in the last twelve months.

Regulatory Required Programs represent revenues collected under approved riders to recover costs incurred for regulatory programs such as conservation, demand response, STRIDE, and the POLR mechanism. The riders are designed to provide full and current cost recovery, as well as a return in certain instances. The costs of these programs are included in Purchased power and fuel expense, Operating and maintenance expense, Depreciation and amortization expense and Taxes other than income taxes. Customers have the choice to purchase electricity and natural gas from competitive electric generation and natural gas suppliers. Customer choice programs do not impact the volume of deliveries but impact Operating revenues related to supplied electricity and natural gas. Drivers of Operating revenues related to commodity procurement costs and participation in customer choice programs are fully offset by their impact on Purchased power and fuel expense. BGE recovers electricity, natural gas and procurement costs from customers with a slight mark-up.

See Note 4 — Segment Information of the Combined Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the presentation of BGE's revenue disaggregation.

The decrease of \$14 million and decrease of \$87 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 compared to the same period in 2019, respectively, in **Purchased power and fuel expense** is fully offset in Operating revenues as part of regulatory required programs.

The changes in **Operating and maintenance expense** consisted of the following:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2020	Six Months Ended June 30, 2020
	Increase (Decrease)	Increase (Decrease)
Credit loss expense	\$ 7	\$ 6
BSC costs	1	4
Labor, other benefits, contracting and materials	1	3
Storm-related costs	—	(5)
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefits expense	(1)	(1)
Other	(2)	(2)
	6	5
Regulatory required programs	(1)	(1)
Total increase	\$ 5	\$ 4

The changes in **Depreciation and amortization expense** consisted of the following:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2020	Six Months Ended June 30, 2020
	Increase	Increase (Decrease)
Depreciation and amortization ^(a)	\$ 9	\$ 21
Regulatory required programs	3	(1)
Total increase	\$ 12	\$ 20

(a) Depreciation and amortization increased primarily due to ongoing capital expenditures.

Effective income tax rates were (129.4)% and 19.6% for the three months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively, and 7.6% and 18.6% for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019. The change is primarily related to the settlement agreement of ongoing transmission-related income tax regulatory liabilities. See Note 2 — Regulatory Matters and Note 9 — Income Taxes of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding the components of the effective income tax rates.

Results of Operations — PHI

PHI's Results of Operations include the results of its three reportable segments, Pepco, DPL and ACE. PHI also has a business services subsidiary, PHISCO, which provides a variety of support services and the costs are directly charged or allocated to the applicable subsidiaries. Additionally, the results of PHI's corporate operations include interest costs from various financing activities. All material intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. See the Results of Operations for Pepco, DPL and ACE for additional information.

	Three Months Ended June 30,		(Unfavorable)Favorable Variance	Six Months Ended June 30,		(Unfavorable)Favorable Variance
	2020	2019		2020	2019	
PHI	\$ 94	\$ 106	\$ (12)	\$ 202	\$ 223	\$ (21)
Pepco	57	64	(7)	109	119	(10)
DPL	19	30	(11)	64	83	(19)
ACE	18	14	4	31	24	7
Other ^(a)	—	(2)	2	(2)	(3)	1

(a) Primarily includes eliminating and consolidating adjustments, PHI's corporate operations, shared service entities and other financing and investing activities.

Three Months Ended June 30, 2020 Compared to Three Months Ended June 30, 2019. Net Income decreased by \$12 million primarily due to an increase in credit loss expense including the impacts of COVID-19 and an increase in various expenses, partially offset by higher electric distribution rates primarily at ACE.

Six Months Ended June 30, 2020 Compared to Six Months Ended June 30, 2019. Net Income decreased by \$21 million primarily due to an increase in credit loss expense including the impacts of COVID-19, unfavorable weather conditions in ACE's service territory and an increase in various expenses, partially offset by higher electric distribution rates primarily at ACE.

Results of Operations — Pepco

	Three Months Ended June 30,		(Unfavorable) Favorable Variance	Six Months Ended June 30,		(Unfavorable) Favorable Variance
	2020	2019		2020	2019	
Operating revenues	\$ 494	\$ 531	\$ (37)	\$ 1,039	\$ 1,106	\$ (67)
Operating expenses						
Purchased power expense	138	144	6	303	331	28
Operating and maintenance	119	111	(8)	231	230	(1)
Depreciation and amortization	92	93	1	186	186	—
Taxes other than income taxes	87	90	3	179	182	3
Total operating expenses	436	438	2	899	929	30
Operating income	58	93	(35)	140	177	(37)
Other income and (deductions)						
Interest expense, net	(34)	(34)	—	(68)	(68)	—
Other, net	9	7	2	18	14	4
Total other income and (deductions)	(25)	(27)	2	(50)	(54)	4
Income before income taxes	33	66	(33)	90	123	(33)
Income taxes	(24)	2	26	(19)	4	23
Net income	\$ 57	\$ 64	\$ (7)	\$ 109	\$ 119	\$ (10)

Three Months Ended June 30, 2020 Compared to Three Months Ended June 30, 2019. Net income decreased by \$7 million primarily due to an increase in credit loss expense including the impacts of COVID-19.

Six Months Ended June 30, 2020 Compared to Six Months Ended June 30, 2019. Net income decreased by \$10 million primarily due to an increase in credit loss expense including the impacts of COVID-19.

The changes in **Operating revenues** consisted of the following:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2020	Six Months Ended June 30, 2020
	Increase (Decrease)	Increase (Decrease)
Volume	\$ 2	\$ 4
Distribution	2	3
Transmission	(26)	(28)
Other	(1)	(2)
	(23)	(23)
Regulatory required programs	(14)	(44)
Total decrease	\$ (37)	\$ (67)

Revenue Decoupling. The demand for electricity is affected by weather and customer usage. However, Operating revenues from electric distribution in both Maryland and the District of Columbia are not impacted by abnormal weather or usage per customer as a result of a bill stabilization adjustment (BSA) that provides for a fixed distribution charge per customer by customer class. While Operating revenues are not impacted by abnormal weather or usage per customer, they are impacted by changes in the number of customers.

Volume, exclusive of the effects of weather, remained relatively consistent for three and six months ended June 30, 2020 compared to the same period in 2019.

Number of Electric Customers	As of June 30,	
	2020	2019
Residential	825,000	811,985
Small commercial & industrial	53,809	54,194
Large commercial & industrial	22,467	22,155
Public authorities & electric railroads	168	155
Total	901,444	888,489

Distribution Revenue increased for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 compared to the same period in 2019, due to higher electric distribution rates in Maryland that became effective in August 2019.

Transmission Revenues. Under a FERC-approved formula, transmission revenue varies from year to year based upon fluctuations in the underlying costs, capital investments being recovered and the highest daily peak load, which is updated annually in January based on the prior calendar year. Generally, increases/decreases in the highest daily peak load will result in higher/lower transmission revenue. Transmission revenues decreased for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 compared to the same period in 2019, primarily due to the settlement agreement of ongoing transmission-related income tax regulatory liabilities. See Note 2 — Regulatory Matters of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

Other revenue includes rental revenue, revenue related to late payment charges, mutual assistance revenues and recoveries of other taxes. Other revenue decreased for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020, compared to the same period in 2019, as Pepco temporarily suspended customer disconnections for non-payment and temporarily ceased new late fees for all customers and restored services to customers upon request who were disconnected in the last twelve months.

Regulatory Required Programs represent revenues collected under approved riders to recover costs incurred for regulatory programs such as energy efficiency programs, DC PLUG and SOS procurement and administrative costs. The riders are designed to provide full and current cost recovery as well as a return in certain instances. The costs of these programs are included in Purchased power expense, Operating and maintenance expense, Depreciation and amortization expense and Taxes other than income taxes. Customers have the choice to purchase electricity from competitive electric generation suppliers. Customer choice programs do not impact the volume of deliveries, but impact Operating revenues related to supplied electricity. Drivers of Operating revenues related to commodity and REC procurement costs and participation in customer choice programs are fully offset by their impact on Purchased power expense. Pepco recovers electricity and REC procurement costs from customers with a slight mark-up.

See Note 4 - Segment Information of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the presentation of Pepco's revenue disaggregation.

The decrease of \$6 million and \$28 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 compared to the same period 2019, respectively, in **Purchased power expense** is fully offset in Operating revenues as part of regulatory required programs.

The changes in **Operating and maintenance expense** consisted of the following:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2020	Six Months Ended June 30, 2020
	Increase (Decrease)	Increase (Decrease)
Labor, other benefits, contracting and materials	\$ 5	\$ 12
Credit loss expense	8	7
Storm-related costs	1	(1)
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefits expense	(1)	(3)
BSC and PHISCO costs	—	(3)
Expiration of lease arrangement	(4)	(8)
Other	(3)	(4)
	6	—
Regulatory required programs	2	1
Total increase	\$ 8	\$ 1

The changes in **Depreciation and amortization expense** consisted of the following:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2020	Six Months Ended June 30, 2020
	Increase (Decrease)	Increase (Decrease)
Depreciation and amortization ^(a)	\$ 4	\$ 9
Regulatory required programs	(5)	(9)
Total decrease	\$ (1)	\$ —

(a) Depreciation and amortization increased primarily due to ongoing capital expenditures.

Effective income tax rates were (72.7)% and 3.0% for the three months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively, and (21.1)% and 3.3% for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The change is primarily related to the settlement agreement of ongoing transmission-related income tax regulatory liabilities. See Note 2 — Regulatory Matters and Note 9 — Income Taxes of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding the components of the change in effective income tax rates.

Results of Operations — DPL

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2020	2019	(Unfavorable)Favorable Variance	2020	2019	(Unfavorable)Favorable Variance
Operating revenues	\$ 267	\$ 287	\$ (20)	\$ 617	\$ 667	\$ (50)
Operating expenses						
Purchased power and fuel expense	107	107	—	249	271	22
Operating and maintenance	92	77	(15)	172	160	(12)
Depreciation and amortization	47	45	(2)	94	91	(3)
Taxes other than income taxes	17	14	(3)	32	28	(4)
Total operating expenses	263	243	(20)	547	550	3
Operating income	4	44	(40)	70	117	(47)
Other income and (deductions)						
Interest expense, net	(15)	(15)	—	(31)	(30)	(1)
Other, net	2	5	(3)	5	7	(2)
Total other income and (deductions)	(13)	(10)	(3)	(26)	(23)	(3)
(Loss) income before income taxes	(9)	34	(43)	44	94	(50)
Income taxes	(28)	4	32	(20)	11	31
Net income	\$ 19	\$ 30	\$ (11)	\$ 64	\$ 83	\$ (19)

Three Months Ended June 30, 2020 Compared to Three Months Ended June 30, 2019. Net income decreased by \$11 million primarily due to an increase in credit loss expense including the impacts of COVID-19 and an increase in various expenses, partially offset by favorable weather conditions in DPL's Delaware service territory.

Six Months Ended June 30, 2020 Compared to Six Months Ended June 30, 2019. Net income decreased by \$19 million primarily due to an increase in credit loss expense including the impacts of COVID-19 and an increase in various expenses.

The changes in **Operating revenues** consisted of the following:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2020			Six Months Ended June 30, 2020		
	Increase (Decrease)			Increase (Decrease)		
	Electric	Gas	Total	Electric	Gas	Total
Weather	\$ 1	\$ 6	\$ 7	\$ (5)	\$ —	\$ (5)
Volume	—	(3)	(3)	1	(3)	(2)
Distribution	—	—	—	2	3	5
Transmission	(25)	—	(25)	(22)	—	(22)
Other	(1)	—	(1)	(2)	(1)	(3)
	(25)	3	(22)	(26)	(1)	(27)
Regulatory required programs	(1)	3	2	(22)	(1)	(23)
Total (decrease) increase	\$ (26)	\$ 6	\$ (20)	\$ (48)	\$ (2)	\$ (50)

Revenue Decoupling. The demand for electricity is affected by weather and customer usage. However, Operating revenues from electric distribution in Maryland are not impacted by abnormal weather or usage per customer as a result of a bill stabilization adjustment (BSA) that provides for a fixed distribution charge per customer by customer class. While Operating revenues from electric distribution customers in Maryland are not impacted by abnormal weather or usage per customer, they are impacted by changes in the number of customers.

Weather. The demand for electricity and natural gas in Delaware is affected by weather conditions. With respect to the electric business, very warm weather in summer months and, with respect to the electric and natural gas businesses, very cold weather in winter months are referred to as "favorable weather conditions" because these weather conditions result in increased deliveries of electricity and natural gas. Conversely, mild weather reduces demand. During the three months ended June 30, 2020 compared to the same period in 2019, Operating revenues related to weather increased due to the impact of favorable weather conditions in DPL's Delaware service territory. During the six months ended June 30, 2020 compared to the same period in 2019, Operating revenues related to weather decreased due to the impact of unfavorable weather conditions in DPL's Delaware service territory.

Heating and cooling degree days are quantitative indices that reflect the demand for energy needed to heat or cool a home or business. Normal weather is determined based on historical average heating and cooling degree days for a 20-year period in DPL's Delaware electric service territory and a 30-year period in DPL's Delaware natural gas service territory. The changes in heating and cooling degree days in DPL's Delaware service territory for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 compared to same period in 2019 and normal weather consisted of the following:

Delaware Electric Service Territory				% Change	
Three Months Ended June 30,	2020	2019	Normal	2020 vs. 2019	2020 vs. Normal
Heating Degree-Days	606	300	467	102.0 %	29.8 %
Cooling Degree-Days	299	386	334	(22.5)%	(10.5)%
Six Months Ended June 30,				% Change	
2020	2019	Normal	2020 vs. 2019	2020 vs. Normal	
Heating Degree-Days	2,609	2,822	2,980	(7.5)%	(12.4)%
Cooling Degree-Days	299	386	335	(22.5)%	(10.7)%
Delaware Natural Gas Service Territory				% Change	
Three Months Ended June 30,	2020	2019	Normal	2020 vs. 2019	2020 vs. Normal
Heating Degree-Days	606	300	486	102.0 %	24.7 %
Six Months Ended June 30,				% Change	
2020	2019	Normal	2020 vs. 2019	2020 vs. Normal	
Heating Degree-Days	2,609	2,822	2,984	(7.5)%	(12.6)%

Volume, exclusive of the effects of weather, remained relatively consistent for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 compared to the same period in 2019.

Electric Retail Deliveries to Delaware Customers (in GWhs)	Three Months Ended June 30,			Weather - Normal % Change ^(b)	Six Months Ended June 30,			Weather - Normal % Change ^(b)
	2020	2019	% Change		2020	2019	% Change	
Residential	703	652	7.8 %	4.6 %	1,446	1,503	(3.8)%	1.4 %
Small commercial & industrial	274	306	(10.5)%	(10.9)%	570	626	(8.9)%	(6.4)%
Large commercial & industrial	810	866	(6.5)%	(6.1)%	1,633	1,676	(2.6)%	(1.7)%
Public authorities & electric railroads	9	9	— %	4.0 %	17	17	— %	3.0 %
Total electric retail deliveries ^(a)	1,796	1,833	(2.0)%	(3.0)%	3,666	3,822	(4.1)%	(1.2)%

Number of Total Electric Customers (Maryland and Delaware)	As of June 30,	
	2020	2019
Residential	470,788	465,423
Small commercial & industrial	61,958	61,552
Large commercial & industrial	1,402	1,398
Public authorities & electric railroads	612	619
Total	534,760	528,992

(a) Reflects delivery volumes from customers purchasing electricity directly from DPL and customers purchasing electricity from a competitive electric generation supplier as all customers are assessed distribution charges.

(b) Reflects the change in delivery volumes assuming normalized weather based on the historical 20-year average.

Natural Gas Retail Deliveries to Delaware Customers (in mmcf)	Three Months Ended June 30,			Weather - Normal % Change ^(b)	Six Months Ended June 30,			Weather - Normal % Change ^(b)
	2020	2019	% Change		2020	2019	% Change	
Residential	1,168	741	57.6 %	(11.8)%	4,815	5,348	(10.0)%	(2.8)%
Small commercial & industrial	557	566	(1.6)%	(35.0)%	2,228	2,586	(13.8)%	(7.4)%
Large commercial & industrial	411	442	(7.0)%	(7.0)%	863	965	(10.6)%	(10.6)%
Transportation	1,472	1,475	(0.2)%	(8.0)%	3,580	3,693	(3.1)%	(0.9)%
Total natural gas deliveries^(a)	3,608	3,224	11.9 %	(14.1)%	11,486	12,592	(8.8)%	(3.8)%

Number of Delaware Natural Gas Customers	As of June 30,	
	2020	2019
Residential	126,245	124,325
Small commercial & industrial	9,914	9,907
Large commercial & industrial	17	18
Transportation	159	158
Total	136,335	134,408

(a) Reflects delivery volumes from customers purchasing natural gas directly from DPL and customers purchasing natural gas from a competitive natural gas supplier as all customers are assessed distribution charges.

(b) Reflects the change in delivery volumes assuming normalized weather based on the historical 30-year average.

Distribution Revenue increased for the six months ended June 30, 2020 compared to the same period in 2019 primarily due to higher natural gas distribution rates due to the Gas Distribution System Improvement Charge (DSIC) fully implemented in the first quarter of 2020.

Transmission Revenues. Under a FERC approved formula, transmission revenue varies from year to year based upon fluctuations in the underlying costs, capital investments being recovered and the highest daily peak load, which is updated annually in January based on the prior calendar years. Generally, increases/decreases in the highest daily peak load will result in higher/lower transmission revenue. Transmission revenue decreased for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 compared to the same period in 2019 primarily due to the settlement agreement of ongoing transmission-related income tax regulatory liabilities. See Note 2 — Regulatory Matters of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

Other revenue includes rental revenue, revenue related to late payment charges, mutual assistance revenues and recoveries of other taxes. Other revenue decreased for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 compared to the same period in 2019, as DPL temporarily suspended customer disconnections for non-payment and temporarily ceased new late fees for all customers and restored service to customers upon request who were disconnected in the last twelve months.

Regulatory Required Programs represent revenues collected under approved riders to recover costs incurred for regulatory programs such as energy efficiency programs, DE Renewable Portfolio Standards, SOS procurement and administrative costs and GCR costs. The riders are designed to provide full and current cost recovery as well as a return in certain instances. The costs of these programs are included in Purchased power and fuel expense, Operating and maintenance expense, Depreciation and amortization expense and Taxes other than income taxes. Customers have the choice to purchase electricity from competitive electric generation suppliers. Customer choice programs do not impact the volume of deliveries, but impact Operating revenues related to supplied electricity. Drivers of Operating revenues related to commodity and REC procurement costs and participation in customer choice programs are fully offset by their impact on Purchased power expense. DPL recovers electricity and REC procurement costs from customers with a slight mark-up and natural gas costs from customers without mark-up.

See Note 4 - Segment Information for the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the presentation of DPL's revenue disaggregation.

The decrease of \$22 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020 compared to the same period in 2019 in **Purchased power and fuel expense** is fully offset in Operating revenues as part of regulatory required programs.

The changes in **Operating and maintenance expense** consisted of the following:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2020	Six Months Ended June 30, 2020
	Increase (Decrease)	Increase (Decrease)
Labor, other benefits, contracting and materials	\$ 8	\$ 8
Credit loss expense	7	5
Storm-related costs	2	2
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefits expense	(1)	(2)
BSC and PHISCO costs	—	(2)
Other	(5)	(2)
	<u>11</u>	<u>9</u>
Regulatory required programs	4	3
Total increase	\$ 15	\$ 12

The changes in **Depreciation and amortization expense** consisted of the following:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2020	Six Months Ended June 30, 2020
	Increase (Decrease)	Increase (Decrease)
Depreciation and amortization ^(a)	\$ 3	\$ 5
Regulatory required programs	(1)	(2)
Total increase	\$ 2	\$ 3

(a) Depreciation and amortization increased primarily due to ongoing capital expenditures.

Effective income tax rates were 311.1% and 11.8% for the three months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively, and (45.5)% and 11.7% for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The change is primarily related to the settlement agreement of ongoing transmission-related income tax regulatory liabilities. See Note 2 — Regulatory Matters and Note 9 — Income Taxes of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding the components of the change in effective income tax rates.

Results of Operations — ACE

	Three Months Ended June 30,		(Unfavorable) Favorable Variance	Six Months Ended June 30,		(Unfavorable) Favorable Variance
	2020	2019		2020	2019	
Operating revenues	\$ 256	\$ 274	\$ (18)	\$ 532	\$ 547	\$ (15)
Operating expenses						
Purchased power expense	130	131	1	259	270	11
Operating and maintenance	82	74	(8)	160	155	(5)
Depreciation and amortization	44	40	(4)	86	71	(15)
Taxes other than income taxes	2	1	(1)	4	2	(2)
Total operating expenses	258	246	(12)	509	498	(11)
Gain on sale of assets	—	—	—	2	—	2
Operating (loss) income	(2)	28	(30)	25	49	(24)
Other income and (deductions)						
Interest expense, net	(15)	(15)	—	(29)	(28)	(1)
Other, net	2	1	1	3	4	(1)
Total other income and (deductions)	(13)	(14)	1	(26)	(24)	(2)
Income before income taxes	(15)	14	(29)	(1)	25	(26)
Income taxes	(33)	—	33	(32)	1	33
Net income	\$ 18	\$ 14	\$ 4	\$ 31	\$ 24	\$ 7

Three Months Ended June 30, 2020 Compared to Three Months Ended June 30, 2019. Net income increased by \$4 million primarily due to higher electric distribution rates that became effective in April 2020 partially offset by lower commercial and industrial usage.

Six Months Ended June 30, 2020 Compared to Six Months Ended June 30, 2019. Net income increased by \$7 million primarily due to higher electric distribution rates that became effective in April 2019 and April 2020, partially offset by unfavorable weather conditions in ACE's service territory, lower commercial and industrial usage and increased depreciation and amortization expense.

The changes in **Operating revenues** consisted of the following:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2020	Six Months Ended June 30, 2020
	(Decrease) Increase	(Decrease) Increase
Weather	\$ (1)	\$ (5)
Volume	(4)	(6)
Distribution	5	20
Transmission	(24)	(18)
Other	(1)	(2)
	(25)	(11)
Regulatory required programs	7	(4)
Total decrease	\$ (18)	\$ (15)

Weather. The demand for electricity is affected by weather conditions. With respect to the electric business, very warm weather in summer months and very cold weather in winter months are referred to as "favorable weather conditions" because these weather conditions result in increased deliveries of electricity. Conversely, mild weather reduces demand. There was a decrease related to weather for the six months ended June 30, 2020 compared to same period in 2019 due to the impact of unfavorable weather conditions in ACE's service territory.

Heating and cooling degree days are quantitative indices that reflect the demand for energy needed to heat or cool a home or business. Normal weather is determined based on historical average heating and cooling degree days for a 20-year period in ACE's service territory. The changes in heating and cooling degree days in ACE's service territory for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 compared to same period in 2019 consisted of the following:

Heating and Cooling Degree-Days				% Change	
Three Months Ended June 30,	2020	2019	Normal	2020 vs. 2019	2020 vs. Normal
Heating Degree-Days	613	380	541	61.3 %	13.3 %
Cooling Degree-Days	312	351	304	(11.1)%	2.6 %

Six Months Ended June 30,				% Change	
2020	2019	Normal	2020 vs. 2019	2020 vs. Normal	
Heating Degree-Days	2,561	2,886	3,034	(11.3)%	(15.6)%
Cooling Degree-Days	312	351	305	(11.1)%	2.3 %

Volume, exclusive of the effects of weather, decreased for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 compared to the same period in 2019, primarily due to lower commercial and industrial usage.

Electric Retail Deliveries to Customers (in GWhs)	Three Months Ended June 30,			Weather - Normal % Change ^(b)	Six Months Ended June 30, 2020			Weather - Normal % Change ^(b)
	2020	2019	% Change		2020	2019	% Change	
Residential	850	804	5.7 %	6.5 %	1,660	1,713	(3.1)%	1.3 %
Small commercial & industrial	276	314	(12.1)%	(12.8)%	570	624	(8.7)%	(6.4)%
Large commercial & industrial	702	872	(19.5)%	(19.3)%	1,437	1,662	(13.5)%	(12.7)%
Public authorities & electric railroads	11	11	— %	2.8 %	24	24	— %	(0.9)%
Total electric retail deliveries ^(a)	1,839	2,001	(8.1)%	(7.9)%	3,691	4,023	(8.3)%	(5.7)%

Number of Electric Customers	As of June 30,	
	2020	2019
Residential	496,668	492,940
Small commercial & industrial	61,468	61,416
Large commercial & industrial	3,327	3,464
Public authorities & electric railroads	687	672
Total	562,150	558,492

(a) Reflects delivery volumes from customers purchasing electricity directly from ACE and customers purchasing electricity from a competitive electric generation supplier as all customers are assessed distribution charges.

(b) Reflects the change in delivery volumes assuming normalized weather based on the historical 20-year average.

Distribution Revenue increased for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 compared to the same period in 2019 primarily due to higher electric distribution rates that became effective in April 2019 and April 2020.

Transmission Revenues. Under a FERC-approved formula, transmission revenue varies from year to year based upon fluctuations in the underlying costs, capital investments being recovered and the highest daily peak load, which is updated annually in January based on the prior calendar year. Generally, increases/decreases in the highest daily peak load will result in higher/lower transmission revenue. Transmission revenue decreased for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 compared to the same period in 2019, primarily due to settlement agreement for

ongoing transmission-related income tax regulatory liabilities. See Note 2 — Regulatory Matters of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

Regulatory Required Programs represent revenues collected under approved riders to recover costs incurred for regulatory programs such as energy efficiency programs, Societal Benefits Charge, Transition Bonds and BGS procurement and administrative costs. The riders are designed to provide full and current cost recovery as well as a return in certain instances. The costs of these programs are included in Purchased power and fuel expense, Operating and maintenance expense, Depreciation and amortization expense and Taxes other than income taxes. Customers have the choice to purchase electricity from competitive electric generation suppliers. Customer choice programs do not impact the volume of deliveries, but impact Operating revenues related to supplied electricity. Drivers of Operating revenues related to commodity, REC and ZEC procurement costs and participation in customer choice programs are fully offset by their impact on Purchased power expense. ACE recovers electricity, REC and ZEC procurement costs from customers without mark-up.

See Note 4 - Segment Information of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the presentation of ACE's revenue disaggregation.

The decrease of \$1 million and \$11 million for three and six months ended June 30, 2020 compared to the same period in 2019, respectively, in **Purchased power expense** is fully offset in Operating revenues as part of regulatory required programs.

The changes in **Operating and maintenance expense** consisted of the following:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2020	Six Months Ended June 30, 2020
	Increase (Decrease)	Increase (Decrease)
Labor, other benefits, contracting and materials	\$ 6	\$ 9
Storm-related costs	(1)	(1)
BSC and PHISCO costs	—	(1)
Credit loss expense ^(a)	7	6
Other	(3)	(8)
	9	5
Regulatory required programs	(1)	—
Total increase	\$ 8	\$ 5

(a) ACE is allowed to recover from or refund to customers the difference between its annual credit loss expense and the amounts collected in rates annually through a rider mechanism. An equal and offsetting amount has been recognized in Operating revenues.

The changes in **Depreciation and amortization expense** consisted of the following:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2020	Six Months Ended June 30, 2020
	Increase (Decrease)	Increase (Decrease)
Depreciation and amortization ^(a)	\$ 3	\$ 12
Regulatory asset amortization	(2)	(1)
Regulatory required programs	3	4
Total increase	\$ 4	\$ 15

(a) Depreciation and amortization increased primarily due to ongoing capital expenditures.

Gain on sale of assets for the six months ended June 30, 2020 compared to the same period in 2019 increased due to the sale of land in February 2020.

Effective income tax rates were 220.0% and 0.0% for the three months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively, 3,200.0% and 4.0% for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The change is primarily related to the settlement agreement of ongoing transmission-related income tax regulatory liabilities. See Note 2 — Regulatory Matters and Note 9 — Income Taxes of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding the components of the change in effective income tax rates.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

All results included throughout the liquidity and capital resources section are presented on a GAAP basis.

The Registrants' operating and capital expenditures requirements are provided by internally generated cash flows from operations, the sale of certain receivables, as well as funds from external sources in the capital markets and through bank borrowings. The Registrants' businesses are capital intensive and require considerable capital resources. Each of the Registrants annually evaluates its financing plan, dividend practices and credit line sizing, focusing on maintaining its investment grade ratings while meeting its cash needs to fund capital requirements, retire debt, pay dividends, fund pension and OPEB obligations and invest in new and existing ventures. A broad spectrum of financing alternatives beyond the core financing options can be used to meet its needs and fund growth including monetizing assets in the portfolio via project financing, asset sales, and the use of other financing structures (e.g., joint ventures, minority partners, etc.). Each Registrant's access to external financing on reasonable terms depends on its credit ratings and current overall capital market business conditions, including that of the utility industry in general. If these conditions deteriorate to the extent that the Registrants no longer have access to the capital markets at reasonable terms, the Registrants have access to credit facilities with aggregate bank commitments of \$10.7 billion. As a result of disruptions in the commercial paper markets due to COVID-19 in March of 2020, Generation borrowed \$1.5 billion on its revolving credit facility to refinance commercial paper. Generation repaid the \$1.5 billion borrowed on the revolving credit facility on April 3, 2020 using funds from short-term loans issued in March 2020, cash proceeds from the sale of certain customer accounts receivable, and borrowings from the Exelon intercompany money pool. See Note 5 - Accounts Receivable of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information on the sale of customer accounts receivable. Exelon Corporate, Generation, and the Utility Registrants continued to issue commercial paper during the second quarter of 2020. See Executive Overview for additional information on COVID-19. The Registrants continue to utilize their credit facilities to support their commercial paper programs, provide for other short-term borrowings and to issue letters of credit. See the "Credit Matters" section below for additional information. The Registrants expect cash flows to be sufficient to meet operating expenses, financing costs and capital expenditure requirements.

The Registrants primarily use their capital resources, including cash, to fund capital requirements, including construction expenditures, retire debt, pay dividends, fund pension and other postretirement benefit obligations and invest in new and existing ventures. The Registrants spend a significant amount of cash on capital improvements and construction projects that have a long-term return on investment. Additionally, the Utility Registrants operate in rate-regulated environments in which the amount of new investment recovery may be delayed or limited and where such recovery takes place over an extended period of time. See Note 12 — Debt and Credit Agreements of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information on the Registrants' debt and credit agreements.

Despite disruptions in the financial markets due to COVID-19, the Registrants have been able to fund their liquidity needs to date. As of December 31, 2019, Exelon had approximately \$4.0 billion of long-term debt that matures in 2020, excluding project financings and floating rate long-term debt. Of this, as of June 30, 2020, Exelon has redeemed or refinanced approximately \$3.4 billion that is maturing in 2020. The remaining amount of \$0.6 billion on Exelon's and Generation's Consolidated Balance Sheet matures in the fourth quarter of 2020. To date in 2020, the Registrants have been able to execute their expected debt issuances and have issued long-term debt of \$5.1 billion, of which \$4.0 billion was issued in the period of April to July of 2020. The Registrants accelerated the timing of a number of planned debt issuances resulting in the \$4.0 billion issued in the period of April to July of 2020 and the Registrants have now completed their planned long-term debt issuances for the 2020 year.

NRC Minimum Funding Requirements (Exelon and Generation)

NRC regulations require that licensees of nuclear generating facilities demonstrate reasonable assurance that sufficient funds will be available in certain minimum amounts to decommission the facility. These NRC minimum funding levels are based upon the assumption that decommissioning activities will commence after the end of the current licensed life of each unit. If a unit fails the NRC minimum funding test, then the plant's owners or parent companies would be required to take steps, such as providing financial guarantees through letters of credit or parent company guarantees or making additional cash contributions to the NDT fund to ensure sufficient funds are available. See Note 7 — Nuclear Decommissioning of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

If a nuclear plant were to early retire there is a risk that it will no longer meet the NRC minimum funding requirements due to the earlier commencement of decommissioning activities and a shorter time period over which the NDT fund investments could appreciate in value. A shortfall could require that Generation address the shortfall by, among other things, obtaining a parental guarantee for Generation's share of the funding assurance. However, the amount of any guarantees or other assurance will ultimately depend on the decommissioning approach, the associated level of costs, and the NDT fund investment performance going forward. Upon issuance of any required financial guarantees, each site would be able to utilize the respective NDT funds for radiological decommissioning costs, which represent the majority of the total expected decommissioning costs. However, the NRC must approve an exemption in order for the plant's owner(s) to utilize the NDT fund to pay for non-radiological decommissioning costs (i.e., spent fuel management and site restoration costs). If a unit does not receive this exemption, the costs would be borne by the owner(s) without reimbursement from or access to the NDT funds. The ultimate costs for spent fuel management may vary greatly and could be reduced by alternate decommissioning scenarios and/or reimbursement of certain costs under the DOE reimbursement agreements.

As of June 30, 2020, Exelon would not be required to post a parental guarantee for TMI Unit 1 under the SAFSTOR scenario which is the planned decommissioning option as described in the TMI Unit 1 PSDAR filed by Generation with the NRC on April 5, 2019. On October 16, 2019, the NRC granted Generation's exemption request to use the TMI Unit 1 NDT funds for spent fuel management costs. An additional exemption request would be required to allow the funds to be spent on site restoration costs, which are not expected to be incurred in the near term.

Project Financing (Exelon and Generation)

Project financing is used to help mitigate risk of specific generating assets. Project financing is based upon a nonrecourse financial structure, in which project debt is paid back from the cash generated by the specific asset or portfolio of assets. Borrowings under these agreements are secured by the assets and equity of each respective project. The lenders do not have recourse against Exelon or Generation in the event of a default. If a specific project financing entity does not maintain compliance with its specific debt financing covenants, there could be a requirement to accelerate repayment of the associated debt or other project-related borrowings earlier than the stated maturity dates. In these instances, if such repayment was not satisfied, or restructured, the lenders or security holders would generally have rights to foreclose against the project-specific assets and related collateral. The potential requirement to satisfy its associated debt or other borrowings earlier than otherwise anticipated could lead to impairments due to a higher likelihood of disposing of the respective project-specific assets significantly before the end of their useful lives. Additionally, project finance has credit facilities. See Note 12 — Debt and Credit Agreements of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information on nonrecourse debt. Refer to Note 16 — Debt and Credit Agreements of the Exelon 2019 Form 10-K for additional information on credit facilities.

Cash Flows from Operating Activities (All Registrants)

General

Generation's cash flows from operating activities primarily result from the sale of electric energy and energy-related products and services to customers. Generation's future cash flows from operating activities may be affected by future demand for and market prices of energy and its ability to continue to produce and supply power at competitive costs as well as to obtain collections from customers and the sale of certain receivables.

The Utility Registrants' cash flows from operating activities primarily result from the transmission and distribution of electricity and, in the case of PECO, BGE and DPL, gas distribution services. The Utility Registrants' distribution services are provided to an established and diverse base of retail customers. The Utility Registrants' future cash flows may be affected by the economy, weather conditions, future legislative initiatives, future regulatory proceedings with respect to their rates or operations, and their ability to achieve operating cost reductions.

See Note 3 — Regulatory Matters and Note 18 — Commitments and Contingencies of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements of the Exelon 2019 Form 10-K for additional information of regulatory and legal proceedings and proposed legislation.

The following table provides a summary of the change in cash flows from operating activities for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 by Registrant:

(Decrease) increase in cash flows from operating activities	Exelon	Generation	ComEd	PECO	BGE	PHI	Pepco	DPL	ACE
Net income	\$ (510)	\$ (172)	\$ (237)	\$ (92)	\$ 13	\$ (21)	\$ (10)	\$ (19)	\$ 7
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash:									
Non-cash operating activities	305	44	315	17	4	(7)	(29)	18	10
Pension and non-pension postretirement benefit contributions	(203)	(85)	(76)	9	(26)	(20)	—	1	(2)
Income taxes	(265)	(295)	(133)	26	55	(18)	5	(23)	(4)
Changes in working capital and other noncurrent assets and liabilities	(46)	(149)	(24)	115	1	(6)	12	5	(14)
Option premiums paid, net	(150)	(150)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Collateral posted, net	651	660	(14)	—	5	—	—	—	—
(Decrease) increase in cash flows from operating activities	\$ (218)	\$ (147)	\$ (169)	\$ 75	\$ 52	\$ (72)	\$ (22)	\$ (18)	\$ (3)

Changes in the Registrants' cash flows from operations were generally consistent with changes in each Registrant's respective results of operations, as adjusted by changes in working capital in the normal course of business, except as discussed below. In addition, significant operating cash flow impacts for the Registrants for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 were as follows:

- See Note 17 — Supplemental Financial Information of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements and the Registrants' Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for additional information on **non-cash operating activity**.
- See Note 9 — Income Taxes of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements and the Registrants' Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for additional information on **income taxes**.
- Depending upon whether Generation is in a net mark-to-market liability or asset position, **collateral** may be required to be posted with or collected from its counterparties. In addition, the collateral posting and collection requirements differ depending on whether the transactions are on an exchange or in the OTC markets.
- During 2020, Exelon and Generation derecognized approximately \$1.2 billion of accounts receivable. See Note 5 — Accounts Receivable for additional information on the sales of customer **accounts receivable**.

Cash Flows from Investing Activities (All Registrants)

The following table provides a summary of the change in cash flows from investing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 by Registrant:

Increase (decrease) in cash flows from investing activities	Exelon	Generation	ComEd	PECO	BGE	PHI	Pepco	DPL	ACE
Capital expenditures	\$ (201)	\$ (40)	\$ (68)	\$ (65)	\$ (6)	\$ 12	\$ (26)	\$ (24)	\$ 49
Proceeds from NDT fund sales, net	(125)	(125)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Proceeds from sales of assets and businesses	(14)	(14)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Changes in intercompany money pool	—	179	—	68	—	—	38	(55)	—
Collection of DPP	1,102	1,102	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other investing activities	(22)	(2)	(21)	(1)	(8)	—	(4)	(4)	5
Increase (decrease) in cash flows from investing activities	\$ 740	\$ 1,100	\$ (89)	\$ 2	\$ (14)	\$ 12	\$ 8	\$ (83)	\$ 54

Significant investing cash flow impacts for the Registrants for six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 were as follows:

- Variances in **capital expenditures** are primarily due to the timing of cash expenditures for capital projects. Refer below for additional information on projected capital expenditure spending.
- Changes in **intercompany money pool** are driven by short-term borrowing needs. Refer to more information regarding the intercompany money pool below.

Capital Expenditure Spending

As of June 30, 2020, the most recent estimates of capital expenditures for plant additions and improvements for 2020 are as follows:

(in millions)	Transmission	Distribution	Gas	Total
Exelon	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$ 8,075
Generation	N/A	N/A	N/A	1,500
ComEd	450	1,900	N/A	2,350
PECO	125	725	300	1,150
BGE	300	550	450	1,300
PHI	450	1,125	100	1,675
Pepco	150	700	N/A	850
DPL	125	225	100	450
ACE	175	200	N/A	375

Projected capital expenditures and other investments are subject to periodic review and revision to reflect changes in economic conditions and other factors.

Cash Flows from Financing Activities (All Registrants)

The following table provides a summary of the change in cash flows from financing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 by Registrant:

Increase (decrease) in cash flows from financing activities	Exelon	Generation	ComEd	PECO	BGE	PHI	Pepco	DPL	ACE
Changes in short-term borrowings, net	\$ (596)	\$ 280	\$ (433)	\$ —	\$ (270)	\$ (37)	\$ (28)	\$ (56)	\$ 47
Long-term debt, net	2,356	(443)	900	350	400	53	6	99	(52)
Changes in intercompany money pool	—	100	—	(52)	—	7	50	(38)	5
Dividends paid on common stock	(42)	—	5	10	(11)	—	(29)	4	(11)
Distributions to member	—	(488)	—	—	—	(52)	—	—	—
Contributions from parent/member	—	—	125	86	26	76	8	106	(39)
Other financing activities	(79)	(9)	(4)	(2)	(8)	(4)	(3)	(1)	—
Increase (decrease) in cash flows from financing activities	\$ 1,639	\$ (560)	\$ 593	\$ 392	\$ 137	\$ 43	\$ 4	\$ 114	\$ (50)

Significant financing cash flow impacts for the Registrants for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 were as follows:

- **Changes in short-term borrowings, net**, is driven by repayments on and issuances of notes due in less than 365 days. Refer to 12 — Debt and Credit Agreements of the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information on short-term borrowings.
- **Long-term debt, net**, varies due to debt issuances and redemptions each year. Refer to 12 — Debt and Credit Agreements of the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information on debt issuances. Refer to debt redemptions tables below for more information.

- **Changes in intercompany money pool** are driven by short-term borrowing needs. Refer to more information regarding the intercompany money pool below.
- Exelon's ability to pay **dividends** on its common stock depends on the receipt of dividends paid by its operating subsidiaries. The payments of dividends to Exelon by its subsidiaries in turn depend on their results of operations and cash flows and other items affecting retained earnings. See Note 14 — Commitments and Contingencies of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements of the Exelon 2019 Form 10-K for additional information on dividend restrictions. See below for quarterly dividends declared.
- For the six months ended June 30, 2020, other financing activities primarily consists of debt issuance costs. See Note 12 — Debt and Credit Agreements of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information of the Registrants' debt issuances.

Debt

See Note 12 — Debt and Credit Agreements of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information on the Registrants' debt issuances.

During the six months ended June 30, 2020, the following long-term debt was retired and/or redeemed:

Company ^(a)	Type	Interest Rate	Maturity	Amount
Exelon	Notes	2.85%	June 15, 2020	\$ 900
Exelon	Long-Term Software License Agreement	3.95%	May 1, 2024	24
Generation	Senior Notes	2.95%	January 15, 2020	1,000
Generation	Tax-Exempt Bonds	2.50% - 2.70%	December 1, 2025 - June 1, 2036	379
Generation	ExGen Renewables IV Nonrecourse Debt ^(b)	3mL +3%	November 30, 2024	22
Generation	Continental Wind Nonrecourse Debt ^(b)	6.00%	February 28, 2033	18
Generation	Antelope Valley DOE Nonrecourse Debt ^(b)	2.29% - 3.56%	January 5, 2037	7
Generation	Energy Efficiency Project Financing	3.71%	December 31, 2020	4
Generation	Renewable Power Generation Nonrecourse Debt ^(b)	4.11%	March 31, 2035	3
Generation	SolGen Nonrecourse Debt	3.93%	September 30, 2036	2
Generation	Energy Efficiency Project Financing	4.12%	November 30, 2020	1
ACE	Tax-Exempt First Mortgage Bonds	4.88%	June 1, 2029	23
ACE	Transition Bonds	5.55%	October 20, 2023	9

(a) On July 1, Generation redeemed \$550 million of 4.00% senior notes. On August 3, 2020, ComEd redeemed \$500 million of first mortgage bonds, and DPL redeemed \$78 million of tax-exempt bonds.

(b) See Note 12 — Debt and Credit Agreements of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information of nonrecourse debt.

Dividends

Quarterly dividends declared by the Exelon Board of Directors during the six months ended June 30, 2020 and for the third quarter of 2020 were as follows:

Period	Declaration Date	Shareholder of Record Date	Dividend Payable Date	Cash per Share ^(a)
First Quarter 2020	January 28, 2020	February 20, 2020	March 10, 2020	\$ 0.3825
Second Quarter 2020	April 28, 2020	May 15, 2020	June 10, 2020	\$ 0.3825
Third Quarter 2020	July 28, 2020	August 14, 2020	September 10, 2020	\$ 0.3825

(a) Exelon's Board of Directors approved an updated dividend policy providing an increase of 5% each year for the period covering 2018 through 2020.

Credit Matters (All Registrants)

The Registrants fund liquidity needs for capital investment, working capital, energy hedging and other financial commitments through cash flows from continuing operations, public debt offerings, commercial paper markets and large, diversified credit facilities. The credit facilities include \$10.7 billion in aggregate total commitments of which \$8.6 billion was available to support additional commercial paper as of June 30, 2020, and of which no financial institution has more than 7% of the aggregate commitments for the Registrants. The Registrants had access to the commercial paper markets and had availability under their revolving credit facilities during the second quarter of 2020 to fund their short-term liquidity needs. The Registrants routinely review the sufficiency of their liquidity position, including appropriate sizing of credit facility commitments, by performing various stress test scenarios, such as commodity price movements, increases in margin-related transactions, changes in hedging levels and the impacts of hypothetical credit downgrades. The Registrants have continued to closely monitor events in the financial markets and the financial institutions associated with the credit facilities, including monitoring credit ratings and outlooks, credit default swap levels, capital raising and merger activity. See PART I. ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS of the Exelon 2019 Form 10-K for additional information regarding the effects of uncertainty in the capital and credit markets.

The Registrants believe their cash flow from operating activities, access to credit markets and their credit facilities provide sufficient liquidity. If Generation lost its investment grade credit rating as of June 30, 2020, it would have been required to provide incremental collateral of \$1.3 billion to meet collateral obligations for derivatives, non-derivatives, normal purchases and normal sales contracts and applicable payables and receivables, net of the contractual right of offset under master netting agreements, which is well within the \$5 billion of available credit capacity of its revolver.

The following table presents the incremental collateral that each Utility Registrant would have been required to provide in the event each Utility Registrant lost its investment grade credit rating at June 30, 2020 and available credit facility capacity prior to any incremental collateral at June 30, 2020:

	PJM Credit Policy Collateral		Other Incremental Collateral Required ^(a)		Available Credit Facility Capacity Prior to Any Incremental Collateral
ComEd	\$	4	\$	—	\$ 998
PECO		—		24	600
BGE		11		26	600
Pepco		11		—	285
DPL		4		10	300
ACE		—		—	295

(a) Represents incremental collateral related to natural gas procurement contracts.

Exelon Credit Facilities

Exelon Corporate, ComEd and BGE meet their short-term liquidity requirements primarily through the issuance of commercial paper. Generation and PECO meet their short-term liquidity requirements primarily through the issuance of commercial paper and borrowings from the Exelon intercompany money pool. Pepco, DPL, and ACE meet their short-term liquidity requirements primarily through the issuance of commercial paper and borrowings from the PHI intercompany money pool. PHI Corporate meets its short-term liquidity requirements primarily through the issuance of short-term notes and the Exelon intercompany money pool. The Registrants may use their respective credit facilities for general corporate purposes, including meeting short-term funding requirements and the issuance of letters of credit.

See Note 12 — Debt and Credit Agreements of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information on the Registrants' short-term borrowing activity. See Note 16 — Debt and Credit Agreements of the Exelon 2019 Form 10-K for additional information on the Registrants' credit facilities.

Security Ratings

The Registrants' access to the capital markets, including the commercial paper market, and their respective financing costs in those markets, may depend on the securities ratings of the entity that is accessing the capital markets.

The Registrants' borrowings are not subject to default or prepayment as a result of a downgrading of securities, although such a downgrading of a Registrant's securities could increase fees and interest charges under that Registrant's credit agreements.

As part of the normal course of business, the Registrants enter into contracts that contain express provisions or otherwise permit the Registrants and their counterparties to demand adequate assurance of future performance when there are reasonable grounds for doing so. In accordance with the contracts and applicable contracts law, if the Registrants are downgraded by a credit rating agency, it is possible that a counterparty would attempt to rely on such a downgrade as a basis for making a demand for adequate assurance of future performance, which could include the posting of collateral. See Note 11 — Derivative Financial Instruments of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information on collateral provisions.

The Registrants' credit ratings did not change for the six months ended June 30, 2020. On July 21, 2020, S&P lowered ComEd's long-term issuer credit rating from 'A-' to a 'BBB+'. S&P also affirmed the current 'A' rating on ComEd's senior secured debt and 'A-2' short-term rating, which influences long and short-term borrowing cost.

Intercompany Money Pool

To provide an additional short-term borrowing option that will generally be more favorable to the borrowing participants than the cost of external financing, both Exelon and PHI operate an intercompany money pool. Maximum amounts contributed to and borrowed from the money pool by participant and the net contribution or borrowing as of June 30, 2020, are presented in the following table:

Exelon Intercompany Money Pool	During the Three Months Ended June 30, 2020		As of June 30, 2020
	Maximum Contributed	Maximum Borrowed	Contributed (Borrowed)
Contributed (Borrowed)			
Exelon Corporate	\$ 1,364	\$ —	\$ 372
Generation	—	(980)	—
BSC	—	(504)	(410)
PHI Corporate	—	(22)	(22)
PCI	60	—	60

PHI Intercompany Money Pool	During the Three Months Ended June 30, 2020		As of June 30, 2020
	Maximum Contributed	Maximum Borrowed	Contributed (Borrowed)
Contributed (Borrowed)			
Pepco	\$ 126	\$ (57)	\$ (50)
DPL	62	(49)	55
ACE	—	(77)	(5)

Shelf Registration Statements

Exelon, Generation, ComEd, PECO, BGE, Pepco, DPL and ACE have a currently effective combined shelf registration statement unlimited in amount, filed with the SEC, that will expire in August 2022. The ability of each Registrant to sell securities off the shelf registration statement or to access the private placement markets will depend on a number of factors at the time of the proposed sale, including other required regulatory approvals, as applicable, the current financial condition of the Registrant, its securities ratings and market conditions.

Regulatory Authorizations

ComEd, PECO, BGE, Pepco, DPL and ACE are required to obtain short-term and long-term financing authority from Federal and State Commissions as follows:

As of June 30, 2020						
Short-term Financing Authority ^(a)			Remaining Long-term Financing Authority ^(a)			
Commission	Expiration Date	Amount	Commission	Expiration Date	Amount	
ComEd	FERC	December 31, 2021	\$ 2,500	ICC	February 1, 2023	\$ 893
PECO	FERC	December 31, 2021	1,500	PAPUC	December 31, 2021	1,225
BGE	FERC	December 31, 2021	700	MDPSC	N/A	1,100
Pepco	FERC	December 31, 2021	500	MDPSC / DCPSC	December 31, 2022	1,050
DPL	FERC	December 31, 2021	500	MDPSC / DPSC	December 31, 2022	375
ACE	NJBPU	December 31, 2021	350	NJBPU	December 31, 2020	77

(a) Generation currently has blanket financing authority it received from FERC in connection with its market-based rate authority.

Contractual Obligations and Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

Contractual obligations represent cash obligations that are considered to be firm commitments and commercial commitments triggered by future events. See Note 18 — Commitments and Contingencies of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in the Exelon 2019 Form 10-K.

Generation, ComEd, PECO, BGE, Pepco, DPL and ACE have obligations related to contracts for the purchase of power and fuel supplies, and ComEd and PECO have obligations related to their financing trusts. The power and fuel purchase contracts and the financing trusts have been considered for consolidation in the Registrants' respective financial statements pursuant to the authoritative guidance for VIEs. See Note 1 — Significant Accounting Policies of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in the Exelon 2019 Form 10-K for additional information.

For an in-depth discussion of the Registrants' contractual obligations and off-balance sheet arrangements, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Contractual Obligations and Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements" in the Exelon 2019 Form 10-K. In addition, see discussion of off-balance sheet arrangement discussed below.

Sales of Customer Accounts Receivable

On April 8, 2020, Generation entered into an accounts receivable financing facility with a number of financial institutions and a commercial paper conduit to sell certain receivables, which expires on April 7, 2021 unless renewed by the mutual consent of the parties in accordance with its terms. The facility allows Generation to obtain financing at lower cost and diversify its sources of liquidity. See Note 5 — Accounts Receivable of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

The Registrants are exposed to market risks associated with adverse changes in commodity prices, counterparty credit, interest rates and equity prices. Exelon's RMC approves risk management policies and objectives for risk assessment, control and valuation, counterparty credit approval, and the monitoring and reporting of risk exposures. The RMC is chaired by the chief executive officer and includes the chief risk officer, chief strategy officer, chief executive officer of Exelon Utilities, chief commercial officer, chief financial officer and chief executive officer of Constellation. The RMC reports to the Finance and Risk Committee of the Exelon Board of Directors on the scope of the risk management activities. The following discussion serves as an update to ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK of Exelon's 2019 Annual Report on Form 10-K incorporated herein by reference.

Commodity Price Risk (All Registrants)

Commodity price risk is associated with price movements resulting from changes in supply and demand, fuel costs, market liquidity, weather conditions, governmental regulatory and environmental policies and other factors. To the extent the total amount of energy Exelon generates and purchases differs from the amount of energy it has contracted to sell, Exelon is exposed to market fluctuations in commodity prices. Exelon seeks to mitigate its commodity price risk through the sale and purchase of electricity, fossil fuel and other commodities.

Generation

Electricity available from Generation's owned or contracted generation supply in excess of Generation's obligations to customers, including portions of the Utility Registrants' retail load, is sold into the wholesale markets. To reduce commodity price risk caused by market fluctuations, Generation enters into non-derivative contracts as well as derivative contracts, including swaps, futures, forwards and options, with approved counterparties to hedge anticipated exposures. Generation uses derivative instruments as economic hedges to mitigate exposure to fluctuations in commodity prices. Generation expects the settlement of the majority of its economic hedges will occur during 2020 through 2022.

As of June 30, 2020, the percentage of expected generation hedged for the Mid-Atlantic, Midwest, New York and ERCOT reportable segments is 98%-101% and 76%-79% for 2020 and 2021, respectively. Market price risk exposure is the risk of a change in the value of unhedged positions. The forecasted market price risk exposure for Generation's entire economic hedge portfolio associated with a \$5 reduction in the annual average around-the-clock energy price based on June 30, 2020 market conditions and hedged position would be an increase in pre-tax net income of approximately \$25 million for 2020 and a decrease of \$189 million for 2021. See Note 11 — Derivative Financial Instruments of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

Fuel Procurement

Approximately 60% of Generation's uranium concentrate requirements from 2020 through 2024 are supplied by three suppliers. In the event of non-performance by these or other suppliers, Generation believes that replacement uranium concentrates can be obtained, although at prices that may be unfavorable when compared to the prices under the current supply agreements. Non-performance by these counterparties could have a material adverse impact on Exelon's and Generation's financial statements.

Utility Registrants

There have been no significant changes or additions to the Utility Registrants exposures to commodity price risk that were described in ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS of Exelon's 2019 Annual Report on Form 10-K. See Note 11 — Derivative Financial Instruments of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding commodity price risk exposure.

Trading and Non-Trading Marketing Activities

The following table detailing Exelon's, Generation's and ComEd's trading and non-trading marketing activities are included to address the recommended disclosures by the energy industry's Committee of Chief Risk Officers (CCRO).

The following table provides detail on changes in Exelon's, Generation's and ComEd's commodity mark-to-market net asset or liability balance sheet position from December 31, 2019 to June 30, 2020. It indicates the drivers behind changes in the balance sheet amounts. This table incorporates the mark-to-market activities that are immediately recorded in earnings. This table excludes all NPNS contracts and does not segregate proprietary trading activity. See Note 11 — Derivative Financial Instruments of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information on the balance sheet classification of the mark-to-market energy contract net assets (liabilities) recorded as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019.

	Exelon	Generation	ComEd
Total mark-to-market energy contract net assets (liabilities) at December 31, 2019 ^(a)	\$ 567	\$ 868	\$ (301)
Total change in fair value during 2020 of contracts recorded in results of operations	(182)	(182)	—
Reclassification to realized at settlement of contracts recorded in results of operations	385	385	—
Changes in fair value — recorded through regulatory assets ^(b)	(17)	—	(17)
Changes in allocated collateral	(353)	(353)	—
Net option premium paid	102	102	—
Option premium amortization	(27)	(27)	—
Upfront payments and amortizations ^(c)	(50)	(50)	—
Total mark-to-market energy contract net assets (liabilities) at June 30, 2020 ^(a)	<u>\$ 425</u>	<u>\$ 743</u>	<u>\$ (318)</u>

(a) Amounts are shown net of collateral paid to and received from counterparties.

(b) For ComEd, the changes in fair value are recorded as a change in regulatory assets. As of June 30, 2020, ComEd recorded a regulatory asset of \$318 million related to its mark-to-market derivative liabilities with unaffiliated suppliers. For the six months ended June 30, 2020, ComEd recorded \$35 million of decreases in fair value and an increase for realized losses due to settlements of \$18 million recorded in purchased power expense associated with floating-to-fixed energy swap contracts with unaffiliated suppliers.

(c) Includes derivative contracts acquired or sold by Generation through upfront payments or receipts of cash, excluding option premiums, and the associated amortizations.

Fair Values

The following tables present maturity and source of fair value for Exelon, Generation and ComEd mark-to-market commodity contract net assets (liabilities). The tables provide two fundamental pieces of information. First, the tables provide the source of fair value used in determining the carrying amount of the Registrants' total mark-to-market net assets (liabilities), net of allocated collateral. Second, the tables show the maturity, by year, of the Registrants' commodity contract net assets (liabilities), net of allocated collateral, giving an indication of when these mark-to-market amounts will settle and either generate or require cash. See Note 13 — Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding fair value measurements and the fair value hierarchy.

Exelon

	Maturities Within						Total Fair Value
	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025 and Beyond	
Normal Operations, Commodity derivative contracts ^{(a)(b)} :							
Actively quoted prices (Level 1)	\$ (72)	\$ (11)	\$ (20)	\$ 1	\$ 6	\$ 17	\$ (79)
Prices provided by external sources (Level 2)	77	35	37	13	—	1	163
Prices based on model or other valuation methods (Level 3) ^(c)	203	223	83	3	(12)	(159)	341
Total	\$ 208	\$ 247	\$ 100	\$ 17	\$ (6)	\$ (141)	\$ 425

(a) Mark-to-market gains and losses on other economic hedge and trading derivative contracts that are recorded in results of operations.

(b) Amounts are shown net of collateral paid to and received from counterparties (and offset against mark-to-market assets and liabilities) of \$576 million at June 30, 2020.

(c) Includes ComEd's net assets (liabilities) associated with the floating-to-fixed energy swap contracts with unaffiliated suppliers.

Generation

	Maturities Within						Total Fair Value
	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025 and Beyond	
Normal Operations, Commodity derivative contracts ^{(a)(b)} :							
Actively quoted prices (Level 1)	\$ (72)	\$ (11)	\$ (20)	\$ 1	\$ 6	\$ 17	\$ (79)
Prices provided by external sources (Level 2)	77	35	37	13	—	1	163
Prices based on model or other valuation methods (Level 3)	220	252	112	32	16	27	659
Total	\$ 225	\$ 276	\$ 129	\$ 46	\$ 22	\$ 45	\$ 743

(a) Mark-to-market gains and losses on other economic hedge and trading derivative contracts that are recorded in the results of operations.

(b) Amounts are shown net of collateral paid to and received from counterparties (and offset against mark-to-market assets and liabilities) of \$576 million at June 30, 2020.

ComEd

	Maturities Within						Total Fair Value
	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025 and Beyond	
Commodity derivative contracts ^(a) :							
Prices based on model or other valuation methods (Level 3) ^(a)	\$ (17)	\$ (29)	\$ (29)	\$ (29)	\$ (28)	\$ (186)	\$ (318)

(a) Represents ComEd's net liabilities associated with the floating-to-fixed energy swap contracts with unaffiliated suppliers.

Credit Risk (All Registrants)

The Registrants would be exposed to credit-related losses in the event of non-performance by counterparties that execute derivative instruments. The credit exposure of derivative contracts, before collateral, is represented by the

fair value of contracts at the reporting date. See Note 11 — Derivative Financial Instruments of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for detailed discussion of credit risk.

Generation

The following tables provide information on Generation's credit exposure for all derivative instruments, normal purchases and normal sales agreements, and payables and receivables, net of collateral and instruments that are subject to master netting agreements, as of June 30, 2020. The tables further delineate that exposure by credit rating of the counterparties and provide guidance on the concentration of credit risk to individual counterparties and an indication of the duration of a company's credit risk by credit rating of the counterparties. The figures in the tables below exclude credit risk exposure from individual retail customers, uranium procurement contracts, and exposure through RTOs, ISOs and commodity exchanges, which are discussed below.

Rating as of June 30, 2020	Total Exposure Before Credit Collateral	Credit Collateral ^(a)	Net Exposure	Number of Counterparties Greater than 10% of Net Exposure	Net Exposure of Counterparties Greater than 10% of Net Exposure
Investment grade	\$ 772	\$ 25	\$ 747	1	117
Non-investment grade	35	26	9		
No external ratings					
Internally rated — investment grade	213	1	212		
Internally rated — non-investment grade	130	17	113		
Total	\$ 1,150	\$ 69	\$ 1,081	1	117

Rating as of June 30, 2020	Maturity of Credit Risk Exposure			Total Exposure Before Credit Collateral
	Less than 2 Years	2-5 Years	Exposure Greater than 5 Years	
Investment grade	\$ 690	\$ 55	\$ 27	\$ 772
Non-investment grade	35	—	—	35
No external ratings				
Internally rated — investment grade	156	32	25	213
Internally rated — non-investment grade	118	6	6	130
Total	\$ 999	\$ 93	\$ 58	\$ 1,150

Net Credit Exposure by Type of Counterparty	As of June 30, 2020
Financial institutions	\$ 29
Investor-owned utilities, marketers, power producers	834
Energy cooperatives and municipalities	173
Other	45
Total	\$ 1,081

(a) As of June 30, 2020, credit collateral held from counterparties where Generation had credit exposure included \$31 million of cash and \$38 million of letters of credit.

The Utility Registrants

There have been no significant changes or additions to the Utility Registrants exposures to credit risk that are described in ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS of Exelon's 2019 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

See Note 11 — Derivative Financial Instruments of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding credit exposure to suppliers.

Credit-Risk-Related Contingent Features (All Registrants)

Generation

As part of the normal course of business, Generation routinely enters into physical or financial contracts for the sale and purchase of electricity, natural gas and other commodities. In accordance with the contracts and applicable law, if Generation is downgraded by a credit rating agency, especially if such downgrade is to a level below investment grade, it is possible that a counterparty would attempt to rely on such a downgrade as a basis for making a demand for adequate assurance of future performance. Depending on Generation's net position with a counterparty, the demand could be for the posting of collateral. In the absence of expressly agreed-to provisions that specify the collateral that must be provided, collateral requested will be a function of the facts and circumstances of the situation at the time of the demand. See Note 11 — Derivative Financial Instruments of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding collateral requirements. See Note 14 — Commitments and Contingencies of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding the letters of credit supporting the cash collateral.

Generation transacts output through bilateral contracts. The bilateral contracts are subject to credit risk, which relates to the ability of counterparties to meet their contractual payment obligations. Any failure to collect these payments from counterparties could have a material impact on Exelon's and Generation's financial statements. As market prices rise above or fall below contracted price levels, Generation is required to post collateral with purchasers; as market prices fall below contracted price levels, counterparties are required to post collateral with Generation. To post collateral, Generation depends on access to bank credit facilities, which serve as liquidity sources to fund collateral requirements. See Note 16 — Debt and Credit Agreements of Exelon's 2019 Annual Report on Form 10-K for additional information.

Utility Registrants

As of June 30, 2020, the Utility Registrants were not required to post collateral under their energy and/or natural gas procurement contracts. See Note 11 — Derivative Financial Instruments of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

Interest Rate and Foreign Exchange Risk (Exelon and Generation)

Exelon and Generation use a combination of fixed-rate and variable-rate debt to manage interest rate exposure. Exelon and Generation may also utilize interest rate swaps to manage their interest rate exposure. A hypothetical 50 basis points increase in the interest rates associated with unhedged variable-rate debt (excluding commercial paper) and fixed-to-floating swaps would result in approximately a \$2 million decrease in Exelon pre-tax income for the six months ended June 30, 2020. To manage foreign exchange rate exposure associated with international energy purchases in currencies other than U.S. dollars, Generation utilizes foreign currency derivatives, which are typically designated as economic hedges. See Note 11 — Derivative Financial Instruments of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

Equity Price Risk (Exelon and Generation)

Exelon and Generation maintain trust funds, as required by the NRC, to fund certain costs of decommissioning its nuclear plants. As of June 30, 2020, Generation's NDT funds are reflected at fair value in its Consolidated Balance Sheets. The mix of securities in the trust funds is designed to provide returns to be used to fund decommissioning and to compensate Generation for inflationary increases in decommissioning costs; however, the equity securities in the trust funds are exposed to price fluctuations in equity markets, and the value of fixed-rate, fixed-income securities are exposed to changes in interest rates. Generation actively monitors the investment performance of the trust funds and periodically reviews asset allocation in accordance with Generation's NDT fund investment policy. A hypothetical 25 basis points increase in interest rates and 10% decrease in equity prices would result in a \$696 million reduction in the fair value of the trust assets. This calculation holds all other variables constant and assumes only the discussed changes in interest rates and equity prices.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

During the second quarter of 2020, each of the Registrants' management, including its principal executive officer and principal financial officer, evaluated its disclosure controls and procedures related to the recording, processing, summarizing and reporting of information in its periodic reports that it files with the SEC. These disclosure controls and procedures have been designed by the Registrants to ensure that (a) material information relating to that Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is accumulated and made known to Exelon's management, including its principal executive officer and principal financial officer, by other employees of that Registrant and its subsidiaries as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure, and (b) this information is recorded, processed, summarized, evaluated and reported, as applicable, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Due to the inherent limitations of control systems, not all misstatements may be detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls could be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons or by collusion of two or more people.

Accordingly, as of June 30, 2020, the principal executive officer and principal financial officer of each of the Registrants concluded that such Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures were effective to accomplish its objectives. The Registrants continually strive to improve their disclosure controls and procedures to enhance the quality of its financial reporting and to maintain dynamic systems that change as conditions warrant. There were no changes in internal control over financial reporting during the second quarter of 2020 that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, any of the Registrants' internal control over financial reporting, including no changes resulting from COVID-19. See Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Executive Overview for additional information on COVID-19.

PART II — OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

The Registrants are parties to various lawsuits and regulatory proceedings in the ordinary course of their respective businesses. For information regarding material lawsuits and proceedings, see (a) ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS of Exelon's 2019 Form 10-K and (b) Notes 2 — Regulatory Matters and 14 — Commitments and Contingencies of the Combined Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in PART I, ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS of this Report. Such descriptions are incorporated herein by these references.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

Risks Related to Exelon

At June 30, 2020, the Registrants' risk factors were consistent with the risk factors described in the Registrants' combined 2019 Form 10-K in ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS, except for the following risk factors, which were added.

Our Results Could be Negatively Affected by the Impacts of COVID-19 (All Registrants).

The Registrants have taken steps to mitigate the potential risks posed by COVID-19. This is an evolving situation that could lead to extended disruption of economic activity in the Registrants' respective markets. COVID-19 could negatively affect the Registrants' ability to operate their respective generating and transmission and distribution assets, their ability to access capital markets, and results of operations. The Registrants cannot predict the extent of the impacts of COVID-19, which will depend on future developments and which are highly uncertain at this time. See Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Executive Overview for additional information on COVID-19.

Exelon and ComEd have received requests for information related to an SEC investigation into their lobbying activities. The outcome of the investigation could have a material adverse effect on their reputation and consolidated financial statements (Exelon and ComEd).

On October 22, 2019, the SEC notified Exelon and ComEd that it had opened an investigation into their lobbying activities in the State of Illinois. Exelon and ComEd have cooperated fully, including by providing all information

requested by the SEC, and intend to continue to cooperate fully and expeditiously with the SEC. The outcome of the SEC's investigation cannot be predicted and could subject Exelon and ComEd to criminal or civil penalties, sanctions or other remedial measures. Any of the foregoing, as well as the appearance of non-compliance with anti-corruption and anti-bribery laws, could have an adverse impact on Exelon's and ComEd's reputations or relationships with regulatory and legislative authorities, customers and other stakeholders, as well as their consolidated financial statements.

If ComEd violates its Deferred Prosecution Agreement announced on July 17, 2020, it could have an adverse effect on the reputation and consolidated financial statements of Exelon and ComEd (Exelon and ComEd).

On July 17, 2020, ComEd entered into a Deferred Prosecution Agreement (DPA) with the U.S. Attorney's Office for the Northern District of Illinois (USAO) to resolve the USAO's investigation into Exelon's and ComEd's lobbying activities in the State of Illinois. Exelon was not made a party to the DPA and the investigation by the USAO into Exelon's activities ends with no charges being brought against Exelon. Under the DPA, the USAO filed a single charge alleging that ComEd improperly gave and offered to give jobs, vendor subcontracts, and payments associated with those jobs and subcontracts for the benefit of the Speaker of the Illinois House of Representatives and the Speaker's associates, with the intent to influence the Speaker's action regarding legislation affecting ComEd's interests. The DPA provides that the USAO will defer any prosecution of such charge and any other criminal or civil case against ComEd in connection with the matters identified therein for a three-year period subject to certain obligations of ComEd, including, but not limited to, the following: (i) payment to the United States Treasury of \$200 million, with \$100 million payable within thirty days of the filing of the DPA with the United States District Court for the Northern District of Illinois and an additional \$100 million within ninety days of such filing date; (ii) continued full cooperation with the government's investigation; and (iii) ComEd's adoption and maintenance of remedial measures involving compliance and reporting undertakings as specified in the DPA. If ComEd is found to have breached the terms of the DPA, the USAO may elect to prosecute, or bring a civil action against, ComEd for conduct alleged in the DPA or known to the government, which could result in fines or penalties and could have an adverse impact on Exelon's and ComEd's reputation or relationships with regulatory and legislative authorities, customers and other stakeholders, as well as their consolidated financial statements.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

All Registrants

Not applicable to the Registrants.

Item 5. Other Information

Amendments to Exelon, ComEd, PECO, BGE and PHI Governing Documents

On August 3, 2020, Exelon, ComEd, PECO, and BGE each adopted Amended and Restated Bylaws, and PHI entered into an Amended and Restated Limited Liability Company Agreement, to address certain administrative and other non-material matters. In addition, the amendments to each of the utilities' governing documents provide that vacancies on the utilities' respective boards of directors may only be filled by such utility's shareholders and that the utilities' respective governing documents may only be amended by such utility's shareholders.

Item 6. Exhibits

Certain of the following exhibits are incorporated herein by reference under Rule 12b-32 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Certain other instruments which would otherwise be required to be listed below have not been so listed because such instruments do not authorize securities in an amount which exceeds 10% of the total assets of the applicable Registrant and its subsidiaries on a consolidated basis and the relevant Registrant agrees to furnish a copy of any such instrument to the Commission upon request.

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Exhibit No.	Description
<u>3.1*</u>	<u>Amended and Restated Bylaws of Exelon*</u>
<u>3.2*</u>	<u>Amended and Restated Bylaws of ComEd*</u>
<u>3.3*</u>	<u>Amended and Restated Bylaws of PECO*</u>
<u>3.4*</u>	<u>Amended and Restated Bylaws of BGE*</u>
<u>3.5*</u>	<u>Amended and Restated Limited Liability Company Agreement of PHI*</u>
<u>4.1</u>	<u>Exelon Generation Form of 3.250% Senior Notes due 2025 (File No. 333-85496, Form 8-K dated May 15, 2020, Exhibit 4.1).</u>
<u>4.2</u>	<u>One Hundred and Eighteenth Supplemental Indenture dated as of June 1, 2020 from PECO to U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee (File No. 000-16844, Form 8-K dated June 8, 2020, Exhibit 4.1).</u>
<u>4.3</u>	<u>BGE Form of 2.900% notes due June 15, 2050 (File No. 001-01910, Form 8-K dated June 5, 2020, Exhibit 4.2).</u>
<u>4.4</u>	<u>Pollution Control Facilities Loan Agreement, dated as of June 1, 2020, between The Pollution Control Financing Authority of Salem County and ACE (File No. 001-03559, Form 8-K dated June 2, 2020, Exhibit 4.1).</u>
<u>4.5</u>	<u>Supplemental Indenture, dated as of June 1, 2020, with respect to the ACE Mortgage and Deed of Trust, dated as of January 15, 1937 (File No. 001-03559, Form 8-K dated June 9, 2020, Exhibit 4.2).</u>
<u>4.6</u>	<u>Supplemental Indenture, dated as of June 1, 2020, with respect to the DPL Mortgage and Deed of Trust, dated as of October 1, 1943 (File No. 001-01405, Form 8-K dated June 9, 2020, Exhibit 4.4).</u>
<u>4.7</u>	<u>Gas Facilities Loan Agreement, dated as of July 1, 2020, between The Delaware Economic Development Authority and DPL (File No. 001-01405, Form 8-K dated July 1, 2020, Exhibit 4.1).</u>
<u>10.1*</u>	<u>Exelon Corporation Form of Non-Employee Directors' Deferred Stock Unit Program Agreement.*</u>
<u>10.2</u>	<u>Exelon Corporation 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan (Effective April 28, 2020) (File No. 001-16169, Proxy Statement filed March 18, 2020, Appendix A).</u>
<u>10.3*</u>	<u>Exelon Corporation 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan Prospectus, dated May 27, 2020.*</u>
<u>10.4*</u>	<u>Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Notice and Agreement under the Exelon Corporation 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan*</u>
<u>10.5*</u>	<u>Form of Performance Share Award Notice and Agreement under the Exelon Corporation 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan*</u>
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document - the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.

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101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels Linkbase Document.
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)

*Filed herewith

Certifications Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 as to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2020 filed by the following officers for the following companies:

31-1	— Filed by Christopher M. Crane for Exelon Corporation
31-2	— Filed by Joseph Nigro for Exelon Corporation
31-3	— Filed by Kenneth W. Cornew for Exelon Generation Company, LLC
31-4	— Filed by Bryan P. Wright for Exelon Generation Company, LLC
31-5	— Filed by Joseph Dominguez for Commonwealth Edison Company
31-6	— Filed by Jeanne M. Jones for Commonwealth Edison Company
31-7	— Filed by Michael A. Innocenzo for PECO Energy Company
31-8	— Filed by Robert J. Stefani for PECO Energy Company
31-9	— Filed by Carim V. Khouzami for Baltimore Gas and Electric Company
31-10	— Filed by David M. Vahos for Baltimore Gas and Electric Company
31-11	— Filed by David M. Velazquez for Pepco Holdings LLC
31-12	— Filed by Phillip S. Barnett for Pepco Holdings LLC
31-13	— Filed by David M. Velazquez for Potomac Electric Power Company
31-14	— Filed by Phillip S. Barnett for Potomac Electric Power Company
31-15	— Filed by David M. Velazquez for Delmarva Power & Light Company
31-16	— Filed by Phillip S. Barnett for Delmarva Power & Light Company
31-17	— Filed by David M. Velazquez for Atlantic City Electric Company
31-18	— Filed by Phillip S. Barnett for Atlantic City Electric Company

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Certifications Pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 United States Code (Sarbanes — Oxley Act of 2002) as to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2020 filed by the following officers for the following companies:

<u>32-1</u>	<u>— Filed by Christopher M. Crane for Exelon Corporation</u>
<u>32-2</u>	<u>— Filed by Joseph Nigro for Exelon Corporation</u>
<u>32-3</u>	<u>— Filed by Kenneth W. Cornew for Exelon Generation Company, LLC</u>
<u>32-4</u>	<u>— Filed by Bryan P. Wright for Exelon Generation Company, LLC</u>
<u>32-5</u>	<u>— Filed by Joseph Dominguez for Commonwealth Edison Company</u>
<u>32-6</u>	<u>— Filed by Jeanne M. Jones for Commonwealth Edison Company</u>
<u>32-7</u>	<u>— Filed by Michael A. Innocenzo for PECO Energy Company</u>
<u>32-8</u>	<u>— Filed by Robert J. Stefani for PECO Energy Company</u>
<u>32-9</u>	<u>— Filed by Carim V. Khouzami for Baltimore Gas and Electric Company</u>
<u>32-10</u>	<u>— Filed by David M. Vahos for Baltimore Gas and Electric Company</u>
<u>32-11</u>	<u>— Filed by David M. Velazquez for Pepco Holdings LLC</u>
<u>32-12</u>	<u>— Filed by Phillip S. Barnett for Pepco Holdings LLC</u>
<u>32-13</u>	<u>— Filed by David M. Velazquez for Potomac Electric Power Company</u>
<u>32-14</u>	<u>— Filed by Phillip S. Barnett for Potomac Electric Power Company</u>
<u>32-15</u>	<u>— Filed by David M. Velazquez for Delmarva Power & Light Company</u>
<u>32-16</u>	<u>— Filed by Phillip S. Barnett for Delmarva Power & Light Company</u>
<u>32-17</u>	<u>— Filed by David M. Velazquez for Atlantic City Electric Company</u>
<u>32-18</u>	<u>— Filed by Phillip S. Barnett for Atlantic City Electric Company</u>

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

EXELON CORPORATION

/s/ CHRISTOPHER M. CRANE

Christopher M. Crane
President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer) and Director

/s/ JOSEPH NIGRO

Joseph Nigro
Senior Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

/s/ FABIAN E. SOUZA

Fabian E. Souza
Senior Vice President and Corporate Controller
(Principal Accounting Officer)

August 4, 2020

Pursuant to requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

EXELON GENERATION COMPANY, LLC

/s/ KENNETH W. CORNEW

Kenneth W. Cornew
President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

/s/ MATTHEW N. BAUER

Matthew N. Bauer
Vice President and Controller
(Principal Accounting Officer)

/s/ BRYAN P. WRIGHT

Bryan P. Wright
Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

August 4, 2020

Pursuant to requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

COMMONWEALTH EDISON COMPANY

/s/ JOSEPH DOMINGUEZ

Joseph Dominguez
Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

/s/ JEANNE M. JONES

Jeanne M. Jones
Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer
(Principal Financial Officer)

/s/ GERALD J. KOZEL

Gerald J. Kozel
Vice President and Controller
(Principal Accounting Officer)

August 4, 2020

Pursuant to requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

PECO ENERGY COMPANY

/s/ MICHAEL A. INNOCENZO

Michael A. Innocenzo

President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

/s/ CAROLINE FULGINITI

Caroline Fulginiti

Director, Accounting
(Principal Accounting Officer)

/s/ ROBERT J. STEFANI

Robert J. Stefani

Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer
(Principal Financial Officer)

August 4, 2020

Pursuant to requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

BALTIMORE GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY

/s/ CARIM V. KHOUZAMI

Carim V. Khouzami
Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

/s/ JASON T. JONES

Jason T. Jones
Director, Accounting
(Principal Accounting Officer)

/s/ DAVID M. VAHOS

David M. Vahos
Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer
(Principal Financial Officer)

August 4, 2020

Pursuant to requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

PEPCO HOLDINGS LLC

/s/ DAVID M. VELAZQUEZ

David M. Velazquez
President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

/s/ PHILLIP S. BARNETT

Phillip S. Barnett
Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer
(Principal Financial Officer)

/s/ JULIE E. GIESE

Julie E. Giese
Director, Accounting
(Principal Accounting Officer)

August 4, 2020

Pursuant to requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

POTOMAC ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY

/s/ DAVID M. VELAZQUEZ

David M. Velazquez
President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

/s/ PHILLIP S. BARNETT

Phillip S. Barnett
Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer
(Principal Financial Officer)

/s/ JULIE E. GIESE

Julie E. Giese
Director, Accounting
(Principal Accounting Officer)

August 4, 2020

Pursuant to requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

DELMARVA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY

/s/ DAVID M. VELAZQUEZ

David M. Velazquez
President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

/s/ PHILLIP S. BARNETT

Phillip S. Barnett
Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer
(Principal Financial Officer)

/s/ JULIE E. GIESE

Julie E. Giese
Director, Accounting
(Principal Accounting Officer)

August 4, 2020

Pursuant to requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

ATLANTIC CITY ELECTRIC COMPANY

/s/ DAVID M. VELAZQUEZ

David M. Velazquez
President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

/s/ PHILLIP S. BARNETT

Phillip S. Barnett
Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer
(Principal Financial Officer)

/s/ JULIE E. GIESE

Julie E. Giese
Director, Accounting
(Principal Accounting Officer)

August 4, 2020



EXELON CORPORATION

**AMENDED AND RESTATED
BYLAWS**

(Effective August 3, 2020)

ARTICLE I.
Offices and Fiscal Year

Section 1.01 Registered Office. The registered office of Exelon Corporation (the “**corporation**”) shall be in the City of Erie, in the County of Erie, in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The address of the registered office may be changed from time to time by the board of directors.

Section 1.02 Other Offices. The corporation may also have offices at such other places within or without the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania as the board of directors may from time to time appoint or as may be necessary, advisable or appropriate for the business of the corporation.

Section 1.03 Fiscal Year. The fiscal year of the corporation shall begin on the first day of January in each year.

ARTICLE II.
Notice - Waivers - Meetings Generally

Section 2.01 Manner of Giving Notice.

(a) **General Rule.** Whenever written notice is required to be given to any person under the provisions of the Pennsylvania Business Corporation Law (“**PBCL**”) or by the articles or these bylaws, it may be given to the person either personally or by sending a copy thereof by first class or express mail, postage prepaid, or by telegram (with messenger services specified), telex or TWX (with answerback received) or courier service, charges prepaid, or by facsimile transmission, to the address (or to the telex, TWX or facsimile transmission telephone number) of the person appearing on the books of the corporation, or as otherwise permitted by applicable law, or, in the case of directors, supplied by the director to the corporation for the purpose of notice. If the notice is sent by mail, telegraph or courier service, it shall be deemed to have been given to the person entitled thereto when deposited in the United States mail or with a telegraph office or courier service for delivery to that person or, in the case of telex or TWX, when dispatched or, in the case of facsimile transmission, when received. Notwithstanding the foregoing, written notice of any meeting of shareholders may be sent by any class of mail, postage prepaid, so long as such notice is sent at least 20 calendar days prior to the date of the meeting. A notice of meeting shall specify the place, day and hour of the meeting and any other information required by any other provision of the PBCL, the articles or these bylaws.

(b) **Adjourned Shareholder Meetings.** When a meeting of shareholders is adjourned, it shall not be necessary to give any notice of the adjourned meeting or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting, other than by announcement at the meeting at which the adjournment is taken, unless the board fixes a new record date for the adjourned meeting or the PBCL requires notice of the business to be transacted and such notice has not previously been given.

Section 2.02 Notice of Meetings of the Board of Directors. Notice of a regular meeting of the board of directors need not be given. Notice of every special meeting of the board of directors shall be given to each director by telephone or in writing at least 24 hours (in the case of notice by telephone, telex, TWX, facsimile or other electronic transmission) or 48 hours (in the case of notice by telegraph, courier service or express mail) or five days (in the case of notice by first class mail) before the time at which the meeting is to be held. Every such notice shall state the time and place of the meeting. Neither the business to be transacted at, nor the purpose of, any regular or special meeting of the board need be specified in a notice of the meeting.

Section 2.03 Notice of Meetings of Shareholders.

(a) General Rule. Written notice of every meeting of the shareholders shall be given by, or at the direction of, the secretary or other authorized person to each shareholder of record entitled to vote at the meeting not less than five nor more than 90 calendar days prior to the date of the meeting. If the secretary neglects or refuses to give notice of a meeting, the person or persons calling the meeting may do so. In the case of a special meeting of shareholders, the notice shall specify the general nature of the business to be transacted.

(b) Notice of Action by Shareholders on Bylaws. In the case of a meeting of shareholders that has as one of its purposes adoption, amendment or repeal of these bylaws, written notice shall be given to each shareholder that the purpose, or one of the purposes, of the meeting is to consider the adoption, amendment or repeal of the bylaws. There shall be included in, or enclosed with, the notice a copy of the proposed amendment or a summary of the changes to be effected thereby.

Section 2.04 Waiver of Notice.

(a) Written Waiver. Whenever any written notice is required to be given under the provisions of the PBCL, the articles or these bylaws, a waiver thereof in writing, signed by the person or persons entitled to the notice, whether before or after the time stated therein, shall be deemed equivalent to the giving of the notice. Neither the business to be transacted at, nor the purpose of, a meeting need be specified in the waiver of notice of the meeting.

(b) Waiver by Attendance. Attendance of a person at any meeting shall constitute a waiver of notice of the meeting except where a person attends a meeting for the express purpose of objecting, at the beginning of the meeting, to the transaction of any business because the meeting was not lawfully called or convened.

Section 2.05 Modification of Proposal Contained in Notice. Whenever the language of a proposed resolution is included in a written notice of a meeting required to be given under the provisions of the PBCL or the articles or these bylaws, the meeting considering the resolution may without further notice adopt it with such clarifying or other amendments as do not enlarge its original purpose.

Section 2.06 Exception to Requirement of Notice.

(a) General Rule. Whenever any notice or communication is required to be given to any person under the provisions of the PBCL or by the articles or these bylaws or by the terms of any agreement or other instrument or as a condition precedent to taking any corporate action and communication with that person is then unlawful, the giving of the notice or communication to that person shall not be required.

(b) Shareholders Without Forwarding Addresses. Notice or other communications need not be sent to any shareholder with whom the corporation has been unable to communicate for more than 24 consecutive months because communications to the shareholder are returned unclaimed or the shareholder has otherwise failed to provide the corporation with a current address. Whenever the shareholder provides the corporation with a current address, the corporation shall recommence sending notices and other communications to the shareholder in the manner provided by these bylaws.

Section 2.07 Use of Conference Telephone and Similar Equipment. Any director may participate in any meeting of the board of directors or a committee thereof, and the board of directors may provide by resolution with respect to a specific meeting of shareholders or with respect to a class of meetings of shareholders that one or more persons may participate in a meeting of the shareholders of the corporation, by means of conference telephone, video conference or similar communications equipment by means of which all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other. Participation in a meeting pursuant to this Section shall constitute presence in person at the meeting.

ARTICLE III. **Shareholders**

Section 3.01 Place of Meeting. Meetings of the shareholders of the corporation may be held at such place within or without the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania as may be designated by the Board of Directors, or in the absence of a designation by the Board of Directors, by the chair of the board or the president and stated in the notice of a meeting.

Section 3.02 Annual Meeting. The annual meeting of the shareholders for the election of directors and the transaction of other business, if any, shall be held on such date and time as may be fixed by the board and stated in the notice of meetings (or, if the board fails to designate a date and time, at 10:30 a.m. on the fourth Wednesday in April of each year or, if such Wednesday is a legal holiday in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or in such other jurisdiction where such meeting may be held, the next succeeding business day). Failure to hold such meeting at the designated time or on the designated date or to elect some or all of the members of the board at such meeting or any adjournment thereof shall not affect otherwise valid corporate acts or work a forfeiture or dissolution of the corporation. If the annual meeting shall not have been called and held within six months after the designated time, any shareholder may call the meeting at any time thereafter.

Section 3.03 Special Meetings. Special meetings of the shareholders may be called at any time by resolution of the board of directors, which may fix the date, time and place of the meeting, and shall be called as provided in the terms of the Preferred Stock. If the board does not fix the date, time or place of the meeting, it shall be the duty of the secretary to do so. A date fixed by the secretary shall not be more than 60 calendar days after the date of the action calling the special meeting.

Section 3.04 Quorum and Adjournment.

(a) General Rule. A meeting of the shareholders of the corporation duly called shall not be organized for the transaction of business unless a quorum is present. Except as otherwise provided in the terms of the Preferred Stock, the presence of shareholders entitled to cast at least a majority of the votes that all shareholders are entitled to cast on a particular matter to be acted upon at the meeting shall constitute a quorum for the purposes of consideration and action on the matter. Shares of the corporation owned, directly or indirectly, by it shall not be counted in determining the total number of outstanding shares for quorum purposes at any given time.

(b) Withdrawal of a Quorum. The shareholders present at a duly organized meeting can continue to do business until adjournment notwithstanding the withdrawal of enough shareholders to leave less than a quorum.

(c) Adjournments Generally. Any regular or special meeting of the shareholders, including one at which directors are to be elected and one which cannot be organized because a quorum has not attended, may be adjourned, except as otherwise provided by the PBCL, for such period and to such place as the shareholders present and entitled to vote shall direct.

(d) Electing Directors at Adjourned Meeting. Those shareholders entitled to vote who attend a meeting called for the election of directors that has been previously adjourned for lack of a quorum, although less than a quorum as fixed in this Section of these bylaws, shall nevertheless constitute a quorum for the purpose of electing directors.

(e) Other Action in Absence of Quorum. Those shareholders entitled to vote who attend a meeting of shareholders that has been previously adjourned for one or more periods aggregating at least 15 calendar days because of an absence of a quorum, although less than a quorum as fixed in this Section of these bylaws, shall nevertheless constitute a quorum for the purpose of acting upon any matter set forth in the notice of the meeting if the notice states that those shareholders who attend the adjourned meeting shall nevertheless constitute a quorum for the purpose of acting upon the matter.

Section 3.05 Action by Shareholders.

(a) General Rule. Except as otherwise provided in the PBCL or the articles or these bylaws, whenever any corporate action is to be taken by vote of the shareholders of the corporation, it shall be authorized upon receiving the affirmative vote of a majority of the votes cast by all shareholders entitled to vote thereon and, if any shareholders are entitled to vote thereon as a class, upon receiving the affirmative vote of a majority of the votes cast by the shareholders entitled to vote as a class, in each case at a duly organized meeting of shareholders. Except as otherwise provided in the terms of the Preferred Stock or when acting by unanimous consent to remove a director or directors, the shareholders of the corporation may act only at a duly organized meeting.

(b) Conduct of Business. Only such business will be conducted at an annual or special meeting of shareholders as shall have been properly brought before the meeting by or at the direction of the board of directors, or with respect to an annual meeting, by any shareholder who complies with the procedures set forth in this Section.

(1) For business to be properly brought before an annual meeting by a shareholder, the shareholder must have given to the secretary of the corporation timely written notice of the shareholder's intention to make a proposal, in the manner and form prescribed herein, whether or not the proposed business is to be included in the corporation's proxy statement.

(i) To be timely, a shareholder's notice with respect to an annual meeting of shareholders must be addressed to the secretary of the corporation at the principal executive offices of the corporation and received by the secretary not less than 120 nor more than 150 calendar days in advance of the first anniversary of the date on which the corporation first mailed its proxy materials to shareholders for the prior year's annual meeting of shareholders, and this notice requirement shall not be affected by any adjournment of said meeting; provided, however, that in the event public announcement of the date of the annual meeting is not made at least 75 calendar days prior to the date of the annual meeting, notice by the shareholder to be timely

must be so received not later than the close of business on the 10th calendar day following the day on which public announcement is first made of the date of the annual meeting.

(ii) A shareholder's notice to the secretary must set forth as to each matter the shareholder proposes to bring before the annual meeting (A) a description in reasonable detail of the business desired to be brought before the annual meeting and the reasons for conducting such business at the annual meeting, (B) the name and address, as they appear on the corporation's books, of the shareholder proposing such business and of the beneficial owner, if any, on whose behalf the proposal is made, (C) the class and number of shares of the corporation and any other ownership interests, including derivatives, hedged positions and other economic or voting interests in the corporation that are owned beneficially and of record by the shareholder proposing such business and by the beneficial owner, if any, on whose behalf the proposal is made, (D) any material interest of such shareholder proposing such business and the beneficial owner, if any, on whose behalf the proposal is made in such business, and (E) a representation as to whether such shareholder intends to deliver a proxy statement regarding such matters to the other shareholders of the corporation.

(iii) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of these bylaws, a shareholder must also comply with all applicable requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "**Exchange Act**") and the rules and regulations thereunder with respect to the matters set forth in this Section. For purposes of this Section, "public announcement" means disclosure in a press release reported by the Dow Jones News Service, Bloomberg Business News, or Reuters Economic Services or in a document publicly filed by the corporation with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Section 13, 14, or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, or publicly filed by the corporation with any national securities exchange or quotation service through which the corporation's stock is listed or traded, or furnished by the corporation to its shareholders. Notwithstanding the foregoing, no notice of the date of the annual meeting is required for the advance notice provision of this Section 3.05(b) to be effective if the annual meeting is held on such date as specified in Section 3.02 of these bylaws. Nothing in this Section will be deemed to affect any rights of shareholders to request inclusion of proposals in the corporation's proxy statement pursuant to Rule 14a-8 under the Exchange Act.

(2) At a special meeting of shareholders, only such business may be conducted or considered as is properly brought before the meeting. To be properly brought before a special meeting, business must be (i) specified in the notice of the meeting (or any supplement thereto) given in accordance with Section 2.03 of these bylaws or (ii) otherwise brought before the meeting by the presiding officer or by or at the direction of a majority of the total number of directors that the corporation would have if there were no vacancies on the board of directors (the "**Whole Board**").

(3) The determination of whether any business sought to be brought before any annual or special meeting of the shareholders is properly brought before such meeting in accordance with this Section of these bylaws will be made by the presiding officer of such meeting. If the presiding officer determines that any business is not properly brought before such meeting, he or she will so declare to the meeting and any such business will not be conducted or considered.

Section 3.06 Organization.

(a) **Presiding Officer and Secretary of Meeting.** At every meeting of the shareholders, the chair of the board, or such other officer of the corporation designated by a majority of the Whole Board, will call meetings of shareholders to order or, in the case of vacancy in office and absence by action of the Whole Board, one of the following officers present in the order stated: The chief executive officer, if there be one, the president, if there be one, the vice presidents in their order of rank and seniority shall act as "presiding officer" of the meeting. The term "presiding officer" means an officer who presides over a meeting of shareholders. The secretary or, in the absence of the secretary, an assistant secretary, or, in the absence of both the secretary and assistant secretaries, a person appointed by the presiding officer of the meeting, shall act as secretary of the meeting.

(b) **Rules of Conduct.** Unless otherwise determined by the board of directors prior to the meeting, the presiding officer of the meeting of shareholders will determine the order of business and have the authority to make such rules or regulations for the conduct of meetings of shareholders as such presiding officer deems necessary, appropriate or convenient for the proper conduct of the meeting, including, without limitation, establishing an agenda or order of business for the meeting, rules and procedures for maintaining order at the meeting and the safety of those present, limitations on participation in such meeting to shareholders of record of the corporation and their duly authorized and constituted proxies, and such other persons as the board of directors or the presiding officer shall permit, restrictions on entry to the meeting after the time fixed for the commencement thereof, limitations on the time allotted to questions or comment by participants and regulation of the opening and closing of the polls for balloting on matters which are to be voted on by ballot. Unless, and to the extent determined by the board of directors or the presiding officer of the meeting, meetings of shareholders need not be conducted in accordance with rules of parliamentary procedure.

Section 3.07 Voting Rights of Shareholders. Unless otherwise provided in the articles, every shareholder of the corporation shall be entitled to one vote for every share standing in the name of the shareholder on the books of the corporation.

Section 3.08 Voting and other Action by Proxy.

(a) **General Rule.**

(1) Every shareholder entitled to vote at a meeting of shareholders may authorize another person to act for the shareholder by proxy.

(2) The presence of, or vote or other action at a meeting of shareholders by a proxy of a shareholder shall constitute the presence of, or vote or action by, the shareholder.

(3) Where two or more proxies of a shareholder are present, the corporation shall, unless otherwise expressly provided in the proxy, accept as the vote of all shares represented thereby the vote cast by a majority of them and, if a majority of the proxies cannot agree whether the shares represented shall be voted, or upon the manner of voting the shares, the voting of the shares shall be divided equally among those persons.

(b) **Form of Proxy.** Every proxy shall be in a form approved by the secretary of the corporation or as otherwise provided by the PBCL.

(c) **Revocation.** A proxy, unless coupled with an interest, shall be revocable at will, notwithstanding any other agreement or any provision in the proxy to the contrary, but the revocation of a proxy shall not be

effective until written notice thereof has been given to the secretary of the corporation. An unrevoked proxy shall not be valid after three years from the date of its execution unless a longer time is expressly provided therein. A proxy shall not be revoked by the death or incapacity of the maker unless, before the vote is counted or the authority is exercised, written notice of the death or incapacity is given to the secretary of the corporation.

(d) **Expenses.** The corporation shall pay the reasonable expenses of solicitation of votes or proxies of shareholders by or on behalf of the board of directors or its nominees for election to the board, including solicitation by professional proxy solicitors and otherwise.

Section 3.09 Voting by Fiduciaries and Pledges. Shares of the corporation standing in the name of a trustee or other fiduciary and shares held by an assignee for the benefit of creditors or by a receiver may be voted by the trustee, fiduciary, assignee or receiver. A shareholder whose shares are pledged shall be entitled to vote the shares until the shares have been transferred into the name of the pledgee, or a nominee of the pledgee, but nothing in this Section shall affect the validity of a proxy given to a pledgee or nominee.

Section 3.10 Voting by Joint Holders of Shares.

(a) **General Rule.** Where shares of the corporation are held jointly or as tenants in common by two or more persons, as fiduciaries or otherwise:

(1) if only one or more of such persons is present in person or by proxy, all of the shares standing in the names of such persons shall be deemed to be represented for the purpose of determining a quorum and the corporation shall accept as the vote of all the shares the vote cast by a joint owner or a majority of them; and

(2) if the persons are equally divided upon whether the shares held by them shall be voted or upon the manner of voting the shares, the voting of the shares shall be divided equally among the persons without prejudice to the rights of the joint owners or the beneficial owners thereof among themselves.

(b) **Exception.** If there has been filed with the secretary of the corporation a copy, certified by an attorney-at-law to be correct, of the relevant portions of the agreement under which the shares are held or the instrument by which the trust or estate was created or the order of court appointing them or of an order of court directing the voting of the shares, the persons specified as having such voting power in the latest document so filed, and only those persons, shall be entitled to vote the shares but only in accordance therewith.

Section 3.11 Voting by Corporations.

(a) **Voting by Corporate Shareholders.** Any domestic or foreign corporation for profit or not-for-profit that is a shareholder of this corporation may vote at meetings of shareholders of this corporation by any of its officers or agents, or by proxy appointed by any officer or agent, unless some other person, by resolution of the board of directors of the other corporation or a provision of its articles or bylaws, a copy of which resolution or provision certified to be correct by one of its officers has been filed with the secretary of this corporation, is appointed its general or special proxy in which case that person shall be entitled to vote the shares.

(b) **Controlled Shares.** Shares of this corporation owned, directly or indirectly, by it and controlled, directly or indirectly, by the board of directors of this corporation, as such, shall not be voted at any meeting and shall not be counted in determining the total number of outstanding shares for voting purposes at any given time.

Section 3.12 Determination of Shareholders of Record.

(a) Fixing Record Date. The board of directors may fix a time prior to the date of any meeting of shareholders as a record date for the determination of the shareholders entitled to notice of, or to vote at, the meeting, which time, except as otherwise provided in the articles or in the case of an adjourned meeting, shall be not more than 90 calendar days prior to the date of the meeting of shareholders. Only shareholders of record on the date fixed shall be so entitled notwithstanding any transfer of shares on the books of the corporation after any record date fixed as provided in this Subsection. The board of directors may similarly fix a record date for the determination of shareholders of record for any other purpose, except that the record date fixed to determine the holders of Preferred Stock entitled to receive dividends thereon shall not precede the respective dividend payment date by more than 40 calendar days. When a determination of shareholders of record has been made as provided in this Section for purposes of a meeting, the determination shall apply to any adjournment thereof unless the board fixes a new record date for the adjourned meeting.

(b) Determination When Record Date Is Not Fixed. If a record date is not fixed: (1) the record date for determining shareholders entitled to notice of or to vote at a meeting of shareholders shall be at the close of business on the day next preceding the day on which notice is given, and (2) the record date for determining shareholders for any other purpose shall be at the close of business on the day on which the board of directors adopts the resolution relating thereto.

(c) Certification by Nominee. The board of directors may adopt a procedure whereby a shareholder of the corporation may certify in writing to the corporation that all or a portion of the shares registered in the name of the shareholder are held for the account of a specified person or persons. Upon receipt by the corporation of a certification complying with the procedure, the persons specified in the certification shall be deemed, for the purposes set forth in the certification, to be the holders of record of the number of shares specified in place of the shareholder making the certification.

Section 3.13 Voting Lists.

(a) General Rule. The officer or agent having charge of the transfer books for shares of the corporation shall make a complete list of the shareholders entitled to vote at any meeting of shareholders, arranged in alphabetical order, with the address of and the number of shares held by each. The list shall be produced and kept open at the time and place of the meeting and shall be subject to the inspection of any shareholder during the whole time of the meeting for the purposes thereof except that, if the corporation has 5,000 or more shareholders, in lieu of the making of the list the corporation may make the information therein available at the meeting by any other means.

(b) Effect of List. Failure to comply with the requirements of this Section shall not affect the validity of any action taken at a meeting prior to a demand at the meeting by any shareholder entitled to vote thereat to examine the list. The original share register or transfer book, or a duplicate thereof kept in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, shall be prima facie evidence as to who are the shareholders entitled to examine the list or share register or transfer book or to vote at any meeting of shareholders.

Section 3.14 Judges of Election.

(a) Appointment. In advance of any meeting of shareholders of the corporation, the board of directors may appoint judges of election, who need not be shareholders, to act at the meeting or any adjournment thereof. If judges of election are not so appointed, the presiding officer of the meeting may appoint judges of

election at the meeting. The number of judges shall be one or three. A person who is a candidate for an office to be filled at the meeting shall not act as a judge.

(b) Vacancies. In case any person appointed as a judge fails to appear or fails or refuses to act, the vacancy may be filled by appointment made by the board of directors in advance of the convening of the meeting or at the meeting by the presiding officer thereof.

(c) Duties. The judges of election shall determine the number of shares outstanding and the voting power of each, the shares represented at the meeting, the existence of a quorum, and the authenticity, validity and effect of proxies, receive votes or ballots, hear and determine all challenges and questions in any way arising in connection with the right to vote, count and tabulate all votes, determine the result and do such acts as may be proper to conduct the election or vote. The judges of election shall perform their duties impartially, in good faith, to the best of their ability and as expeditiously as is practical. If there are three judges of election, the decision, act or certificate of a majority shall be effective in all respects as the decision, act or certificate of all.

(d) Report. On request of the presiding officer of the meeting or of any shareholder, the judges shall make a report in writing of any challenge or question or matter determined by them, and execute a certificate of any fact found by them. Any report or certificate made by them shall be prima facie evidence of the facts stated therein.

Section 3.15 Minors as Security Holders. The corporation may treat a minor who holds shares or obligations of the corporation as having capacity to receive and to empower others to receive dividends, interest, principal and other payments or distributions, to vote or express consent or dissent and to make elections and exercise rights relating to such shares or obligations unless, in the case of payments or distributions on shares, the corporate officer responsible for maintaining the list of shareholders or the transfer agent of the corporation or, in the case of payments or distributions on obligations, the treasurer or paying officer or agent has received written notice that the holder is a minor.

ARTICLE IV. **Board of Directors**

Section 4.01 Powers.

(a) General Rule. Unless otherwise provided by statute, all powers vested by law in the corporation shall be exercised by or under the authority of, and the business and affairs of the corporation shall be managed under the direction of, the board of directors.

(b) Personal Liability of Directors.

(1) A director shall not be personally liable, as such, for monetary damages (including, without limitation, any judgment, amount paid in settlement, penalty, punitive damages or expenses of any nature, including, without limitation, attorneys' fees and disbursements) for any action taken, or any failure to take any action before, on or after the date of these bylaws, unless: (i) the director has breached or failed to perform the duties of his or her office under Subchapter B of Chapter 17 of the PBCL; and (ii) the breach or failure to perform constitutes self-dealing, willful misconduct or recklessness.

(2) The provisions of Section 4.01(b)(1) shall not apply to the responsibility or liability of a director pursuant to any criminal statute, or the liability of a director for the payment of taxes pursuant to local, State or Federal law.

(3) No amendment or repeal of this Section 4.01 shall have any effect on the liability or alleged liability of any director of the corporation for or with respect to any such act on the part of such director occurring prior to the effective date of such amendment or repeal.

(c) Directors. A director shall stand in a fiduciary relation to the corporation and shall perform his duties as a director, including his duties as a member of any committee of the board upon which he may serve, in good faith, in a manner he reasonably believes to be in the best interests of the corporation and with such care, including reasonable inquiry, skill and diligence, as a person of ordinary prudence would use under similar circumstances. In performing his duties, a director shall be entitled to rely in good faith on information, opinions, reports or statements, including financial statements and other financial data, in each case prepared or presented by any of the following:

(1) One or more officers or employees of the corporation whom the director reasonably believes to be reliable and competent in the matters presented.

(2) Counsel, public accountants or other persons as to matters which the director reasonably believes to be within the professional or expert competence of such person.

(3) A committee of the board upon which he does not serve, duly designated in accordance with law, as to matters within its designated authority, which committee the director reasonably believes to merit confidence.

Section 4.02 Qualifications and Selection of Directors.

(a) Qualifications. Each director of the corporation shall be a natural person of full age who need not be a resident of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or a shareholder of the corporation, except as may be required under corporate governance principles approved by the board of directors. For purposes of Section 4.05, a director's failure to hold the number of shares as and when required under corporate governance principles approved by the board of directors shall constitute cause for such director's removal.

(b) Notice of Certain Nominations Required. Nominations for election of directors may be made by any shareholder entitled to vote for the election of directors if timely written notice in proper form (the "**Notice**") of the shareholder's intent to nominate a director at the meeting is given by the shareholder and received by the secretary of the corporation. All nominations for election of directors, whether or not the proposed nomination is to be included in the corporation's proxy statement, shall be made in accordance with this Section. To be timely, a shareholder's Notice must be delivered to or mailed and received at the principal executive offices of the corporation not less than 120 nor more than 150 calendar days before the first anniversary of the date on which the corporation first mailed its proxy materials for the prior year's annual meeting of shareholders; provided, however, that in the event that public announcement of the date of the annual meeting is not made at least 75 calendar days prior to the date of the annual meeting, Notice by the shareholder to be timely must be so received not later than the close of business on the 10th calendar day following the day on which public announcement is first made of the date of the annual meeting. In order to nominate one or more persons for election as a director, a shareholder must comply with the requirement to provide the Notice as required by this Section, and no action of the corporation, including without limitation, the provision of notice to the shareholders or the delivery or filing of a proxy statement by the corporation, shall be deemed to satisfy this requirement for any shareholder or nomination. The requirements of this Subsection shall not apply to a nomination for directors made to the shareholders by the board of directors or a committee thereof.

by: (c) Contents of Notice. To be in proper written form, the Notice shall be in writing and shall contain or be accompanied

(1) the name and residence address of the nominating shareholder and of the beneficial owner, if any, on whose behalf the nomination is made;

(2) a representation that the shareholder giving the Notice is a holder of record of voting stock of the corporation entitled to vote at such annual meeting and intends to appear in person or by proxy at the meeting to nominate the person or persons specified in the Notice;

(3) the class and number of shares of voting stock of the corporation and any other ownership interests, including derivatives, hedged positions and other economic or voting interests in the corporation owned beneficially and of record by the shareholder giving the Notice and by the beneficial owner, if any, on whose behalf the nomination is made;

(4) such information regarding each nominee as would have been required to be included in a proxy statement filed pursuant to Regulation 14A of the rules and regulations established by the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Exchange Act (or pursuant to any successor act or regulation) had proxies been solicited with respect to such nominee by the management or board of directors of the corporation;

(5) a representation as to whether the shareholder giving the Notice intends to deliver a proxy statement to the other shareholders of the corporation;

(6) a description of all arrangements or understandings between or among any of (A) the shareholder giving the Notice, (B) the beneficial owner on whose behalf the Notice is given, (C) each nominee, and (D) any other person or persons (naming such person or persons) pursuant to which the nomination or nominations are to be made by the shareholder giving the Notice;

(7) a description of all arrangements or understandings among the shareholder and each nominee and any other person or persons (naming such person or persons) pursuant to which the nomination or nominations are to be made by the shareholder;

(8) a representation by (A) the shareholder giving the Notice, (B) the beneficial owner or any other person(s) on whose behalf the Notice is given and (C) each nominee, providing that such person does not and will not have any undisclosed voting commitments or other arrangements with respect to a nominee's actions as a director;

(9) a representation whether each nominee meets the objective criteria for "independence" under applicable listing standards of the principal U.S. exchange upon which the corporation's capital stock is listed and any publicly disclosed objective criteria used by the board of directors in determining and disclosing the independence of the corporation's directors; and

(10) the signed consent of each nominee to serve as a director of the corporation if so elected and to be bound by Sections 4.02 and 4.03 of the bylaws.

(d) Determination of Compliance. The presiding officer of the meeting may, if the facts warrant, determine and declare to the meeting that any nomination made at the meeting was not made in accordance with the procedures of this Section and, in such event, the presiding officer will so declare to the meeting, and

the defective nomination shall be disregarded. Any such decision by the presiding officer shall be conclusive and binding upon all shareholders of the corporation for any purpose. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Section, a shareholder must also comply with all applicable requirements of the Exchange Act, and the rules and regulations thereunder, with respect to the matters set forth in this Section or otherwise relating to the nomination of directors by shareholders.

(e) **Election of Directors.** Except as otherwise provided in these bylaws, directors of the corporation shall be elected by the shareholders only at an annual meeting of shareholders, unless such election of directors is required by the terms of any series of Preferred Stock. In elections for directors, voting need not be by ballot, unless required by vote of the shareholders before the voting for election of directors begins. In an election of directors, where the board of directors determines that the number of nominees exceeds the number of directorships to be filled, the directors shall be elected by a plurality of the votes cast, even if the number of nominees does not exceed the number of directorships to be filled at the time of any meeting for such election. Except as otherwise provided in the preceding sentence, if in an election of directors in which the number of nominees does not exceed the number of directors to be elected, any nominee who is not an incumbent director receives a plurality of the votes cast but does not receive a majority of the votes cast, the resignation of such nominee referred to in Section 4.03 will be automatically accepted. If the nominee is an incumbent director who is standing for re-election and such nominee receives a plurality of the votes cast but does not receive a majority of the votes cast, the committee of the board authorized to nominate candidates for election to the board will make a recommendation to the board on whether to accept the director's resignation or whether other action should be taken. The director not receiving a majority of the votes cast will not participate in the committee's recommendation or the board's decision regarding the tendered resignation. The independent members of the board will consider the committee's recommendation and publicly disclose the board's decision and the basis for that decision within 90 days from the date of the certification of the final election results. If less than two members of the committee are elected at a meeting for the election of directors, the independent members of the board who were elected shall consider and act upon the tendered resignation. For purposes of this paragraph, a majority of the votes cast means that the number of shares voted "for" must exceed the number of shares voted "against" with respect to that director's election.

Section 4.03 Number and Term of Office.

(a) **Number.** The board of directors shall consist of such number of directors as may be determined from time to time by resolution of a majority of the Whole Board.

(b) **Term of Office.** Each director shall hold office until the expiration of the term for which he or she was selected and until a successor has been selected and qualified or until his or her earlier death, resignation or removal. A decrease in the number of directors shall not have the effect of shortening the term of any incumbent director.

(c) **Resignation - General.** Any director may resign at any time upon written notice to the corporation. The resignation shall be effective upon receipt thereof by the corporation or at such subsequent time as shall be specified in the notice of resignation.

(d) **Irrevocable Resignation.** Each director who is nominated to stand for election shall, as a condition to such nomination, tender an irrevocable resignation in advance of the meeting for the election of directors. Such resignation will be effective if, pursuant to Section 4.02(e) of these bylaws, (a) the director does not receive a majority vote at the next meeting for the election of directors, and (b) in the case of a nominee who is an incumbent director, the board accepts the resignation.

(e) Annual Election of Board of Directors. The directors shall not be classified in respect to the time for which they shall hold office. Except as otherwise provided in the express terms of any class or series of Preferred Stock with respect to the election of directors upon the occurrence of a default in the payment of dividends or in the performance of another express requirement of the terms of such Preferred Stock, from and after the 2008 annual meeting of the shareholders, the directors of the Corporation shall be elected at each annual meeting of the shareholders for a one-year term expiring at the next annual meeting of the shareholders; provided that any director who was elected prior to the 2008 annual meeting of the shareholders for a term that extends until after the 2008 annual meeting of shareholders shall not be required to stand for election, and shall continue as a director until the annual meeting at which the director's term expires.

Section 4.04 Vacancies.

(a) General Rule. Except as otherwise provided in the terms of the Preferred Stock, vacancies in the board of directors, including vacancies resulting from an increase in the number of directors, may be filled by a majority vote of the remaining members of the board though less than a quorum, or by a sole remaining director, and each person so selected shall be a director to serve until the next annual meeting of shareholders, and until a successor has been selected and qualified or until his or her earlier death, resignation or removal.

(b) Action by Resigned Directors. When one or more directors resign from the board effective at a future date, the directors then in office, including those who have so resigned, shall have power by the applicable vote to fill the vacancies, the vote thereon to take effect when the resignations become effective.

Section 4.05 Removal of Directors.

(a) Removal by the Shareholders. The entire board of directors or any individual director may be removed from office by vote of the shareholders entitled to vote thereon only for cause. In case the board or any one or more directors are so removed, new directors may be elected at the same meeting. The repeal of a provision of the articles or bylaws prohibiting, or the addition of a provision to the articles or bylaws permitting, the removal by the shareholders of the board or a director without assigning any cause shall not apply to any incumbent director during the balance of the term for which the director was elected.

(b) **Removal by the Board.** The board of directors may declare vacant the office of a director who has been judicially declared of unsound mind or who has been convicted of an offense punishable by imprisonment for a term of more than one year or if, within 60 days after notice of his or her selection, the director does not accept the office either in writing or by attending a meeting of the board of directors.

Section 4.06 Place of Meetings. Meetings of the board of directors may be held at such place within or without the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania as the board of directors may from time to time appoint or as may be designated in the notice of the meeting.

Section 4.07 Organization of Meetings. At every meeting of the board of directors, the chair of the board, if there be one, or, in the case of a vacancy in the office or absence of the chair of the board, the chair of the corporate governance committee, or, in the case of a vacancy in the office or absence of both the chair of the board and the chair of the corporate governance committee, one of the following officers present in the order stated: the chief executive officer, the president, the vice presidents in their order of rank and seniority, or a person chosen by a majority of the directors present, shall act as chair of the meeting. The secretary or, in the absence of the secretary, an assistant secretary, or, in the absence of the secretary and the assistant secretaries, any person appointed by the chair of the meeting, shall act as secretary of the meeting.

Section 4.08 Regular Meetings. Regular meetings of the board of directors shall be held at such time and place as shall be designated from time to time by resolution of the board of directors.

Section 4.09 Special Meetings. Special meetings of the board of directors shall be held whenever called by the chair of the board, the chief executive officer, if there be one, the Lead Director, if there be one, or by two or more of the directors.

Section 4.10 Quorum of and Action by Directors.

(a) **General Rule.** A majority of the directors in office of the corporation shall be necessary to constitute a quorum for the transaction of business and except as otherwise provided in these bylaws the acts of a majority of the directors present and voting at a meeting at which a quorum is present shall be the acts of the board of directors.

(b) **Action by Written Consent.** Any action required or permitted to be taken at a meeting of the directors may be taken without a meeting if, prior or subsequent to the action, a consent or consents thereto by all of the directors in office is filed with the secretary of the corporation.

(c) **Notation of Dissent.** A director who is present at a meeting of the board of directors, or of a committee of the board, at which action on any corporate matter is taken shall be presumed to have assented to the action taken unless his or her dissent is entered in the minutes of the meeting or unless the director files a written dissent to the action with the secretary of the meeting before the adjournment thereof or transmits the dissent in writing to the secretary of the corporation immediately after the adjournment of the meeting. The right to dissent shall not apply to a director who voted in favor of the action. Nothing in this Section shall bar a director from asserting that minutes of the meeting incorrectly omitted his or her dissent if, promptly upon receipt of a copy of such minutes, the director notifies the secretary, in writing, of the asserted omission or inaccuracy.

Section 4.11 Committees of the Board.

(a) **Establishment and Powers.** The board of directors may, by resolution adopted by a majority of the directors in office, establish one or more committees to consist of one or more directors of the corporation. Any committee, to the extent provided in the resolution of the board of directors, shall have and may exercise all of the powers and authority of the board of directors except that a committee shall not have any power or authority as to the following:

- (1) The submission to shareholders of any action requiring approval of shareholders under the PBCL.
- (2) The creation or filling of vacancies in the board of directors.
- (3) The adoption, amendment or repeal of these bylaws.
- (4) The amendment or repeal of any resolution of the board that by its terms is amendable or repealable only by the board.
- (5) Action on matters committed by a resolution of the board of directors to another committee of the board.

(b) **Alternate Committee Members.** The board may designate one or more directors as alternate members of any committee who may replace any absent or disqualified member at any meeting of the committee or for the purposes of any written action by the committee. In the absence or disqualification of a member and alternate member or members of a committee, the member or members thereof present at any meeting and not disqualified from voting, whether or not constituting a quorum, may unanimously appoint another director to act at the meeting in the place of the absent or disqualified member.

(c) **Term.** Each committee of the board shall serve at the pleasure of the board.

(d) **Committee Procedures.** The term "board of directors" or "board," when used in any provision of these bylaws relating to the organization or procedures of or the manner of taking action by the board of directors, shall be construed to include and refer to any executive or other committee of the board.

Section 4.12 Compensation. The board of directors shall have the authority to fix the compensation of directors for their services as directors and a director may be a salaried officer of the corporation.

Section 4.13 Chair of the Board; Vice Chair of the Board. Except as otherwise provided by these bylaws or by action of the board of directors, the chair of the board shall preside at all meetings of the shareholders and of the board of directors. The chair of the board shall perform such other duties as may from time to time be requested by the board of directors. In addition, the board of directors may designate by resolution a vice chair of the board with such duties as may from time to time be requested by the board of directors. The chair of the board or the vice chair of the board, if there be one, may be an employee of the corporation, but need not be so employed, and may hold any other office of the corporation as from time to time may be determined by the board of directors.

Section 4.14 Lead Director. The board of directors shall have the authority to elect a Lead Director with the responsibilities set forth in the corporation's Corporate Governance Principles.

Section 4.15 Proxy Access for Director Nominations.

(a) **Inclusion in Proxy Statement.** The corporation shall include in its proxy statement for an annual meeting of shareholders the name, together with the Required Information (as defined below), of any person nominated for election (a "**Shareholder Nominee**") to the board of directors by a shareholder that satisfies, or by a group of no more than twenty shareholders that, collectively, satisfy, the requirements of this Section 4.15 (an "**Eligible Shareholder**"), and that expressly elects at the time of providing the notice required by this Section 4.15 (the "**Nomination Notice**") to have its nominee or nominees included in the corporation's proxy materials pursuant to this Section 4.15.

(b) **Timeliness.** To be timely, a shareholder's Nomination Notice must be delivered to or mailed and received by the secretary at the principal executive offices of the corporation not less than one hundred and twenty days nor more than one hundred and fifty days prior to the anniversary date of the immediately preceding annual meeting of shareholders; provided, however, that in the event that the annual meeting is called for a date that is not within thirty days before or after such anniversary date, in order to be timely the Nomination Notice must be so received not later than the close of business on the tenth day following the day on which notice of the date of the annual meeting was mailed or public disclosure of the date of the annual meeting was made, whichever first occurs. In addition to the other requirements of this Section 4.15, the Nomination Notice must include the name and address of the Eligible Shareholder (including each shareholder whose stock ownership is counted for purposes of qualifying as an Eligible Shareholder).

(c) **Required Information.** For purposes of this Section 4.15, the "**Required Information**" that the corporation will include in its proxy statement is (i) the information concerning the Shareholder Nominee and the Eligible Shareholder that the corporation determines is required to be disclosed in the corporation's proxy statement by the regulations promulgated under the Exchange Act; and (ii) if the Eligible Shareholder so elects, a Statement (as defined in Section 4.15(g)). To be timely, the Required Information must be delivered to or mailed and received by the secretary of the corporation within thirty days after the deadline for Nomination Notices set forth in Section 4.15(b).

(d) **Number of Shareholder Nominees.** The number of Shareholder Nominees (including Shareholder Nominees that were submitted by an Eligible Shareholder for inclusion in the corporation's proxy materials pursuant to this Section 4.15 but are subsequently withdrawn) appearing in the corporation's proxy materials with respect to an annual meeting of shareholders shall not exceed twenty percent of the number of directors in office as of the last day on which a Nomination Notice may be delivered pursuant to this Section 4.15, or if such amount is not a whole number, the closest whole number below twenty percent, but not less than two (the "**Permitted Number**"); provided that (i) if one or more vacancies for any reason occurs on the board of directors at any time after the deadline for Nomination Notices set forth in Section 4.15(b) and before the date of the applicable annual meeting of shareholders and the board of directors resolves to reduce the size of the board of directors in connection therewith, the Permitted Number shall be calculated based on the number of directors in office as so reduced and (ii) the Permitted Number shall be reduced for each annual meeting (but not more than two annual meetings) for each Shareholder Nominee that the board of directors decides to nominate for election at such annual meeting. If the number of Shareholder Nominees submitted by Eligible Shareholders pursuant to this Section 4.15 exceeds the Permitted Number, each Eligible Shareholder shall select one of its Shareholder Nominees for inclusion in the corporation's proxy materials. If the Permitted Number is not reached after each Eligible Shareholder has selected one Shareholder Nominee for inclusion in the corporation's proxy materials, each Eligible Shareholder shall select one Shareholder Nominee, going in order of the amount (largest to smallest) of shares of the capital stock of the corporation each Eligible Shareholder disclosed as owned in its respective Nomination Notice submitted to the corporation, until the Permitted Number is reached, and all

remaining Shareholder Nominees in excess of the Permitted Number shall be excluded from the corporation's proxy materials.

(e) Ownership for Purposes of Section 4.15. For purposes of this Section 4.15, an Eligible Shareholder shall be deemed to "own" only those outstanding shares of the capital stock of the corporation as to which the shareholder possesses both (i) the full voting and investment rights pertaining to the shares and (ii) the full economic interest in (including the opportunity for profit and risk of loss on) such shares; provided that the number of shares calculated in accordance with clauses (i) and (ii) shall not include any shares (A) sold by such shareholder or any of its affiliates in any transaction that has not been settled or closed, (B) borrowed by such shareholder or any of its affiliates for any purposes or purchased by such shareholder or any of its affiliates pursuant to an agreement to resell or (C) subject to any option, warrant, forward contract, swap, contract of sale, or other derivative or similar agreement entered into by such shareholder or any of its affiliates, whether any such instrument or agreement is to be settled with shares or with cash based on the notional amount or value of shares of outstanding capital stock of the corporation, in any such case which instrument or agreement has, or is intended to have, the purpose or effect of (1) reducing in any manner, to any extent or at any time in the future, such shareholder's or its affiliates' full right to vote or direct the voting of any such shares, and/or (2) hedging, offsetting or altering to any degree gain or loss arising from the full economic ownership of such shares by such shareholder or affiliate. A shareholder shall "own" shares held in the name of a nominee or other intermediary so long as the shareholder retains the right to instruct how the shares are voted with respect to the election of directors and possesses the full economic interest in the shares. A person's ownership of shares shall be deemed to continue during any period in which (i) the person has loaned such shares, provided that the person has the power to recall such loaned shares on not more than five business days' notice, or (ii) the person has delegated any voting power by means of a proxy, power of attorney or other instrument or arrangement that is revocable at any time by the person. The terms "owned," "owning" and other variations of the word "own" shall have correlative meanings. Whether outstanding shares of the capital stock of the corporation are "owned" for these purposes shall be determined by the board of directors, which determination shall be conclusive and binding on the corporation and its shareholders. For purposes of this Section 4.15, the term "affiliate" shall have the meaning ascribed to it in the regulations promulgated under the Exchange Act. An Eligible Shareholder shall include in its Nomination Notice the number of shares it is deemed to own for the purposes of this Section 4.15.

(f) Eligible Shareholder. An Eligible Shareholder must have owned (as defined in Section 4.15(e)) continuously for at least three years that number of shares of capital stock as shall constitute three percent or more of the outstanding capital stock of the corporation (the "**Required Shares**") as of both (i) a date within seven calendar days prior to the date of the Nomination Notice and (ii) the record date for determining shareholders entitled to vote at the annual meeting. For purposes of satisfying the ownership requirements under this Section 4.15, (i) the shares of the capital stock of the corporation owned by one or more shareholders, or by the person or persons who own shares of the capital stock of the corporation and on whose behalf any shareholder is acting, may be aggregated, provided that the number of shareholders and other persons whose ownership of shares of capital stock of the corporation is aggregated for such purpose shall not exceed twenty, and (ii) two or more related funds will be treated as one shareholder or person for this purpose if such funds are (A) under common management and investment control, or (B) under common management and funded by a single employer, or (C) a "group of investment companies" as such term is defined in section 12(d)(1)(G)(ii) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. No person may be a member of more than one group of persons constituting an Eligible Shareholder under this Section 4.15. Within the time period specified in this Section 4.15 for providing the Nomination Notice, an Eligible Shareholder must provide the following information in writing to the secretary of the corporation:

(i) one or more written statements from each record holder of the shares (and from each intermediary through which the shares are or have been held during the requisite three-year holding period) verifying that, as of a date within seven calendar days prior to the date of the Nomination Notice, the Eligible Shareholder owns, and has owned continuously for the preceding three years, the Required Shares, and the Eligible Shareholder's agreement to provide, within three business days after the record date for the annual meeting, written statements from the record holder and intermediaries verifying the Eligible Shareholder's continuous ownership of the Required Shares through the record date and, in the case of loaned shares, a written statement to the effect that the person will recall such loaned shares prior to the record date for the annual meeting and hold such shares on the record date or will revoke delegated voting authority with respect to such shares and vote such shares at the annual meeting, and, in the case of shares held by two or more related funds, documentation that demonstrates to the reasonable satisfaction of the corporation that the funds are (A) under common management and investment control, or (B) under common management and funded by a single employer, or (C) a "group of investment companies" as such term is defined in section 12(d)(1)(G)(ii) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended;

(ii) the written consent of each Shareholder Nominee to being named in the proxy statement as a nominee and to serving as a director if elected, together with the information and representations that would be required to be set forth in a shareholder's notice of a nomination pursuant to Section 4.02(c) of this Article IV;

(iii) a copy of the Schedule 14N that has been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission as required by Rule 14a-18 under the Exchange Act, as such rule may be amended;

(iv) a representation that the Eligible Shareholder (including each member of any group of shareholders that together is an Eligible Shareholder under this Section 4.15) (A) acquired the Required Shares in the ordinary course of business and not with the intent to change or influence control at the corporation, and does not presently have such intent, (B) has not nominated and will not nominate for election to the board of directors at the annual meeting any person other than the Shareholder Nominee(s) being nominated pursuant to this Section 4.15, (C) has not engaged and will not engage in, and has not and will not be a "participant" in another person's, "solicitation" within the meaning of Rule 14a-1(l) under the Exchange Act in support of the election of any individual as a director at the annual meeting other than its Shareholder Nominee or a nominee of the board of directors, (D) will not distribute to any shareholder any form of proxy for the annual meeting other than the form distributed by the corporation, (E) intends to own the Required Shares through the date of the annual meeting, (F) has no present intention to dispose of the Required Shares within one year following the annual meeting if one or more of the Eligible Shareholder's Shareholder Nominees is elected (it being understood that the Eligible Shareholder may disclaim any such representation regarding shares as to which the Eligible Shareholder has delegated investment power to an independent investment manager or shares held in or by an index fund), (G) will provide facts, statements and other information in all communications with the corporation and its shareholders that are or will be true and correct in all material respects and do not and will not omit to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading, and (H) otherwise will comply with all applicable laws, rules,

regulations and listing standards in connection with any actions taken pursuant to this Section 4.15;

(v) in the case of a nomination by a group of shareholders that together is an Eligible Shareholder, the designation by all group members of one group member that is authorized to act on behalf of all members of the nominating shareholder group with respect to the nomination and matters thereto, including withdrawal of the nomination; and

(vi) an undertaking that the Eligible Shareholder (including each member of any group of shareholders that together is an Eligible Shareholder) agrees to (A) assume all liability stemming from any legal or regulatory violation arising out of the Eligible Shareholder's communications with the shareholders of the corporation or out of the information that the Eligible Shareholder provided to the corporation, (B) indemnify and hold harmless the corporation and each of its directors, officers and employees individually against any liability, loss or damages in connection with any threatened or pending action, suit or proceeding, whether legal, administrative or investigative, against the corporation or any of its directors, officers, or employees arising out of any nomination submitted by the Eligible Shareholder pursuant to this Section 4.15, (C) comply with all other laws, rules, regulations and listing standards applicable to any solicitation in connection with the annual meeting, and (D) provide to the corporation prior to the annual meeting such additional information as necessary with respect thereto, including prompt notice if the Eligible Shareholder ceases to own any of the Required Shares prior to the date of the annual meeting of shareholders and if any information or communications provided by the Eligible Shareholder to the corporation ceases to be true and correct in any respect or omits a fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading, each Eligible Shareholder shall promptly notify the secretary of the corporation of any such inaccuracy or omission in such previously provided information and of the information that is required to make such information or communication true and correct.

(g) Statement. The Eligible Shareholder may provide to the secretary of the corporation, within the time period specified in this Section 4.15 for providing the Nomination Notice, a written statement for inclusion in the corporation's proxy statement for the annual meeting, not to exceed five hundred words (excluding biographical and other information required to be disclosed in the corporation's proxy statement by the regulations promulgated under the Exchange Act), in support of the candidacy of all Shareholder Nominees nominated by the Eligible Shareholder (the "**Statement**"). Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Section 4.15, the corporation may omit from its proxy materials any information or Statement (or portion thereof) that it, in good faith, believes would violate any applicable law, rule, regulation or listing standard. Nothing in this Section 4.15 shall limit the corporation's ability to solicit against and include in its proxy materials its own statements relating to any Shareholder Nominee.

(h) Representation and Agreement; Additional Information. At the time the Eligible Shareholder delivers the Nomination Notice, the Shareholder Nominee must deliver to the secretary of the corporation a written representation and agreement that the Shareholder Nominee (i) is not and will not become a party to any agreement, arrangement or understanding with, and has not given any commitment or assurance to, any person or entity as to how such Shareholder Nominee, if elected as a director of the corporation, will act or vote on any issue or question, or has fully disclosed to the corporation all such agreements, arrangements and understandings with, and all such commitments and assurances to, any person, (ii) is not and will not become a party to any agreement, arrangement or understanding with any person or entity other than the corporation with respect to any direct or indirect compensation, reimbursement or indemnification in connection with service or action as a director, or has fully disclosed to the corporation all such agreements, arrangements and

understandings with any such person or entity, and (iii) will comply with all of the corporation's corporate governance, conflict of interest, confidentiality and stock ownership and trading policies and guidelines, and any other corporation policies and guidelines applicable to directors, as well as any applicable law, rule or regulation or listing requirement. At the request of the corporation, and within five business days after receipt of such questionnaires from the corporation, the Shareholder Nominee must submit all completed and signed questionnaires and other information requests required of the corporation's directors and officers. The corporation may request such additional information as necessary to permit the board of directors to determine if each Shareholder Nominee is independent under the listing standards of the principal U.S. exchange upon which the corporation's capital stock is listed and any publicly disclosed standards used by the board of directors in determining and disclosing the independence of the corporation's directors (the "**Applicable Independence Standards**") and the qualifications of the Shareholder Nominee to serve on the corporation's Audit Committee and Compensation and Leadership Development Committee, and the Shareholder Nominee must respond to any such request within five business days after receipt. If any information or communications provided by the Shareholder Nominee to the corporation ceases to be true and correct in any respect or omits a fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading, each Shareholder Nominee shall promptly notify the secretary of the corporation of any such inaccuracy or omission in such previously provided information and of the information that is required to make such information or communication true and correct. If the board of directors determines that the Shareholder Nominee is not independent under the Applicable Independence Standards, or if the Shareholder Nominee fails to provide requested information on a timely basis, the Shareholder Nominee will not be eligible for inclusion in the corporation's proxy materials.

(i) Eligibility for Nomination at Subsequent Meetings. Any Shareholder Nominee who is included in the corporation's proxy materials for a particular annual meeting of shareholders but either (i) withdraws from or becomes ineligible or unavailable for election at the annual meeting, or (ii) does not receive at least twenty-five percent of the votes cast "for" the Shareholder Nominee's election, will be ineligible to be a Shareholder Nominee pursuant to this Section 4.15 for the next two annual meetings of shareholders. Any Eligible Shareholder (including each shareholder whose stock ownership is counted for purposes of qualifying as an Eligible Shareholder) whose Shareholder Nominee is elected as a director at the annual meeting of shareholders will not be eligible to nominate or participate in the nomination of a Shareholder Nominee for the next two annual meetings of shareholders other than the nomination of such previously elected Shareholder Nominee, unless the board of directors nominates such previously elected Shareholder Nominee at a subsequent annual meeting.

(j) Disqualification. The corporation shall not be required, pursuant to this Section 4.15, to include in its proxy materials for any meeting of shareholders a Shareholder Nominee (i) if the secretary of the corporation receives a notice that any shareholder has nominated a person for election to the board of directors pursuant to the advance notice requirements for shareholder nominations for director set forth in Section 4.02(b) of this Article IV, (ii) if the Eligible Shareholder who has nominated such Shareholder Nominee has engaged in or is currently engaged in, or has been or is a "participant" in another person's, "solicitation" within the meaning of Rule 14a-1(l) under the Exchange Act in support of the election of any individual as a director at the annual meeting other than its Shareholder Nominee(s) or a nominee of the board of directors, (iii) who is not independent under the Applicable Independence Standards, as determined by the board of directors, (iv) whose election as a member of the board of directors would cause the corporation to be in violation of these bylaws, the certificate of incorporation, the listing standards of the principal exchange upon which the corporation's capital stock is traded, or any applicable state or federal law, rule or regulation, (v) who is or has been, within the past three years, an officer or director of a competitor, as defined in Section 8 of the Clayton Antitrust Act of 1914, (vi) who is a named subject of a pending criminal proceeding (excluding traffic violations and other minor offenses) or has been convicted in such a criminal proceeding within the past ten years, (vii) who is subject to any order of the type specified in Rule 506(d) of Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, (viii) if such

Shareholder Nominee or the Eligible Shareholder who has nominated such Shareholder Nominee shall have provided information to the corporation with respect to such nomination that was untrue in any material respect or omitted to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statement made, in light of the circumstances under which it was made, not misleading, as determined by the board of directors, (ix) if the Eligible Shareholder ceases to be an Eligible Shareholder for any reason, including but not limited to not owning the Required Shares through the date of the applicable annual meeting, or (x) if the Eligible Shareholder or applicable Shareholder Nominee otherwise contravenes any of the agreements or representations made by such Eligible Shareholder or Shareholder Nominee or fails to comply with its obligations pursuant to this Section 4.15. For the purposes of this Section 4.15(j), if an Eligible Shareholder is subject the conditions in clause (i), (ii), (viii), or (x), the corporation may exclude from its proxy materials all Shareholder Nominees nominated by such Eligible Shareholder or, if the proxy statement has already been filed, may declare all such Shareholder Nominees ineligible to stand for election or serve as a director; and if a Shareholder Nominee is subject to the conditions in clause (iii), (iv), (v), (vi), (vii) (viii), (ix), or (x), the corporation may declare such Shareholder Nominee ineligible and exclude such Shareholder Nominee from the proxy materials, or, if the proxy statement has already been filed, may declare the Shareholder Nominee ineligible to stand for election or serve as a director.

(k) Invalidity. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth herein, the board of directors or the person presiding at the meeting shall declare a nomination by an Eligible Shareholder to be invalid, and such nomination shall be disregarded notwithstanding that proxies in respect of such vote may have been received by the corporation, if (i) the Shareholder Nominee(s) and/or the applicable Eligible Shareholder shall have breached its or their obligations, agreements or representations under this Section 4.15, as determined by the board of directors or the person presiding at the annual meeting of shareholders, (ii) the Shareholder Nominee(s) are determined to be ineligible to stand for election or serve as a director pursuant to Section 4.15(j), or (iii) the Eligible Shareholder (or a qualified representative thereof) does not appear at the annual meeting of shareholders to present any nomination pursuant to this Section 4.15.

(l) Filing of Solicitations and Other Communications. The Eligible Shareholder (including any person who owns shares of capital stock of the corporation that constitute part of the Eligible Shareholder's ownership for purposes of satisfying Section 4.15(f) hereof) shall file with the Securities and Exchange Commission any solicitation or other communication with the corporation's shareholders relating to the meeting at which the Shareholder Nominee will be nominated, regardless of whether any such filing is required under Regulation 14A of the Exchange Act or whether any exemption from filing is available for such solicitation or other communication under Regulation 14A of the Exchange Act.

ARTICLE V. **Officers**

Section 5.01 Officers Generally.

(a) Number, Qualifications and Designation. The officers of the corporation shall include a president, one or more vice presidents (which term shall include vice presidents, executive vice presidents and senior vice presidents), a secretary, a treasurer, and a chief executive officer, as the board of directors may designate by resolution, and such other officers as may be elected in accordance with the provisions of Section 5.03. Officers may but need not be directors or shareholders of the corporation. The president, secretary and treasurer shall be natural persons of full age. Any number of offices may be held by the same person.

(b) Bonding. The corporation may secure the fidelity of any or all of its officers by bond or otherwise.

Section 5.02 Election, Term of Office and Resignations.

(a) Election and Term of Office. The officers of the corporation, except those elected by delegated authority pursuant to Section 5.03, shall be elected by the board of directors, and each such officer shall hold office at the discretion of the board until his or her death, resignation or removal with or without cause.

(b) Resignations. Any officer may resign at any time upon written notice to the corporation. The resignation shall be effective upon receipt thereof by the corporation or at such subsequent time as may be specified in the notice of resignation.

Section 5.03 Subordinate Officers, Committees and Agents. The board of directors may from time to time elect such other officers and appoint such committees, employees or other agents as the business of the corporation may require, including without limitation, one or more vice presidents, one or more assistant secretaries, and one or more assistant treasurers, each of whom shall hold office for such period, have such authority, and perform such duties as are provided in these bylaws, or as the board of directors may from time to time determine. The board of directors may delegate to any officer or committee the power to elect subordinate officers and to retain or appoint employees or other agents, or committees thereof, and to prescribe the authority and duties of such subordinate officers, committees, employees or other agents.

Section 5.04 Removal of Officers and Agents. Any officer or agent of the corporation may be removed by the board of directors with or without cause. The removal shall be without prejudice to the contract rights, if any, of any person so removed. Election or appointment of an officer or agent shall not of itself create contract rights.

Section 5.05 Vacancies. A vacancy in any office because of death, resignation, removal, disqualification, or any other cause, may be filled by the board of directors or by the officer or committee to which the power to fill such office has been delegated pursuant to Section 5.03, as the case may be, and if the office is one for which these bylaws prescribe a term, shall be filled for the unexpired portion of the term.

Section 5.06 Authority.

(a) General Rule. All officers of the corporation, as between themselves and the corporation, shall have such authority and perform such duties in the management of the corporation as may be provided by or pursuant to resolutions or orders of the board of directors or, in the absence of controlling provisions in the resolutions or orders of the board of directors, as may be determined by or pursuant to these bylaws.

(b) Chief Executive Officer. The board of directors may designate from time to time by resolution a chief executive officer. Such chief executive officer may be, but need not be, the president or chair of the board.

Section 5.07 The Chief Executive Officer. The chief executive officer, if there be one, may have general supervision over the business and operations of the corporation, subject however, to the control of the board of directors. Such chief executive officer may sign, execute, and acknowledge, in the name of the corporation, deeds, mortgages, bonds, contracts or other instruments, authorized by the board of directors, except in cases where the signing and execution thereof shall be expressly delegated by the board of directors, or by these bylaws, to some other officer or agent of the corporation; and, in general, may perform all duties incident to the office of chief executive officer and such other duties as from time to time may be assigned by the board of directors.

Section 5.08 The President. The president may have general supervision over the business and operations of the corporation, subject however, to the control of the board of directors and the chief executive officer, as applicable. The president may sign, execute, and acknowledge, in the name of the corporation, deeds, mortgages, bonds, contracts or other instruments, authorized by the board of directors, except in cases where the signing and execution thereof shall be expressly delegated by the board of directors, or by these bylaws, to some other officer or agent of the corporation; and, in general, may perform all duties incident to the office of president and such other duties as from time to time may be assigned by the board of directors and the chief executive officer, as applicable.

Section 5.09 The Vice Presidents. The vice presidents (which term shall include vice presidents, executive vice presidents and senior vice presidents) shall perform such duties as may from time to time be assigned to them by the board of directors or by the chief executive officer.

Section 5.10 The Secretary. The secretary or an assistant secretary shall attend all meetings of the shareholders and of the board of directors and shall record all the votes of the shareholders and of the directors and the minutes of the meetings of the shareholders and of the board of directors and of committees of the board in a book or books to be kept for that purpose; shall see that notices are given and records and reports properly kept and filed by the corporation as required by law; shall be the custodian of the seal of the corporation and see that it is affixed to all documents to be executed on behalf of the corporation under its seal; and, in general, shall perform all duties incident to the office of secretary, and such other duties as may from time to time be assigned by the board of directors or by the chief executive officer.

Section 5.11 The Treasurer. The treasurer or an assistant treasurer shall have or provide for the custody of the funds or other property of the corporation; shall collect and receive or provide for the collection and receipt of moneys earned by or in any manner due to or received by the corporation; shall deposit all funds in his, or its custody as treasurer in such banks or other places of deposit as the board of directors may from time to time designate; shall, whenever so required by the board of directors, render an account showing all transactions as treasurer, and the financial condition of the corporation; and, in general, shall discharge such other duties as may from time to time be assigned by the board of directors or by the chief executive officer.

Section 5.12 Salaries. The salaries of the officers elected by the board of directors shall be fixed from time to time by the board of directors or by such officer or committee as may be designated by resolution of the board. The salaries or other compensation of any other officers, employees and other agents shall be fixed from time to time by the officer or committee to which the power to elect such officers or to retain or appoint such employees or other agents has been delegated pursuant to Section 5.03. No officer shall be prevented from receiving such salary or other compensation by reason of the fact that the officer is also a director of the corporation.

ARTICLE VI.
Certificates of Stock, Transfer, Etc.

Section 6.01 Share Certificates.

(a) **Form of Certificates.** To the extent that shares of the corporation are certificated, certificates for shares of the corporation shall be in such form as approved by the board of directors. From and after July 24, 2018, all shares of the corporation shall be issued, recorded and transferred exclusively in uncertificated book-entry form. Notwithstanding this provision, any shares of the corporation represented by a physical stock certificate issued on or before July 24, 2018, including any certificates previously issued by PECO Energy Company

and Philadelphia Electric Company, shall continue to be represented thereby until such physical stock certificate is surrendered to the corporation.

(b) **Statements.** Within a reasonable time after the issuance or transfer of uncertificated shares, the corporation shall send to the registered owner thereof a written notice containing the information required to be set forth or stated on certificates pursuant to the PBCL or a statement that the corporation will furnish without charge to each shareholder who so requests setting forth the designations, voting rights, preferences and special rights of each class of stock or series thereof and the qualifications, limitations or restrictions of such preferences and/or rights. Except as otherwise expressly provided by law, the rights and obligations of the holders of shares represented by certificates and the rights and obligations of the holders of uncertificated shares of the same class and series shall be identical.

(c) **Share Register.** The share register or transfer books shall be kept by the treasurer or by any transfer agent or registrar designated by the board of directors for that purpose.

Section 6.02 Transfer. Shares of the corporation represented by certificates shall be transferred on the share register or transfer books of the corporation upon surrender of the certificate therefor, endorsed by the person named in the certificate or by an attorney lawfully constituted in writing. No transfer shall be made inconsistent with the provisions of the Uniform Commercial Code, 13 Pa.C.S. §§ 8101 et seq, and its amendments and supplements. Upon receipt of proper transfer instructions from the registered owner of uncertificated shares, such uncertificated shares shall be canceled and the issuance of new equivalent uncertificated shares shall be made to the person entitled thereto and the transaction shall be recorded upon the books of the corporation. Within a reasonable time after the issuance or transfer of uncertificated stock, the corporation shall send to the registered owner thereof a written notice containing the information required to be set forth or stated on certificates.

Section 6.03 Record Holder of Shares. The corporation shall be entitled to treat the person in whose name any share or shares of the corporation stand on the books of the corporation as the absolute owner thereof, and shall not be bound to recognize any equitable or other claim to, or interest in, such share or shares on the part of any other person.

Section 6.04 Lost, Destroyed or Mutilated Certificates. The holder of any shares of the corporation shall immediately notify the corporation of any loss, destruction or mutilation of the certificate therefor, and the officers of the corporation may direct new uncertificated shares be issued to such holder, in case of mutilation of the certificate, upon the surrender of the mutilated certificate or, in case of loss or destruction of the certificate, upon satisfactory proof of such loss or destruction and, if such officers shall so determine, the deposit of a bond in such form and in such sum, and with such surety or sureties, as any of them may direct.

ARTICLE VII.

Indemnification of Directors, Officers and Other Authorized Representatives

Section 7.01 Right to Indemnification. Each person who was or is made a party or is threatened to be made a party to or is otherwise involved in any claim, action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative (hereinafter a "**proceeding**"), by reason of the fact that he or she is or was a director or an officer of the corporation or is or was serving at the request of the corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation or of a partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, including service with respect to an employee benefit plan (hereinafter an "**indemnitee**"), whether the basis of such proceeding is alleged action in an official capacity as a director, officer, employee or agent or in any other capacity while serving

as a director, officer, employee or agent, shall be indemnified and held harmless by the corporation to the fullest extent permitted or required by the PBCL, as the same exists or may hereafter be amended (but, in the case of any such amendment, only to the extent that such amendment permits the corporation to provide broader indemnification rights than such law permitted the corporation to provide prior to such amendment), against all expense, liability and loss (including attorneys' fees, judgments, fines, ERISA excise taxes or penalties and amounts paid in settlement) reasonably incurred or suffered by such indemnitee in connection therewith; provided, however, that, except as provided in Section 7.03 of this Article VII with respect to proceedings to enforce rights to indemnification, the corporation shall indemnify any such indemnitee in connection with a proceeding (or part thereof) initiated by such indemnitee only if such proceeding (or part thereof) was authorized by the board of directors of the corporation.

Section 7.02 Right to Advancement of Expenses. The right to indemnification conferred in Section 7.01 of this Article VII shall include the right to be paid by the corporation the expenses (including, without limitation, attorneys' fees and expenses) incurred in defending any such proceeding in advance of its final disposition (hereinafter an "**advancement of expenses**"); provided, however, that, if the PBCL so requires, an advancement of expenses incurred by an indemnitee in his or her capacity as a director or officer (and not in any other capacity in which service was or is rendered by such indemnitee, including, without limitation, service to an employee benefit plan) shall be made only upon delivery to the corporation of an undertaking (hereinafter an "**undertaking**"), by or on behalf of such indemnitee, to repay all amounts so advanced if it shall ultimately be determined by final judicial decision from which there is no further right to appeal (hereinafter a "**final adjudication**") that such indemnitee is not entitled to be indemnified for such expenses under this Section 7.02 or otherwise. The rights to indemnification and to the advancement of expenses conferred in Sections 7.01 and 7.02 of this Article VII shall be contract rights and such rights shall continue as to an indemnitee who has ceased to be a director, officer, employee or agent and shall inure to the benefit of the indemnitee's heirs, executors and administrators. Any repeal, amendment or modification hereof shall be prospective only and shall not affect any rights or obligations then existing. Each person who shall act as an indemnitee of the corporation shall be deemed to be doing so in reliance upon the rights provided by this Article.

Section 7.03 Right of Indemnitee to Bring Suit. If a claim under Section 7.01 or 7.02 of this Article VII is not paid in full by the corporation within 60 calendar days after a written claim has been received by the corporation, except in the case of a claim for an advancement of expenses, in which case the applicable period shall be 20 calendar days, the indemnitee may at any time thereafter bring suit against the corporation to recover the unpaid amount of the claim. If successful in whole or in part in any such suit, or in a suit brought by the corporation to recover an advancement of expenses pursuant to the terms of an undertaking, the indemnitee shall be entitled to be paid also the expense of prosecuting or defending such suit. In (i) any suit brought by the indemnitee to enforce a right to indemnification hereunder (but not in a suit brought by the indemnitee to enforce a right to an advancement of expenses) it shall be a defense that, and (ii) any suit brought by the corporation to recover an advancement of expenses pursuant to the terms of an undertaking, the corporation shall be entitled to recover such expenses upon a final adjudication that, the indemnitee has not met any applicable standard for indemnification set forth in the PBCL. Neither the failure of the corporation (including its board of directors, independent legal counsel or shareholders) to have made a determination prior to the commencement of such suit that indemnification of the indemnitee is proper in the circumstances because the indemnitee has met the applicable standard of conduct set forth in the PBCL, nor an actual determination by the corporation (including its board of directors, independent legal counsel or shareholders) that the indemnitee has not met such applicable standard of conduct, shall create a presumption that the indemnitee has not met the applicable standard of conduct or, in the case of such a suit brought by the indemnitee, be a defense to such suit. In any suit brought by the indemnitee to enforce a right to indemnification or to an advancement of expenses hereunder, or brought by the corporation to recover an advancement of expenses pursuant to the terms of an undertaking, the burden of proving that the indemnitee is not entitled to be indemnified, or to such advancement of expenses, under this Article VII or otherwise shall be on the corporation.

Section 7.04 Non-Exclusivity of Rights. The rights to indemnification and to the advancement of expenses conferred in this Article VII shall not be exclusive of any other right which any person may have or hereafter acquire under any statute, the articles, these bylaws, agreement, vote of shareholders or disinterested directors or otherwise.

Section 7.05 Insurance. The corporation may maintain insurance, at its expense, to protect itself and any director, officer, employee or agent of the corporation or another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise against any expense, liability or loss, whether or not the corporation would have the power to indemnify such person against such expense, liability or loss under the PBCL.

Section 7.06 Indemnification of Employees and Agents of the Corporation. The corporation may, to the extent authorized from time to time by the board of directors, grant rights to indemnification and to the advancement of expenses to any employee or agent of the corporation to the fullest extent of the provisions of this Article VII with respect to the indemnification and advancement of expenses of directors and officers of the corporation.

Section 7.07 Interpretation. The provisions of this Article are intended to constitute bylaws authorized by Section 1746 of the PBCL.

ARTICLE VIII.
Emergency Bylaws

Section 8.01 Scope of Article. This Article shall be applicable during any emergency resulting from a catastrophe as a result of which a quorum of the board of directors cannot readily be assembled. To the extent not in conflict with this Article, these bylaws shall remain in effect during the emergency.

Section 8.02 Special Meetings of the Board. A special meeting of the board of directors may be called by any director by means feasible at the time.

Section 8.03 Emergency Committee of the Board.

(a) **Composition.** The emergency committee of the board shall consist of nine persons standing highest on the following list who are available and able to act:

The chief executive officer.

Members of the board of directors.

President.

The individual who, immediately prior to the emergency, was the senior officer in charge of nuclear operations.

The individual who, immediately prior to the emergency, was the senior officer in charge of other operations.

The individual who, immediately prior to the emergency, was the senior officer in charge of finance operations.

Other officers.

Where more than one person holds any of the listed ranks, the order of precedence shall be determined by length of time in rank. Each member of the emergency committee thus constituted shall continue to act until replaced by an individual standing higher on the list. The emergency committee shall continue to act until a quorum of the board of directors is available and able to act. If the corporation has no directors, the emergency committee shall cause a special meeting of shareholders for the election of directors to be called and held as soon as practicable.

(b) **Powers.** The emergency committee shall have and may exercise all of the powers and authority of the board of directors, including the power to fill a vacancy in any office of the corporation or to designate a temporary replacement for any officer of the corporation who is unavailable, but shall not have the power to fill vacancies in the board of directors.

(c) **Quorum.** A majority of the members of the emergency committee in office shall constitute a quorum.

(d) **Status.** Each member of the emergency committee who is not a director shall during his or her service as such be entitled to the rights and immunities conferred by law, the articles and these bylaws upon

directors of the corporation and upon persons acting in good faith as a representative of the corporation during an emergency.

ARTICLE IX.
Miscellaneous

Section 9.01 Corporate Seal. The corporation may have a corporate seal in the form of a circle containing the name of the corporation, the year of incorporation and such other details as may be approved by the board of directors from time to time.

Section 9.02 Checks. All checks, notes, bills of exchange or other orders in writing shall be signed by such person or persons as the board of directors or any person authorized by resolution of the board of directors may from time to time designate.

Section 9.03 Contracts. Except as otherwise provided in the PBCL in the case of transactions that require action by the shareholders, the board of directors may authorize any officer or agent to enter into any contract or to execute or deliver any instrument on behalf of the corporation, and such authority may be general or confined to specific instances.

Section 9.04 Interested Directors or Officers; Quorum.

(a) **General Rule.** A contract or transaction between the corporation and one or more of its directors or officers or between the corporation and another domestic or foreign corporation for profit or not-for-profit, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise in which one or more of its directors or officers are directors or officers or have a financial or other interest, shall not be void or voidable solely for that reason, or solely because the director or officer is present at or participates in the meeting of the board of directors that authorizes the contract or transaction, or solely because his, her or their votes are counted for that purpose, if:

(1) the material facts as to the relationship or interest and as to the contract or transaction are disclosed or are known to the board of directors and the board authorizes the contract or transaction by the affirmative votes of a majority of the disinterested directors even though the disinterested directors are less than a quorum;

(2) the material facts as to his or her relationship or interest and as to the contract or transaction are disclosed or are known to the shareholders entitled to vote thereon and the contract or transaction is specifically approved in good faith by vote of those shareholders; or

(3) the contract or transaction is fair as to the corporation as of the time it is authorized, approved or ratified by the board of directors or the shareholders.

(b) **Quorum.** Common or interested directors may be counted in determining the presence of a quorum at a meeting of the board which authorizes a contract or transaction specified in Section 9.04(a).

Section 9.05 Deposits. All funds of the corporation shall be deposited from time to time to the credit of the corporation in such banks, trust companies or other depositories as the board of directors may approve or designate, and all such funds shall be withdrawn only upon checks signed by such one or more officers or employees as the board of directors shall from time to time determine.

Section 9.06 Corporate Records.

(a) Required Records. The corporation shall keep complete and accurate books and records of account, minutes of the proceedings of the incorporators, shareholders and directors and a share register giving the names and addresses of all shareholders and the number and class of shares held by each. The share register shall be kept at either the registered office of the corporation in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or at its principal place of business wherever situated or at the office of its registrar or transfer agent. Any books, minutes or other records may be in written form or any other form capable of being converted into written form within a reasonable time.

(b) Right of Inspection. Every shareholder shall, upon written verified demand stating the purpose thereof, have a right to examine, in person or by agent or attorney, during the usual hours for business for any proper purpose, the share register, books and records of account, and records of the proceedings of the incorporators, shareholders and directors and to make copies or extracts therefrom. A proper purpose shall mean a purpose reasonably related to the interest of the person as a shareholder. In every instance where an attorney or other agent is the person who seeks the right of inspection, the demand shall be accompanied by a verified power of attorney or other writing that authorizes the attorney or other agent to so act on behalf of the shareholder. The demand shall be directed to the corporation at its registered office in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or at its principal place of business wherever situated.

Section 9.07 Amendment of Bylaws.

(a) General Rule. Except as otherwise provided in the express terms of any series of the shares of the corporation, any one or more of the foregoing bylaws and, except as otherwise stated in this Section 9.07(a), any other bylaws made by the board of directors or shareholders may be altered or repealed by the board of directors. The shareholders or the board of directors may adopt new bylaws except that the board of directors may not adopt, alter or repeal bylaws that the PBCL specifies may be adopted only by shareholders, and the board of directors may not alter or repeal any bylaw adopted by the shareholders that presumes that such bylaw shall not be altered or repealed by the board of directors.

(b) Effective Date. Any change in these bylaws shall take effect when adopted unless otherwise provided in the resolution effecting the change.

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**BYLAWS
OF
COMMONWEALTH EDISON COMPANY**

Amended and Restated as of _____, 2020

**Bylaws of
Commonwealth Edison Company**

ARTICLE I

MEETINGS OF SHAREHOLDERS

Section 1. - *Annual Meeting.*

The annual meeting of the shareholders for the election of Directors and for the transaction of general business shall be held on any date as determined year to year by the Board of Directors. The time and location of the meeting shall be determined by the Board of Directors.

Section 2. - *Special Meeting.*

Special meetings of the shareholders may be held upon call by the Chair of the Board, if one is elected, the President, or a majority of the Board of Directors whenever they deem expedient, or upon the written request of the holders of shares entitled to not less than twenty percent of all the votes entitled to be cast at such a meeting.

Section 3. - *Notice of Meetings.*

Written or printed notice of every meeting of the shareholders, whether annual or special, stating the place, day, and hour of such meeting and (in the case of special meetings) the business proposed to be transacted shall be given by the Secretary to each shareholder entitled to vote at such meeting not less than ten (10) days but no more than sixty (60) days before the date fixed for such meeting, by electronic mail at his or her e-mail address as it appears on the records of the Company or by depositing such notice in the United States mail addressed to him or her at his or her post office address as it appears on the records of the Company, with postage thereon prepaid. A written waiver of notice of a meeting of the shareholders, signed by the person or persons entitled to such notice, whether before or after the time stated therein, shall be deemed equivalent to the giving of the notice.

Section 4. - *Organization of Meeting.*

All meetings of the shareholders shall be called to order by the Chair of the Board, or if one is not elected or is absent, by the President, or in his or her absence by a Vice President, or in the case of the absence of such officers, then by any shareholder, whereupon the meeting shall organize by electing a Chair. The Secretary of the Company, if present, shall act as secretary of the meeting, unless some other person shall be elected by the meeting to so act. An accurate record of the meeting shall be kept by the secretary thereof, and placed in the record books of the Company.

Section 5. - *Quorum.*

At any meeting of the shareholders, the presence in person or by proxy of shareholders entitled to cast a majority of the votes that all shareholders are entitled to cast on a particular matter to be acted upon at the meeting shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. If a quorum be not present at any

meeting, holders of a majority of the shares of stock so present or represented may adjourn the meeting either *sine die* or to a date certain.

Section 6. - *Voting.*

At all meetings of the shareholders, each shareholder shall be entitled to one vote for each share of common stock standing in his or her name and, when the preferred or preference stock is entitled to vote, such number of votes as shall be provided in the charter of the Company for each share of preferred and preference stock standing in his or her name, and the votes shall be cast by shareholders in person or by lawful proxy.

Section 7. - *Action by Consent*

Any action required or permitted by law, the Articles of Incorporation, or these Amended and Restated Bylaws to be taken at a meeting of the shareholders of the Company may be taken without a meeting if a consent or consents in writing, setting forth the action so taken, shall be signed by shareholders holding at least a majority of the voting power; provided that if a different proportion of voting power is required for such an action at a meeting, then that proportion of written consents is required. Such signed consent shall be delivered to the Secretary for inclusion in the minute book of the Corporation.

Section 8. - *Record Date for Shareholders and Closing of Transfer Books.*

The Board of Directors may fix, in advance, a date as the record for the determination of the shareholders entitled to notice of, or to vote at, any meeting of shareholders, or entitled to receive payment of any dividend, or entitled to the allotment of any rights, or for any other proper purpose. Such date in any case shall not be more than sixty (60) days (and in the case of a meeting of shareholders not less than ten (10) days) prior to the date on which the particular action requiring such determination of shareholders is to be taken. Only shareholders of record on such date shall be entitled to notice of or to vote at such meeting or to receive such dividends or rights, as the case may be.

Section 9. - *Voting Lists.*

The Secretary of the Company shall make, within twenty days after the record date for a meeting of stockholders of the Company or ten days before such meeting, whichever is earlier, a complete list of the stockholders entitled to vote at such meeting, arranged in alphabetical order, with the address of and the number of shares held by each, which list, for at least ten days prior to such meeting, shall be kept on file at the registered office of the Company and shall be subject to inspection by any stockholder, and to copying at such stockholder's expense, at any time during usual business hours. Such list shall also be produced and kept open at the time and place of the meeting and shall be subject to the inspection of any stockholder during the whole time of the meeting.

ARTICLE II

BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND COMMITTEES

Section 1. - *Powers of Directors.*

The business and affairs of the Company shall be managed by a Board of Directors which shall have and may exercise all the powers of the Company, except such as are expressly conferred upon or reserved to the shareholders by law, by the charter, or by these bylaws. Except as otherwise provided herein, the Board of Directors shall appoint the officers for the conduct of the business of the Company, determine their duties and responsibilities and fix their compensation. The Board of Directors may remove any officer.

Section 2. - *Number and Election of Directors.*

(a) The Board of Directors shall consist of such number of directors as may be determined from time to time by resolution of a majority of the Company's shareholders; provided, however, that the number of Directors may be increased or decreased by resolution of a majority of the Company's shareholders without an amendment to these bylaws so long as there will be no less than four (4) Directors or more than nine (9) Directors.

(b) At least one (1) member of the Board of Directors must be an "Independent Director", which is defined to mean that such person is not a director, officer or employee of Exelon Corporation, the Company or any other Exelon Corporation affiliate (excluding positions as directors of subsidiaries of the Company).

Section 3. - *Removals and Vacancies.*

The shareholders, at any meeting duly called and at which a quorum is present or by written consent in lieu thereof, may remove any Director or Directors from office by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the outstanding shares entitled to the vote thereon. Vacancies occurring in the Board of Directors for any reason may be filled by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the outstanding shares entitled to vote thereon.

Section 4. - *Director Retirement Age*

Each Independent Director must retire from the Board of Directors at or before the next annual meeting of shareholders following the director's 75th birthday; provided, however, that a Director's continued service may be extended by resolution of a majority of the Company's shareholders.

Section 5. - *Chair of the Board of Directors; Vice Chair.*

The Chair of the Board of Directors, if one is elected, shall preside at all meetings of the Board of Directors and of the shareholders, and shall also have such other powers and duties as from time to time may be assigned to him or her by the Board of Directors. The Vice Chair, if one is elected, shall, in the absence of the Chair of the Board, perform the duties of the Chair of the Board, and shall also have such other powers and duties as from time to time may be assigned to him or her by the Board of Directors.

Section 6. - *Meetings of the Board of Directors.*

Regular meetings of the Board of Directors shall be held on such dates during the year as may be designated from time to time by the Board of Directors. All meetings of the Board of Directors shall be held at such location as ordered by the Board of Directors. Of all such meetings the Secretary shall give notice to each Director personally or by electronic mail, by telephone, or by written notice at least 24 hours before such meeting. Special meetings may be held at any time or place upon the call of the Chair or Vice Chair of the Board or the Chief Executive Officer.

The Chair of the Board shall preside at all meetings of the Board of Directors, or, if one is not elected or is absent, the Vice Chair, the Chief Executive Officer, the President, or one of the Vice Presidents (if a member of the Board of Directors) shall preside. If at any meeting none of the foregoing persons is present, the Directors present shall designate one of their number to preside at such meeting.

Section 7. - *Quorum and Voting.*

(a) A majority of the Directors in office shall constitute a quorum of the Board of Directors for the transaction of business. All actions of the Board of Directors (other than those described in Section 7(b) of this Article II) shall require the affirmative vote of a majority of the Directors in attendance at a meeting at which a quorum is present. If a quorum be not present at any meeting, a majority of the Directors present may adjourn to any time and place they may see fit.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 7(a) above, the following actions shall require an affirmative vote of a majority of the Board of Directors of the corporation that includes the vote of at least one (1) Independent Director: (i) any decision by the corporation to seek protection from creditors under federal or state bankruptcy, insolvency, moratorium or similar law affecting the rights of creditors; (ii) any action by the Board of Directors of the corporation to declare and pay dividends; and (iii) any action by the Board of Directors of the corporation to authorize the purchase of electric energy.

Section 8. - *Committees.*

The Board of Directors is authorized to appoint from among its members such committees as it may, from time to time, deem advisable and to delegate to such committee or committees any of the powers of the Board of Directors which it may lawfully delegate. Each such committee shall consist of at least one (1) Director.

Section 9. - *Action by Consent*

Any action required or permitted to be taken at any meeting of the Board of Directors may be taken without such a meeting if a consent or consents in writing, setting forth the action so taken, is signed by all the members of the Board of Directors.

Section 10. - *Fees and Expenses.*

Each member of the Board of Directors, other than salaried officers and employees, shall be paid an annual retainer fee, payable in such amount as shall be specified from time to time by the Board of Directors.

Each member of the Board of Directors, other than salaried officers and employees, shall be paid such fee as shall be specified from time to time by the Board of Directors for attending each regular or special meeting of the Board of Directors and for attending, as a committee member, each meeting of any committee appointed by the Board of Directors. Each Director shall be paid reasonable traveling expenses incident to attendance at meetings of the Board of Directors.

ARTICLE III

OFFICERS

Section 1. - *Officers.*

The Board of Directors shall designate an individual to be the Chief Executive Officer of the Company. The Company shall also have a President, one or more Vice Presidents, a Treasurer, and a Secretary, who shall be elected by, and hold office at the will of, the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors shall elect such other officers as they may deem necessary for the conduct of the business and affairs of the Company. Any two offices, except those of President and Vice President, may be held by the same person, but no person shall sign checks, drafts and promissory notes, or execute, acknowledge or verify any other instrument in more than one capacity, if such instrument is required by law, the charter, these bylaws, a resolution of the Board of Directors or order of the Chief Executive Officer to be signed, executed, acknowledged or verified by two (2) or more officers.

Section 2. - *Duties of the Officers.*

(a) *Chief Executive Officer.*

The Chief Executive Officer shall have general and active management of the business of the Corporation and shall see that all orders and resolutions of the Board of Directors are carried into effect. In the absence of the Chair of the Board and the Vice Chair, or if one (or both) is (or are) not elected, the Chief Executive Officer shall perform all the duties of the Chair of the Board.

(b) *President.*

The President shall have general executive powers, as well as specific powers conferred by these bylaws. The President, any Vice President, or such other persons as may be designated by the Board of

Directors, shall sign all special contracts of the Company, countersign checks, drafts and promissory notes, and such other papers as may be directed by the Board of Directors. The President, or any Vice President, together with the Treasurer or an Assistant Treasurer, shall have authority to sell, assign or transfer and deliver any bonds, stocks or other securities owned by the Company. The President shall also have such other powers and duties as from time to time may be assigned to him or her by the Board of Directors.

(c) *Vice Presidents.*

Each Vice President shall have such powers and duties as may be assigned to him or her by the Board of Directors, or the Chief Executive Officer, as well as the specific powers assigned by these bylaws. A Vice President may be designated by the Board of Directors or the Chief Executive Officer to perform, in the absence of the President, all the duties of the President.

(d) *Treasurer.*

The Treasurer shall have the care and the custody of the funds and valuable papers of the Company and shall receive and disburse all moneys in such a manner as may be prescribed by the Board of Directors or the Chief Executive Officer. The Treasurer shall have such other powers and duties as may be assigned to him or her by the Board of Directors, or the Chief Executive Officer, as well as specific powers assigned by these bylaws.

(e) *Secretary.*

The Secretary shall attend all meetings of the shareholders and the Board of Directors and shall notify the shareholders and Directors of such meetings in the manner provided in these bylaws. The Secretary shall record the proceedings of all such meetings in books kept for that purpose. The Secretary shall have such other powers and duties as may be assigned to him or her by the Board of Directors or the Chief Executive Officer, as well as the specific powers assigned by these bylaws.

(f) *Assistant Officers.*

Assistant Secretaries and Assistant Treasurers, when elected or appointed, shall respectively assist the Secretary or the Treasurer in the performance of the respective duties assigned to such principal officers, and in assisting such principal officer, each of such assistant officers shall for such purpose have the powers of such principal officer. In case of the absence, disability, death, resignation or removal from office of any principal officer, such principal officer's duties shall, except as otherwise ordered by the Board of Directors, temporarily devolve upon such assistant officer as shall be designated by the Chair, Vice Chair or Chief Executive Officer.

Section 3. - *Removals and Vacancies.*

Any officer may be removed by the Board of Directors whenever, in its judgment, the best interest of the Company will be served thereby. In case of removal, the salary of such officer shall cease. Removal shall be without prejudice to the contractual rights, if any, of the person so removed, but election of an officer shall not of itself create contractual rights.

Any vacancy occurring in any office of the Company shall be filled by the Board of Directors and the officer so elected shall hold office for the unexpired term in respect of which the vacancy occurred or until his or her successor shall be duly elected and qualified.

In any event of absence or temporary disability of any officer of the Company, the Board of Directors may authorize some other person to perform the duties of that office.

ARTICLE IV

INDEMNIFICATION

Section 1. - *Procedure.*

The Company shall indemnify any present or former Director or officer of the Company and each Director or elected officer of any direct or indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company who is made, or threatened to be made, a party to a proceeding by reason of his or her service in that capacity or by reason of service, while a Director or officer of the Company and at the request of the Company, as a director or officer of another company, corporation, limited liability company, partnership, trust, employee benefit plan or other enterprise, and the Company shall pay or reimburse reasonable expenses incurred in advance of final disposition of the proceeding, in each case to the fullest extent permitted by the laws of the State of Illinois. The Company may indemnify, and advance reasonable expenses to, other employees and agents of the Company and employees and agents of any subsidiary of the Company to the extent authorized by the Board of Directors. The Company shall follow the procedures required by applicable law in determining persons eligible for indemnification and in making indemnification payments and advances.

Section 2. - *Exclusivity, etc.*

The indemnification and advancement of expenses provided by these bylaws (a) shall not be deemed exclusive of any other rights to which a person seeking indemnification or advance of expenses may be entitled under any law (common or statutory), or any agreement, vote of shareholders or disinterested Directors or other provision that is consistent with law, both as to action in his or her official capacity and as to action in another capacity while holding office or while employed or acting as agent for the Company, (b) shall continue in respect of all events occurring while a person was a Director or officer after such person has ceased to be a Director or officer, and (c) shall inure to the benefit of the estate, heirs, executors and administrators of such person. All rights to indemnification and advance of expenses hereunder shall be deemed to be a contract between the Company and each Director or officer of the Company who serves or served in such capacity at any time while this Article IV is in effect. Nothing herein shall prevent the amendment of this Article IV, *provided* that no such amendment shall diminish the rights of any person hereunder with respect to events occurring or claims made before its adoption or as to claims made after its adoption in respect of events occurring before its adoption. Any repeal or modification of this Article IV shall not in any way diminish any rights to indemnification or advancement of expenses of a Director or officer or the obligations of the Company arising hereunder with respect to events occurring, or claims made, while this Article IV or any provision hereof is in effect.

Section 3. - *Severability.*

The invalidity or unenforceability of any provision of this Article IV shall not affect the validity or enforceability of any other provision hereof.

ARTICLE V

CAPITAL STOCK

Section 1. - *Evidence of Stock Ownership.*

Evidence of ownership of stock in the Company shall be pursuant to certificate(s), each of which shall represent the number of shares of stock owned by a shareholder of the Company. Shareholders may request that their stock ownership be represented by certificate(s). Each certificate shall be signed on behalf of the Company by the President or a Vice President and countersigned by the Secretary or the Treasurer and shall be sealed with the corporate seal. The signatures may be either manual or facsimile. In case any officer who signed any certificate, in facsimile or otherwise, ceases to be such officer of the Company before the certificate is issued, the certificate may nevertheless be issued by the Company with the same effect as if the officer had not ceased to be such officer as of the date of its issue.

Section 2. - *Transfer of Shares.*

Stock shall be transferable only on the books of the Company by assignment in writing by the registered holder thereof, his or her legally constituted attorney, or his or her legal representative, either upon surrender and cancellation of the certificate(s) therefor, if such stock is represented by a certificate, or upon receipt of such other documentation for stock not represented by a certificate as the Board of Directors and the law of the State of Illinois may, from time to time, require.

Section 3. - *Lost, Stolen or Destroyed Certificates.*

No certificate for shares of stock of the Company shall be issued in place of any other certificate alleged to have been lost, stolen, or destroyed, except upon production of such evidence of the loss, theft or destruction and upon indemnification of the Company to such extent and in such manner as the Board of Directors may prescribe.

Section 4. - *Transfer Agents and Registrars.*

The Board of Directors shall appoint a person or persons, or any incorporated trust company or companies or both, as transfer agents and registrars and, if stock is represented by a certificate, may require that such certificate bear the signatures or the counter-signatures of such transfer agents and registrars, or either of them.

Section 5. - *Stock Ledger.*

The Company shall maintain at its principal office a stock record containing the names and addresses of all shareholders and the numbers of shares of each class held by each shareholder.

ARTICLE VI

SEAL

The Board of Directors shall provide, subject to change, a suitable corporate seal which may be used by causing it, or facsimile thereof, to be impressed or affixed or reproduced on the Company's stock certificates, bonds, or any other documents on which the seal may be appropriate.

ARTICLE VII

AMENDMENTS

These bylaws, or any of them, may be amended or repealed, and new bylaws may be made or adopted by the shareholders at any annual meeting or a special meeting called for that purpose, or by written consent in lieu of a meeting.

BYLAWS
OF
PECO Energy Company

Amended and Restated as of _____, 2020

**Bylaws of
PECO Energy Company**

ARTICLE I

MEETINGS OF SHAREHOLDERS

Section 1. - *Annual Meeting.*

The annual meeting of the shareholders for the election of Directors and for the transaction of general business shall be held on any date as determined year to year by the Board of Directors. The time and location of the meeting shall be determined by the Board of Directors.

Section 2. - *Special Meeting.*

Special meetings of the shareholders may be held upon call by the Chair of the Board, if one is elected, the President, or a majority of the Board of Directors whenever they deem expedient, or upon the written request of the holders of shares entitled to not less than twenty percent of all the votes entitled to be cast at such a meeting.

Section 3. - *Notice of Meetings.*

Written or printed notice of every meeting of the shareholders, whether annual or special, stating the place, day, and hour of such meeting and (in the case of special meetings) the business proposed to be transacted shall be given by the Secretary to each shareholder entitled to vote at such meeting not less than ten (10) days but no more than ninety (90) days before the date fixed for such meeting, by electronic mail at his or her e-mail address as it appears on the records of the Company or by depositing such notice in the United States mail addressed to him or her at his or her post office address as it appears on the records of the Company, with postage thereon prepaid. A written waiver of notice of a meeting of the shareholders, signed by the person or persons entitled to such notice, whether before or after the time stated therein, shall be deemed equivalent to the giving of the notice.

Section 4. - *Organization of Meeting.*

All meetings of the shareholders shall be called to order by the Chair of the Board, or if one is not elected or is absent, by the President, or in his or her absence by a Vice President, or in the case of the absence of such officers, then by any shareholder, whereupon the meeting shall organize by electing a Chair. The Secretary of the Company, if present, shall act as secretary of the meeting, unless some other person shall be elected by the meeting to so act. An accurate record of the meeting shall be kept by the secretary thereof and placed in the record books of the Company.

Section 5. - *Quorum.*

At any meeting of the shareholders, the presence in person or by proxy of shareholders entitled to cast a majority of the votes that all shareholders are entitled to cast on a particular matter to be acted upon at the meeting shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. If a quorum be not present at any

meeting, holders of a majority of the shares of stock so present or represented may adjourn the meeting either *sine die* or to a date certain.

Section 6. - *Voting.*

At all meetings of the shareholders, each shareholder shall be entitled to one vote for each share of common stock standing in his or her name and, when the preferred or preference stock is entitled to vote, such number of votes as shall be provided in the charter of the Company for each share of preferred and preference stock standing in his or her name, and the votes shall be cast by shareholders in person or by lawful proxy.

Section 7. - *Action by Consent*

Any action required or permitted by law, the Articles of Incorporation, or these Amended and Restated Bylaws to be taken at a meeting of the shareholders of the Company may be taken without a meeting if a consent or consents in writing, setting forth the action so taken, shall be signed by shareholders holding at least a majority of the voting power; provided that if a different proportion of voting power is required for such an action at a meeting, then that proportion of written consents is required. Such signed consent shall be delivered to the Secretary for inclusion in the minute book of the Corporation.

Section 8. - *Record Date for Shareholders and Closing of Transfer Books.*

The Board of Directors may fix, in advance, a date as the record for the determination of the shareholders entitled to notice of, or to vote at, any meeting of shareholders, or entitled to receive payment of any dividend, or entitled to the allotment of any rights, or for any other proper purpose. Such date in any case shall not be more than ninety (90) days (and in the case of a meeting of shareholders not less than ten (10) days) prior to the date on which the particular action requiring such determination of shareholders is to be taken. Only shareholders of record on such date shall be entitled to notice of or to vote at such meeting or to receive such dividends or rights, as the case may be.

ARTICLE II

BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND COMMITTEES

Section 1. - *Powers of Directors.*

The business and affairs of the Company shall be managed by a Board of Directors which shall have and may exercise all the powers of the Company, except such as are expressly conferred upon or reserved to the shareholders by law, by the charter, or by these bylaws. Except as otherwise provided herein, the Board of Directors shall appoint the officers for the conduct of the business of the Company, determine their duties and responsibilities and fix their compensation. The Board of Directors may remove any officer.

Section 2. - *Number and Election of Directors.*

(a) The Board of Directors shall consist of such number of Directors as may be determined from time to time by resolution of a majority of the Company's shareholders.

(b) At least one (1) member of the Board of Directors must be an "Independent Director", which is defined to mean that such person is not a director, officer or employee of Exelon Corporation, the Company or any other Exelon Corporation affiliate (excluding positions as directors of subsidiaries of the Company).

(c) The Directors shall not be classified in respect to the time for which they shall hold office. From and after the 2019 annual meeting of the shareholders, the Directors (including each Independent Director) shall be elected at each annual meeting of the shareholders for a one-year term expiring at the next annual meeting of the shareholders or until their successors are elected and qualified; provided that any director who was elected prior to the 2019 annual meeting of the shareholders for a term that extends until after the 2019 annual meeting of shareholders shall not be required to stand for election, and shall continue as a director until the annual meeting at which the director's term expires or until his or her earlier death, resignation or removal.

Section 3. - *Removals and Vacancies.*

The shareholders, at any meeting duly called and at which a quorum is present or by written consent in lieu thereof, may remove any Director or Directors from office by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the outstanding shares entitled to the vote thereon.

Vacancies occurring in the Board of Directors for any reason may be filled by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the outstanding shares entitled to vote thereon.

Section 4. - *Director Retirement Age*

Effective following the annual election of Directors in 2020, each Independent Director must retire from the Board of Directors at or before the next annual meeting of shareholders following the director's 75th birthday; provided, however, that a Director's continued service may be extended by resolution of a majority of the Company's shareholders.

Section 5. - *Chair of the Board of Directors; Vice Chair*

The Chair of the Board of Directors, if one is elected, shall preside at all meetings of the Board of Directors and of the shareholders, and shall also have such other powers and duties as from time to time may be assigned to him or her by the Board of Directors. The Vice Chair, if one is elected, shall, in the absence of the Chair of the Board, perform the duties of the Chair of the Board, and shall also have such other powers and duties as from time to time may be assigned to him or her by the Board of Directors.

Section 6. - *Meetings of the Board of Directors.*

Regular meetings of the Board of Directors shall be held on such dates during the year as may be designated from time to time by the Board of Directors. All meetings of the Board of Directors shall be held

at such location as ordered by the Board of Directors. Of all such meetings the Secretary shall give notice to each Director personally or by electronic mail, by telephone, or by written notice at least 24 hours before such meeting. Special meetings may be held at any time or place upon the call of the Chair of the Board or the Chief Executive Officer.

The Chair of the Board shall preside at all meetings of the Board of Directors, or, if one is not elected or is absent, the Vice Chair, the Chief Executive Officer, the President, or one of the Vice Presidents (if a member of the Board of Directors) shall preside. If at any meeting none of the foregoing persons is present, the Directors present shall designate one of their number to preside at such meeting.

Section 7. - *Quorum and Voting.*

(a) A majority of the Directors in office shall constitute a quorum of the Board of Directors for the transaction of business. All actions of the Board of Directors (other than those described in Section 7(b) of this Article II) shall require the affirmative vote of a majority of the Directors in attendance at a meeting at which a quorum is present. If a quorum be not present at any meeting, a majority of the Directors present may adjourn to any time and place they may see fit.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 7(a) above, the following actions shall require an affirmative vote of a majority of the Board of Directors of the corporation that includes the vote of at least one (1) Independent Director: (i) any decision by the corporation to seek protection from creditors under federal or state bankruptcy, insolvency, moratorium or similar law affecting the rights of creditors; (ii) any action by the Board of Directors of the corporation to declare and pay dividends; and (iii) any action by the Board of Directors of the corporation to authorize the purchase of electric energy.

Section 8. - *Committees.*

The Board of Directors is authorized to appoint from among its members such committees as it may, from time to time, deem advisable and to delegate to such committee or committees any of the powers of the Board of Directors which it may lawfully delegate. Each such committee shall consist of at least one (1) Director.

Section 9. - *Action by Consent*

Any action required or permitted to be taken at any meeting of the Board of Directors may be taken without such a meeting if a consent or consents in writing, setting forth the action so taken, is signed by all the members of the Board of Directors.

Section 10. - *Fees and Expenses.*

Each member of the Board of Directors, other than salaried officers and employees, shall be paid an annual retainer fee, payable in such amount as shall be specified from time to time by the Board of Directors.

Each member of the Board of Directors, other than salaried officers and employees, shall be paid such fee as shall be specified from time to time by the Board of Directors for attending each regular or special meeting of the Board of Directors and for attending, as a committee member, each meeting of any committee appointed by the Board of Directors. Each Director shall be paid reasonable traveling expenses incident to attendance at meetings of the Board of Directors.

ARTICLE III

OFFICERS

Section 1. - *Officers.*

The Board of Directors shall designate an individual to be the Chief Executive Officer of the Company. The Company shall also have a President, one or more Vice Presidents, a Treasurer, and a Secretary, who shall be elected by, and hold office at the will of, the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors shall elect such other officers as they may deem necessary for the conduct of the business and affairs of the Company. Any two offices, except those of President and Vice President, may be held by the same person, but no person shall sign checks, drafts and promissory notes, or execute, acknowledge or verify any other instrument in more than one capacity, if such instrument is required by law, the charter, these bylaws, a resolution of the Board of Directors or order of the Chief Executive Officer to be signed, executed, acknowledged or verified by two (2) or more officers.

Section 2. - *Duties of the Officers.*

(a) *Chief Executive Officer.*

The Chief Executive Officer shall have general and active management of the business of the Corporation and shall see that all orders and resolutions of the Board of Directors are carried into effect. In the absence of the Chair of the Board and the Vice Chair, or if one (or both) is (or are) not elected, the Chief Executive Officer shall perform all the duties of the Chair of the Board.

(b) *President.*

The President shall have general executive powers, as well as specific powers conferred by these bylaws. The President, any Vice President, or such other persons as may be designated by the Board of Directors, shall sign all special contracts of the Company, countersign checks, drafts and promissory notes, and such other papers as may be directed by the Board of Directors. The President, or any Vice President, together with the Treasurer or an Assistant Treasurer, shall have authority to sell, assign or transfer and deliver any bonds, stocks or other securities owned by the Company. The President shall also have such other powers and duties as from time to time may be assigned to him or her by the Board of Directors.

(c) *Vice Presidents.*

Each Vice President shall have such powers and duties as may be assigned to him or her by the Board of Directors, or the Chief Executive Officer, as well as the specific powers assigned by these bylaws. A Vice President may be designated by the Board of Directors or the Chief Executive Officer to perform, in the absence of the President, all the duties of the President.

(d) *Treasurer.*

The Treasurer shall have the care and the custody of the funds and valuable papers of the Company, and shall receive and disburse all moneys in such a manner as may be prescribed by the Board of Directors or the Chief Executive Officer. The Treasurer shall have such other powers and duties as may be assigned to him or her by the Board of Directors, or the Chief Executive Officer, as well as specific powers assigned by these bylaws.

(e) *Secretary.*

The Secretary shall attend all meetings of the shareholders and the Board of Directors and shall notify the shareholders and Directors of such meetings in the manner provided in these bylaws. The Secretary shall record the proceedings of all such meetings in books kept for that purpose. The Secretary shall have such other powers and duties as may be assigned to him or her by the Board of Directors or the Chief Executive Officer, as well as the specific powers assigned by these bylaws.

(f) *Assistant Officers.*

Assistant Secretaries and Assistant Treasurers, when elected or appointed, shall respectively assist the Secretary or the Treasurer in the performance of the respective duties assigned to such principal officers, and in assisting such principal officer, each of such assistant officers shall for such purpose have the powers of such principal officer. In case of the absence, disability, death, resignation or removal from office of any principal officer, such principal officer's duties shall, except as otherwise ordered by the Board of Directors, temporarily devolve upon such assistant officer as shall be designated by the Chair, Vice Chair or Chief Executive Officer.

Section 3. - *Removals and Vacancies.*

Any officer may be removed by the Board of Directors whenever, in its judgment, the best interest of the Company will be served thereby. In case of removal, the salary of such officer shall cease. Removal shall be without prejudice to the contractual rights, if any, of the person so removed, but election of an officer shall not of itself create contractual rights.

Any vacancy occurring in any office of the Company shall be filled by the Board of Directors and the officer so elected shall hold office for the unexpired term in respect of which the vacancy occurred or until his or her successor shall be duly elected and qualified.

In any event of absence or temporary disability of any officer of the Company, the Board of Directors may authorize some other person to perform the duties of that office.

ARTICLE IV

INDEMNIFICATION

Section 1. - *Procedure.*

The Company shall indemnify any present or former Director or officer of the Company and each Director or elected officer of any direct or indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company who is made, or threatened to be made, a party to a proceeding by reason of his or her service in that capacity or by reason of service, while a Director or officer of the Company and at the request of the Company, as a director or officer of another company, corporation, limited liability company, partnership, trust, employee benefit plan or other enterprise, and the Company shall pay or reimburse reasonable expenses incurred in advance of final disposition of the proceeding, in each case to the fullest extent permitted by the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The Company may indemnify, and advance reasonable expenses to, other employees and agents of the Company and employees and agents of any subsidiary of the Company to the extent authorized by the Board of Directors. The Company shall follow the procedures required by applicable

law in determining persons eligible for indemnification and in making indemnification payments and advances.

Section 2. - *Exclusivity, etc.*

The indemnification and advancement of expenses provided by these bylaws (a) shall not be deemed exclusive of any other rights to which a person seeking indemnification or advance of expenses may be entitled under any law (common or statutory), or any agreement, vote of shareholders or disinterested Directors or other provision that is consistent with law, both as to action in his or her official capacity and as to action in another capacity while holding office or while employed or acting as agent for the Company, (b) shall continue in respect of all events occurring while a person was a Director or officer after such person has ceased to be a Director or officer, and (c) shall inure to the benefit of the estate, heirs, executors and administrators of such person. All rights to indemnification and advance of expenses hereunder shall be deemed to be a contract between the Company and each Director or officer of the Company who serves or served in such capacity at any time while this Article IV is in effect. Nothing herein shall prevent the amendment of this Article IV, *provided* that no such amendment shall diminish the rights of any person hereunder with respect to events occurring or claims made before its adoption or as to claims made after its adoption in respect of events occurring before its adoption. Any repeal or modification of this Article IV shall not in any way diminish any rights to indemnification or advancement of expenses of a Director or officer or the obligations of the Company arising hereunder with respect to events occurring, or claims made, while this Article IV or any provision hereof is in effect.

Section 3. - *Severability.*

The invalidity or unenforceability of any provision of this Article IV shall not affect the validity or enforceability of any other provision hereof.

ARTICLE V

CAPITAL STOCK

Section 1. - *Evidence of Stock Ownership.*

Evidence of ownership of stock in the Company shall be pursuant to certificate(s), each of which shall represent the number of shares of stock owned by a shareholder of the Company. Shareholders may request that their stock ownership be represented by certificate(s). Each certificate shall be signed on behalf of the Company by the President or a Vice President and countersigned by the Secretary or the Treasurer, and shall be sealed with the corporate seal. The signatures may be either manual or facsimile. In case any officer who signed any certificate, in facsimile or otherwise, ceases to be such officer of the Company before the certificate is issued, the certificate may nevertheless be issued by the Company with the same effect as if the officer had not ceased to be such officer as of the date of its issue.

Section 2. - *Transfer of Shares.*

Stock shall be transferable only on the books of the Company by assignment in writing by the registered holder thereof, his or her legally constituted attorney, or his or her legal representative, either upon surrender and cancellation of the certificate(s) therefor, if such stock is represented by a certificate, or upon receipt of such other documentation for stock not represented by a certificate as the Board of Directors and the law of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania may, from time to time, require.

Section 3. - *Lost, Stolen or Destroyed Certificates.*

No certificate for shares of stock of the Company shall be issued in place of any other certificate alleged to have been lost, stolen, or destroyed, except upon production of such evidence of the loss, theft or destruction and upon indemnification of the Company to such extent and in such manner as the Board of Directors may prescribe.

Section 4. - *Transfer Agents and Registrars.*

The Board of Directors shall appoint a person or persons, or any incorporated trust company or companies or both, as transfer agents and registrars and, if stock is represented by a certificate, may require that such certificate bear the signatures or the counter-signatures of such transfer agents and registrars, or either of them.

Section 5. - *Share Register.*

The Company shall maintain at its principal office a share register containing the names and addresses of all shareholders and the numbers of shares of each class held by each shareholder.

ARTICLE VI

SEAL

The Board of Directors shall provide, subject to change, a suitable corporate seal which may be used by causing it, or facsimile thereof, to be impressed or affixed or reproduced on the Company's stock certificates, bonds, or any other documents on which the seal may be appropriate.

ARTICLE VII

AMENDMENTS

These bylaws, or any of them, may be amended or repealed, and new bylaws may be made or adopted by the shareholders at any annual meeting or a special meeting called for that purpose, or by written consent in lieu of a meeting.

BYLAWS
OF
Baltimore Gas and Electric Company

Amended and Restated as of _____, 2020

**Bylaws of
Baltimore Gas and Electric Company**

ARTICLE I

MEETINGS OF STOCKHOLDERS

Section 1. - *Annual Meeting.*

The annual meeting of the stockholders for the election of Directors and for the transaction of general business shall be held on any date as determined year to year by the Board of Directors. The time and location of the meeting shall be determined by the Board of Directors.

Section 2. - *Special Meeting.*

Special meetings of the stockholders may be held upon call by the Chair of the Board, if one is elected, the President, or a majority of the Board of Directors whenever they deem expedient, or upon the written request of the holders of shares entitled to not less than twenty-five percent of all the votes entitled to be cast at such a meeting.

Section 3. - *Notice of Meetings.*

Written or printed notice of every meeting of the stockholders, whether annual or special, stating the place, day, and hour of such meeting and (in the case of special meetings) the business proposed to be transacted shall be given by the Secretary to each stockholder entitled to vote at such meeting not less than ten (10) days but no more than ninety (90) days before the date fixed for such meeting, by electronic mail at his or her e-mail address as it appears on the records of the Company or by depositing such notice in the United States mail addressed to him or her at his or her post office address as it appears on the records of the Company, with postage thereon prepaid.

Section 4. - *Organization of Meeting.*

All meetings of the stockholders shall be called to order by the Chair of the Board, or if one is not elected or is absent, by the President, or in his or her absence by a Vice President, or in the case of the absence of such officers, then by any stockholder, whereupon the meeting shall organize by electing a Chair. The Secretary of the Company, if present, shall act as secretary of the meeting, unless some other person shall be elected by the meeting to so act. An accurate record of the meeting shall be kept by the secretary thereof and placed in the record books of the Company.

Section 5. - *Quorum.*

At any meeting of the stockholders, the presence in person or by proxy of stockholders entitled to cast a majority of the votes thereat shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. If a quorum be not present at any meeting, holders of a majority of the shares of stock so present or represented may adjourn the meeting either *sine die* or to a date certain.

Section 6. - *Voting.*

At all meetings of the stockholders, each stockholder shall be entitled to one vote for each share of common stock standing in his or her name and, when the preferred or preference stock is entitled to vote, such number of votes as shall be provided in the charter of the Company for each share of preferred and preference stock standing in his or her name, and the votes shall be cast by stockholders in person or by lawful proxy.

Section 7. - *Action by Consent*

Any action required or permitted by law, the Articles of Incorporation, or these Amended and Restated Bylaws to be taken at a meeting of the stockholders of the Company may be taken without a meeting if a consent or consents in writing, setting forth the action so taken, shall be signed by stockholders holding at least a majority of the voting power; provided that if a different proportion of voting power is required for such an action at a meeting, then that proportion of written consents is required. Such signed consent shall be delivered to the Secretary for inclusion in the minute book of the Corporation.

Section 8. - *Record Date for Stockholders and Closing of Transfer Books.*

The Board of Directors may fix, in advance, a date as the record for the determination of the stockholders entitled to notice of, or to vote at, any meeting of stockholders, or entitled to receive payment of any dividend, or entitled to the allotment of any rights, or for any other proper purpose. Such date in any case shall not be more than ninety (90) days (and in the case of a meeting of stockholders not less than ten (10) days) prior to the date on which the particular action requiring such determination of stockholders is to be taken. Only stockholders of record on such date shall be entitled to notice of or to vote at such meeting or to receive such dividends or rights, as the case may be. In lieu of fixing a record date, the Board of Directors may close the stock transfer books of the Company for a period not exceeding twenty (20) days or less than ten (10) days preceding the date of any meeting of stockholders or not exceeding twenty (20) days preceding any other of the above mentioned events.

ARTICLE II

BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND COMMITTEES

Section 1. - *Powers of Directors.*

The business and affairs of the Company shall be managed by a Board of Directors which shall have and may exercise all the powers of the Company, except such as are expressly conferred upon or reserved to the stockholders by law, by the charter, or by these bylaws. Except as otherwise provided herein, the Board of Directors shall appoint the officers for the conduct of the business of the Company, determine their duties and responsibilities and fix their compensation. The Board of Directors may remove any officer.

Section 2. - *Number and Election of Directors.*

The number of Directors (including each Independent Director) shall be set at eight (8); *provided, however*, that the number of Directors may be increased or decreased by resolution of a majority of the Company's stockholders without an amendment to these bylaws but in no event will there be less than

three (3) Directors or more than fifteen (15) Directors. The Directors (including each Independent Director) shall be elected at each annual meeting of stockholders except as otherwise provided in these bylaws. They shall hold their offices until the next annual meeting of stockholders or until their successors are elected and qualified.

Section 3. - *Director Independence and Residency.*

(a) At all times subsequent to the first meeting of the Board of Directors after March 12, 2012, in accordance with the provisions of these bylaws, at least one-third of the Directors in office, and no less than two (2) Directors, shall meet the standards for independence set forth in the New York Stock Exchange Listing Standards, and shall be neither employees nor directors of Exelon Corporation ("Exelon") or any Exelon affiliate (each such Director, an "Independent Director"). No resignation or removal of an Independent Director at any time when such resignation or removal would result in less than one-third of the Directors in office, or less than two (2) Directors, being Independent Directors shall be effective until as many successor Independent Directors as needed to have at least one-third, and no less than two (2), of the Directors be Independent Directors shall have accepted their appointments as Independent Directors. In the event that less than one-third of the Directors in office, or less than two (2) Directors, meeting the qualifications therefor are then holding the position of Independent Director, the Board of Directors shall, as soon as practicable, appoint as many successor Independent Directors as needed to have at least one-third, and no less than two (2), of the Directors be Independent Directors, and until each such vacancy is filled, the Board of Directors shall be prohibited from voting on any action specified in Section 7(b) of this Article II or the proviso to Article VIII. No Independent Director shall at any time serve as trustee in bankruptcy for any affiliate of the Company.

(b) At all times on and after the date hereof, a majority of the Directors in office shall have primary residence or principal place of business or employment in the Company's service territory.

Section 4. - *Removals and Vacancies.*

The stockholders, at any meeting duly called and at which a quorum is present or by written consent in lieu thereof, may remove any Director or Directors from office by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the outstanding shares entitled to the vote thereon.

Vacancies occurring in the Board of Directors for any reason may be filled by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the outstanding shares entitled to vote thereon.

Section 5. - *Director Retirement Age*

Effective following the annual election of Directors in 2020, each Independent Director must retire from the Board of Directors at or before the next annual meeting of stockholders following the director's 75th birthday; provided, however, that a Director's continued service may be extended by resolution of a majority of the Company's shareholders.

Section 6. - *Chair of the Board of Directors; Vice Chair*

The Chair of the Board of Directors, if one is elected, shall preside at all meetings of the Board of Directors and of the shareholders, and shall also have such other powers and duties as from time to time may be assigned to him or her by the Board of Directors. The Vice Chair, if one is elected, shall, in the

absence of the Chair of the Board, perform the duties of the Chair of the Board, and shall also have such other powers and duties as from time to time may be assigned to him or her by the Board of Directors.

Section 7. - *Meetings of the Board of Directors.*

Regular meetings of the Board of Directors shall be held on such dates during the year as may be designated from time to time by the Board of Directors. All meetings of the Board of Directors shall be held at such location as ordered by the Board of Directors. Of all such meetings the Secretary shall give notice to each Director personally or by electronic mail, by telephone, or by written notice at least 24 hours before such meeting. Special meetings may be held at any time or place upon the call of the Chair of the Board or the Chief Executive Officer.

The Chair of the Board shall preside at all meetings of the Board of Directors, or, if one is not elected or is absent, the Vice Chair, the Chief Executive Officer, the President, or one of the Vice Presidents (if a member of the Board of Directors) shall preside. If at any meeting none of the foregoing persons is present, the Directors present shall designate one of their number to preside at such meeting.

Section 8. - *Quorum and Voting.*

(a) A majority of the Directors in office shall constitute a quorum of the Board of Directors for the transaction of business, with the exception of any meeting at which any action described in Section 8(b) of this Article II is considered, at which meeting a quorum shall consist of all Directors. All actions of the Board of Directors (other than those described in Section 8(b) of this Article II) shall require the affirmative vote of a majority of the Directors in attendance at a meeting at which a quorum is present. If a quorum be not present at any meeting, a majority of the Directors present may adjourn to any time and place they may see fit.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of these bylaws and any provision of law that otherwise so empowers the Company, the stockholders, the Board of Directors, any Director, any officer or any other person, neither the stockholders nor the Board of Directors nor any Director nor any officer nor any other person shall be authorized or empowered, nor shall they permit the Company, without the unanimous prior approval of the Board of Directors, including the Independent Directors, to (A) commence any case, proceeding or other action on behalf of the Company under any existing or future law of any jurisdiction relating to bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, or relief for debtors; (B) institute proceedings to have the Company adjudicated as bankrupt or insolvent; (C) consent to or acquiesce in the institution of bankruptcy or insolvency proceedings against the Company; (D) file a petition or consent to a petition seeking reorganization, arrangement, adjustment, winding up, dissolution, composition, liquidation, or other relief on behalf of the Company of its debts under any federal or state law relating to bankruptcy; (E) apply for, or consent to, or acquiesce in the appointment of, a receiver, liquidator, sequestrator, trustee or other officer with similar powers of such person with respect to the Company; (F) make any assignment for the benefit of the Company's creditors; (G) admit in writing the Company's inability to pay its debts generally as they become due; or (H) remove the unanimous consent requirement set forth above in this Section 8(b) of Article II.

Section 9. - *Committees.*

The Board of Directors is authorized to appoint from among its members such committees as it may, from time to time, deem advisable and to delegate to such committee or committees any of the powers

of the Board of Directors which it may lawfully delegate. Each such committee shall consist of at least one (1) Director.

Section 10. - Action by Consent

Any action required or permitted to be taken at any meeting of the Board of Directors may be taken without such a meeting if a consent or consents in writing, setting forth the action so taken, is signed by all the members of the Board of Directors.

Section 11. - Fees and Expenses.

Each member of the Board of Directors, other than salaried officers and employees, shall be paid an annual retainer fee, payable in such amount as shall be specified from time to time by the Board of Directors.

Each member of the Board of Directors, other than salaried officers and employees, shall be paid such fee as shall be specified from time to time by the Board of Directors for attending each regular or special meeting of the Board of Directors and for attending, as a committee member, each meeting of any committee appointed by the Board of Directors. Each Director shall be paid reasonable traveling expenses incident to attendance at meetings of the Board of Directors.

ARTICLE III

OFFICERS

Section 1. - Officers.

The Board of Directors shall designate an individual to be the Chief Executive Officer of the Company. The Company shall also have a President, one or more Vice Presidents, a Treasurer, and a Secretary, who shall be elected by, and hold office at the will of, the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors shall elect such other officers as they may deem necessary for the conduct of the business and affairs of the Company. Any two offices, except those of President and Vice President, may be held by the same person, but no person shall sign checks, drafts and promissory notes, or execute, acknowledge or verify any other instrument in more than one capacity, if such instrument is required by law, the charter, these bylaws, a resolution of the Board of Directors or order of the Chief Executive Officer to be signed, executed, acknowledged or verified by two (2) or more officers.

Section 2. - Duties of the Officers.

(a) *Chief Executive Officer.*

The Chief Executive Officer shall have general and active management of the business of the Corporation and shall see that all orders and resolutions of the Board of Directors are carried into effect. In the absence of the Chair of the Board and the Vice Chair, or if one (or both) is (or are) not elected, the Chief Executive Officer shall perform all the duties of the Chair of the Board.

(b) *President.*

The President shall have general executive powers, as well as specific powers conferred by these bylaws. The President, any Vice President, or such other persons as may be designated by the Board of Directors, shall sign all special contracts of the Company, countersign checks, drafts and promissory notes, and such other papers as may be directed by the Board of Directors. The President, or any Vice President, together with the Treasurer or an Assistant Treasurer, shall have authority to sell, assign or transfer and deliver any bonds, stocks or other securities owned by the Company. The President shall also have such other powers and duties as from time to time may be assigned to him or her by the Board of Directors.

(c) *Vice Presidents.*

Each Vice President shall have such powers and duties as may be assigned to him or her by the Board of Directors, or the Chief Executive Officer, as well as the specific powers assigned by these bylaws. A Vice President may be designated by the Board of Directors or the Chief Executive Officer to perform, in the absence of the President, all the duties of the President.

(d) *Treasurer.*

The Treasurer shall have the care and the custody of the funds and valuable papers of the Company and shall receive and disburse all moneys in such a manner as may be prescribed by the Board of Directors or the Chief Executive Officer. The Treasurer shall have such other powers and duties as may be assigned to him or her by the Board of Directors, or the Chief Executive Officer, as well as specific powers assigned by these bylaws.

(e) *Secretary.*

The Secretary shall attend all meetings of the stockholders and the Board of Directors and shall notify the stockholders and Directors of such meetings in the manner provided in these bylaws. The Secretary shall record the proceedings of all such meetings in books kept for that purpose. The Secretary shall have such other powers and duties as may be assigned to him or her by the Board of Directors or the Chief Executive Officer, as well as the specific powers assigned by these bylaws.

(f) *Assistant Officers.*

Assistant Secretaries and Assistant Treasurers, when elected or appointed, shall respectively assist the Secretary or the Treasurer in the performance of the respective duties assigned to such principal officers, and in assisting such principal officer, each of such assistant officers shall for such purpose have the powers of such principal officer. In case of the absence, disability, death, resignation or removal from office of any principal officer, such principal officer's duties shall, except as otherwise ordered by the Board of Directors, temporarily devolve upon such assistant officer as shall be designated by the Chair, Vice Chair or Chief Executive Officer.

Section 3. - *Removals and Vacancies.*

Any officer may be removed by the Board of Directors whenever, in its judgment, the best interest of the Company will be served thereby. In case of removal, the salary of such officer shall cease. Removal shall be without prejudice to the contractual rights, if any, of the person so removed, but election of an officer shall not of itself create contractual rights.

Any vacancy occurring in any office of the Company shall be filled by the Board of Directors and the officer so elected shall hold office for the unexpired term in respect of which the vacancy occurred or until his or her successor shall be duly elected and qualified.

In any event of absence or temporary disability of any officer of the Company, the Board of Directors may authorize some other person to perform the duties of that office.

ARTICLE IV

LIMITATIONS ON ACTIVITIES

The Company shall:

- (a) not participate in the cash pool operated by Exelon or any other Exelon affiliate (other than a subsidiary of the Company) and shall not commingle funds with Exelon or any other Exelon affiliate (other than a subsidiary of the Company);
- (b) hold itself out as a separate entity from Exelon, Exelon Energy Delivery Company LLC ("EEDC") and RF HoldCo LLC ("HoldCo"), conduct business in its own name and not assume liability for future debts of Exelon, EEDC or HoldCo;
- (c) maintain a separate name from and not use the trademarks, service marks or other intellectual property of Exelon, EEDC or HoldCo;
- (d) maintain separate books, accounts and financial statements reflecting its separate assets and liabilities;
- (e) maintain arms-length relationships with Exelon, EEDC and HoldCo; and
- (f) not (i) guarantee the debt or credit instruments of Exelon or any other Exelon affiliate (other than a subsidiary of the Company); (ii) grant a mortgage or other lien on any property used and useful in providing retail or wholesale utility service to, or otherwise pledge such assets as security for repayment of the principal or interest of any loan or credit instrument of, Exelon or any other Exelon affiliate (other than a subsidiary of the Company); (iii) include in any of the Company's debt or credit agreements cross-default provisions between the Company's securities and the securities of Exelon or any other Exelon affiliate (other than a subsidiary of the Company); or (iv) include in its debt or credit agreements any financial covenants or rating-agency triggers related to Exelon or any other Exelon affiliate (other than a subsidiary of the Company).

ARTICLE V

INDEMNIFICATION

Section 1. - *Procedure.*

The Company shall indemnify any present or former Director or officer of the Company and each Director or elected officer of any direct or indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company who is made, or threatened to be made, a party to a proceeding by reason of his or her service in that capacity or by reason of service, while a Director or officer of the Company and at the request of the Company, as a director or officer of another company, corporation, limited liability company, partnership, trust, employee benefit plan or other enterprise, and the Company shall pay or reimburse reasonable expenses incurred in advance of final disposition of the proceeding, in each case to the fullest extent permitted by the laws of the State of Maryland. The Company may indemnify, and advance reasonable expenses to, other employees and agents of the Company and employees and agents of any subsidiary of the Company to the extent authorized by the Board of Directors. The Company shall follow the procedures required by applicable law in determining persons eligible for indemnification and in making indemnification payments and advances.

Section 2. - *Exclusivity, etc.*

The indemnification and advancement of expenses provided by these bylaws (a) shall not be deemed exclusive of any other rights to which a person seeking indemnification or advance of expenses may be entitled under any law (common or statutory), or any agreement, vote of stockholders or disinterested Directors or other provision that is consistent with law, both as to action in his or her official capacity and as to action in another capacity while holding office or while employed or acting as agent for the Company, (b) shall continue in respect of all events occurring while a person was a Director or officer after such person has ceased to be a Director or officer, and (c) shall inure to the benefit of the estate, heirs, executors and administrators of such person. All rights to indemnification and advance of expenses hereunder shall be deemed to be a contract between the Company and each Director or officer of the Company who serves or served in such capacity at any time while this Article V is in effect. Nothing herein shall prevent the amendment of this Article V, *provided* that no such amendment shall diminish the rights of any person hereunder with respect to events occurring or claims made before its adoption or as to claims made after its adoption in respect of events occurring before its adoption. Any repeal or modification of this Article V shall not in any way diminish any rights to indemnification or advancement of expenses of a Director or officer or the obligations of the Company arising hereunder with respect to events occurring, or claims made, while this Article V or any provision hereof is in effect.

Section 3. - *Severability.*

The invalidity or unenforceability of any provision of this Article V shall not affect the validity or enforceability of any other provision hereof.

ARTICLE VI

CAPITAL STOCK

Section 1. - *Evidence of Stock Ownership.*

Evidence of ownership of stock in the Company shall be pursuant to certificate(s), each of which shall represent the number of shares of stock owned by a stockholder of the Company. Stockholders may request that their stock ownership be represented by certificate(s). Each certificate shall be signed on behalf of the Company by the President or a Vice President and countersigned by the Secretary or the Treasurer and shall be sealed with the corporate seal. The signatures may be either manual or facsimile. In case any officer who signed any certificate, in facsimile or otherwise, ceases to be such officer of the Company before the certificate is issued, the certificate may nevertheless be issued by the Company with the same effect as if the officer had not ceased to be such officer as of the date of its issue.

Section 2. - *Transfer of Shares.*

Stock shall be transferable only on the books of the Company by assignment in writing by the registered holder thereof, his or her legally constituted attorney, or his or her legal representative, either upon surrender and cancellation of the certificate(s) therefor, if such stock is represented by a certificate, or upon receipt of such other documentation for stock not represented by a certificate as the Board of Directors and the law of the State of Maryland may, from time to time, require.

Section 3. - *Lost, Stolen or Destroyed Certificates.*

No certificate for shares of stock of the Company shall be issued in place of any other certificate alleged to have been lost, stolen, or destroyed, except upon production of such evidence of the loss, theft or destruction and upon indemnification of the Company to such extent and in such manner as the Board of Directors may prescribe.

Section 4. - *Transfer Agents and Registrars.*

The Board of Directors shall appoint a person or persons, or any incorporated trust company or companies or both, as transfer agents and registrars and, if stock is represented by a certificate, may require that such certificate bear the signatures or the counter-signatures of such transfer agents and registrars, or either of them.

Section 5. - *Stock Ledger.*

The Company shall maintain at its principal office in Baltimore, Maryland, a stock record containing the names and addresses of all stockholders and the numbers of shares of each class held by each stockholder.

ARTICLE VII

SEAL

The Board of Directors shall provide, subject to change, a suitable corporate seal which may be used by causing it, or facsimile thereof, to be impressed or affixed or reproduced on the Company's stock certificates, bonds, or any other documents on which the seal may be appropriate.

ARTICLE VIII

AMENDMENTS

These bylaws, or any of them, may be amended or repealed, and new bylaws may be made or adopted by the stockholders at any annual meeting or special meeting or by written consent in lieu of a meeting; *provided, however*, that, in the case of any amendment, repeal or replacement of Sections 3 and 7 of Article II or any part of Article IV or this Article VIII, each Independent Director must also have approved such amendment, repeal or replacement.

PEPCO HOLDINGS LLC

AMENDED AND RESTATED LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY AGREEMENT

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Pepco Holdings LLC
Amended and Restated Limited Liability Company Agreement

This Amended and Restated Limited Liability Company Agreement is entered into as of this ___ day of August, 2020, by Pepco Holdings LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "Company") and PH Holdco LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("PH Holdco").

Introductory Statement

The board of directors of Pepco Holdings, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("PHI"), authorized the conversion of PHI into the Company pursuant to Section 266 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware and Section 18-214 of the Limited Liability Company Act of the State of Delaware (the "Conversion"), and the Conversion was approved by Exelon Corporation ("Exelon") and Exelon Energy Delivery Company, LLC ("EEDC"), as the shareholders of PHI. PHI, Exelon and EEDC have caused to be filed with the Secretary of State of Delaware the Certificate of Conversion and the Certificate of Formation required by Section 18-214(b) of the Act, and the Conversion has become effective.

The terms and conditions under which the Company is to be organized and operated are as follows:

Section I
Defined Terms

The following capitalized terms shall have the meanings specified in this Section I. Other terms are defined in the text of this Agreement, and those terms shall have the meanings ascribed to them.

"Act" means the Delaware Limited Liability Company Act, as amended from time to time.

"Affiliate" means, with respect to a Person, an entity that, directly or indirectly, through one or more intermediaries, controls, or is controlled by, or is under common control with, such Person. For this purpose, "control" means the direct or indirect ownership of fifty percent (50%) or more of the outstanding capital stock or other equity interests having ordinary voting power.

"Agreement" means this Agreement, as amended from time to time.

"Board" means the Board of Directors of the Company.

"Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or any corresponding provision of any succeeding law.

"Company" means the limited liability company organized in accordance with this Agreement.

"Conversion" has the meaning specified in the Introductory Statement.

“Director” means a member of the Board of Directors of the Company.

“EEDC” has the meaning specified in the Introductory Statement.

“Exelon” has the meaning specified in the Introductory Statement.

“Interest” means a Person’s share of the Profits and Losses of, and the right to receive distributions from, the Company.

“Member” means Exelon and EEDC as of the effective time of the Conversion and, subsequently, EEDC as Successor to the Interest of Exelon following the transfer of Exelon’s Interest to EEDC, and, subsequently, PH Holdco LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, as Successor to the Interest held by EEDC following the transfer of EEDC’s Interest to PH Holdco LLC, and any Person who subsequently is admitted as a Member of the Company.

“Person” means and includes an individual, corporation, partnership, association, limited liability company, trust, estate or other entity.

“PHI” has the meaning provided in the Introductory Statement.

“Profit” and “Loss” means, for each taxable year of the Company (or other period for which Profit or Loss must be computed) the Company’s taxable income or loss determined in accordance with the Code.

“Regulation” means the income tax regulations, including any temporary regulations, from time to time promulgated under the Code.

“Ring-Fence Effective Date” means the date on which EEDC transferred its Interest to PH Holdco LLC.

“Subsidiary” of a Person means a corporation, partnership, joint venture, limited liability company or other business entity of which a majority of the shares of securities or other interests having ordinary voting power for the election of directors or other governing body (other than securities or interests having such power only by reason of the happening of a contingency) are at the time beneficially owned, or the management of which is otherwise controlled, directly, or indirectly, through one or more intermediaries, or both, by such Person.

“Successor” means all Persons to whom all or any part of an Interest is transferred either because of the Transfer by a Member of all or any part of the Member’s Interest by Transfer, by operation of law, or otherwise.

“Transfer” means, when used as a noun, any voluntary sale, hypothecation, pledge, assignment, attachment, or other transfer, and, when used as a verb, means voluntarily to sell, hypothecate, pledge, assign, or otherwise transfer.

Section II
Formation and Name; Office; Purpose

2.1. *Formation.* The Company was formed as a limited liability company on March 23, 2016, pursuant to the Conversion.

2.2. *Name of the Company.* The name of the Company shall be "Pepco Holdings LLC."

2.3. *Purpose.* The Company was formed to have all of the powers permitted by Section 18-106 of the Act as amended from time to time.

2.4. *Principal Office.* The principal office of the Company shall be located at 701 Ninth Street NW, Washington, DC 20068, or at any other place which the Member or the Board of Directors shall determine.

2.5. *Resident Agent.* The name and address of the Company's resident agent in the State of Delaware shall be set forth in the Certificate of Formation as filed with the Office of the Secretary of State until such time as the statutory agent is changed in accordance with the Act.

2.6. *Members.* Immediately following the formation of the Company, PH Holdco LLC was admitted and became the sole Member.

2.7. *Tax Status.* The Members shall determine whether the Company shall be treated as an association taxable as a corporation or shall be disregarded as an entity separate from its owner for Federal and state income tax purposes under Treasury Regulations Section 301.7701-3.

2.8. *Authorized Person/Certificate of Formation.* The Member and each Director and Officer thereupon are designated as an "authorized person" within the meaning of the Act. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Member shall not have the right to act as an agent of the Company except as expressly provided in this Agreement.

2.9. *Certificate of Membership Interests.* Upon request of a Member, a certificate in the form approved by the Board of Directors shall be issued to the Member to evidence its Interest in the Company.

Section III
Members; Capital; Capital Accounts

3.1. *Initial Capital Contributions.* At the effective time of the Conversion, all rights, privileges, powers and assets of PHI became vested in the Company and all debts, liabilities and duties of PHI became debts, liabilities and duties of the Company pursuant to and with the effect provided in Section 18-214(f) of the Act, and the outstanding preferred stock and common stock of PHI was converted into members' equity of the Company of a single class, without preference or priority.

3.2. *No Other Capital Contributions Required.* No Member shall be required to contribute any additional capital to the Company, and except as set forth in the Act, no Member shall have any personal liability for any obligations of the Company.

Section IV Profit, Loss, and Distributions

4.1. *Distributions of Cash Flow.* Cash flow for each taxable year of the Company shall be distributed at such times and in such amounts as determined by the Board of Directors.

4.2. *Allocation of Profit or Loss.* All Profit or Loss shall be allocated to the Members.

4.3. *Liquidation and Dissolution.* The net assets of the Company shall be distributed to the Members upon dissolution of the Company.

Section V Management: Rights, Powers, and Duties

5.1. *Members.*

5.1.1. *Meetings.* The Company may hold meetings of its Members to elect Directors and transact any other business within its powers on any date as determined by the Board of Directors. The time and location of each meeting shall be determined by the Board of Directors or an authorized officer of the Company. The Secretary shall give notice to each Member of each meeting of Members. The notice shall state the time and place of the meeting. Notice is deemed given to a Member when it is delivered personally to the President or Secretary of the Member, or transmitted by facsimile or email or other electronic or digital delivery, at least 24 hours before the time of the meeting or, in the alternative, deposited in the mail addressed to the Member's address as it shall appear on the records of the Company, at least 72 hours before the time of the meeting. Notice of any meeting of Members is waived by any Member who attends the meeting or who, before or after the meeting, signs a waiver of notice which is filed with the records of the meeting. Any meeting of the Members may adjourn from time to time to reconvene at the same or some other place, and no notice need be given of any such adjourned meeting other than by announcement at the meeting.

5.1.2. *Quorum; Action by Members.* Members representing a majority of all Interests outstanding shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. In the absence of a quorum, the Members present, by majority vote and without notice other than by announcement at the meeting, may adjourn the meeting from time to time until a quorum shall attend. At any such adjourned meeting at which a quorum shall be present, any business may be transacted which might have been transacted at the meeting as originally notified. Unless the Act or this Agreement requires a greater proportion, the action of a majority of the Interests present or represented at a meeting at which a quorum is present is action of the Members. Any action required or permitted to be taken at a meeting of the Members may be taken without a meeting if there is filed with the

records of Members' meetings a unanimous written consent that sets forth the action and is signed by each Member entitled to vote on the matter.

5.1.3. *Actions Requiring Approval of Members.* Notwithstanding any contrary provision of this Section 5.1, the following actions shall require approval or consent of the Members representing all outstanding Interests in the Company:

- (a) the admission of additional Members to the Company, other than a Member who is a Successor;
- (b) all mergers, consolidations and conversions to which the Company is a party;
- (c) the sale or transfer of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company; provided that the Company may, without approval or consent of the Members, transfer its ownership interests in all or any part of the Unregulated Businesses to EEDC on or before the Ring-Fence Effective Date;
- (d) the sale or transfer of the Company's interest in any of its utility subsidiaries;
- (e) the authorization for the Company to take any action described in clauses (a) through (i) of Section 5.2.9 (in addition to any authorization required by Section 5.2.9); and
- (f) the amendment or repeal of the unanimous approval or consent requirement set forth in this Section 5.1.3.

5.2. *Board of Directors*

5.2.1. *Function of Directors.* The business and affairs of the Company shall be managed under the direction of a Board of Directors appointed as herein provided. From and after the Ring-Fence Effective Date, the Board of Directors shall consist of seven or more natural persons appointed by the Members. At least a majority of the members of the Board of Directors must be "independent" (as defined by New York Stock Exchange rules). Of the remaining directors, at least one shall be selected from among the officers or employees of the Company or a Company Subsidiary. Three of the members of the Board of Directors shall have a residence or principal place of business or employment in the service territory of the Company's utility subsidiaries, one from Delmarva Power & Light Company service territory in Delaware, one from Atlantic City Electric Company service territory in New Jersey, and one from Potomac Electric Power Company service territory in Maryland or the District of Columbia. At least one of the members of the Board of Directors shall have a residence in the State of Maryland. At least one of the independent members of the Board of Directors shall be a resident of the District of Columbia. At least one of the members of the Board of Directors shall be the Chief Executive Officer of Potomac Electric Power Company. All powers of the Company may be exercised by or under authority of the Board of Directors, except as conferred on or reserved to the Member by statute or by this Agreement.

5.2.2. *Election and Tenure of Directors.* Each Director shall hold office until his or her death, resignation or removal by the Member, provided, however, that effective following the annual election of Directors in 2020, each Independent Director must retire from the Board of Directors at or before the next annual election of Directors by the Members following the Director's 75th birthday; provided, however, that a Director's continued service may be extended by resolution of the Members. The Board of Directors has full discretion to decline a tendered resignation if it determines, based on the recommendation of the Corporate Governance Committee of the Exelon Board of Directors, that it is in the best interests of the Company and its Member to extend the Director's continued service for an additional period of time.

5.2.3. *Chair of the Board of Directors; Vice Chair.* The Chair of the Board of Directors, if one is elected, shall preside at all meetings of the Board of Directors and of the shareholders, and shall also have such other powers and duties as from time to time may be assigned to him or her by the Board of Directors. The Vice Chair, if one is elected, shall, in the absence of the Chair of the Board, perform the duties of the Chair of the Board, and shall also have such other powers and duties as from time to time may be assigned to him or her by the Board of Directors.

5.2.4. *Removals and Vacancies.* The Members, at any meeting duly called and at which a quorum is present or by written consent in lieu thereof, may remove any Director or Directors, with or without cause, from office by the affirmative vote of Members holding a majority of the Interests entitled to vote thereon. Vacancies occurring in the Board of Directors for any reason may be filled by the affirmative vote of Members holding a majority of the Interests entitled to vote thereon.

5.2.5. *Regular Meetings.* Regular meetings of the Board of Directors shall be held on such dates during each year as may be designated from time to time by the Board of Directors. All meetings of the Board of Directors shall be held at the general offices of the Company or elsewhere, as ordered by the Board of Directors.

5.2.6. *Special Meetings.* Special meetings of the Board of Directors may be held at any time or place upon call by the Chair of the Board, the Vice Chair of the Board, or the President and Chief Executive Officer or upon a call by a majority of the Board of Directors by vote at a meeting, or in writing (addressed to the Secretary of the Company) with or without a meeting.

5.2.7. *Notice of Meetings.* The Secretary shall give notice to each Director of each regular and special meeting of the Board of Directors. The notice shall state the time and place of the meeting. Notice is deemed given to a Director when it is delivered personally to the Director, left at the Director's residence or usual place of business, or transmitted by facsimile or email or other electronic or digital delivery, at least 24 hours before the time of the meeting or, in the alternative, deposited in the mail addressed to the Director's address as it shall appear on the records of the Company, at least 72 hours before the time of the meeting. Notice of any meeting of the Board of Directors is waived by any Director who attends the meeting or who, before or after the meeting, signs a waiver of notice which is filed with the records of the meeting. Any meeting of the Board of Directors, regular or special, may adjourn from time to time to reconvene

at the same or some other place, and no notice need be given of any such adjourned meeting other than by announcement at the meeting.

5.2.8. *Quorum; Action by Directors.* A majority of the entire Board of Directors shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. In the absence of a quorum, the Directors present, by majority vote and without notice other than by announcement at the meeting, may adjourn the meeting from time to time until a quorum shall attend. At any such adjourned meeting at which a quorum shall be present, any business may be transacted which might have been transacted at the meeting as originally notified. Unless the Act or this Agreement requires a greater proportion, the action of a majority of the Directors present at a meeting at which a quorum is present is action of the Board of Directors. Any action required or permitted to be taken at a meeting of the Board of Directors may be taken without a meeting, if a unanimous written consent which sets forth the action is signed by each member of the Board of Directors and filed with the minutes of proceedings of the Board of Directors.

5.2.9. *Unanimous Consent Requirement.* Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement and any provision of law that otherwise so empowers the Company, the Members, the Board of Directors, any Director, any Officer or any other Person, neither the Members nor the Board of Directors nor any Director nor any Officer nor any other Person shall be authorized or empowered, nor shall they permit the Company, without the unanimous prior approval of the entire Board of Directors (in addition to any approval or consent of the Members required by Section 5.1.3(e)), to: (a) commence any case, proceeding or other action on behalf of the Company under any existing or future law of any jurisdiction relating to bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, or relief for debtors; (b) institute proceedings to have the Company adjudicated as bankrupt or insolvent; (c) consent to or acquiesce in the institution of bankruptcy or insolvency proceedings against the Company; (d) file a petition or consent to a petition seeking reorganization, arrangement, adjustment, winding-up, dissolution, composition, liquidation, or other relief on behalf of the Company of its debts under any federal or state law relating to bankruptcy; (e) apply for, or consent to, or acquiesce in the appointment of, a receiver, liquidator, sequestrator, trustee or other officer with similar powers of such Person with respect to the Company; (f) make any assignment for the benefit of the Company's creditors; (g) admit in writing the Company's inability to pay its debts generally as they become due; (h) modify the provisions of Section X; or (i) remove the unanimous consent requirement set forth above in this Section 5.2.8.

5.2.10. *Voting Securities of Subsidiaries.* The President and Chief Executive Officer, the Secretary, or other Officer authorized by the Board of Directors shall be authorized to exercise rights to vote, approve or consent with respect to voting securities held by the Company in its Subsidiaries on all matters with respect to which holders of securities of Subsidiaries of the Company are entitled to vote or whose approval or consent is requested or required; provided that the Officers of the Company shall vote, approve or consent with respect to voting securities held by the Company for the election of directors of Delmarva Power & Light Company, Atlantic City Electric Company, and Potomac Electric Power Company only as directed or authorized by the Board of Directors. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement and any provision of law that otherwise so empowers the Company, the Members, the Board of Directors, any Director, any Officer or any other Person, neither the Members nor the Board of Directors nor any Director

nor any Officer nor any other Person shall be authorized or empowered, nor shall they permit the Company, without the unanimous prior approval of the entire Board of Directors, to vote securities of Subsidiaries of the Company to authorize, or otherwise exercise a right as the holder of such securities to approve or consent, to the following actions by a Subsidiary of the Company: (a) commence any case, proceeding or other action on behalf of the Subsidiary under any existing or future law of any jurisdiction relating to bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, or relief for debtors; (b) institute proceedings to have the Subsidiary adjudicated as bankrupt or insolvent; (c) consent to or acquiesce in the institution of bankruptcy or insolvency proceedings against the Subsidiary; (d) file a petition or consent to a petition seeking reorganization, arrangement, adjustment, winding-up, dissolution, composition, liquidation, or other relief on behalf of the Subsidiary of its debts under any federal or state law relating to bankruptcy; (e) apply for, or consent to, or acquiesce in the appointment of, a receiver, liquidator, sequestrator, trustee or other officer with similar powers of such Person with respect to the Subsidiary; (f) make any assignment for the benefit of the Subsidiary's creditors; (g) admit in writing the Subsidiary's inability to pay its debts generally as they become due; (h) amend the bylaws or other governing documents of a Subsidiary to remove any requirement for unanimous vote, approval or consent of shareholders of the Subsidiary to take any of the actions set forth above in this Section 5.2.9; or (i) remove the unanimous consent requirement set forth above in this Section 5.2.9.

5.2.11. *Meeting by Conference Telephone.* Members of the Board of Directors may participate in a meeting by means of a conference telephone or similar communications equipment if all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other at the same time. Participation in a meeting by these means constitutes presence in person at a meeting.

5.2.11 Board Committees.

(a) *Establishment and Powers.* The Board of Directors may, by resolution adopted by a majority of the Directors in office, establish one or more committees to consist of one or more Directors of the Company. Any committee, to the extent provided in the resolution of the Board of Directors, shall have and may exercise all of the powers and authority of the Board of Directors except that a committee shall not have any power or authority as to the following:

- (1) The creation or filling of vacancies in the Board of Directors;
- (2) Action on any matter that requires unanimous approval of the entire Board of Directors;
- (3) The amendment of this Agreement;
- (4) The amendment or repeal of any resolution of the Board of Directors;
- (5) Action on matters committed by a resolution of the Board of Directors to another committee of the Board.

(b) *Alternate Committee Members.* The Board of Directors may designate one or more Directors as alternate members of any committee who may replace any absent or disqualified member at any meeting of the committee or for the purposes of any written action by the committee. In the absence or disqualification of a member and alternate member or members of a committee, the member or members thereof present at any meeting and not disqualified from voting, whether or not constituting a quorum, may unanimously appoint another director to act at the meeting in the place of the absent or disqualified member.

(c) *Term.* Each committee of the Board of Directors shall serve at the pleasure of the Board.

(d) *Committee Procedures.* The term "Board of Directors" or "Board," when used in any provision of this Agreement, shall be construed to include and refer to any committee of the Board of Directors authorized to act.

5.3. *Officers.*

Executive Officers. The Board of Directors shall designate separate individuals to be the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer of the Company. The Company shall also have a President, a Secretary and a Treasurer elected by the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors or a designated committee of the Board of Directors may elect such other Officers as they may deem necessary for the conduct of the business and affairs of the Company and may determine their duties and responsibilities. A person may hold more than one office in the Company but may not serve concurrently as both President and Vice President of the Company.

5.3.1. *Chief Executive Officer.* The Chief Executive Officer shall have general and active management of the business of the Corporation and shall see that all orders and resolutions of the Board of Directors are carried into effect. In the absence of the Chair of the Board and the Vice Chair, or if one (or both) is (or are) not elected, the Chief Executive Officer shall perform all the duties of the Chair of the Board.

5.3.2. *Chief Financial Officer.* The Chief Financial Officer shall have such powers and duties as may be assigned to him or her by the Board of Directors, or the Chief Executive Officer, as well as the specific powers assigned by this Agreement.

5.3.3. *President.* The President shall have general executive powers, as well as specific powers conferred by this Agreement. The President, any Vice President, or such other persons as may be designated by the Board of Directors, shall sign all special contracts of the Company, countersign checks, drafts and promissory notes, and such other papers as may be directed by the Board of Directors. The President, or any Vice President, together with the Treasurer or an Assistant Treasurer, shall have authority to sell, assign or transfer and deliver any bonds, stocks or other securities owned by the Company. The President shall also have such other powers and duties as from time to time may be assigned to him or her by the Board of Directors.

5.3.4. *Vice Presidents.* Each Vice President shall have such powers and duties as may be assigned to him or her by the Board of Directors, or the Chief Executive Officer, as well as the specific powers assigned by this Agreement. A Vice President may be designated by the Board of Directors or the Chief Executive Officer to perform, in the absence of the President, all the duties of the President.

5.3.5. *Secretary.* The Secretary shall attend all meetings of the Members and Board of Directors and shall notify the Members and Directors of such meetings in the manner provided in this Agreement. The Secretary shall record the proceedings of all such meetings in books kept for that purpose, and shall have such other powers and duties as may be assigned by the Board of Directors or the Chair of the Board, the Vice Chair of the Board, or the President, as well as the specific powers assigned by this Agreement.

5.3.6. *Treasurer.* The Treasurer shall have the care and custody of the funds and valuable papers of the Company, and shall receive and disburse all monies in such manner as may be prescribed by the Board of Directors or authorized by authority of the Board of Directors. The Treasurer shall have such other powers and duties as may be assigned by the Board of Directors, or the Chair of the Board, the Vice Chair of the Board, or the President, as well as the specific powers assigned by this Agreement.

5.3.7. *Assistant Officers.* The Secretary may appoint Assistant Secretaries and the Treasurer may appoint Assistant Treasurers. Each Assistant Officer can act in the place of the person holding the office to which his or her position relates and perform all of the duties of such Officer. In addition, Assistant Officers shall have such powers as are from time to time assigned to them by the person holding the office to which the Assistant Officer position relates.

5.3.8. *Compensation.* Officers of the Company shall receive such compensation as shall be determined by the Board of Directors.

5.3.9. *Election, Tenure and Removal of Officers.* The Board of Directors or an authorized committee of the Board of Directors shall elect the Officers. In addition, the Secretary may appoint one or more Assistant Secretaries, and the Treasurer may appoint one or more Assistant Treasurers. An Officer shall serve until his or her death, resignation or removal or until his or her successor is elected. The Board of Directors or an authorized committee of the Board of Directors may remove an Officer at any time, with or without cause. In addition, the Secretary may remove Assistant Secretaries and the Treasurer may remove Assistant Treasurers with or without cause. The removal of an Officer does not prejudice any of such Officer's contract rights. The Board of Directors or an authorized committee of the Board of Directors may fill a vacancy which occurs in any office.

Section VI Liabilities and Indemnification

6.1 *Duties of Directors Generally.* Except to the extent otherwise provided herein, each Director shall have a duty of loyalty identical to that of directors and officers of business corporations organized under the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware, as amended. The Members, Directors and Officers shall act in a manner they believe in good faith to be in the best interests of the Company and with such care as an ordinary prudent person in a like position would exercise under similar circumstances. The Members, Directors and Officers are not liable to the Company for any action taken in managing the business or affairs of the Company if the Members, Directors and Officers perform the duties of their office in compliance with the standards contained in this Section and the Act. The Members, Directors and Officers shall not be liable to the Company for any loss or damage sustained by the Company except for (a) any loss or damage resulting from intentional misconduct or knowing violation of law or (b) a transaction for which the Members, Directors and Officers received a personal benefit in violation or breach of the provisions of this Agreement. The Members, Directors and Officers shall be entitled to rely on information, opinions, reports or statements, including but not limited to financial statements or other financial data prepared or presented in accordance with the provisions of the Act. To the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, no Member, Director or Officer of the Company shall be personally liable to the Company or its Members for money damages. No amendment of this Agreement or repeal of any of its provisions shall limit or eliminate the limitation on liability provided to Members, Directors and Officers hereunder with respect to any act or omission occurring prior to such amendment or repeal.

6.2. *Indemnity.* Subject to the provisions of Section 6.5 hereof, to the fullest extent permitted by law, the Company shall indemnify any Person who is or was party or is threatened to be made party to any threatened, pending or completed action, suit, or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, except an action by or in the right of the Company, by reason of the fact that such Person is or was a Director, Member, Officer, controlling Person, employee, legal representative or agent of the Company, or is or was serving at the request of the Company as a member, manager, director, officer, partner, shareholder, controlling Person, employee, legal representative or agent of another limited liability company, partnership, corporation, joint venture, trust or other enterprise (each an "Indemnified Person" and collectively, the "Indemnified Persons"), against expenses, including attorneys' fees, judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by such Person in connection with the action, suit or proceeding if such Person acted in good faith and in a manner which such Person reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the Company, and, with respect to a criminal action or proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe such Person's conduct was unlawful. The termination of any action, suit or proceeding by judgment, order settlement, conviction, or upon a plea of nolo contendere or its equivalent, shall not, of itself, create a presumption that an Indemnified Person did not act in good faith and in a manner which the person reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the Company, and, with respect

to any criminal action or proceeding, had reasonable cause to believe such Person's conduct was unlawful.

6.3 *Indemnity for Actions By or In the Right of the Company.* Subject to the provisions of Section 6.5 hereof, to the fullest extent permitted by law, the Company shall indemnify any Indemnified Person who was or is party or is threatened to be made party to any threatened, pending or completed action or suit by or in the right of the Company to procure a judgment in its favor, against expenses, including amounts paid in settlement and attorneys' fees actually and reasonably incurred by such Person in connection with the defense or settlement of the actions or suit if such Person acted in good faith and in a manner which such Person reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the Company. Indemnification may not be made for any claim, issue or matter as to which such Person has been adjudged by a court of competent jurisdiction, after exhaustion of all appeals therefrom, to be liable to the Company or for amounts paid in settlement to the Company, unless and only to the extent that the court in which the action or suit was brought or other court of competent jurisdiction determines upon application that in view of all the circumstances of the case, the Person is fairly and reasonably entitled to indemnify for such expenses as the court deems proper.

6.4. *Indemnify if Successful.* To the fullest extent permitted by law, the Company shall indemnify any Person who is an Indemnified Person against expenses, including attorneys' fees, actual and reasonably incurred by such Person in connection with the defense of any action, suit or proceeding referred to in Section 6.2 or 6.3 or in defense of any claim, issue or matter therein, to the extent that such Person has been successful on the merits.

6.5. *Expenses.* Any indemnification under Section 6.2 or 6.3, as well as the advance payment of expenses permitted under Section 6.6 unless ordered by a court or advanced pursuant to Section 6.6, shall be made by the Company only as authorized in the specific case upon a determination that indemnification of the Indemnified Person is proper in the circumstances. The determination shall be made: (a) by the Member if the Member was not a party to the act, suit or proceeding; or (b) if the Member was a party to the act, suit or proceeding, by independent legal counsel in a written opinion.

6.6. *Advance Payment of Expense.* The expenses of each such Indemnified Person incurred in defending a civil or criminal action, suit or proceeding may be paid by the Company as they are incurred and in advance of the final disposition of the action, suit or proceeding upon receipt of an understanding by or on behalf of such Indemnified Person to repay the amount if it is ultimately determined by a court of competent jurisdiction that such Indemnified Person is not entitled to be indemnified by the Company. The provisions of this Section 6.6 shall not affect any rights to advancement of expenses to which personnel other than the Members or Directors, other than the Independent Director, may be entitled under any contract or otherwise by law.

6.7. *Other Arrangements Not Excluded.* The indemnification and advancement of expenses authorized in or ordered by a court pursuant to this Section VI: (a) does not exclude any other rights to which a Person seeking indemnification or advancement of expenses may be entitled under any agreement, decision of the Member or otherwise, for either an action of any Indemnified

Person in its official capacity or an action in another capacity while holding such position except that indemnification and advancement, unless ordered by court pursuant to Section 6.6, may not be made to or on behalf of such Indemnified Person if final adjudication established that its acts or omissions involved intentional misconduct, fraud or knowing violation of the law and were material to the cause of action; and (b) continues for a Person who has ceased to be an Indemnified Person and insures the benefit of the successors, heirs, executors and administrators of such Person.

6.8. *Survival.* The foregoing provisions of this Section VI shall survive any termination of this Agreement.

6.9. *Amendments.* Any repeal or modification of this Section VI shall not adversely affect any rights of any Indemnified Person pursuant to this Section VI, including the right to indemnification and to the advancement of expenses of an Indemnified Person existing at the time of such repeal or modification with respects to any acts or omissions occurring prior to such repeal or modification.

6.10 *Nonpetition by Officers and Directors.* Each Officer and Director shall agree, on account of any indemnification or other payment owing to such Officer or Director by the Company under Section VI or any payment otherwise owing to such Officer or Director from the Company, not to acquiesce, petition or otherwise invoke or cause the Company to invoke the process of any court or governmental authority for the purpose of commencing or sustaining an involuntary case against the Company under any federal or state bankruptcy, insolvency or similar law or appointing a receiver, liquidator, assignee, trustee, custodian, sequestrator or other similar official of the Company or any substantial part of the property of the Company, or ordering the winding up or liquidation of the affairs of the Company. Each Officer and Director shall be deemed to have consented to (a) the provisions of this Section 6.10 by accepting an appointment as an Officer or Director, as applicable, and (b) the Company and the Member shall have the right to enforce the provisions of this Section 6.10.

Section VII Transfer of Interests and Withdrawals of Members

7.1 *Transfers.* A Member may otherwise Transfer all or any portion of the Interest to one or more Successors in accordance with Section 7.2.

7.2 *Transfer to a Successor.* In the event of any Transfer of all or any part of a Member's Interest to a Successor, the Successor shall be admitted to the Company as a Member upon its execution of an instrument signifying its agreement to be bound by the terms and conditions of this Agreement. Such admission shall be deemed effective immediately prior to the Transfer and, immediately following such admission, the transferor Member shall cease to be a member of the Company.

Section VIII
Dissolution, Liquidation, and Termination of the Company

8.1 *Events of Dissolution.* The Company shall be dissolved and its affairs wound up if: (a) the Board of Directors votes unanimously to dissolve the Company and the Member approves such action; or (b) a decree of judicial dissolution is entered under Section 18-802 of the Act.

8.2 *Bankruptcy of a Member.* The bankruptcy of a Member shall not cause the Member to cease to be a member of the Company. Upon the occurrence of such an event, the business of the Company shall continue without dissolution. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, each Member waives any right that it might have under the Act to agree in writing to dissolve the Company upon the bankruptcy of a Member or the occurrence of any such event that causes a Member to cease to be a member of the Company.

8.3 *Procedure for Winding Up and Dissolution.* If the Company is dissolved, the affairs of the Company shall be wound up. On winding up of the Company, the assets of the Company shall be distributed, first, to creditors of the Company in satisfaction of the liabilities of the Company, and then to the Persons who are the Members of the Company in proportion to their Interests.

8.4 *Filing of Cancellation of Certificate.* Following the winding up of the Company, a Certificate of Cancellation of the Certificate of Formation of the Company shall be promptly filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware. If there are no remaining Members, the Certificate of Cancellation shall be filed by the last Person to be a Member who was an authorized person within the meaning of the Act.

Section IX
Books, Records, Accounting, and Tax Elections

9.1 *Bank Accounts.* All funds of the Company shall be deposited in a bank account or accounts opened in the Company's name. Unless otherwise provided by the Board of Directors, the Treasurer shall determine the institution or institutions at which the accounts will be opened and maintained, the types of accounts, and the Persons who will have authority with respect to the accounts and the funds therein.

9.2 *Fiscal Year.* The fiscal year of the Company shall be the twelve calendar month period ending December 31 in each year, unless otherwise provided by the Board of Directors.

Section X Separateness

10.1 *Separateness Generally.* The Company shall hold itself out to the public and all other Persons as a legal entity separate from Exelon and its Affiliates and the Members and conduct business in accordance with this Section 10.1.

10.1.1. *Separate Records.* The Company shall maintain its own separate books, records, accounts, and financial statements reflecting its separate assets and liabilities. The Company shall maintain its financial statements separate from those of any other Person other than the Company's consolidated Subsidiaries.

10.1.2. *Separate Assets.* The Company will maintain in its own name all assets and other interests in property used or useful in its business and ensure that title to all real and personal property acquired by it is acquired, held and conveyed in its name. The Company will not transfer its ownership interest in any such property to Exelon or an Affiliate of Exelon without approval, if required, of state or local utility regulatory authorities and any required approval under the Federal Power Act; provided that the foregoing shall not limit the ability of the Company to transfer to Exelon, EEDC, the Members or other Affiliates of Exelon any business or operations of the Company or its Subsidiaries that are not regulated by state or local utility regulatory authorities. The Company shall not commingle its funds or other assets with the funds or other assets of any other Person, and not maintain any funds or other assets in such a manner that it will be costly or difficult to segregate, ascertain or identify its individual funds or other assets as separate from those of Affiliates, Members or any other Person.

10.1.3. *Separate Formalities.* The Company shall conduct its business in its own name through its duly authorized Directors, officers and agents and comply with all organizational formalities in its dealings with other Persons to maintain its separate existence. The Company shall maintain a separate name from and will not use the trademarks, service marks or other similar intellectual property of Exelon or other Affiliates of Exelon, except that the Company may identify itself as an Affiliate of Exelon on a basis consistent with utility Subsidiaries of Exelon. The Company shall use commercially reasonable efforts to correct any known misunderstanding regarding its separate identity. The Company shall, conduct its dealings with other Persons (including the Members and Affiliates) on an arm's length, fair and reasonable basis.

10.1.4. *Separate Credit.* The Company shall not assume liability for the debts of Exelon, the Members, or any other Affiliate of the Company other than a Company Subsidiary. The Company shall not guarantee the debt or credit instruments of Exelon, the Members, or any Affiliate of the Company other than a Company Subsidiary. The Company will use reasonable efforts and prudence to preserve investment grade credit ratings. The Company shall account for and manage all of its liabilities separately from any other Person and pay its obligations and liabilities out of its own funds. The Company shall not hold out its credit as being available to satisfy the obligations

or liabilities of any other Person other than a Company Subsidiary, except for obligations or liabilities relating to assets transferred to the Company or a Company Subsidiary from any other Person. The Company shall maintain adequate capital in light of its contemplated business purpose, transactions and liabilities; provided, however, the foregoing shall not require the Members to make any additional capital contributions to the Company.

10.2 *No Effect.* Failure by the Company to comply with any of the obligations set forth above shall not affect the status of the Company as a separate legal entity.

Section XI General Provisions

11.1. *Assurances.* The Members shall execute all such certificates and other documents and shall do all such filing, recording, publishing, and other acts as the Member deems appropriate to comply with the requirements of law for the formation and operation of the Company and to comply with any laws, rules, and regulations relating to the acquisition, operation, or holding of the property of the Company.

11.2. *Applicable Law.* All questions concerning the construction, validity, and interpretation of this Agreement and the performance of the obligations imposed by this Agreement shall be governed by the internal law, not the law of conflicts, of the State of Delaware.

11.3. *Section Titles.* The headings herein are inserted as a matter of convenience only, and do not define, limit, or describe the scope of this Agreement or the intent of the provisions hereof.

11.4. *Binding Provisions.* This Agreement is binding upon, and inures to the benefit of, the Member and the Member's heirs, executors, administrators, personal and legal representatives, successors, and permitted assigns.

11.5. *Rules of Construction.* Common nouns and pronouns shall be deemed to refer to the masculine, feminine, neuter, singular, and plural, as the identity of the Person may in the context require. Unless a clear contrary intention appears: (a) the singular number includes the plural number and vice versa; (b) reference to either gender includes the other gender; (c) reference to any agreement, document or instrument means such agreement, document or instrument as amended or modified and in effect from time to time in accordance with the terms thereof; (d) the words "hereunder," "hereof," "hereto," and words of similar import shall be deemed references to this Agreement as a whole and not to any particular Section, paragraph or other provision hereof; (e) the words "include," "includes" and "including" shall be deemed to be followed by the phrase "without limitation"; (f) any reference to any law shall include all statutory and regulatory provisions consolidating, amending, replacing or interpreting such law and any reference to any law or regulation shall, unless otherwise specified, refer to such law or regulation as amended, modified or supplemented from time to time; and (g) headings to Sections and paragraphs are for convenience only and do not affect the interpretation of this Agreement.

11.6. *Amendments*. This Agreement may be amended or modified by a written instrument executed by all of the Members.

11.7. *Separability of Provisions*. Each provision of this Agreement shall be considered separable; and if, for any reason, any provision or provisions herein are determined to be invalid and contrary to any existing or future law, such invalidity shall not impair the operation of or affect those portions of this Agreement which are valid.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned have executed, or caused this Agreement to be executed, as of the date set forth above.

PEPCO HOLDINGS LLC

By: _____
Thomas O'Neill
Secretary

PH HOLDCO LLC

By: _____
Thomas O'Neill
Secretary



EXELON CORPORATION
NON-EMPLOYEE DIRECTORS' DEFERRED STOCK UNIT PROGRAM AGREEMENT

Effective April 28, 2020

1. **Purpose.** The purpose of this Exelon Corporation Non-Employee Directors' Deferred Stock Unit Program (the "**Program**") is to set forth certain provisions which shall be deemed a part of, and govern, equity compensation awards granted by Exelon Corporation, a Pennsylvania corporation (the "**Company**"), on or after April 28, 2020 to non-employee directors of the Company pursuant to the Exelon Corporation 2020 Long Term Incentive Plan (the "**Plan**").

2. **Definitions.** Except as otherwise defined herein, the defined terms used in this Program shall have the meanings set forth below or in the Plan:

"**Account**" means the Company's record established pursuant to Section 5, which reflects the number of Units credited to a Participant under the Program.

"**Beneficiary**" means the person(s) designated by a Participant to receive any benefits payable under this Program after the Participant's death. The Company's Secretary shall provide a form for this purpose. If the Participant is not survived by a designated Beneficiary, the Participant's Beneficiary shall be the Participant's executor, administrator, legal representative or similar person. If one or more Beneficiaries survive the Participant, but all designated Beneficiaries die before the entire balance payable under this Program has been distributed, any remaining balance shall be paid to the estate of the last surviving Beneficiary. A Participant may change his or her Beneficiary designation at any time until his or her death by filing a written Beneficiary Designation Form with the Secretary, in the manner specified by the Secretary.

"**Board**" means the Board of Directors of the Company.

"**Code**" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

"**Committee**" means the Corporate Governance Committee of the Board, or such other Committee appointed by the Board or, if no such Committee is currently appointed, the Secretary of the Company.

"**Common Stock**" means the common stock of the Company. "**Company**" means Exelon Corporation and any successor thereto.

"**Director**" means a member of the Board who is not an employee of the Company or any of its subsidiaries or other entities controlling or controlled by it.

"**Dividend Date**" means the date on which any quarterly dividend declared by the Board on the Common Stock is paid to shareholders.

"**Dividend Equivalent**" means an amount determined by multiplying the number of Units credited to a Participant's Account on the record date for the payment of a dividend on the Common Stock, by (i) the per share amount of a cash dividend, (ii) the per share Fair Market Value of any stock dividend, or (iii) the per share fair market value (as determined by the Committee) of any dividend in consideration other than cash or Common Stock, paid by the Company on its Common Stock with respect to such dividend record date.

“**Effective Date**” means April 28, 2020.

“**Fair Market Value**” of Common Stock means the closing sales price thereof on the national securities exchange or quotation service through which the Common Stock is listed or traded on the day on which Fair Market Value is being determined. In the event that there are no Common Stock transactions on the national securities exchange or quotation service through which the Common Stock is listed or traded on such day, the Fair Market Value will be determined as of the immediately preceding day on which there were Common Stock transactions.

“**Participant**” means any Director who is eligible to participate in the Program under Section 4. An individual shall remain a Participant until that individual has received full distribution of any amount credited to the Participant’s Account.

“**Separates from Service**” or “**Separation from Service**” means the Director’s termination of service as a member of the Board (and the board of directors of all subsidiaries, if applicable) for any reason other than death. A Separation from Service shall be determined in accordance with Section 409A of the Code and shall be deemed to have occurred when the Director’s service to the Company ceases, without reference to any compensation continuation arrangement that may be applicable.

“**Unit**” means a Deferred Stock Unit as defined in the Plan.

“**Unit Value**” means, at any time, unless otherwise specified in the Program, the value of each Unit granted under the Program, which value shall be equal to the Fair Market Value of a share of Common Stock on such date.

3. **Administration.** Awards granted to Participants under this Program shall be administered by the Committee, which shall have full power and authority to interpret the Program, to prescribe, amend and rescind any rules, forms and procedures as it deems necessary or appropriate for the proper administration and to make any other determinations, including factual determinations, and take such other actions as it deems necessary or advisable in carrying out its duties under the Program. All decisions and determinations by the Committee shall be final and binding on other persons having or claiming an interest hereunder.

4. **Participation.** Each Director of the Company shall become a Participant in the Program on the later of (i) the Effective Date or (ii) the date such individual first becomes a Director.

5. **Award of Units.**

5.1 **Award of Units.** The Committee will determine an annual value that shall be used for calculating the total number of Units awarded to Participants (the “**Annual Award Value**”). On the last day of each calendar quarter, each Participant who is a Director on that date shall be granted an award of a number of Units equal to one-quarter of the Annual Award Value divided by the Fair Market Value of a share of Common Stock. The Fair Market Value shall be the closing price of the Common Stock on the Dividend Date occurring during such calendar quarter or if no dividend is paid during such calendar quarter, the closing price of the Common Stock on the 10th day of the last month of such calendar quarter. Such awarded Units shall be credited to each Participant’s Account as specified in Section 5.3 below. The Board may review the Annual Award Value under this Section 5.1 periodically and amend the Program to adjust such award if and to the extent appropriate. For any Participant who was not a director for any part of a calendar quarter, the award shall be prorated accordingly.

5.2 **Dividend Equivalents.** From the date of grant of each Unit to a Participant until the Participant’s Account has been fully distributed, the Company shall credit to each Participant’s Account

on each Dividend Date, a number of Units equal to (i) the Dividend Equivalent for such dividend payment date, divided by (ii) the Fair Market Value of a share of Common Stock on such Dividend Date. If Units are awarded under Section 5.1 and this Section 5.2 as of the same date, the award under this Section 5.2 shall be determined before any Units are credited to a Participant's Account under Section 5.1.

5.3 Accounts. The Company shall keep records to reflect the number of Units credited to each Participant hereunder; provided, however, that (i) this Program shall be unfunded, (ii) the Company shall not be required to establish any special or separate fund or to make any other segregation of assets to assure redemption of Units granted under this Program, and (iii) no Participant or any other person shall under any circumstances acquire any property interest in any specific assets of the Company. Fractional Units shall accumulate in the Participant's Account and shall be added together to create whole Units. Nothing contained in this Program and no action taken pursuant hereto shall create or be construed to create a fiduciary relationship between the Company and any Participant or any other person. To the extent that any person acquires a right to receive payment from the Company hereunder, such right shall be no greater than the right of any unsecured general creditor of the Company.

5.4 Adjustments. In the event of any equity restructuring, change in corporate capitalization, corporate transaction or change in control, the number of Units credited to Participants' Accounts shall be appropriately adjusted by the Committee as set forth in Sections 6.7 and 6.8 of the Plan. Any adjustments determined by the Committee shall be final, binding and conclusive. If and to the extent that any such change in the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding is effected solely by application of a mathematical formula (e.g., a 2-for-1 stock split), the adjustment described in this Section 5.4 shall be made and shall occur automatically by application of such formula, without further action by the Committee.

6. Events Requiring Redemption of Units.

6.1 Separation from Service.

(a) Timing. The Units credited to a Participant's Account shall be distributed to the Participant in, or beginning in, the month of April of the year next beginning after the occurrence of one of the following distribution events selected by the Participant and submitted in accordance with procedures established by the Company (a "**Stock Distribution Election Form**"): (i) the Participant's Separation from Service; (ii) the Participant's 65th birthday; or (iii) the Participant's 72nd birthday.

(b) Method of Payment. Distributions shall be paid in a lump sum payment or in annual installments over a period of up to 10 years, as the Participant shall direct in his or her Stock Distribution Election Form. For purposes of Section 409A of the Code, a series of annual installments shall be considered a single payment. If a Participant elects to receive installments, Dividend Equivalents will be credited to such Participant's Account in accordance with Section 5 until the full amount of the Participant's Account has been distributed. Each installment payment shall include shares of Common Stock equal to the largest number of whole Units determined by dividing the Participant's total Account balance as of such payment date by the number of payments remaining in the installment period, and the last such installment shall also include cash in an amount equal to the Unit Value of any remaining fractional Unit. In the event a Participant who has elected a distribution event based on his or her 65th or 72nd birthday continues to serve as a Director after the date such distributions commence, then in the year prior to the year in which such distributions commence, such Director shall file a new Stock Distribution Election Form governing any amounts credited to his or her Account after the date such distributions

commence. If the Director does not file such new Stock Distribution Election Form, then the Director shall be deemed to have elected to receive a lump sum distribution of any such amounts upon the Director's Separation from Service.

(c) Form of Payment. All distributions shall be paid in the form of whole shares of Common Stock and cash in an amount equal to the Unit Value of any remaining fractional Unit.

(d) Timing of Elections. If a Director is a Participant as of the Effective Date, such Director's election or deemed election in effect as of the Effective Date under the Company's prior equity compensation plan shall remain in effect under the Program. Each Director who is not a Participant as of the Effective Date must submit a Stock Distribution Election Form not later than 30 days after the date on which such Director first becomes eligible to participate in the Program. If a Director does not submit a Stock Distribution Election Form during this period, then such Director shall be deemed to have elected to receive his or her Account balance in the form of a lump sum payable upon the Director's Separation from Service.

(e) Changes to Elections. A Participant may elect to change the time and/or method of his or her distributions payable under the Program in accordance with procedures prescribed by the Committee; provided that, in accordance with Section 409A of the Code, any such change in a distribution election (i) shall not be effective until 12 months after it is submitted to the Committee, (ii) must be submitted to the Committee at least 12 months prior to the date on which such distributions were previously scheduled to commence, and (iii) must provide for distributions to commence at least five years after the date on which such distributions were previously scheduled to commence.

6.2 Death. If a Participant dies before any Units credited to his or her Account have been distributed in accordance with Section 6.1, whether death occurs before or after a Separation from Service, the Company shall distribute all Units credited to the Participant's Account as of the date of his or her death and distribute to the Participant's Beneficiary as soon as practicable, in a single distribution, shares of Common Stock equal to the number of whole Units credited to the Participant's Account as of the date of his or her death and cash in an amount equal to the Unit Value of any remaining fractional Unit.

6.3 Common Stock for Redemption of Units. Distributed shares shall be made from the pool of shares available for awards as set forth in the Plan.

7. Miscellaneous

7.1 No Rights as Shareholder. No Participant shall have any rights as a shareholder of the Company, including the right to any cash dividends, or the right to vote, as a result of the grant to the Participant, or the Participant's holding of, any Units.

7.2 No Rights to Continued Service. Nothing in this Program, and no action taken pursuant hereto, shall affect the Participant's term of service as a Director.

7.3 Amendment of Program. The terms of this Program may be amended, suspended, or terminated at any time by the Committee or the Board (or their respective delegates), provided that, the Secretary of the Company may amend the Program to comply with applicable law, to make administrative changes or to carry out directives of the Board or the Committee.

7.4 Incompetents. If the Committee shall find that any person to whom any distribution or payment is payable under this Program is unable to care for his affairs because of illness or accident, or is

a minor (unless a prior claim therefor shall have been made by a duly appointed guardian, committee or other legal representative), any distribution or payment due may be paid to the spouse, a child, a parent, or a brother or sister, or to any person deemed by the Committee to have incurred expense for such person otherwise entitled to payment, in such manner and proportions as the Committee may determine. Any such distribution or payment shall be a complete discharge of the liabilities of the Company under this Program.

7.5 Compliance with Section 409A of the Code. This Program is intended to comply with the provisions of Section 409A of the Code and shall be interpreted and construed accordingly. The Company shall have the discretion and authority to amend the Program at any time to satisfy any requirements of Section 409A of the Code or guidance provided by the U.S. Treasury Department to the extent applicable to the Program.

7.6 Binding Effect. This Program shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Company, its successors and assigns and the Participant and his or her heirs, executors, administrators and legal representatives.

7.7 Governing Law. This Program and each Award granted hereunder shall be construed in accordance with, and governed by, the law of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to the extent not preempted by applicable federal law.

7.8 Interpretation. In the event of any conflicting terms between this Program and the Plan, the terms of the Plan shall control.

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PROSPECTUS

EXELON CORPORATION

2020 LONG-TERM INCENTIVE PLAN

28,969,645 Shares of Common Stock, No Par Value

This prospectus covers up to 28,969,645 shares of Common Stock of Exelon Corporation that may be issued under the Exelon Corporation 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan. Shares of Exelon Corporation Common Stock are listed on the Nasdaq Global Select Market under the ticker symbol "EXC."

This document constitutes part of a prospectus covering securities that have been registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

You should rely only on the information contained or referred to in this prospectus . We have not authorized anyone to provide you with information that is different.

The information contained in this prospectus is correct as of the date of this prospectus . You should be aware that some of this information may have changed by the time this document is delivered to you.

The date of this prospectus is May 27, 2020.

SUMMARY

This prospectus relates to shares of common stock (the “Common Shares”) which will be issued pursuant to awards granted to employees, non-employee directors and persons expected to become employees and non-employee directors of Exelon Corporation (the “Company”) and its subsidiaries, pursuant to the Exelon Corporation 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan (the “Plan”). References in this prospectus to the “Company” include the Company and its subsidiaries, unless otherwise indicated or required by context.

The Plan’s purposes are to (i) align the interests of the Company’s stockholders and recipients of awards under the Plan by increasing the proprietary interest of such recipients in the growth and success of the Company and its subsidiaries with which such recipients are employed, (ii) advance the interests of the Company by attracting and retaining employees and non-employee directors and (iii) motivate such persons to act in the long-term best interests of the Company, and its stockholders.

The Plan provides that up to 28,969,645 Common Shares will be reserved for future issuance under the Plan, subject to adjustment in certain events. This includes (i) 21,900,000 newly registered Common Shares that have been reserved for issuance under the Plan plus (ii) up to 7,069,645 Common Shares that, as of the March 1, 2020, remained available for grant under the 2011 Exelon Corporation Long-Term Incentive Plan (the “Prior Plan”). Since the effective date of the Plan, no further awards have been made under the Prior Plan.

The Plan provides authority to grant to Plan participants options to purchase Common Shares (“Options”) in the form of Incentive Stock Options or Nonqualified Stock Options, Stock Appreciation Rights (“SARs”) in the form of Tandem SARs or Free-Standing SARs, Stock Awards in the form of Restricted Stock Awards, Restricted Stock Unit Awards, or Performance Share Awards, and Performance Unit and Deferred Stock Unit Awards. The provisions of the Plan are intended to satisfy the requirements of Section 16(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”). The Plan is not subject to the provisions of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended, and is not a qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”).

A summary of the material features of the Plan follows. This summary is qualified in its entirety by reference to the full text of the Plan, a copy of which was filed as Appendix A to the Company’s Definitive Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 18, 2020 and which may be obtained by accessing our SEC filings from the Securities and Exchange Commission’s website at <http://www.sec.gov>. A copy of the Plan may also be obtained directly from the Company. In the event of any conflict between the statements made in this prospectus, on the one hand, and the terms of the Plan and the written agreement relating to an award, on the other hand, the terms of the Plan and such agreement will govern.

Additional information concerning the Plan may be obtained, upon written or oral request, from Exelon Corporation, Attn: Corporate Secretary, 10 South Dearborn Street, P.O. Box 805379 Chicago, Illinois, 60680, telephone number (800) 483-3220.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PLAN

Eligibility

Participants in the Plan consist of such employees, non-employee directors and persons expected to become employees and non-employee directors of the Company and its subsidiaries as the Committee (defined below) may select from time to time as award recipients, subject to any such additional conditions as the Company may require from time to time.

Shares Subject to the Plan

A maximum of 28,969,645 Common Shares are initially available for all awards under the Plan. The number of Common Shares that remain available for future grants under the Plan will be reduced by the sum of the aggregate number of Common Shares which become subject to outstanding Options, outstanding Free-Standing SARs, outstanding Stock Awards, outstanding Deferred Stock Units, and outstanding Performance Awards denominated in Common Shares (which may be Performance Share Awards or Performance Unit Awards).

If an award under the Plan is cancelled, forfeited, terminated, expired unexercised or is settled in cash, then the Common Shares subject to that award may again be issued under the Plan. In addition, Common Shares that are tendered or withheld to satisfy any tax withholding obligations with respect to an award, other than an Option or stock-settled SAR, shall increase the number of shares available for future grants under the Plan. Common Shares subject to an award under the Plan will not again be available for issuance if such shares are (i) shares that were subject to an option or a stock-settled SAR and were not issued or delivered upon the net settlement or net exercise of such Option or SAR (including, without limitation, any shares withheld to pay the purchase price or withholding taxes of an Option or SAR), (ii) shares delivered to the Company to pay the purchase price or the withholding taxes related to an outstanding Option or SAR, or (iii) shares repurchased by the Company on the open market with the proceeds of an Option exercise.

Administration

The Plan will be administered as follows (i) by the Compensation and Leadership Development Committee (or a successor committee) of the Board of Directors of the Company (the "Board"), in the case of awards granted to employees, (ii) by the Corporate Governance Committee of the Board (or a successor committee), in the case of awards granted to non-employee directors or (iii) by such other committee designated by the Board (in each case, the "Committee"). The Committee will, in any case, consist of two or more Board members, each of whom is intended to be (i) a "non-employee director" within the meaning of Rule 16b-3 under the Exchange Act and (ii) "independent" within the meaning of the rules of the Nasdaq Global Select Market.

Subject to the provisions of the Plan, the Committee has exclusive discretion to select the eligible persons who may participate in the Plan and to determine the form, amount and timing of each award to such persons and, if applicable, determine the number of Common Shares, the number of SARs, the number of Restricted Stock Units, the number of Deferred Stock Units or the number of Performance Units subject to an award. The Committee may also determine the exercise price or base price associated with the award, the time and conditions of exercise or settlement of the award and all other terms and conditions of the award, including the form of the award terms evidencing the award.

The Committee has the authority to administer and interpret the Plan and awards, and its decisions are final, binding and conclusive. The Committee may delegate some or all of its power and authority under the Plan to the Board or, with respect to awards granted to employees, to the Chief Executive Officer or other executive officer of the Company, except that the Committee may not delegate its power and authority to the Chief Executive Officer or any other executive officer with respect to any award granted to any person that is subject to Section 16 of the Exchange Act. No member of the Board or Committee, and no person to whom the Committee delegates any of its power and authority, will be liable for his or her own or another person's acts, omissions, interpretations, constructions or determinations made in connection with the Plan in good faith.

Committee members are selected by and serve at the pleasure of the Board and receive compensation fixed by the Board and reimbursements for expenses incurred while performing their duties. Additional information concerning the Committee may be obtained upon request from Exelon Corporation, Attn: Corporate Secretary, 10 South Dearborn Street, P.O. Box 805379 Chicago, Illinois, 60680, telephone number (800) 483-3220.

Awards Under the Plan

Types of Awards

Awards under the Plan may include one or more of the following types: (i) Options; (ii) SARs; (iii) Restricted Stock Awards; (iv) Restricted Stock Unit Awards; (v) Deferred Stock Unit Awards, (vi) Performance Share Awards and (vii) Performance Unit Awards.

Options

An Option is the right to purchase a specified number of Common Shares at a price (the "Purchase Price") and at times fixed by the Committee on the date of grant. Options may be in the form of Incentive Stock Options or Nonqualified Stock Options. The Committee has full power to determine the number of Common Shares subject to Options and, except as specified in the Plan, to fix the terms of the Options. Under the terms of the Plan, no Option will be exercisable later than ten (10) years after the date of grant; provided, however, that if an Incentive Stock Option is granted to any person who, on the date of grant, owns more than 10% of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock of the Company (a "Ten Percent Holder"), the Option will not be exercisable later than five years after its date of grant. To the extent that any Option is not designated as an Incentive Stock Option or even if so designated does not qualify as an Incentive Stock Option, it will constitute a Nonqualified Stock Option.

The Purchase Price of an Option will not be less than 100% of the fair market value of the underlying share of Common Stock on the date of grant, and if an Incentive Stock Option is granted to a Ten Percent Holder, the Purchase Price of the Option will not be less than 110% of the fair market value of the underlying share of Common Stock on the date of grant.

A Plan participant may exercise an Option (i) by giving notice to the Company specifying the number of whole Common Shares to be purchased and accompanying the notice with full payment of the Purchase Price, (ii) if applicable, by surrendering to the Company any Tandem SARs which are cancelled by reason of the exercise and (iii) executing any documents that the Company requests. The Purchase Price may be paid in the form permitted by the agreement relating to the Option (including cash, the delivery of Common Shares, the withholding of Common Shares, through a broker-dealer, or by a combination of cash, withheld Common Shares and delivered Common Shares).

In the event that an Option is not exercised by the last day on which it is exercisable, and the Purchase Price is below the fair market value of a share of Common Stock on such date by at least a minimum amount as may be determined by the Committee or its delegate, the Option will be deemed exercised on that date, and a number of Common Shares having a fair market value equal to the excess of (i) the fair market value of the aggregate number of Common Shares subject to the Option, to the extent then vested, minus (ii) the Purchase Price and any required tax withholding and any applicable costs, will be issued to the holder of the Option.

The Committee may specify additional Option terms in the Option agreement, including whether the Option will be subject to a performance period and performance measures. The agreement relating to the Option will also specify the terms relating to the exercise, cancellation or other disposition of an Option upon termination of employment or service with the Company.

The Plan expressly disallows the repricing of Options without stockholder approval and expressly states that holders of an Option will not be entitled to receive dividend equivalents with respect to the Common Shares subject to such Option.

Stock Appreciation Rights

SARs are rights to receive, without payment of a purchase or exercise price, Common Shares (including shares of Restricted Stock) or, to the extent provided in the award terms, cash or a combination thereof, based on the increase in the value of the number of Common Shares specified in the SAR. The SAR agreement will specify whether the SAR is a Tandem SAR or a Free-Standing SAR. A Tandem SAR provides the Plan participant with a choice of exercising an Option or SAR, with the exercise of one eliminating the right to exercise the other.

The base price of a Tandem SAR will be the Purchase Price of the related Option. The base price of a Free-Standing SAR will not be less than 100% of the fair market value of the underlying Common Shares on the date of grant.

SARs may be exercised at such times and in such installments as established by the Committee. Under the terms of the Plan, no SAR will be exercisable later than ten (10) years after the date of grant; provided, however, that no Tandem SAR will be exercised later than the expiration, cancellation, forfeiture or other termination of the related Option. A Plan participant may exercise an SAR by (i) giving written notice to the Company specifying the number of whole SARs that are being exercised and (ii) executing any documents that the Company requests. In the case of a Tandem SAR, a Plan participant will also surrender to the Company any Options that were cancelled by reason of such exercise.

In the event that a SAR is not exercised by the last day on which it is exercisable, and the base price is below the fair market value of a share of Common Stock on such date by at least a minimum amount as may be determined by the Committee or its delegate, the SAR shall be deemed exercised on such date, and a number of Common Shares having a fair market value equal to the excess of (i) the fair market value of the aggregate number of Common Shares subject to such SAR, to the extent vested on such date, minus (ii) the base price and any required tax withholding and any applicable costs, shall be issued to the holder of such award.

Each SAR will be subject to any other terms and conditions that the Committee determines, including whether the SAR will be subject to performance measures and the terms relating to the exercise, cancellation or other disposition of an SAR upon termination of employment or service with the Company.

The Plan expressly disallows the repricing of SARs without stockholder approval and expressly states that holders of an SAR will not be entitled to receive dividend equivalents with respect to the Common Shares subject to such SAR.

Restricted Stock

Restricted Stock consists of Common Shares that during a period designated by the Committee (the "Restriction Period") may not be sold, transferred, assigned, pledged, hypothecated or otherwise encumbered or disposed of by a Plan participant. During the Restriction Period, the Common Shares subject to the Restricted Stock Award will be held by a custodian in book entry form with the restrictions on the Common Shares noted. Upon termination of any applicable Restriction Period (and the satisfaction or attainment of applicable performance measures), subject to the Company's right to require payment of any taxes, the restrictions shall be removed from the requisite number of any Common Shares that are held in book entry form.

Unless otherwise set forth in the award terms, a Plan participant who receives a Restricted Stock Award will have, before the Restriction Period expires, the ownership rights of the Common Shares subject to the award. These ownership rights include the right to vote and receive dividends or other distributions made with respect to such Common Shares; except that any such distribution or dividend will be deposited with the Company and be subject to the same restrictions that apply to the Common Shares with respect to which such distribution or dividend was made.

Each Restricted Stock Award will be subject to any other terms and conditions that the Committee determines, including the vesting of the Restricted Stock Award for continued service to the Company or upon the satisfaction of any performance measures, and terms relating to the forfeiture and cancellation of a Restricted Stock Award upon termination of employment or service with the Company.

Restricted Stock Units

A Restricted Stock Unit Award is a right to receive a specified number of Common Shares (or, to the extent permitted in the award terms, a cash payment equal to the fair market value of such Common Shares), subject to the expiration of a specified Restriction Period. Common Shares subject to a Restricted Stock Unit Award are not issued at the time the award is granted, but instead are issued when the Restricted Stock Unit Award becomes vested and is settled in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Plan and the award terms.

The award terms will specify whether the Plan participant is entitled to receive dividend equivalents with respect to the number of Common Shares subject to the award. Any such dividend equivalents will be subject to the same vesting conditions that apply to the Common Shares subject to the award. Prior to the settlement of a Restricted Stock Unit Award in Common Shares, the Plan participant will have no rights as a stockholder of the Company with respect to the Common Shares subject to the award. Each Restricted Stock Unit Award will be subject to any other terms and conditions that the Committee determines, including the vesting of the Restricted Stock Unit Award for continued service to the Company or upon the satisfaction of any performance measures, and terms relating to the forfeiture and cancellation of a Restricted Stock Unit Award upon termination of employment or service with the Company.

Deferred Stock Units

A Deferred Stock Unit Award is a right to receive a specified number of Common Shares (or, to the extent permitted in the award terms, a cash payment equal to the fair market value of such Common Shares), at a time in the future, which is not subject to a Restriction Period or other vesting conditions (other than the minimum vesting period described below). Common Shares subject to a Deferred Stock Unit Award are not issued at the time the award is granted, but instead are issued when the award is settled in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Plan and the award terms.

The award terms will specify whether the Plan participant is entitled to receive dividend equivalents with respect to the number of Common Shares subject to the award. Prior to the settlement of a Deferred Stock Unit Award in Common Shares, the Plan participant will have no rights as a stockholder of the Company with respect to the Common Shares subject to the award. Each Deferred Stock Unit Award will be subject to any other terms and conditions that the Committee determines.

Performance Awards

The Committee may grant Performance Share Awards or Performance Unit Awards. A Performance Share Award is a right to receive, contingent upon the attainment of specified performance measures during a performance period, a specified number of Common Shares (including Restricted Stock), cash representing the value of such shares, or a combination of both. A Performance Unit Award is a right to receive, contingent upon the attainment of specified performance measures during a performance period, a specified amount of cash, Common Shares (including Restricted Stock) having a value equal to such cash amount, or a combination of both. The value, if any, of a Performance Share Award and Performance Unit Award will be determined by the degree to which the performance measures have been achieved during the performance period.

The performance measures may include, without limitation, one or more of the following measures, each of which may be based on absolute standards or peer industry group comparatives and may be applied at various organizational levels (e.g., corporate, business unit, division): (1) cumulative shareholder value added (SVA), (2) customer satisfaction, (3) revenue, (4) primary or fully-diluted earnings per Common Share, (5) net income, (6) total shareholder return, (7) earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT), (8) cash flow, including operating cash flows, free cash flow, discounted cash flow return on investment and cash flow in excess of cost of capital, or any combination thereof, (9) economic value added, (10) return on equity, (11) return on capital, (12) return on assets, (13) net operating profits after taxes, (14) stock price increase, (15) return on sales, (16) debt to equity ratio, (17) payout ratio, (18) asset turnover, (19) ratio of share price to book value of shares, (20) price/earnings ratio, (21) employee satisfaction, (22) diversity, (23) market share, (24) operating income, (25) pre-tax income, (26) safety, (27) diversification of business opportunities, (28) expense ratios, (29) total expenditures, (30) completion of key projects, (31) dividend payout as percentage of net income, (32) earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA), or (33) any individual performance objective related to the Company, any subsidiary or the Company's or subsidiary's business. Such individual performance measures related to the Company, a subsidiary or the Company's or subsidiary's business may include, without limitation: (A) production-related factors such as generating capacity factor, performance against the INPO index, generating equivalent availability, heat rates and production cost, (B) transmission and distribution-related factors such as customer satisfaction, reliability (based on outage frequency and duration), and cost, (C) customer service-related factors such as customer satisfaction, service levels and responsiveness and bad debt collections or losses, and (D) relative performance against other similar

companies in targeted areas. The measures may be weighted differently for participants based on their management level and the extent to which their responsibilities are primarily corporate or business unit- related, and may be based in whole or in part on the performance of the Company, a subsidiary, division and/or other operational unit under one or more of such measures. The Committee, in its sole discretion, may amend or adjust the performance measures or other terms and conditions of an outstanding award in recognition of unusual or nonrecurring events affecting the Company or its financial statements or changes in law or accounting principles.

The award terms will specify whether such award may be settled in Common Shares (including shares of Restricted Stock) or cash or a combination thereof. Payment in respect of a Performance Share Award or a Performance Unit Award will be made at such time or times determined by the Committee. Prior to the settlement of a Performance Share Award or a Performance Unit Award in Common Shares or Restricted Stock, the holder of the award will have no rights as a stockholder of the Company with respect to any Common Shares subject to the award.

Each Performance Share Award and Performance Unit Award will be subject to such other terms and conditions that the Committee determines, including the forfeiture and cancellation of such Awards upon termination of employment or service with the Company.

Additional Plan Provisions

Minimum Vesting. The Plan provides for a minimum vesting period of one year (other than awards that in the aggregate do not exceed 5% of the total number of Common Shares available under the Plan), subject to certain exceptions described in the Plan.

Adjustments. In the event of certain types of equity restructurings that causes the per share value of the Common Shares to change, such as a stock dividend, stock split, spinoff, rights offering or recapitalization through an extraordinary cash dividend, the Committee will appropriately adjust awards under the Plan. In the event of any other change in corporate capitalization, including a merger, consolidation, reorganization, or partial or complete liquidation of the Company, equitable adjustments may be made as determined to be appropriate and equitable by the Committee to prevent dilution or enlargement of rights of participants.

Change in Control. In the event of a change in control, the Board may, in its discretion, provide that (i) some or all outstanding Options and SARs will become exercisable in full or in part, (ii) the restriction period applicable to some or all outstanding Restricted Stock Awards and Restricted Stock Unit Awards will lapse in full or in part, (iii) the performance period applicable to some or all outstanding awards will lapse in full or in part, and (iv) the performance measures applicable to some or all outstanding awards will be deemed satisfied at the target or any other level not exceeding the maximum levels allowable under their respective terms. In addition, the Board may, in its discretion, require that shares of capital stock of the company resulting from such change in control, or the parent thereof, be substituted for some or all of the Common Shares subject to outstanding awards as determined by the Board, and/or require outstanding awards to be surrendered to the Company in exchange for a payment of cash, shares of common stock in the Company resulting from the change in control, or the parent thereof, or a combination of cash and shares.

Under the terms of the Plan, a change in control is generally defined as the occurrence of any one of the following events: (i) an unapproved change in the Board during any 24-month period resulting in the incumbent directors ceasing to constitute at least a majority of the Board; (ii) certain acquisitions of

20% or more of the combined voting power of the Company's then outstanding securities eligible to vote for the election of the Board; (iii) the completion of certain reorganizations, mergers, or consolidations or sales or other dispositions of more than 50% of the operating assets of the Company (determined on a consolidated basis) where the Company's pre-transaction shareholders do not own more than 60% of the outstanding shares and voting power of the resulting corporation in substantially the same proportions, other than in connection with a sale-leaseback or other arrangement resulting in the continued utilization of such assets (or the operating products of such assets) or (iv) approval by the Company's stockholders of a plan of complete liquidation or dissolution of the Company, other than a plan of liquidation or dissolution which results in the acquisition of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company by an affiliated company.

Withholding. The Company may deduct from any payments under the Plan any federal, state, local or other taxes required to be withheld or paid with respect to an award. Under the Plan, no cash payment will be made with respect to an award and no Common Shares will be issued or certificates delivered until all withholding taxes have been paid (or arranged to be paid to the Company's satisfaction).

Amendments. The Committee may amend the Plan as it deems advisable, subject to stockholder approval if required by law, rule or regulation and any rule of the Nasdaq Global Select Market. No amendment of the Plan or of any outstanding award may materially impair the rights of a holder of the award without the holder's consent.

Plan Termination. The Plan will terminate on April 28, 2030, unless terminated earlier by the Board. Termination of the Plan will not affect any award granted prior to termination. Awards may be made at any time prior to the termination of the Plan.

Non-Transferability. Awards may not be transferred by the Plan participant, except by will, the laws of descent and distribution or pursuant to any beneficiary designation procedures established by the Company or, to the extent expressly permitted by the award terms, to the Plan participant's family members, a trust or entity established by the Plan participant for estate planning purposes or a charitable organization designated by the Plan participant.

Clawback Policy. Awards granted under the Plan and any cash payment or Common Shares delivered pursuant to an award are subject to forfeiture and recovery by the Company pursuant to any clawback or recoupment policy which the Company may adopt from time to time, including any policy which the Company may be required to adopt under the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act or as otherwise required by law.

Restrictive Covenants. If the holder of an Option, SAR, Restricted Stock Unit Award or Performance Unit Award breaches his or her obligations to the Company under a noncompetition, non-solicitation, confidentiality, intellectual property or other restrictive covenant, each award shall be cancelled and, if applicable, shall cease to be exercisable as of the date the holder breached such obligation, and the Company thereafter may require the repayment of any amounts received by such holder in connection with such award.

REOFFERS AND REALES

Plan participants deemed to be “affiliates” of the Company within the meaning of Rule 405 under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “Securities Act”), may only resell Common Shares, including shares acquired by exercise of an Option or SAR, pursuant to an effective registration statement under the Securities Act, Rule 144 under the Securities Act or another appropriate exemption from registration. Generally, an “affiliate” is one who controls, is controlled by or is under common control with an issuer, such as a director and certain corporate officers. Anyone who may be considered an affiliate of the Company should consult with legal counsel before selling any Common Shares.

The restrictions imposed by Section 16 of the Exchange Act, upon any of the Company’s directors or officers will apply to awards under the Plan. In general, any grant under the Plan to a person subject to Section 16 will be exempt from the short-swing liability (but not the reporting) provisions of Section 16. However, sales of Common Shares by such a person will generally be subject to the short-swing liability and reporting provisions of Section 16. Plan participants subject to Section 16 should consult with legal counsel before engaging in any transaction in Common Shares.

CERTAIN U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES

The following discussion of certain anticipated U.S. federal income tax consequences to Plan participants is based on the Code as currently in effect, and existing laws, judicial decisions and administrative rulings and regulations, all of which are subject to change, prospectively or retroactively. In addition to being subject to the federal income tax consequences described below, a Plan participant may also be subject to other U.S. federal taxes and state, local and non-U.S. taxes in the jurisdiction in which he or she works and/or resides. **EACH AWARD RECIPIENT SHOULD CONSULT HIS OR HER PERSONAL TAX ADVISOR TO DETERMINE THE TAX CONSEQUENCES APPLICABLE TO PARTICIPATION IN THE PLAN.**

Nonqualified Stock Options

A Plan participant who receives a Nonqualified Stock Option will not recognize any taxable income as a result of the grant. When a Plan participant exercises a Nonqualified Stock Option, the Plan participant will recognize compensation taxable as ordinary income equal to the excess, if any, of the fair market value of the Common Shares purchased (determined on the date of exercise) over their Purchase Price. The tax basis of the Common Shares purchased will be equal to the Purchase Price paid plus the amount of compensation recognized by the Plan participant, and the holding period for the shares will begin on the day after they are transferred to the Plan participant.

Incentive Stock Options

A Plan participant who receives an Incentive Stock Option will not recognize taxable income at the time of grant or at the time of exercise, except that the excess, if any, of the fair market value of the Common Shares purchased (determined as of the date of exercise) over their Purchase Price is included in alternative minimum taxable income subject to the alternative minimum tax.

If a Plan participant exercises an Incentive Stock Option and does not dispose of the Common Shares acquired within the period ending on the later of (i) two years after the Option was granted and (ii) one year after the date when the shares are transferred to the Plan participant (any disposition within this period, a “disqualifying disposition”), then upon disposition of the Common Shares: (1) the amount,

if any, realized in excess of the Purchase Price will be treated as long-term capital gain and (2) the amount, if any, by which the Purchase Price exceeds the amount realized upon the disposition will be treated as long-term capital loss.

If a Plan participant exercises an Incentive Stock Option and disposes of the Common Shares acquired in a disqualifying disposition, then upon disposition of the shares:

(1) if the amount realized upon disposition is equal to or greater than the Common Shares' fair market value on the date of exercise: (a) the amount, if any, by which the fair market value on the date of exercise exceeds the Purchase Price will be treated as compensation taxable as ordinary income to the Plan participant in the year of the disposition; and (b) the amount, if any, realized in excess of the fair market value on the date of exercise will be treated as short-term or long-term capital gain, depending on the Plan participant's holding period for the Common Shares;

(2) if the amount realized upon the disposition is less than the Common Shares' fair market value on the date of exercise but not less than the Purchase Price, the excess of the amount realized upon the disposition over the Purchase Price will be treated as compensation taxable as ordinary income to the Plan participant in the year of disposition;

(3) if the amount realized upon the disposition is less than the Purchase Price, the excess of the Purchase Price over the amount realized will be treated as short-term or long-term capital loss, depending on the Plan participant's holding period for the Common Shares; and

(4) notwithstanding subparagraphs (2) and (3) of this paragraph, if the disqualifying disposition is a transaction (such as a sale between related parties or a gift) in which any loss, if sustained, would not have been recognized under the Code, the amount, if any, by which the Common Shares' fair market value on the date of exercise exceeds the Purchase Price will be treated as compensation taxable as ordinary income to the Plan participant in the year of disposition.

If a Plan participant pays the Purchase Price of an Incentive Stock Option in cash, the basis for the shares will be equal to the Purchase Price plus, in the case of a disqualifying disposition, the amount of ordinary income recognized by the Plan participant, and the holding period will commence on the day after the date the Common Shares are transferred to the Plan participant.

Use of Previously-Owned Shares to Pay Purchase Price

If a Plan participant pays the Purchase Price of a Nonqualified Stock Option by tendering previously owned Common Shares, the Plan participant will not recognize any taxable income with respect to the delivered Common Shares solely by reason of such delivery, and the Plan participant's tax basis for the Common Shares received equal to the number of Common Shares delivered will be equal to his or her tax basis in the Common Shares used to pay the Purchase Price. The holding period for such Common Shares will include the period of time during which the Common Shares used to pay the Purchase Price were held. The Plan participant's basis for the Common Shares received in excess of the number of Common Shares delivered will equal the fair market value of the Common Shares used to determine the amount of taxable compensation arising from the exercise of the Nonqualified Stock Option. The holding period for the excess Common Shares will commence on the day after the date the Common Shares are transferred to the Plan participant.

If a Plan participant pays the Purchase Price of an Incentive Stock Option by tendering previously owned Common Shares, the Plan participant will not recognize any taxable income with respect to the delivered Common Shares solely by reason of such delivery unless the Plan participant delivers Common Shares previously acquired upon exercise of an Incentive Stock Option and such delivery constitutes a disqualifying disposition. If such delivery constitutes a disqualifying disposition, the difference between the fair market value of the delivered Common Shares on the date they were acquired by exercise of the Incentive Stock Option and the Purchase Price for the delivered Common Shares will be treated as compensation taxable as ordinary income to the Plan participant in the year of disposition and the Plan participant will not recognize any other income by reason of the disposition. The Plan participant's basis for the number of Common Shares received equal to the number of Common Shares delivered will be the same as for the Common Shares delivered, except that the basis of the Common Shares received will be increased by any taxable compensation recognized as the result of the disqualifying disposition. The holding period for the number of Common Shares received equal to the number of Common Shares delivered will include the period of time during which the Common Shares used to pay the Purchase Price were held for purposes of determining whether any gain or loss subsequently recognized is short-term or long-term, but not for purposes of determining the period of time during which a sale of the Common Shares would constitute a disqualifying disposition. The Plan participant's basis for Common Shares received in excess of the number of Common Shares delivered will be zero and the Plan participant's holding period for the excess shares will commence on the day after the date the Common Shares are transferred to the Plan participant.

Stock Appreciation Rights

A Plan participant who receives an SAR will not recognize any taxable income as a result of the grant. When an SAR is exercised, the Plan participant will recognize compensation taxable as ordinary income in an amount equal to the fair market value on the date of exercise of any Common Shares received upon exercise and any cash paid instead of shares. The tax basis of any shares received will be equal to the amount of compensation recognized in respect of those shares, and the Plan participant's holding period for those shares will begin on the day after the date on which the shares are transferred to the Plan participant.

Restricted Stock

A Plan participant who receives Common Shares pursuant to a Restricted Stock Award and which are subject to restrictions constituting a substantial risk of forfeiture under Section 83 of the Code will not recognize any taxable income as the result of the grant (unless the Plan participant makes an "83(b) election" as described below), but will recognize compensation taxable as ordinary income on the date that the Restriction Period lapses (or on such other date on which the restrictions constituting a substantial risk of forfeiture lapse), in an amount equal to the fair market value of the shares on such date, reduced by the amount, if any, paid for the shares. The tax basis of the shares will be equal to the amount of compensation recognized plus the amount, if any, paid for the shares, and the holding period for the shares will begin on the date on which the Restriction Period (or such other date on which the restrictions constituting a substantial risk of forfeiture) lapses. Dividends paid on Restricted Stock Awards prior to the date on which compensation is recognized will be treated as compensation for federal income tax purposes when received. A Plan participant who has received a Restricted Stock Award may elect to be taxed on the date of grant (an "83(b) election"). Any 83(b) election must be made with the Internal Revenue Service by the Plan participant no later than 30 days after the date of grant and cannot later be revoked. If the Plan participant makes an 83(b) election, the Plan participant will recognize compensation

taxable as ordinary income on the date of grant equal to the fair market value of the Common Shares on that date, reduced by the amount, if any, paid for the shares. If the Common Shares subject to an 83(b) election are later forfeited by the Plan participant, the Plan participant will not be entitled to any deduction, refund or loss for the compensation recognized with respect to the forfeited shares.

Restricted Stock Units

A Plan participant who receives a Restricted Stock Unit Award will not recognize any taxable income as a result of the grant. When the Restriction Period (or other restrictions) applicable to the Restricted Stock Unit Award lapses and the Common Shares subject to the Restricted Stock Unit Award are transferred (or cash equal to the fair market value thereof is paid) to the Plan participant, the Plan participant will recognize compensation taxable as ordinary income in an amount equal to the fair market value of the transferred Common Shares on the date of transfer (or the amount of cash paid to the Plan participant). The tax basis of the shares received will be equal to the amount of compensation recognized, and the holding period for those shares will commence on the day following the date on which the shares are transferred to the Plan participant. Any dividend equivalents paid on Restricted Stock Unit Awards will be included as compensation for federal income tax purposes when received.

Deferred Stock Units

A Plan participant who receives a Deferred Stock Unit will not recognize any taxable income as a result of the grant. When the award vests and the Common Shares subject to the award are transferred (or cash equal to the fair market value thereof is paid) to the Plan participant, the Plan participant will recognize compensation taxable as ordinary income in an amount equal to the fair market value of the transferred Common Shares on the date of transfer (or the amount of cash paid to the Plan participant). Deferred Stock Units may be subject to Section 409A, and the failure of any award of deferred stock that is subject to Section 409A to comply with Section 409A may result taxable income to the participant upon the grant or vesting of the award. Furthermore, an additional 20% penalty tax may be imposed pursuant to Section 409A, and, potentially, certain interest penalties may apply.

Performance Share and Performance Unit Awards

A Plan participant to whom a Performance Share Award or Performance Unit Award is granted will not recognize taxable income as a result of the grant. The Plan participant will recognize compensation taxable as ordinary income at the time cash or Common Shares are paid or transferred to him or her pursuant to the award in an amount equal to the cash payment or fair market value of the Common Shares received at such time. The tax basis of any Common Shares received by the holder pursuant to a Performance Award will equal the amount of compensation recognized and the holding period will commence on the day following the date on which the shares are transferred to the Plan participant.

General

Any compensation includable in the gross income of a Plan participant who is an employee will generally be subject to applicable federal, state and local income tax withholding.

The Company will generally be allowed a deduction for amounts of compensation recognized by Plan participants, except to the extent the limitations of Section 162(m) of the Code, or other restrictions on the deduction of compensation, are applicable.

The discussion set forth above is intended only as a summary and does not purport to be a complete explanation of all potential tax effects relevant to Plan participants. Accordingly, all Plan participants should consult their own tax advisors concerning the federal, state, local and non-U.S. income and other tax considerations relating to awards and rights thereunder.

OTHER INFORMATION

The Company will provide, without charge, to each Plan participant a copy of any documents that have been incorporated by reference in Item 3 of Part II of the Company's registration statements on Form S-8, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 27, 2020, and such documents are incorporated by reference herein. Requests for such documents should be made, orally or in writing, to Exelon Corporation, Attn: Corporate Secretary, 10 South Dearborn Street, P.O. Box 805379 Chicago, Illinois, 60680, telephone number (800) 483-3220. Stockholder communications and other reports furnished to stockholders of the Company may be obtained upon oral or written request from the Company's Corporate Secretary at the address or telephone number above.

The information in this prospectus will be updated regularly by an appendix, a new prospectus or by including information in the most recent annual report to stockholders or the most recent proxy statement of the Company. If you are referring to this prospectus after the lapse of a significant period of time from the date of its initial publication, you should obtain and refer to all such updates. If you receive an appendix after you receive this prospectus, you should keep it with this prospectus and refer to it whenever you refer to this prospectus.

**Exelon Corporation
2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan**

**Restricted Stock Unit
Award Notice**

[Name of Participant]

You have been granted a restricted stock unit award with respect to shares of Common Stock, without par value, of Exelon Corporation, a Pennsylvania corporation (the "Company"), pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Exelon Corporation 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan (the "Plan") and the Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (together with this Award Notice, the "Agreement"). The Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement is attached, and the Plan and the Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement have been made available to you on the Plan's administrative service provider's website. Capitalized terms not defined herein shall have the meanings specified in the Plan or the Agreement.

<u>Number of Shares Subject to Award</u> (based on the dollar value of your target award divided by the closing price of one share of Common Stock on the Grant Date, rounded up to the nearest whole share):	[•] shares, subject to adjustment as set forth in the Agreement and the Plan.
<u>Grant Date</u> :	[•]
<u>Vesting Schedule</u> : Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, the Agreement or any other agreement between the Company or any of its Subsidiaries and the Participant, the Award shall vest as follows, provided that you remain an Employee from the Grant Date through the respective vesting date(s).	This Award shall vest as of [the first Board of Directors meeting held in] each of the first [•] anniversaries of the Grant Date with respect to one-[•] of the shares subject to the Award as of the Grant Date [in full on the [•] anniversary of the Grant Date].

EXELON CORPORATION

By: _____
Name: [_____]
Title: [_____]

Exelon Corporation
2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan

Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement

Exelon Corporation, a Pennsylvania corporation (the "Company"), hereby grants to the individual (the "Participant") named in the award notice attached hereto (the "Award Notice") as of the date set forth in the Award Notice (the "Grant Date"), pursuant to the provisions of the Exelon Corporation 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan (the "Plan"), a restricted stock unit award (the "Award") with respect to the number of shares of the Company's Common Stock, without par value ("Stock"), set forth in the Award Notice, upon and subject to the restrictions, terms and conditions set forth in the Plan and this agreement (the "Agreement"). Capitalized terms not defined herein shall have the meanings specified in the Plan.

1. Award Subject to Acceptance of Agreement. The Award shall be subject to the terms of this Agreement, and shall be deemed to be accepted by the Participant unless the Participant declines the Award in writing within 90 days after the Grant Date.

2. Rights as a Stockholder. The Participant shall not be entitled to any privileges of ownership with respect to the shares of Stock subject to the Award unless and until, and only to the extent, such shares become vested pursuant to Section 3 hereof and the Participant becomes a stockholder of record with respect to such shares. As of each date on which the Company pays a regular cash dividend to record owners of shares of Common Stock (each, a "Dividend Payment Date"), the number of shares of Common Stock that are subject to the Award shall be increased by (i) the product of the total number of shares of Common Stock that are subject to the Award immediately prior to the record date for such Dividend Payment Date, but that have not been issued pursuant to Section 4 as of such record date, multiplied by the dollar amount of the cash dividend paid per share of Common Stock, divided by (ii) the Fair Market Value of a share of Common Stock on such Dividend Payment Date. Such additional Restricted Stock Units shall be subject to all of the terms and conditions of the Award, including the vesting conditions set forth in the Award Notice.

3. Restriction Period and Vesting.

3.1 Service-Based Vesting Condition. Except as otherwise provided in this Section 3, the Award shall vest in accordance with the vesting schedule set forth in the Award Notice. The period of time prior to the full vesting of the Award shall be referred to herein as the "Restriction Period."

3.2 Termination of Employment.

(a) Termination of Employment Due to Retirement, Death or Disability. If the Participant's employment with the Company and the Subsidiaries terminates prior to the end of the Restriction Period by reason of the Participant's Retirement on or after July 1 of the year in which the Grant Date occurs, death or Disability, and such Participant has not breached his or her obligations to the Company or any of its affiliates under any Restrictive Covenant, then in any such

case, the Award shall be 100% vested upon such termination of employment. If the Participant's employment terminates by reason of the Participant's Retirement prior to July 1 of the year in which the Grant Date occurs, then the Award shall be immediately and automatically forfeited by the Participant and cancelled by the Company.

(b) Termination of Employment Due to Involuntary Termination Without Cause. If the Participant's employment with the Company and the Subsidiaries terminates prior to the end of the Restriction Period by reason of the Company's involuntary termination of the Participant's employment other than for Cause (or by the Participant for "good reason", if applicable under, and as defined in, an executive severance plan in which such Participant participates), and such Participant timely executes a waiver and release provided by the Company and has not breached or threatened to breach his or her obligations to the Company or any of its affiliates under any Restrictive Covenant, then (i) if the Participant is eligible for Retirement as of the termination date, then the Award shall be 100% vested as of the termination date, and (ii) if the Participant is not eligible for Retirement as of the termination date, then the Award shall become vested on a pro-rated basis as of the termination date based on the number of elapsed days in the Restriction Period as of the termination date divided by the total number of days in the Restriction Period.

(c) Termination of Employment for Any Other Reason. If the Participant's employment with the Company and the Subsidiaries terminates prior to the end of the Restriction Period for any reason other than those specified in paragraphs (a) or (b) above, or if Participant breaches or threatens to breach his or her obligations under any Restrictive Covenant or fails to timely execute a waiver and release as required by the Company, then the Award shall be immediately and automatically forfeited by the Participant and cancelled by the Company.

3.3 Change in Control. In the event of a Change in Control, the Board may, in its discretion: (i) require that the Restriction Period shall lapse in full or in part; (ii) require that shares of capital stock of the company resulting from such Change in Control, or the parent corporation thereof, be substituted for some or all of the shares of Stock subject to the Award, with an appropriate and equitable adjustment to the Award as determined by the Board; and/or (iii) require outstanding Awards, in whole or in part, to be surrendered to the Company by the Participant, and to be immediately cancelled by the Company, and to provide for the Participant to receive (A) a cash payment in an amount equal to the number of shares of Stock then subject to the portion of the Award surrendered, to the extent the Restriction Period has lapsed or will lapse pursuant to clause (i) of this Section 3.3, multiplied by the Fair Market Value of a share of Stock as of the date of the Change in Control; (B) shares of capital stock of the corporation resulting from such Change in Control, or a parent corporation thereof, having a Fair Market Value not less than the amount determined in clause (iii)(A) of this Section 3.3; or (C) a combination of a payment of cash pursuant to clause (iii)(A) of this Section 3.3 and the issuance of shares pursuant to clause (iii)(B) of this Section 3.3.

3.4 Definitions.

(a) Cause. For purposes of this Award, "Cause" shall mean (A) with respect to a Participant whose position is at least salary band E09 (or its equivalent), the meaning of such term as defined in the Exelon Corporation Senior Management Severance Plan as in effect from

time to time, or any successor plan thereto, or (B) with respect to any other Participant, the meaning of such term as defined in the Exelon Corporation Severance Benefit Plan as in effect from time to time, or any successor plan thereto, regardless of whether Participant is eligible to participate in such plan.

(b) Disability. For purposes of this Award, “Disability” shall have the meaning specified in any long-term disability plan maintained by the Company in which Participant is eligible to participate; provided that a Disability shall not be deemed to have occurred until the Company and the Subsidiaries have terminated Participant’s employment in connection with such disability, and Participant has commenced the receipt of long-term disability benefits under such plan. If Participant is not eligible to participate in a long-term disability plan maintained by the Company, then Disability means a termination of Participant’s employment by the Company and the Subsidiaries due to the inability of Participant to perform the essential functions of Participant’s position, with or without reasonable accommodation, for a continuous period of at least twelve months, as determined solely by the Committee.

(c) Restrictive Covenant. For purposes of this Award, “Restrictive Covenant” shall mean any non-competition, non-solicitation, confidentiality, intellectual property or other restrictive covenant to which Participant is subject, required as a condition to receipt of this Award or contained in any other agreement between Participant and the Company or any of its affiliates.

(d) Retirement. For purposes of this Award, “Retirement” shall mean the retirement of the Participant from employment with the Company and the Subsidiaries (other than a termination upon death, disability or involuntary termination for Cause) on or after attaining at least age 55 and completing at least ten years of service with the Company or Subsidiaries.

4. Issuance or Delivery of Shares. Subject to Section 7.12 and except as otherwise provided for herein, within 60 days after the vesting of the Award, the Company shall issue or deliver, subject to the conditions of this Agreement, the vested shares of Stock to the Participant. Such issuance or delivery shall be evidenced by the appropriate entry on the books of the Company or of a duly authorized transfer agent of the Company. The Company shall pay all original issue or transfer taxes and all fees and expenses incident to such issuance or delivery, except as otherwise provided in Section 7. Prior to the issuance to the Participant of the shares of Stock subject to the Award, the Participant shall have no direct or secured claim in any specific assets of the Company or in such shares of Stock and will have the status of a general unsecured creditor of the Company.

5. Clawback of Proceeds.

5.1 Clawback of Proceeds. If Participant breaches his or her obligations to the Company or any Subsidiary under a Restrictive Covenant, each restricted stock unit held by Participant shall be cancelled as of the date on which the Participant first breached such Restrictive Covenant, and the Company thereafter may require the repayment of any amounts received by Participant after such date in connection with the Award, in accordance with Section 1.8 of the Plan. In addition, the Award and any Shares issued pursuant to the Award shall be subject to clawback pursuant to the Clawback Policy contained in the Exelon Corporation Corporate Governance Principles, as in effect from time to time, including any amendments thereto or new

clawback policies required under the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act and implementing applicable stock exchange listing standards or rules and regulations thereunder, or as otherwise required by law or regulation.

5.2 Right of Setoff. The Participant agrees that by accepting the Award the Participant authorizes the Company and its affiliates, to the extent permitted under Section 409A of the Code, to deduct any amount or amounts owed by the Participant pursuant to this Section 5 from any amounts payable by or on behalf of the Company or any affiliate to the Participant, including, without limitation, any amount payable to the Participant as salary, wages, vacation pay, bonus or the vesting or settlement of the Award or any stock-based award. This right of setoff shall not be an exclusive remedy and the Company's or an affiliate's election not to exercise this right of setoff with respect to any amount payable to the Participant shall not constitute a waiver of this right of setoff with respect to any other amount payable to the Participant or any other remedy.

6. Transfer Restrictions and Investment Representation.

6.1 Nontransferability of Award. The Award may not be transferred by the Participant other than by will or the laws of descent and distribution. Except to the extent permitted by the foregoing sentence, the Award may not be sold, transferred, assigned, pledged, hypothecated, encumbered or otherwise disposed of (whether by operation of law or otherwise) or be subject to execution, attachment or similar process. Upon any attempt to so sell, transfer, assign, pledge, hypothecate, encumber or otherwise dispose of the Award, the Award and all rights hereunder shall immediately become null and void.

6.2 Investment Representation. The Participant hereby covenants that (a) any sale of any share of Stock acquired upon the vesting of the Award shall be made either pursuant to an effective registration statement under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and any applicable state securities laws, or pursuant to an exemption from registration under the Securities Act and such state securities laws and (b) the Participant shall comply with all regulations and requirements of any regulatory authority having control of or supervision over the issuance of the shares and, in connection therewith, shall execute any documents which the Committee shall in its sole discretion deem necessary or advisable.

7. Additional Terms and Conditions of Award.

7.1 Withholding Taxes. As a condition precedent to the issuance or delivery of the Stock upon the vesting of the Award, at the Company's discretion either (i) the Participant shall pay to the Company such amount as the Company (or an affiliate) determines is required, under all applicable federal, state, local, foreign or other laws or regulations, to be withheld and paid over as income or other withholding taxes (the "Required Tax Payments") with respect to the Award or (ii) the Company or an affiliate may, in its discretion, deduct any Required Tax Payments from any amount then or thereafter payable by the Company or an affiliate to the Participant, which may include the withholding of whole shares of Stock which would otherwise be delivered to the Participant having an aggregate Fair Market Value, determined as of the date on which such withholding obligation arises, equal to the Required Tax Payments, in either case in accordance with such terms, conditions and procedures that may be prescribed by the Company. Shares of

Stock withheld may not have a Fair Market Value in excess of the amount determined by applying the maximum individual statutory tax rate in the Participant's jurisdiction; provided that the Company shall be permitted to limit the number of shares so withheld to a lesser number if necessary, as determined by the Company, to avoid adverse accounting consequences or for administrative convenience; provided, however, that if a fraction of a share of Stock would be required to satisfy the maximum individual statutory rate in the Participant's jurisdiction, then such fraction of a share of Stock shall be disregarded and the remaining amount due shall be paid in cash by the Participant or withheld in fractional form, as determined by the Committee. No certificate representing a share of Stock shall be delivered until the Required Tax Payments have been satisfied in full. Any determination by the Company with respect to the withholding of shares of Stock to satisfy the Required Tax Payments shall be made by the Committee if the Participant is subject to Section 16 of the Exchange Act.

7.2 Compliance with Applicable Law. The Award is subject to the condition that if the listing, registration or qualification of the shares of Stock subject to the Award upon any securities exchange or under any law, or the consent or approval of any governmental body, or the taking of any other action is necessary or desirable as a condition of, or in connection with, the delivery of shares hereunder, the shares of Stock subject to the Award shall not be delivered, in whole or in part, unless such listing, registration, qualification, consent, approval or other action shall have been effected or obtained, free of any conditions not acceptable to the Company. The Company agrees to use reasonable efforts to effect or obtain any such listing, registration, qualification, consent, approval or other action.

7.3 Award Confers No Rights to Continued Employment. In no event shall the granting of the Award or its acceptance by the Participant, or any provision of the Agreement or the Plan, give or be deemed to give the Participant any right to continued employment by the Company, any Subsidiary or any affiliate of the Company or affect in any manner the right of the Company, any Subsidiary or any affiliate of the Company to terminate the employment of any person at any time.

7.4 Decisions of Board or Committee. The Board or the Committee shall have the right to resolve all questions which may arise in connection with the Award. Any interpretation, determination or other action made or taken by the Board or the Committee regarding the Plan or this Agreement shall be final, binding and conclusive.

7.5 Successors. This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of any successor or successors of the Company and any person or persons who shall, upon the death of the Participant, acquire any rights hereunder in accordance with this Agreement or the Plan.

7.6 Notices. All notices, requests or other communications provided for in this Agreement shall be made, if to the Company, to Exelon Corporation, 10 South Dearborn Street, Chicago, IL 60603, Attn: Vice President, Corporate Compensation, and if to the Participant, to the last known mailing address of the Participant contained in the records of the Company. All notices, requests or other communications provided for in this Agreement shall be made in writing either (a) by personal delivery, (b) by facsimile or electronic mail with confirmation of receipt, (c) by mailing in the United States mails or (d) by express courier service. The notice, request or other

communication shall be deemed to be received upon personal delivery, upon confirmation of receipt of facsimile or electronic mail transmission or upon receipt by the party entitled thereto if by United States mail or express courier service; provided, however, that if a notice, request or other communication sent to the Company is not received during regular business hours, it shall be deemed to be received on the next succeeding business day of the Company.

7.7 Governing Law. This Agreement, the Award and all determinations made and actions taken pursuant hereto and thereto, to the extent not governed by the laws of the United States, shall be governed by the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and construed in accordance therewith without giving effect to principles of conflicts of laws, and, to the extent applicable, Section 409A of the Code.

7.8 Agreement Subject to the Plan. This Agreement is subject to the provisions of the Plan and shall be interpreted in accordance therewith. In the event that the provisions of this Agreement and the Plan conflict, the Plan shall control. The Participant hereby acknowledges receipt of a copy of the Plan.

7.9 Entire Agreement. This Agreement and the Plan constitute the entire agreement of the parties with respect to the subject matter hereof and supersede in their entirety all prior undertakings and agreements of the Company and the Participant with respect to the subject matter hereof, and may not be modified adversely to the Participant's interest except by means of a writing signed by the Company and the Participant.

7.10 Partial Invalidity. The invalidity or unenforceability of any particular provision of this Agreement shall not affect the other provisions hereof and this Agreement shall be construed in all respects as if such invalid or unenforceable provision was omitted.

7.11 Amendment and Waiver. The Company may amend the provisions of this Agreement at any time; provided that an amendment that would adversely affect the Participant's rights under this Agreement shall be subject to the written consent of the Participant. No course of conduct or failure or delay in enforcing the provisions of this Agreement shall affect the validity, binding effect or enforceability of this Agreement.

7.12 Compliance With Section 409A of the Code. This Award is intended to be exempt from or comply with Section 409A of the Code and shall be interpreted and construed accordingly. To the extent this Agreement provides for the Award to become vested and be settled upon the Participant's termination of employment, the applicable shares of Stock shall be transferred to the Participant or his or her beneficiary upon the Participant's "separation from service," within the meaning of Section 409A of the Code; provided that if the Participant is a "specified employee," within the meaning of Section 409A of the Code, then to the extent the Award constitutes nonqualified deferred compensation, within the meaning of Section 409A of the Code, such shares of Stock shall be transferred to the Participant or his or her beneficiary upon the earlier to occur of (i) the six-month anniversary of such separation from service and (ii) the date of the Participant's death.

**Exelon Corporation
2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan**

**Performance Share
Award Notice**

[Name of Participant]

You have been granted a performance share award with respect to shares of common stock of Exelon Corporation, a Pennsylvania corporation (the "Company"), pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Exelon Corporation 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan (the "Plan") and the Performance Share Award Agreement (together with this Award Notice, the "Agreement"). The Performance Share Award Agreement is attached, and the Plan and the Performance Share Award Agreement are available to you on the Plan's administrative service provider's site. Capitalized terms not defined herein shall have the meanings specified in the Plan or the Agreement.

Performance Share Award: You have been awarded a performance share award with respect to a target of [•] shares of Common Stock, without par value, subject to adjustment as provided in the Plan (the "Target Shares").

Grant Date: [•]

Performance Conditions and Vesting Schedule: Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, the Agreement or any other agreement between the Company or any of its Subsidiaries and Participant, the number of shares of Common Stock earned under the Award (the "Earned Shares") or cash in lieu thereof shall be determined by the Committee in its sole discretion as a percentage of the number of Target Shares based on the achievement of the performance goals set forth in this Award Notice over the performance period beginning on January 1, 20[•] and ending on December 31, 20[•] (the "Performance Period"), and shall vest if the Participant remains continuously employed by the Company through the last day of the Performance Period.

Form of Payment: The Award shall be payable 50% in shares of Common Stock and 50% in cash in lieu of shares, except that if the Participant has achieved 200% of his or her share ownership requirement as of September 30, 2022 (or, if earlier, the September 30 immediately preceding his or her termination of employment), then the Award shall be payable 100% in cash. If payment is made in cash, the Fair Market Value of the Earned Shares shall be determined as of an administratively practicable date preceding the date the payment is made, as determined by the Company.

Performance Share Metrics and Targets:

[Performance Metric]: [●]% of Award

	Performance Level	Percentage of Target Shares Earned
Below Threshold	Less than [●]	0%
Threshold	[●]	50%
Target	[●]	100%
Maximum	[●] or above	150%

[Performance Metric]: [●]% of Award

	Performance Level	Percentage of Target Shares Earned
Below Threshold	Less than [●]	0%
Threshold	[●]	50%
Target	[●]	100%
Maximum	[●] or above	150%

[Performance Metric]: [●]% of Award

	Performance Level	Percentage of Target Shares Earned
Below Threshold	Less than [●]	0%
Threshold	[●]	50%
Target	[●]	100%
Maximum	[●] or above	150%

Total Shareholder Return (“TSR”) Modifier

The aggregate weighted goal result is then adjusted by a percentage equal to the difference (either positive or negative) between the Company’s TSR percentage for the performance period and the aggregate TSR percentage of the Philadelphia Utility Index for such period (provided that the adjusted payout level shall not exceed 200% of target). In addition, in the event the Company’s TSR for the performance period is negative, the amount payable under the Award shall not exceed target.

Performance Between Specified Levels

The percentage of Shares that become Earned Shares shall be determined using interpolation between performance levels as set forth above and none of the shares of common stock subject to a performance goal shall be Earned Shares for performance below the threshold performance level.

Adjustments to Target Levels and Payouts

In the event the Participant transfers between full- and part-time status during the Performance Period, the Participant's Award will be appropriately pro-rated based on each such period of employment. The Participant's Award also will be pro-rated for any period of unpaid leave-of-absence equal to or exceeding 24 months during the Performance Period. The Award is subject to adjustment for any promotion or demotion occurring within the first six months of the Performance Period.

The Committee, in its sole discretion, may amend or adjust either the target levels of performance set forth herein or the applicable performance results in recognition of unusual or nonrecurring events affecting the Company or its financial statements or changes in law or accounting principles, and may adjust the final amount payable based on company-wide performance or general market/economic conditions.

EXELON CORPORATION

By: _____
Name: [_____]
Title: [_____]

Exelon Corporation
2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan

Performance Share Award Agreement

Exelon Corporation, a Pennsylvania corporation (the “Company”), hereby grants to the individual (the “Participant”) named in the award notice attached hereto (the “Award Notice”) as of the date set forth in the Award Notice (the “Grant Date”), pursuant to the provisions of the Exelon Corporation 2020 Long-Term Incentive Plan (the “Plan”), a performance share award (the “Award”) with respect to the number of Target Shares of the Company’s Common Stock, without par value (“Stock”), set forth in the Award Notice, upon and subject to the restrictions, terms and conditions set forth in the Plan and this agreement (the “Agreement”). Capitalized terms not defined herein shall have the meanings specified in the Plan.

1. Award Subject to Acceptance of Agreement. The Award shall be subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement and shall be deemed to be accepted by the Participant unless the Participant declines the Award in writing within 90 days after the Grant Date.

2. Rights as a Stockholder. The Participant shall not be entitled to any privileges of ownership with respect to the shares of Stock subject to the Award unless and until, and only to the extent, such shares become Earned Shares pursuant to the Award Notice and become vested pursuant to Section 3 hereof and the Participant becomes a stockholder of record with respect to such shares.

3. Restriction Period and Vesting.

3.1. Performance-Based Vesting Conditions. Subject to the remainder of this Section 3, the number of shares that become Earned Shares shall be determined in accordance with the terms of this Agreement and the Plan based on the achievement of the performance goals and adjustments set forth in the Award Notice (the “Performance Measures”) over the performance period set forth in the Award Notice (the “Performance Period”), and shall vest if the Participant remains in continuous employment with the Company through the last day of the Performance Period. Attainment of the Performance Measures shall be determined and approved by the Committee prior to the settlement of the Award.

3.2. Termination of Employment.

(a) Termination Due to Retirement, Death or Disability. If the Participant’s employment with the Company and the Subsidiaries terminates by reason of Retirement, Disability or death, and the Participant has not breached his or her obligations to the Company or any of its affiliates under any Restrictive Covenant, then (i) if such event occurs within the first 12 months of the Performance Period, then the Participant shall become vested in a pro-rated number of the Earned Shares (or cash in lieu thereof) based on the number of elapsed days in such 12-month period as of the termination date (pro-ratio determined by dividing the number of elapsed days by 365), and (ii) if such event occurs after the first 12 months of the Performance Period, then the

Participant shall become fully vested in all Earned Shares (or cash in lieu thereof); in each case based on the extent to which the applicable performance goals are attained at the end of the Performance Period. In either event, the Earned Shares shall be issued, or the cash in lieu of such Earned Shares paid, within 2 1/2 months after the last day of the Performance Period.

(b) Termination Due to Involuntary Termination Without Cause. If the Participant's employment with the Company and the Subsidiaries terminates prior to the end of the Performance Period by reason of involuntary termination without Cause (or by the Participant for "good reason," if applicable under, and as defined in, an executive severance plan in which such Participant participates), and the Participant timely executes a waiver and release provided by the Company and has not breached his or her obligations to the Company or any of its affiliates under any Restrictive Covenant, then (i) if the Participant is eligible for Retirement as of the termination date, then the Participant shall become vested in a pro-rated number of the Earned Shares (or cash in lieu thereof) as determined under the applicable provisions of paragraph (a) above, and (ii) if the Participant is not eligible for Retirement as of the termination date, then the Participant shall become vested in a pro-rated number of Earned Shares (or cash in lieu thereof) based on the number of elapsed days in the Performance Period as of the termination date (with such proration determined by dividing the number of elapsed days by the total number of days in the Performance Period); in each case based on the extent to which the applicable performance goals are attained at the end of the Performance Period. In either event, the Earned Shares shall be issued, or the cash in lieu of such Earned Shares paid, within 2 1/2 months after the last day of the Performance Period.

(c) Termination for any Other Reason. If the Participant's employment with the Company and the Subsidiaries terminates prior to the end of the Performance Period for any reason other than those specified in paragraphs (a) and (b) above, or if Participant breaches or threatens to breach his or her obligations under any Restrictive Covenant or does not timely execute any waiver and release as required by the Company, then the Award shall be immediately forfeited by the Participant and cancelled by the Company.

3.3. Change in Control. In the event of a Change in Control, the Board may, in its discretion: (i) require that (A) the Performance Period shall lapse in full or in part, and (B) the Performance Measures shall be deemed to be satisfied at the target or any other level not exceeding the maximum levels allowable under the Award; (ii) require that shares of capital stock of the company resulting from such Change in Control, or the parent corporation thereof, be substituted for some or all of the shares of Stock subject to the Award, with an appropriate and equitable adjustment to the Award as determined by the Board; and/or (iii) require outstanding Awards, in whole or in part, to be surrendered to the Company by the Participant, and to be immediately cancelled by the Company, and to provide for the Participant to receive (A) a cash payment in an amount equal to the number of shares of Stock then subject to the portion of the Award surrendered, to the extent the Performance Period has lapsed or will lapse pursuant to clause (i) of this Section 3.3, and to the extent that the Performance Measures have been satisfied, multiplied by the Fair Market Value of a share of Stock as of the date of the Change in Control; (B) shares of capital stock of the corporation resulting from such Change in Control, or a parent corporation thereof, having a Fair Market Value not less than the amount determined in clause (iii)(A) of this

Section 3.3; or (C) a combination of a payment of cash pursuant to clause (iii)(A) of this Section 3.3 and the issuance of shares pursuant to clause (iii)(B) of this Section 3.3.

3.4. Definitions.

(a) Cause. For purposes of this Award, "Cause" shall mean (A) with respect to a Participant whose position is at least salary band E09 (or its equivalent), the meaning of such term as defined in the Exelon Corporation Senior Management Severance Plan as in effect from time to time, or any successor plan thereto, or (B) with respect to any other Participant, the meaning of such term as defined in the Exelon Corporation Severance Benefit Plan as in effect from time to time, or any successor plan thereto, regardless of whether Participant is eligible to participate in such plan.

(b) Disability. For purposes of this Award, "Disability" shall have the meaning specified in any long-term disability plan maintained by the Company in which Participant is eligible to participate; provided that a Disability shall not be deemed to have occurred until the Company and the Subsidiaries have terminated Participant's employment in connection with such disability, and Participant has commenced the receipt of long-term disability benefits under such plan. If Participant is not eligible to participate in a long-term disability plan maintained by the Company, then Disability means a termination of Participant's employment by the Company and the Subsidiaries due to the inability of Participant to perform the essential functions of Participant's position, with or without reasonable accommodation, for a continuous period of at least twelve months, as determined solely by the Committee.

(c) Restrictive Covenant. For purposes of this Award, "Restrictive Covenant" shall mean any non-competition, non-solicitation, confidentiality, intellectual property or other restrictive covenant to which Participant is subject, required as a condition to receipt of this Award or contained in any other agreement between Participant and the Company or any of its affiliates.

(d) Retirement. For purposes of this Award, "Retirement" shall mean the retirement of the Participant from employment with the Company or Subsidiaries (other than a termination upon death, disability or involuntary termination for Cause) on or after attaining at least age 55 and completing at least ten years of service with the Company or Subsidiaries.

4. Issuance or Delivery of Shares and Payment of Cash. Subject to Section 7.12 and except as otherwise provided for herein or in the Plan, the Company shall issue, deliver or pay to the Participant, subject to the conditions of this Agreement, the vested portion of any Earned Shares, or cash in lieu thereof, not later than March 15th of the year following the completion of the Performance Period. Any issuance or delivery of shares of Stock shall be evidenced by the appropriate entry on the books of the Company or of a duly authorized transfer agent of the Company. The Company shall pay all original issue or transfer taxes and all fees and expenses incident to such issuance or delivery, except as otherwise provided in Section 7. Prior to the issuance to the Participant of the shares of Stock subject to the Award, the Participant shall have no direct or secured claim in any specific assets of the Company or in such shares of Stock, and will have the status of a general unsecured creditor of the Company.

5. Clawback of Proceeds.

5.1. Clawback of Proceeds. If Participant breaches his or her obligations to the Company or any Subsidiary under a Restrictive Covenant, the Award shall be cancelled as of the date on which the Participant first breached such Restrictive Covenant and the Company thereafter may require the repayment of any amounts received by Participant after such date in connection with the Award, in accordance with Section 1.8 of the Plan. In addition, the Award and any Shares issued or cash paid pursuant to the Award shall be subject to clawback pursuant to the Clawback Policy contained in the Exelon Corporation Corporate Governance Principles, as in effect from time to time, including any amendments thereto or new clawback policies required under the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act and implementing applicable stock exchange listing standards or rules and regulations thereunder, or as otherwise required by law or regulation.

5.2. Right of Setoff. The Participant agrees that by accepting the Award the Participant authorizes the Company and its affiliates, to the extent permitted under Section 409A of the Code, to deduct any amount or amounts owed by the Participant pursuant to this Section 5 from any amounts payable by or on behalf of the Company or any affiliate to the Participant, including, without limitation, any amount payable to the Participant as salary, wages, vacation pay, bonus or the vesting or settlement of the Award or any stock-based award. This right of setoff shall not be an exclusive remedy and the Company's or an affiliate's election not to exercise this right of setoff with respect to any amount payable to the Participant shall not constitute a waiver of this right of setoff with respect to any other amount payable to the Participant or any other remedy.

6. Transfer Restrictions and Investment Representation.

6.1. Nontransferability of Award. The Award may not be transferred by the Participant other than by will or the laws of descent and distribution. Except to the extent permitted by the foregoing sentence, the Award may not be sold, transferred, assigned, pledged, hypothecated, encumbered or otherwise disposed of (whether by operation of law or otherwise) or be subject to execution, attachment or similar process. Upon any attempt to so sell, transfer, assign, pledge, hypothecate, encumber or otherwise dispose of the Award, the Award and all rights hereunder shall immediately become null and void.

6.2. Investment Representation. The Participant hereby covenants that (a) any sale of any share of Stock acquired upon the vesting of the Award shall be made either pursuant to an effective registration statement under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and any applicable state securities laws, or pursuant to an exemption from registration under the Securities Act and such state securities laws and (b) the Participant shall comply with all regulations and requirements of any regulatory authority having control of or supervision over the issuance of the shares and, in connection therewith, shall execute any documents which the Committee shall in its sole discretion deem necessary or advisable.

7. Additional Terms and Conditions of Award.

7.1. Withholding Taxes. As a condition precedent to the issuance or delivery of the Stock upon the vesting of the Award, at the Company's discretion either (i) the Participant shall pay to the Company such amount as the Company (or an affiliate) determines is required, under all applicable federal, state, local, foreign or other laws or regulations, to be withheld and paid over as income or other withholding taxes (the "Required Tax Payments") with respect to the Award or (ii) the Company or an affiliate may, in its discretion, deduct any Required Tax Payments from any amount then or thereafter payable by the Company or an affiliate to the Participant, which may include the withholding of whole shares of Stock which would otherwise be delivered to the Participant having an aggregate Fair Market Value, determined as of the date on which such withholding obligation arises, equal to the Required Tax Payments, in either case in accordance with such terms, conditions and procedures that may be prescribed by the Company. Shares of Stock withheld may not have a Fair Market Value in excess of the amount determined by applying the maximum individual statutory tax rate in the Participant's jurisdiction; provided that the Company shall be permitted to limit the number of shares so withheld to a lesser number if necessary, as determined by the Company, to avoid adverse accounting consequences or for administrative convenience; provided, however, that if a fraction of a share of Stock would be required to satisfy the maximum individual statutory rate in the Participant's jurisdiction, then such fraction of a share of Stock shall be disregarded and the remaining amount due shall be paid in cash by the Participant or paid in fractional form, as determined by the Committee. No certificate representing a share of Stock shall be delivered until the Required Tax Payments have been satisfied in full. Any determination by the Company with respect to the withholding of shares of Stock to satisfy the Required Tax Payments shall be made by the Committee if the Participant is subject to Section 16 of the Exchange Act. To the extent the Award is paid in cash, the Required Tax Payments shall be withheld from such payment.

7.2. Compliance with Applicable Law. The Award is subject to the condition that if the listing, registration or qualification of the shares of Stock subject to the Award upon any securities exchange or under any law, or the consent or approval of any governmental body, or the taking of any other action is necessary or desirable as a condition of, or in connection with, the delivery of shares hereunder, the shares of Stock subject to the Award shall not be delivered, in whole or in part, unless such listing, registration, qualification, consent, approval or other action shall have been effected or obtained, free of any conditions not acceptable to the Company. The Company agrees to use reasonable efforts to effect or obtain any such listing, registration, qualification, consent, approval or other action.

7.3. Award Confers No Rights to Continued Employment. In no event shall the granting of the Award or its acceptance by the Participant, or any provision of the Agreement or the Plan, give or be deemed to give the Participant any right to continued employment by the Company, any Subsidiary or any affiliate of the Company or affect in any manner the right of the Company, any Subsidiary or any affiliate of the Company to terminate the employment of any person at any time.

7.4. Decisions of Board or Committee. The Board or the Committee shall have the right to resolve all questions which may arise in connection with the Award. Any interpretation, determination or other action made or taken by the Board or the Committee regarding the Plan or this Agreement shall be final, binding and conclusive.

7.5. Successors. This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of any successor or successors of the Company and any person or persons who shall, upon the death of the Participant, acquire any rights hereunder in accordance with this Agreement or the Plan.

7.6. Notices. All notices, requests or other communications provided for in this Agreement shall be made, if to the Company, to Exelon Corporation, 10 South Dearborn Street, Chicago, IL 60603, Attn: Vice President, Corporate Compensation, and if to the Participant, to the last known mailing address of the Participant contained in the records of the Company. All notices, requests or other communications provided for in this Agreement shall be made in writing either (a) by personal delivery, (b) by facsimile or electronic mail with confirmation of receipt, (c) by mailing in the United States mails or (d) by express courier service. The notice, request or other communication shall be deemed to be received upon personal delivery, upon confirmation of receipt of facsimile or electronic mail transmission or upon receipt by the party entitled thereto if by United States mail or express courier service; provided, however, that if a notice, request or other communication sent to the Company is not received during regular business hours, it shall be deemed to be received on the next succeeding business day of the Company.

7.7. Governing Law. This Agreement, the Award and all determinations made and actions taken pursuant hereto and thereto, to the extent not governed by the laws of the United States, shall be governed by the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and construed in accordance therewith without giving effect to principles of conflicts of laws, and, to the extent applicable, Section 409A of the Code.

7.8. Agreement Subject to the Plan. This Agreement is subject to the provisions of the Plan and shall be interpreted in accordance therewith. In the event that the provisions of this Agreement and the Plan conflict, the Plan shall control. The Participant hereby acknowledges receipt of a copy of the Plan.

7.9. Entire Agreement. This Agreement and the Plan constitute the entire agreement of the parties with respect to the subject matter hereof and supersede in their entirety all prior undertakings and agreements of the Company and the Participant with respect to the subject matter hereof, and may not be modified adversely to the Participant's interest except by means of a writing signed by the Company and the Participant.

7.10. Partial Invalidity. The invalidity or unenforceability of any particular provision of this Agreement shall not affect the other provisions hereof and this Agreement shall be construed in all respects as if such invalid or unenforceable provision was omitted.

7.11. Amendment and Waiver. The Company may amend the provisions of this Agreement at any time; provided that an amendment that would adversely affect the Participant's

rights under this Agreement shall be subject to the written consent of the Participant. No course of conduct or failure or delay in enforcing the provisions of this Agreement shall affect the validity, binding effect or enforceability of this Agreement.

7.12. Compliance with Section 409A of the Code. This Award is intended to be exempt from or comply with Section 409A of the Code, and shall be interpreted and construed accordingly. To the extent this Agreement provides for the Award to become vested and be settled upon the Participant's termination of employment, the applicable shares of Stock shall be transferred to the Participant or his or her beneficiary upon the Participant's "separation from service," within the meaning of Section 409A of the Code; provided that if the Participant is a "specified employee," within the meaning of Section 409A of the Code, then to the extent the Award constitutes nonqualified deferred compensation, within the meaning of Section 409A of the Code, such shares of Stock shall be transferred to the Participant or his or her beneficiary upon the earlier to occur of (i) the six-month anniversary of such separation from service and (ii) the date of the Participant's death.

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES
AND EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

I, Christopher M. Crane, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Exelon Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ CHRISTOPHER M. CRANE

President and Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: August 4, 2020

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES
AND EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

I, Joseph Nigro, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Exelon Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ JOSEPH NIGRO

Senior Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

Date: August 4, 2020

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES
AND EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

I, Kenneth W. Cornew, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Exelon Generation Company, LLC;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ KENNETH W. CORNEW

President and Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: August 4, 2020

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES
AND EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

I, Bryan P. Wright, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Exelon Generation Company, LLC;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ BRYAN P. WRIGHT

Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

Date: August 4, 2020

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES
AND EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

I, Joseph Dominguez, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Commonwealth Edison Company;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ JOSEPH DOMINGUEZ

Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: August 4, 2020

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES
AND EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

I, Jeanne M. Jones, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Commonwealth Edison Company;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ JEANNE M. JONES

Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer
(Principal Financial Officer)

Date: August 4, 2020

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES
AND EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

I, Michael A. Innocenzo, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of PECO Energy Company;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ MICHAEL A. INNOCENZO

President and Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: August 4, 2020

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES
AND EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

I, Robert J. Stefani, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of PECO Energy Company;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ ROBERT J. STEFANI

Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer
(Principal Financial Officer)

Date: August 4, 2020

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES
AND EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

I, Carim V. Khouzami, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Baltimore Gas and Electric Company;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ CARIM V. KHOUZAMI

Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: August 4, 2020

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES
AND EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

I, David M. Vahos, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Baltimore Gas and Electric Company;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ DAVID M. VAHOS

Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer
and Treasurer
(Principal Financial Officer)

Date: August 4, 2020

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES
AND EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

I, David M. Velazquez, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Pepco Holdings LLC;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ DAVID M. VELAZQUEZ

President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: August 4, 2020

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES
AND EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

I, Phillip S. Barnett, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Pepco Holdings LLC;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ PHILLIP S. BARNETT

Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer
(Principal Financial Officer)

Date: August 4, 2020

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES
AND EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

I, David M. Velazquez, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Potomac Electric Power Company;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ DAVID M. VELAZQUEZ

President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: August 4, 2020

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES
AND EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

I, Phillip S. Barnett, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Potomac Electric Power Company;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ PHILLIP S. BARNETT

Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer
(Principal Financial Officer)

Date: August 4, 2020

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES
AND EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

I, David M. Velazquez, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Delmarva Power & Light Company;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ DAVID M. VELAZQUEZ

President and Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: August 4, 2020

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES
AND EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

I, Phillip S. Barnett, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Delmarva Power & Light Company;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ PHILLIP S. BARNETT

Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer
(Principal Financial Officer)

Date: August 4, 2020

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES
AND EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

I, David M. Velazquez, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Atlantic City Electric Company;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ DAVID M. VELAZQUEZ

President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: August 4, 2020

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES
AND EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

I, Phillip S. Barnett, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Atlantic City Electric Company;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ PHILLIP S. BARNETT

Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer
(Principal Financial Officer)

Date: August 4, 2020

Certificate Pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 United States Code

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Exelon Corporation for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2020, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Exelon Corporation.

/s/ CHRISTOPHER M. CRANE

Christopher M. Crane

President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: August 4, 2020

Certificate Pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 United States Code

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Exelon Corporation for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2020, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Exelon Corporation.

/s/ JOSEPH NIGRO

Joseph Nigro

Senior Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Date: August 4, 2020

Certificate Pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 United States Code

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Exelon Generation Company, LLC for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2020, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Exelon Generation Company, LLC.

/s/ KENNETH W. CORNEW

Kenneth W. Cornew

President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: August 4, 2020

Certificate Pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 United States Code

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Exelon Generation Company, LLC for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2020, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Exelon Generation Company, LLC.

/s/ BRYAN P. WRIGHT

Bryan P. Wright

Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Date: August 4, 2020

Certificate Pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 United States Code

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Commonwealth Edison Company for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2020, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Commonwealth Edison Company.

/s/ JOSEPH DOMINGUEZ

Joseph Dominguez

Chief Executive Officer

Date: August 4, 2020

Certificate Pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 United States Code

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Commonwealth Edison Company for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2020, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Commonwealth Edison Company.

/s/ JEANNE M. JONES

Jeanne M. Jones

Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

Date: August 4, 2020

Certificate Pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 United States Code

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of PECO Energy Company for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2020, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of PECO Energy Company.

/s/ MICHAEL A. INNOCENZO

Michael A. Innocenzo

President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: August 4, 2020

Certificate Pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 United States Code

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of PECO Energy Company for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2020, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of PECO Energy Company.

/s/ ROBERT J. STEFANI

Robert J. Stefani

Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

Date: August 4, 2020

Certificate Pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 United States Code

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Baltimore Gas and Electric Company for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2020, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Baltimore Gas and Electric Company.

/s/ CARIM V. KHOUZAMI

Carim V. Khouzami

Chief Executive Officer

Date: August 4, 2020

Certificate Pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 United States Code

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Baltimore Gas and Electric Company for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2020, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Baltimore Gas and Electric Company.

/s/ DAVID M. VAHOS

David M. Vahos

Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

Date: August 4, 2020

Certificate Pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 United States Code

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Pepco Holdings LLC for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2020, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Pepco Holdings LLC.

/s/ DAVID M. VELAZQUEZ

David M. Velazquez

President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: August 4, 2020

Certificate Pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 United States Code

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Pepco Holdings LLC for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2020, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Pepco Holdings LLC.

/s/ PHILLIP S. BARNETT

Phillip S. Barnett

Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

Date: August 4, 2020

Certificate Pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 United States Code

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Potomac Electric Power Company for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2020, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Potomac Electric Power Company.

/s/ DAVID M. VELAZQUEZ

David M. Velazquez

President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: August 4, 2020

Certificate Pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 United States Code

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Potomac Electric Power Company for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2020, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Potomac Electric Power Company.

/s/ PHILLIP S. BARNETT

Phillip S. Barnett

Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

Date: August 4, 2020

Certificate Pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 United States Code

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Delmarva Power & Light Company for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2020, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Delmarva Power & Light Company.

/s/ DAVID M. VELAZQUEZ

David M. Velazquez

President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: August 4, 2020

Certificate Pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 United States Code

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Delmarva Power & Light Company for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2020, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Delmarva Power & Light Company.

/s/ PHILLIP S. BARNETT

Phillip S. Barnett

Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

Date: August 4, 2020

Certificate Pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 United States Code

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Atlantic City Electric Company for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2020, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Atlantic City Electric Company.

/s/ DAVID M. VELAZQUEZ

David M. Velazquez

President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: August 4, 2020

Certificate Pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 United States Code

The undersigned officer hereby certifies, as to the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Atlantic City Electric Company for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2020, that (i) the report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (ii) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Atlantic City Electric Company.

/s/ PHILLIP S. BARNETT

Phillip S. Barnett

Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

Date: August 4, 2020